Mutation testing

in continuous delivery pipelines

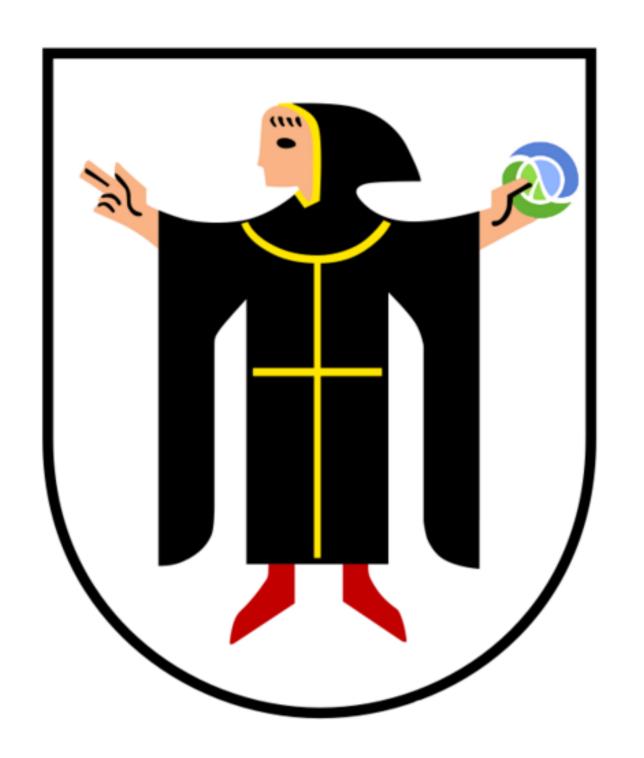
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LLEGADAS ARRIVALS

HORA

PROCEDENCIA FROM **VUELO** FLIGHT ESTIMADA OBSERVACIONES

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We write tests

We write tests



Who is testing our tests?

@janstepien is not

Mutation testing

Competent programmer hypothesis

Coupling effect hypothesis

Mutants which don't get killed become survivors

1

An Analysis and Survey of the Development of Mutation Testing

Yue Jia Student Member, IEEE, and Mark Harman Member, IEEE

Abstract—Mutation Testing is a fault-based software testing technique that has been widely studied for over three decades. The literature on Mutation Testing has contributed a set of approaches, tools, developments and empirical results. This paper provides a comprehensive analysis and survey of Mutation Testing. The paper also presents the results of several development trend analyses. These analyses provide evidence that Mutation Testing techniques and tools are reaching a state of maturity and applicability, while the topic of Mutation Testing itself is the subject of increasing interest.

Index Terms—mutation testing, survey

I. INTRODUCTION

Mutation Testing is a fault-based testing technique which provides a testing criterion called the "mutation adequacy score". The mutation adequacy score can be used to measure the effectiveness of a test set in terms of its ability to detect faults.

The general principle underlying Mutation Testing work is that the faults used by Mutation Testing represent the mistakes that programmers often make. By carefully choosing the location and type of mutant, we can also simulate any test adequacy criteria. Such faults are deliberately seeded into the original program, by simple syntactic changes, to create a set of faulty programs called

Besides using Mutation Testing at the software implementation level, it has also been applied at the design level to test the specifications or models of a program. For example, at the design level Mutation Testing has been applied to Finite State Machines [20], [28], [88], [111], State charts [95], [231], [260], Estelle Specifications [222], [223], Petri Nets [86], Network protocols [124], [202], [216], [238], Security Policies [139], [154], [165], [166], [201] and Web Services [140], [142], [143], [193], [245], [259].

Mutation Testing has been increasingly and widely studied since it was first proposed in the 1970s. There has been much research work on the various kinds of techniques seeking to turn Mutation Testing into a practical testing approach. However, there is little survey work in the literature on Mutation Testing. The first survey work was conducted by DeMillo [62] in 1989. This work summarized the background and research achievements of Mutation Testing at this early stage of development of the field. A survey review of the (very specific) sub area of Strong, Weak, and Firm mutation techniques was presented by Woodward [253], [256]. An introductory chapter on Mutation Testing can be found in the book by Mathur [155] and also in the book by Ammann and Offutt [11]. The most recent survey work was

Off the shelf

Mutant for Ruby

Stryker for JavaScript

PIT for Java

...and many more

Mutant. Mutation testing for Clojure github.com/jstepien/mutant



- 1. Read all source files in a directory
- 2. Generate mutants from your code
- 3. Run the test suite for every mutant
- 4. Report all survivors

Generating mutants

```
x and y
     x < 1
if (a) b else c
  f (a, b) {
a + b
```

```
x or y
    x <= 1
if (a) c else b
 f (a, b) {
  a + b + 1
```

```
x and y
     x < 1
if (a) b else c
  f (a, b) {
a + b
```

```
x or y
    x <= 1
if (a) c else b
 f (a, b) {
```

Recompiling the code

Running tests

Reporting survivors

Let's talk about pvolews

It's slow

Do fewer, do faster, or do smarter.

Offutt and Untch, 2001

Do fewer

- 1. Select what to mutate
- 2. Select your mutation operators
- 3. Sample your mutants

Do faster

- 1. Don't restart the virtual machine
- 2. Run tests in parallel

Do smarter

- 1. Reorder the test suite
- 2. Execute only relevant tests

Mutate continuously

@janstepien

git diff master~..master

Introduce gradually

@janstepien

(...) our 3D engine has a lot of unit tests trying to cover as many features as possible over more than 100k lines of code.

— Llorens Marti Garcia, IMVU, 2015

We find mutation testing to be highly valuable, and I hope this idea can help other engineers deliver solid, well-tested code.

- Llorens Marti Garcia, IMVU, 2015

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Yours continuously, Jan Stępień jan.stepien@innoq.com @janstepien