



Thank you for purchasing the HAKKO 950 SMD Hot Tweezer.
Please read this manual before operating the HAKKO 950.
Store the manual in a safe, easily accessible place for future reference.

# **A** CAUTION

- The HAKKO 950 cannot function by itself. It must be connected to a HAKKO station. Specific information can be found in the instruction manual for your particular HAKKO station.
- Before operating the HAKKO 950 for the first time, be sure to calibrate the station.
- Do not set the tip temperature to over 400°C/752°F.

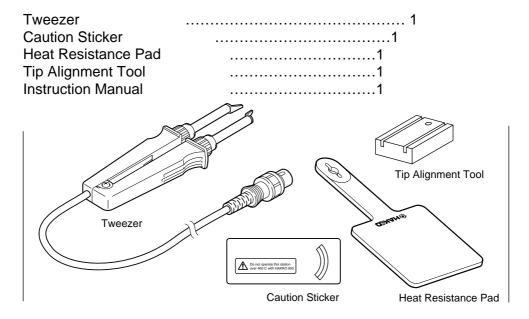
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# **Packing List**

Please check the contents of the HAKKO 950 package and confirm that all the items listed below are included.



# **Applicable Models**

In order to function, the HAKKO 950 must be connected to one of the following HAKKO stations: HAKKO 700, 701, 702, 926, 927, 928, 936, 937, 939.

# **Specifications**

| 50            |
|---------------|
|               |
| C/392-752°F   |
| )             |
| V (TYP.0.6mV) |
| Heater        |
| .)            |
| 7.3 in.)      |
| bs.)          |
|               |

<sup>\*</sup>Specifications and design subject to change without notice.

### **Precautions**

In this instruction manual, "warning" and "caution" are defined as follows.

# **MARNING**

**MARNING**: Misuse may potentially cause death of, or serious injury to, the user.

**CAUTION**: Misuse may potentially cause injury to the user or physical damage to the objects involved.

For your own safety, be sure to comply with these precautions.



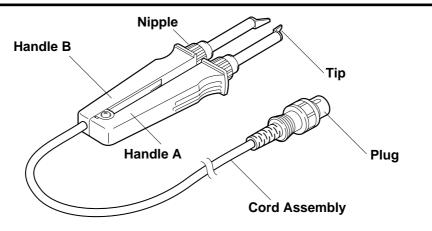
When the power is on, the tip temperature is between 200 C/392 F and 400°C/752°F. Since mishandling may lead to burns or fire, be sure to comply with the following precautions.

- Do not touch the metallic parts near the Tip.
- Do not use the product near flammable items.
- Advise other people in the work area that the unit can reach a very high temperature and should be considered potentially dangerous.
- Turn off the power while taking breaks and when finished using the unit.
- Before replacing parts or storing the unit, turn off the power and allow the unit to cool to room temperature.

To prevent damage to the unit and ensure a safe working environment, be sure to comply with the following precautions.

- Do not use the unit for applications other than those specifically described in the instruction manual.
- $\bullet$  Before using the HAKKO 950 for the first time, calibrate the tip temperature.
- Do not set the tip temperature to over 400°C/752°F.
- Do not rap the HAKKO 950 against the work bench to shake off residual solder, or otherwise subject the iron to severe shocks.
- Do not modify the unit.
- Use only genuine HAKKO replacement parts.
- Do not wet the unit or use the unit when your hands are wet.
- The operating process will produce smoke. Make sure the area is well ventilated.
- Pull on the plug to disconnect the HAKKO 950 from the station outlet. Do not pull the cord.
- While using the unit, don't do anything which may cause bodily harm or physical damage.

### **Names of Parts**



# **Setting up the HAKKO 950**

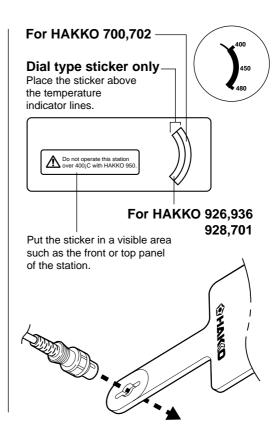
# 1. Affix the caution sticker to the station.

The HAKKO 950 cannot be used at temperatures above 400 °C (752 °F). Higher temperatures may damage the station. Be sure to affix the caution sticker to the station.

When using the HAKKO 950 SMD Hot Tweezer, do not operate this station at temperatures over 400°C (752 °F).

# 2. Install the Heat Resistance Pad

Insert the cord plug through the hole in the Heat Pad. The Heat Pad is used when the soldering tip is replaced.



#### 3. Iron holder

(Optional, part no. C1313)

An optional iron holder (part no. C1313) is available for use with the HAKKO 950.

- Dampen the small cleaning sponge with water and squeeze it dry.
   Place it in one of the 4 openings in the iron holder base.
- Add water to approximately the level shown in illustration. The small sponge will absorb water to keep the larger sponge above it wet at all times.

**Note:** The large sponge may be used separately (without the small sponge and water)

 Dampen the large cleaning sponge and place it on the iron holder base.

#### 4. Connections

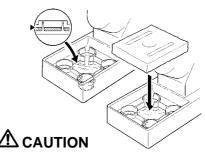
- 1. Connect the Plug to the receptacle.
- 2. Place the HAKKO 950 in the iron holder.
- 3. Plug the power cord into the power supply. Be sure to ground the unit.

#### 5. Calibration

Before operating the HAKKO 950, be sure to calibrate the station using a tip thermometer (HAKKO 191 Thermometer or 192 Soldering Tester.

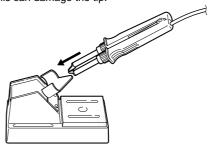
When calibrating the tip for removing SOP's, place the edge of the tip on the measuring point of the HAKKO 191 or 192, See sketch.).

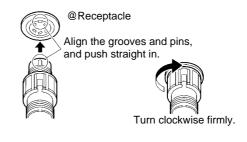
Please refer to the instruction manual for your station.

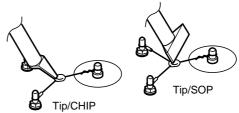


The sponge is compressed. It will swell when moistened with water. Before using the unit, dampen the sponge with water and squeeze it dry.

Always use a damp sponge to clean the tip. Never wipe the tip clean on a dry sponge as this can damage the tip.







# Replacing the Tip/Tip selection

#### Replacing the Tip

### **A** CAUTION

Be sure to turn off the power switch before replacing the tip.

- 1. Loosen the nipple by turning it counterclockwise. It is not necessary to pull it out completely.
- 2. When the tip is heated, grasp the pipe part using the heat resistance pad of the tip and pull.
- 3. Insert the new tip as far as it will go, and align it so that it is parallel to the other tip.
- 4. Tighten nipple to fix the tip in place.

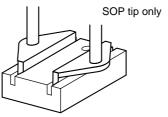
#### Tip Selection (Refer to P13)

The tip temperature will vary according to the shape of the tip. The preferred method of adjustment uses a tip thermometer. (See your station's instruction manual.) Less accurate methods include adjusting the temperature control knob and calibrating with a room thermometer.

### **△** CAUTION

Use only genuine HAKKO 950 replacement tips.

|      |     | Dial Type Station | Digital Type Station    |                    |
|------|-----|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
|      |     | Part No.          | Difference From CHIP 2L | Compensation Value |
| CHIP | 1L  | A1379             | 0                       | +4°C (+7°F)        |
|      | 2L  | A1378             | -                       | +4°C (+7°F)        |
| SOP  | 8L  | A1380             | 0                       | +4℃ (+7°F)         |
|      | 10L | A1381             | 0                       | +4℃ (+7°F)         |
|      | 13L | A1382             | 0                       | +4℃ (+7°F)         |
|      | 18L | A1383             | -5℃ (-9°F)              | 0                  |
|      | 20L | A1384             | -5℃ (-9℉)               | 0                  |
|      | 25L | A1385             | -5℃ (-9℉)               | 0                  |



Use the tip alignment tool to easily align the two tips in parallel.

#### **⚠** CAUTION

The tip is very hot. If handled improperly, it can cause serious burns. Do not hold onto the heat resistance pad for a long period.

#### 1. Dial type station

Example: When using an SOP 25L tip at a temperature of 400°C (750°F), the difference between this tip and CHIP 2L is -5°C (-9°F).

Set the temperature control knob to 405°C (759°F).

#### 2. Digital type station

Digital type stations can be calibrated with a room thermometer. Refer to the compensation value chart below.

Specific instructions can be found in your station's instruction manual.

## **Operating Instructions**

#### 1. Set the Temperature

#### **A** CAUTION

Never set the temperature to any value over 400°C (752°F). Doing so may damage the station.

Set the temperature according to the type of work to be done.

#### 2. Apply solder or flux.

If there is insufficient solder on the PWB, or the soldered area is too small, apply solder or flux to the PWB. Solder may also be applied to the tip.

#### 3. Melt the solder

Place the tip on the soldered part and melt the solder. Confirm that the solder is fully melted. See sketch 'A'.

#### 4. Remove the component

After confirming that the solder is fully melted, lightly squeeze the tweezer to grasp the component and lift to remove the component. See sketch 'B'.

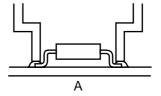
#### **⚠** CAUTION

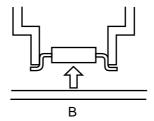
(For users of the HAKKO 937 Soldering Station)

The HAKKO 950 contains a sensor—attached to the heating element in handle B—to detect the tip temperature. The HAKKO 937 Soldering Station's heater error function will not operate if the heating element in handle A is broken.

#### **A** CAUTION

Very high tip temperatures may damage the printed circuit board, possibly causing the printed pattern to become detached. HAKKO recommends setting the tip temperature to 300°C (572°F) for all normal work, and raising it only when a specific job requires a higher temperature. Using the lowest possible effective temperature not only helps protect parts that are sensitive to heat, it also helps protect the tip from deterioration caused by heat.





# **Troubleshooting Guide**

**WARNING** Disconnect the power plug before servicing. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

| More information can be found in your station's instr     | ruction manual.  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Problem 1.  The tip does not heat up.                     | Check 1. Is the cord assembly broken?  • Refer to 'Checking for breakage in the cord assembly.'  Check 2. Is the Heating Element broken?  • Refer to 'Checking for breakage in the heating element.' |  |
| Problem 2.  The tip heats up intermittently.              | Check 1  |  |
| Problem 3.  The tip is not wet.                           | Check 3. Is the tip temperature too high?  • Set an appropriate temperature. Check 4. Is the tip clean? • Refer to 'Tip Care and Use'  |  |
| Problem 4.  The tip temperature is too low.               | Check 5. Is the tip coated with oxide?  • Refer to 'Inspect and clean the tip' Check 6. Is the iron calibrated correctly?  • Recalibrate.  |  |
| Problem 5.  The tip can not be pulled off.                | Check 7. Is the tip seized? Is the tip swollen because of deterioration? • Replace the tip and the heating element.  |  |
| Problem 6.  The tip doesn't hold the desired temperature. | Check 6 above.   |  |

# Checking for breakage of the heating element, cord assembly, and tip to ground resistance

Disconnect the plug and measure the resistance between the connecting plug pins as follows.

If the values of 'a' and 'b' are outside the ranges shown in the chart, replace the heating element (sensor) and/or cord assembly.

#### 1. Broken heating element

### **⚠** CAUTION

Be sure to measure the resistance of the heating element in both handles A and B. If one of the heating elements is found to be broken, replace both heating elements.

Disassembling the HAKKO 950 (Refer to P11,12)

- 1. Loosen the nipple by turning it counterclockwise.
- 2. Pull out the tip.
- 3. Remove the screw.
- 4. Remove the strut pin, and detach handles A and B.

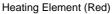
### **A** CAUTION

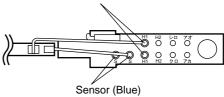
Do not lose the tension spring.

- 5. Remove the self-tapping screw and the handle cover.
- 6. Pull out the PWB and the heating element.

| а | Between pins 4&5 (Heating Element) | 2.5 - 4.5Ω(Normal) |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| b | Between pins 1&2<br>(Sensor)       | 43 - 58Ω(Normal)   |
| С | Between pin 3&Tip                  | Under 2Ω           |







Measure when the heating element is at room temperature.

- 1.Resistance value of heating element (RED) 2.5 4.5 $\Omega$
- 2.Resistance value of sensor (BLUE)  $43-58\Omega$  @If the resistance value is not normal, replace the heating element. (Refer to the instructions included with the replacement part.)

#### 2. Broken Cord

There are two methods of testing the cord.

### **A** CAUTION

The LED heater lamp will flicker even with a normal cord if the temperature reaches 400°C (752°F).

Turn the unit ON and set the temperature to 400°C(752°F). Then wiggle and kink the iron cord at various locations along its length, including the strain relief area.
 If the LED heater lamp flickers, then the cord needs to be replaced.



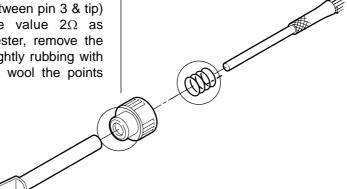
2. Check the resistance between the pin of the plug and the wire on the terminal in the handle B.

Pin 1: Red Pin 2: Blue Pin 3: Green Pin 4: White Pin 5: Black

The value should be  $0\Omega$ . If it is greater than  $0\Omega$  or is  $\infty$ , the cord should be replaced.

# 3. Checking the tip to ground resistance

If the value of 'c' (between pin 3 & tip) is over the above value  $2\Omega$  as measured with a tester, remove the oxidization film by lightly rubbing with sand-paper or steel wool the points shown below.



### **Maintenance**

#### **Inspect and Clean the Tip**

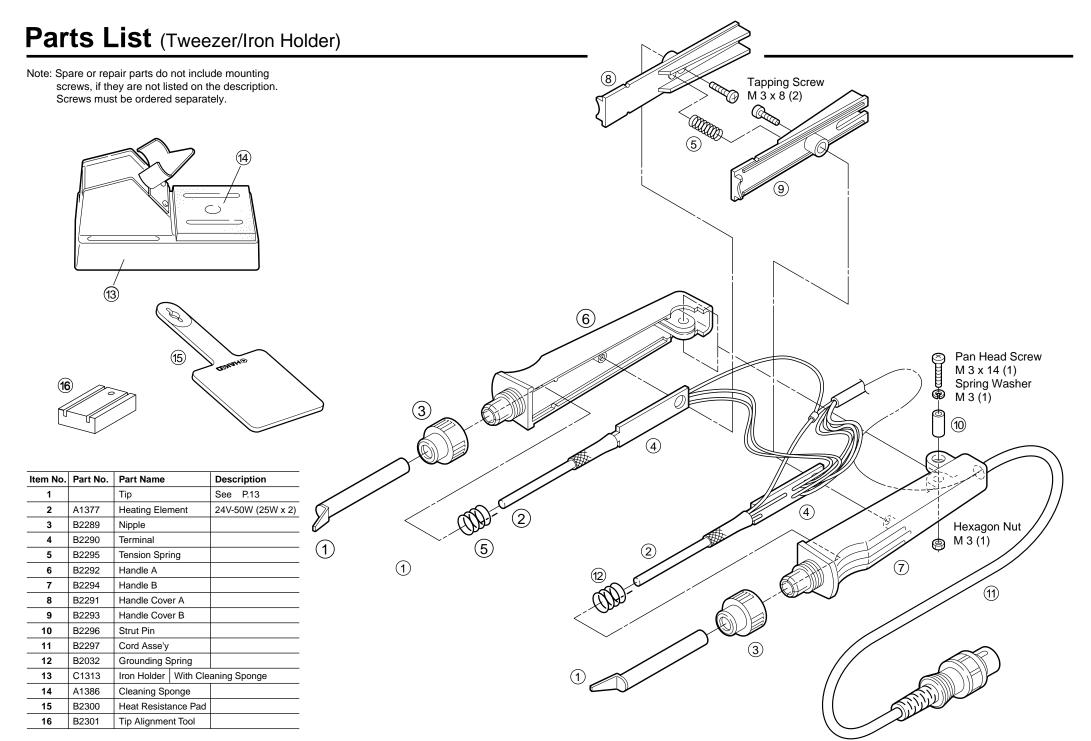
**⚠** CAUTION

Never file the Tip to remove oxide.

- 1. Set the temperature to  $250\,^{\circ}$ C (482  $^{\circ}$ F).
- When the temperature stabilizes, clean the tip with the cleaning sponge and check the condition of the tip.
- 3. If there is black oxide on the solderplated portion of the tip, apply new solder (containing flux) and wipe the tip on the cleaning sponge. Repeat until the oxide is completely removed. Coat with new solder.
- 4. If the tip is deformed or heavily eroded, replace it with a new one.

# **Tip Care and Use**

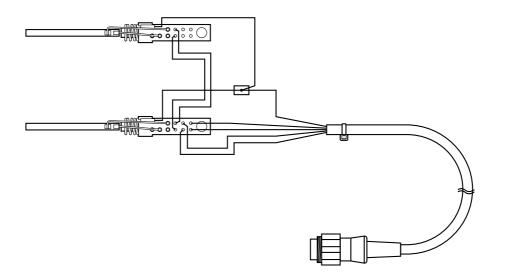
| Tip Temperature ———  | High operating temperatures can degrade the tip. Use the lowest possible operating temperature.  |
|----------------------|--|
| •Cleaning ———        | Clean the tip regularly with a cleaning sponge, as oxides and carbides from the solder and flux can form impurities on the tip. These impurities can result in defective joints or reduce the tip's heat conductivity. |
| •When Not in Use ——— | Never leave the HAKKO 950 sitting at high temperature for long periods of time, as the tip's solder plating will become covered with oxide, which can greatly reduce the tip's heat conductivity.                      |
| •After Use ———       | Wipe the tip clean and coat the tip with fresh solder. This helps prevent tip oxidation.   |
| ı                    | 1  |



# Parts List (Tips)

|      | Part No. | Part Name   | Size A          | Shape   |
|------|----------|-------------|-----------------|---|
| CHIP | A1379    | Tip/CHIP 1L | 1mm (0.04 in.)  |   |
|      | A1378    | Tip/CHIP 2L | 2mm (0.08 in.)  |   |
|      |          |             |                 | A   |
|      |          |             |                 |   |
|      |          |             |                 |   |
| SOP  | A1380    | Tip/SOP 8L  | 8mm (0.31 in.)  |   |
|      | A1381    | Tip/SOP 10L | 10mm (0.39 in.) | <u> </u>  |
|      | A1382    | Tip/SOP 13L | 13mm (0.51 in.) |   |
|      | A1383    | Tip/SOP 18L | 18mm (0.71 in.) | A     ¶/  |
|      | A1384    | Tip/SOP 20L | 20mm (0.79 in.) | ] <del>                                    </del> |
|      | A1385    | Tip/SOP 25L | 25mm (0.98 in.) |   |

# **Wiring Diagram**





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-NOTE-

THESE INSTRUCTIONS APPLY TO BOTH HANDLES **EXCEPT WHERE NOTED OTHRWISE.** 

1 MEASURE THE RESISTANCE VALUES OF THE HEATING ELEMENTS.

#### △□ CAUTION

BOTH HEATING ELEMENTS MUST BE MEASURED. IF ONE OF THE HEATING ELEMENTS IS OUT OF TOLERANCE, REPLACE BOTH.

Τip

#### A. DISASSEMBLY.

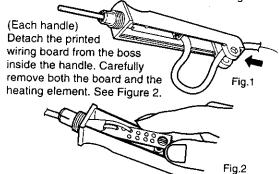
- a. Loosen bötfi nipples by turning them counterclockwise.
- b. Pull out the tips and remove the nipples.
- c. Remove the pan-head screw and strut pin. Separate handles A and B.



#### CAUTION

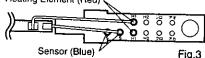
Do not lose the tension spring.

- d. Remove the tapping screws from each handle.
- e. Remove the handle covers.
- f. (Handle B only) Carefully push the cord assembly toward the head of the handle, as shown in Figure 1.



- g. Measure the resistance of each heating element. See Figure 3 for locating the proper wires. The values at room temperature should be.
  - $\bullet$  Heating element (red wires) 2.5 to 4.5  $\,\Omega_{\odot}$
  - Sensor (blue wires) 43 to 58  $\Omega$  .

If any reading is out of tolerance, replace both elements. Heating Element (Red)

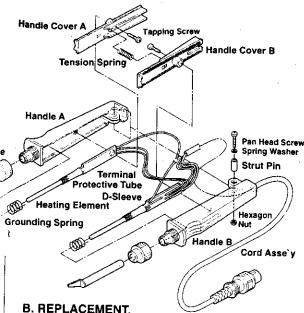


#### 2 REPLACING THE HEATING ELEMENTS.

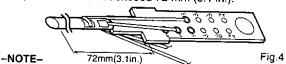
THE PROCEDURE IS THE SAME FOR BOTH HANDLES.

#### A. REMOVAL.

- a. Remove the grounding spring the D-sleeve.
- b. Desolder the heater and sensor leads from the printed wiring board.
- c. Remove the heating element.



a. Adjust the length of the heating element leads as shown in Figure 4. The distance from the shoulder of the printed wiring board to the end of the heating element should not exceed 72 mm (3.1 in.).

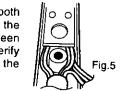


Although there is no polarity associated with leads of the same color, be careful not to twist the leads when installing them.

- b. Solder the new heating element leads to the printed wiring board so that solder can be seen from both sides of the board. Trim off any excess lead.
- c. Slip the heating element into the grounding spring and connect the grounding spring and D-sleeve. The protective tube must completely cover the heating element terminals.
- d. Repeat for the other handle.

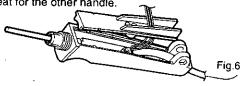
#### C. REASSEMBLY.

- a. Carefully insert the heating element into the metal tube of the handle. The printed wiring board must be held at an angle to do this. See Figure 2.
- b. Push gently on the board until the hole in the board is aligned with the boss inside the handle. (Handle B only) - Pull the cord assembly back to its original position.
- c. Route the lead wires around both sides of the boss, so that the wires are not pinched between the boss and the board. Verify that the D-sleeve is under the board. See Figure 5.



- d. Place the hole in the board over the boss and press the board into position.
- e. Install the handle cover; insert and tighten the tapping screw. Route wires as shown in Figure 6.

Repeat for the other handle.





## A NOTE TO HAKKO 950 PURCHASERS:

Be sure to recalibrate the soldering station after installing the Hakko 950 Hot Tweezer.

Failure so to do will result in inaccurate soldering temperatures.

Thank you

American Hakko Products, Inc.

