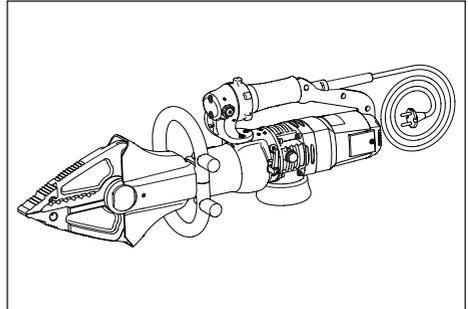


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or level of hazard seriousness. The Signal Words used in this manual are DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and NOTICE.

 DANGER Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious personal injury

 WARNING Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious personal injury.

 CAUTION Indicates a hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate personal injury.

 NOTICE Indicates information considered important, but not hazard related (e.g. messages relating to property damage). Please note that the Safety Alert symbol will not be used with this signal word.

1.0 SAFETY

1.1 Introduction

Read all instructions carefully. Follow all recommended safety precautions to avoid personal injury as well as damage to the product and/or damage to other property. Enerpac cannot be responsible for any damage or injury from unsafe use, lack of maintenance or incorrect operation. Do not remove warning labels, tags, or decals. In the event any questions or concerns arise, contact Enerpac or a local Enerpac distributor for clarification.

If you have never been trained on high-pressure hydraulic tool safety, consult your distributor or service center for information about an Enerpac hydraulic safety course.

This manual follows a system of safety alert symbols, signal words and safety messages to warn the user of specific hazards. Failure to comply with these warnings could result in death or serious personal injury, as well as damage to the equipment or other property.



The Safety Alert Symbol appears throughout this manual. It is used to alert you to potential physical injury hazards. Pay close attention to Safety Alert Symbols and obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid the possibility of death or serious personal injury.

Safety Alert Symbols are used in conjunction with certain Signal Words that call attention to safety messages or property damage messages and designate a degree

1.2 Hydraulic Cutter Safety Precautions

 WARNING Failure to observe and comply with the following precautions and instructions may result in death or serious personal injury. Property damage could also occur.

- Read and completely understand the safety precautions and instructions in this manual. Always follow all safety precautions and instructions, including those that are contained within the procedures of this manual.
- Read this manual before operating the cutter, or before performing any adjustments, inspections, maintenance or repairs.
- Follow all instructions and heed all precautions stated in this manual.

- Keep this manual for future reference in a place that is accessible to all persons operating or servicing the cutter.
- Always perform a visual inspection of the cutter before placing it into operation. If any problems are found, do not use the tool. Make repairs before using the cutter.
- Do not use the cutter if it is leaking oil. Do not use the cutter if damaged, altered or in need of repair.
- Do not remove or disable cutter safety devices. Before using the cutter, make sure that all the safety devices (guards, etc.) are in place and in good condition.
- Do not remove the guards installed on the cutter or on any accessories. Replace any guards immediately if they develop faults or become damaged.
- Do not alter the calibration of the safety devices, such as maximum pressure valves (if equipped).
- Allow only authorized, trained, and experienced personnel to operate the cutter and supervise its use.
- Ensure that all users are trained and qualified to operate the cutter. Operators must be aware of all applicable occupational safety laws and must operate the cutter in accordance with all such laws.
- Keep the work area clean and well illuminated.
- When operating the cutter, do not wear loose clothing or jewelry that could get caught up in the cutter during operation. Tie up long hair.
- Always wear and use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) such as non-skid safety shoes, hard-hat, hearing protection and face and eye protection. Use of these and other PPE items (used as appropriate for conditions) will reduce the chance of personal injuries. The use of these items may also be required by local regulations or laws.
- Consult your employer concerning specific safety requirements and the safety equipment required for use in your country or region.
- Before reaching inside the cutting area for any reason, always stop the cutter and disconnect it from the AC power supply.
- Keep others clear of the work area while the tool is in use. Be sure that all personnel not operating the cutter remain at a safe distance when the cutter is in operation.
- Stop the cutter if people and/or animals enter the work area.
- Ensure that the operator is alert, observant of the task being performed and that the work is being done with care.
- Do not allow use of the cutter by persons that are tired, or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- Do not allow children to operate the cutter or to assist with its use. Keep children out of the work area.
- Place the tool horizontally on a substantial work surface. The work surface must have a rated weight capacity that exceeds the weight of the cutter and of the material being cut.
- Fragments and splinters may be ejected from the cutter during normal use. Material being cut could become projectiles. Stay clear of the cutting head and surrounding area during operation. Always wear face and eye protection.
- As needed, remove any foreign objects from the cutting head that could damage the cutter and/or injure the operator. Before removing any foreign objects, always stop the cutter and disconnect it from AC power supply.
- Avoid touching the cutter's metal surfaces during operation and after the cutter has been in use. Be aware of the risk of burns if the cutter becomes hot.
- Do not use the cutter for activities other than those it was approved and designed to perform. Refer to Section 9.1 of this manual for additional information regarding foreseen use.
- Use the cutter's built-in handle when lifting or moving the cutter. Use appropriately rated lifting equipment if it is necessary to lift or suspend the tool by mechanical means.
- Do not exceed equipment ratings. Never attempt to cut an item which exceeds the maximum allowable parameters for your cutter model. For additional information, refer to Section 2.1 of this manual. Overloading may cause equipment failure and possible personal injury.
- Do not use the cutter in explosive atmospheres (for example, in the presence of flammable liquids, gasses or powders).
- Do not use the cutter on live electric lines, on pressure vessels or ducts, or on vessels containing corrosive and/or toxic substances.
- If the cutter malfunctions, stop use immediately. Check for misaligned or jammed moving parts, broken components and any other condition that could make the tool operate incorrectly. Place the cutter back into operation only after the fault has been identified and the identified repairs and/or adjustments have been performed.
- Ensure that any repairs are performed only by trained, qualified and authorized staff using original equipment replacement parts. For repair service, contact the Enerpac authorized service center in your area.
- Use only original equipment Enerpac parts. Enerpac parts are designed to fit properly and to withstand high loads. Non-Enerpac parts may break or cause the product to malfunction.
- Keep cutting tools clean and replace blades when they become dull. Suitably maintained cutting tools with sharp edges are less likely to jam and are easier to control.

⚠ CAUTION Failure to observe and comply with the following precautions and instructions could result in minor or moderate personal injury. Property damage could also occur.

- To help ensure proper operation and best performance, use only Enerpac HF hydraulic oil. Use of any other oil may result in unsafe operation and/or damage to tool. The Enerpac product warranty may also be invalidated.
- Keep hydraulic equipment away from flames and heat. Excessive heat will soften packings and seals, resulting in fluid leaks. Heat also weakens hose materials and packings.
- Protect all hydraulic equipment from weld spatter.

1.3 Safety Precautions - AC Powered Electric Tools

⚠ WARNING Failure to observe and comply with the following precautions and instructions could result in death or serious personal injury. Property damage could also occur.

- Always be certain that tool is stopped and disconnected from AC power supply before performing any tool cleaning, maintenance or repair procedures.
- Be certain that the tool is disconnected from the AC power supply before reaching inside the cutting head to clear jams, or for any other reason.
- Do not leave the tool unattended in the workplace when connected to AC power supply. Take all reasonable precautions to avoid unauthorized use.
- Take precautions so that the tool is not switched on accidentally. Be certain not to rotate the control knob when picking up the tool or when positioning it.
- If it is not possible to unplug the tool power cord from the AC power outlet, the power must be turned off and locked out at the AC power supply.
- Always disconnect the tool from AC power before transporting it. If electric tools are transported while the operator's hand is on the control knob and AC power is connected, accidents can occur.
- Do not use the tool if it cannot be switched on and off using the control knob. Any tool that cannot be controlled with the control knob is dangerous and must be repaired.
- Remove all wrenches and adjustment tools (if present) before switching on the tool. A wrench or adjustment tool attached to a rotating element of an electric tool can cause personal injury.
- Make sure the cooling vents are unobstructed and that the cooling surfaces are clean in order to avoid dangerous overheating.
- Do not expose the tool to heat sources in excess of 158°F [70°C] as this could cause irreversible damage to cable insulation and other electrical components, possibly leading to a fire. If tool becomes overheated, allow tool to cool or remove heat source.

- The tool is designed for noncontinuous use. Allow sufficiently long pauses to allow the oil to cool. Consult Enerpac if prolonged and/or uninterrupted use is required.
- Do not service or clean the tool while the tool is operating and/or if tool is connected to AC power supply.
- Keep electric tools out of the reach of children. Do not allow inexperienced users or users who have not read the instructions to operate them. Electric tools are dangerous in the hands of non-expert users.
- In accordance with the standards indicated and followed by the manufacturer, the equipment components that also perform a safety function (insulators, guards, etc.) must not be repaired, but must instead be replaced with original spare parts.

1.4 Additional AC Electric Tool Safety Instructions

⚠ WARNING Failure to observe and comply with the following precautions and instructions could result in death or serious personal injury.

1.4.1 Use and Care

- Store the tool indoors. Keep in a secured area to prevent use by unauthorized personnel.
- Do not clean the tool with a water spray or the like.
- Do not operate the tool with a damaged cord or plug, or after the tool malfunctions or is dropped or damaged in any manner.
- Return the tool to the nearest Enerpac authorized service center for examination, repair, or electrical or mechanical adjustment.

1.4.2 Disconnecting Power

- Be sure that tool motor is off before removing plug from electrical outlet.
- Do not unplug the tool by pulling on the cord. To unplug, grasp the plug, not the cord.
- Remove plug from electrical outlet when the tool is not in use and before servicing or cleaning the tool.

⚠ DANGER High voltage is present inside the tool even when tool motor is off. Before servicing the tool, be sure that the tool power cord is disconnected from the electrical outlet or other electrical power source.

1.4.3 Grounding Instructions

⚠ DANGER Risk of electric shock! Connect the tool only to a properly grounded outlet.

The tool is double insulated and equipped with a polarized power plug.

The plug must be plugged into a polarized electrical outlet that is properly installed and wired in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

- If the cord and/or plug are damaged, do not connect the tool to a live electrical outlet. Repair or replace the damaged items and be sure the polarized plug is correctly wired before reconnecting the tool to the outlet. Consult a qualified electrician if wiring procedures are not completely understood or if there is any doubt as to whether the tool is properly wired.
- Do not modify the plug provided with the tool. If the plug will not fit in the outlet, have a proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician. A qualified electrician should be consulted if there is any doubt as to whether an outlet box is properly wired.
- All 230V tool models: The tool is for use on a single-phase circuit, which has a nominal rating of more than 120 volts and is factory equipped with a specific electric cord and plug.
- If the tool must be used with a different type of electric socket, the plug should be changed by a qualified electrician. After the plug is changed, the tool should comply with all local codes and ordinances.

1.4.4 Use of Extension Cords

It is important to use the proper size extension cord with the tool power cord when use of an extension cord is necessary.

A qualified electrician should be consulted to help specify and select the proper size extension cord.

⚠ DANGER Risk of electric shock! Connect the tool only to a properly wired outlet.

If an extension cord is used:

- 1) The marked electrical rating of the extension cord should be at least as great as the electrical rating of the tool.
- 2) The extension cord should have a polarized plug at one end and a polarized receptacle at the other. It should be wired for single phase power.
- 3) A long extension cord should be arranged so that it will not drape over any working area where it can be tripped over, snagged, or pulled on unintentionally.

If the tool is to be operated outdoors and an extension cord is needed, use only an outdoor-use extension cord. An outdoor-use extension cord will be clearly marked with the suffix letter "W" and the statement "Suitable for Use with Outdoor Appliances."

1.4.5 Additional Precautions

⚠ WARNING Do not use electric powered tools in an explosive atmosphere. Sparks and electrical arcing could ignite combustible vapors or airborne dust.

NOTICE To prevent damage to the tool electric motor, check power specifications on tool data plate. Use of incorrect outlet will damage the motor.

1.5 Safety Symbols (located on cutter)

⚠ WARNING Failure to observe and comply with the safety symbols affixed to the cutter housing could result in death or serious personal injury.

⚠ WARNING Make sure the safety symbols (decals, labels, etc.) are securely affixed to the tool and that they are legible. If not, obtain replacements from Enerpac. Refer to tool repair parts sheet for locations and part numbers. Failure to maintain safety symbols on tool could result in death or serious personal injury.

The following safety symbols are affixed to the cutter housing:



Crush hazard: Keep hands, fingers and other body parts away from the cutting head during operation.



Projectile hazard: Objects may be ejected from the cutter during operation. Stay clear of cutting area. Wear eye and face protection.



PPE Alert: Wear personal protective equipment (PPE) when using or servicing equipment.



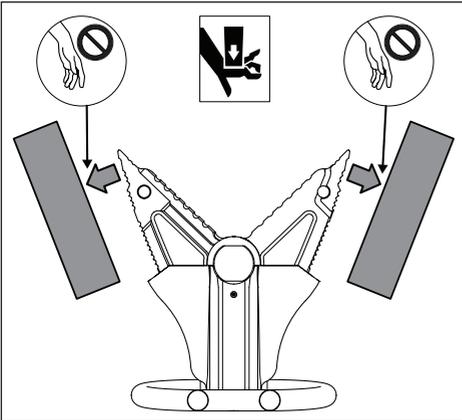
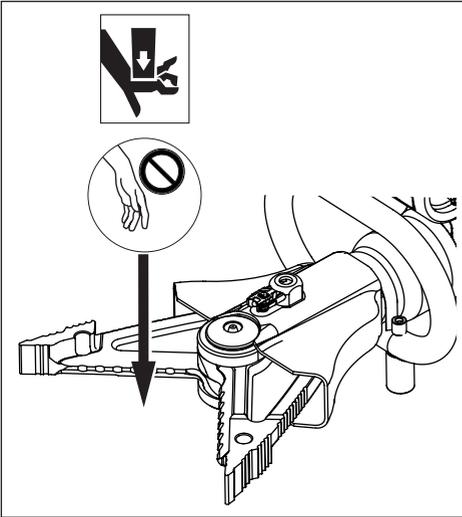
Instruction Manual Alert: Read the instruction manual before using or servicing equipment.

1.6 Crush Hazard

⚠ DANGER Cutter will start immediately when connected to AC power supply and the control knob is rotated.

DO NOT place hands, fingers or other parts of your body inside the cutting head when cutting, or outside the jaws when spreading unless cutter is disconnected from AC power supply. Death or serious personal injury will result if cutter is started while persons are working inside the cutting head.

- Never reach into the cutting head while cutter is in operation.
- Never place body parts between spreading jaws and objects to be spread while tool is in operation.
- Before reaching inside the cutting head for any reason, always stop the cutter and disconnect it from AC power supply.



2.0 PRODUCT DATA

2.1 Cutter Maximum Capacities

Cutter Model No.	Material to be Cut	Material Maximum Tensile Strength		Material Maximum Hardness
		psi	daN/mm ²	Rockwell C
ECSE300	Metal tubes, plate, cables and similar materials during decommissioning or demolition activities	94,275	65	41

NOTICE Material to be cut must not exceed any of the stated maximum limits shown in this table.

These specifications are independent material limits provided to help prevent premature blade damage. They should not be considered as an indication of the maximum cutting capacity of the tool.

The tool will not necessarily cut the largest piece of material that will fit between the blades, even if the material properties are equal to or less than the stated maximum limits.

Cutting performance, including whether a cut can be completed, will depend on the material properties, blade condition, and the size and shape of the material being cut. If the tool is struggling or failing to make a cut, select a larger capacity tool.

2.2 General Specifications

Cutter Model No.	Spreading Force*		Weight		Max. Hydraulic Operating Pressure		Ambient Operating Temp		Hyd. Pump
	Tons	kN	lb	Kg	psi	bar	°F	°C	Type
ECSE300B	5.17	46	33	15	7977	550	-40 to +122	-40 to +50	Internal AC Electric
ECSE300E	5.17	46	33	15	7977	550			

Note:

* 25mm from jaw tips with jaws closed.

2.3 Power and Noise Level Specifications

Cutter Model No.	Volts	Hz	Watts	Amps	Insulation Class	Noise Level (typical)	
						No Load L _{WA} †	No Load Operator L _{pA} ‡
ECSE300B	120	60	1200	10.0	II	98	87
ECSE300E	230	50	1100	5.3	II	98	87

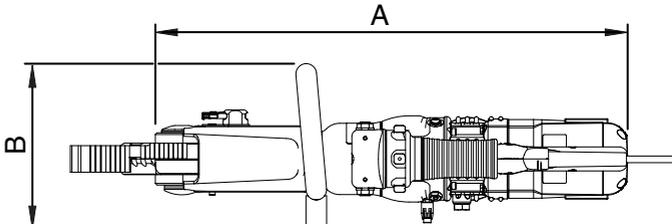
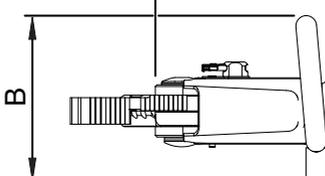
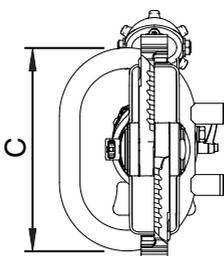
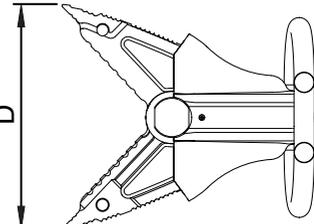
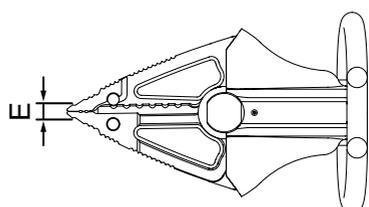
Notes:

† Per CEI EN 60745-1 and CEI EN 60745-2-8 [dB].

‡ Per CEI EN 60745-1 and EN ISO 5349.

Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

2.4 External Dimensions

Dimension	in	mm	
A	23.6	600	
B	6.0	154	
C	9.3	235	
D	11.8	302	
E	0.6	16	

Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

3.0 CONFORMANCE TO NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS



Enerpac declares that this product has been tested and conforms to applicable standards and is compatible with all CE requirements. A copy of an EU Declaration of Conformity is enclosed with each shipment of this product.

4.0 DESCRIPTION

The Enerpac model ECSE300 is a rotatable head hydraulic cutter/spreader used for cutting metal tubes, plate, cables and other similar materials during decommissioning or demolition activities.

The cutting head can be rotated 180 degrees to access tight areas. Jaw tips can be inserted between two objects so that they can be spread apart.

Hydraulic force is provided by an AC-powered electric motor and an internal hydraulic pump. The pump provides oil flow to a double-acting hydraulic cylinder, which opens and closes the cutter jaws.

A hydraulic reservoir with built-in rubber diaphragm provides a constant supply of oil to the pump, regardless of tool orientation or the amount of piston extension.

5.0 RECEIVING INSTRUCTIONS

Visually inspect all components for shipping damage. Shipping damage is not covered by warranty. If shipping damage is found, notify carrier at once. The carrier is responsible for all repair and replacement costs resulting from damage in shipment.

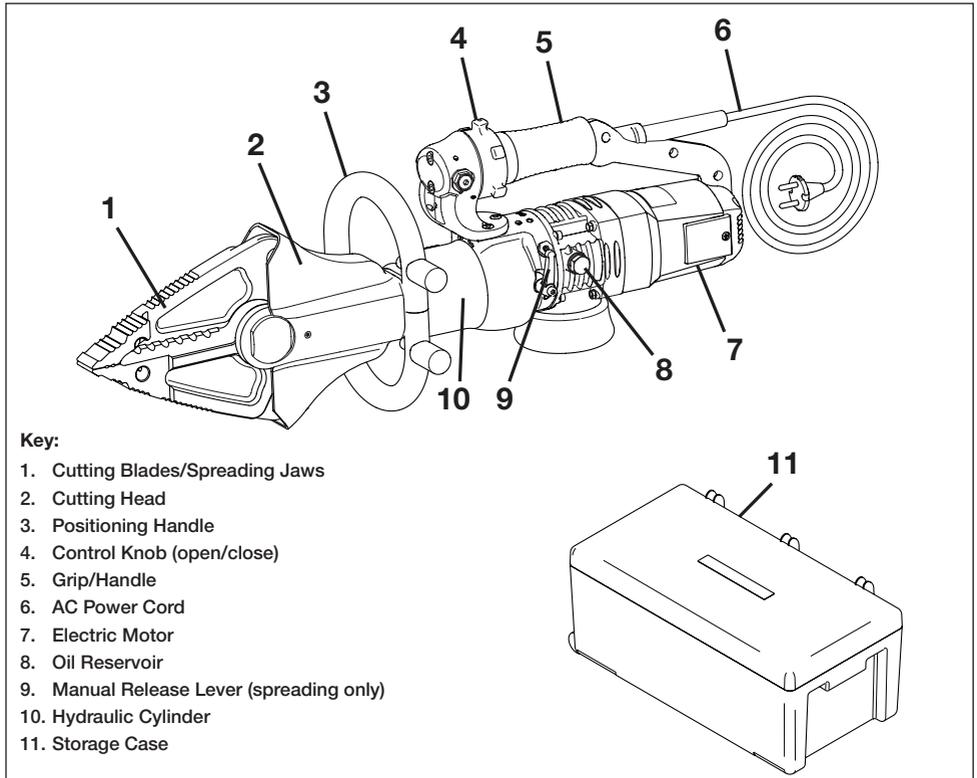


Figure 1, Features and Components

6.0 SET-UP

6.1 Delivery and Handling

The cutter and various related items are housed inside a plastic storage case. The cutter should be stored in this case when not in use.

Place the cutter on a substantial and stable work surface. The work surface must be of sufficient capacity to support the weight of the cutter plus the additional weight of the material to be cut. Refer to Section 2.2 for cutter weight.

6.2 Before Start-up

- Be sure that the shipment includes all components and that there is no obvious damage.
- Read the following sections of this manual to become familiar with cutter features and safety devices.

- Verify that the AC power supply is of the correct specifications and capacity to power the cutter. Refer to Section 7.0 of this manual for additional information.

NOTICE Be sure that cutter jaws are open as far as possible before removing oil reservoir cap in the next step. Oil leakage and improper operation may result if this instruction is not followed.

- Close the cutter jaws as far as possible, disconnect AC power cord and check the cutter hydraulic oil level. Add oil if oil level is low. Refer to Section 10.5.2 for detailed instructions.
- Before first use, remove air from the cutter hydraulic system. Refer to procedure in Section 9.3.

7.0 POWER REQUIREMENTS

The cutter is available in two versions, each with different electrical power requirements:

Model ECSE300B is designed for 120VAC, single-phase, 60 Hz power. This version contains a USA style NEMA 6-15 power plug.

Model ECSE300E is designed for 230VAC, single-phase 50 Hz power. This version contains a European style "Schuko" power plug.

Before connecting electric power to tool, be certain that the power supply is the proper voltage and Hz for the cutter version that you are using. Refer to the cutter data plate.

Also refer to Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of this manual for important electrical safety information and precautions.

⚠ WARNING Failure to follow the electrical safety precautions contained in Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of this manual could result in electric shock. Death or serious personal injury could occur.

8.0 MAJOR FEATURES AND COMPONENTS

8.1 Rotatable Cutting Head

⚠ WARNING If the tool is connected to an AC power supply, the blades can still be closed, even when manual release lever is set to the unlocked position. Do not place hands, fingers or other parts of your body inside the cutting head unless the cutter is disconnected from the AC power supply. Failure to follow these instructions and precautions could result in death or serious personal injury.

⚠ WARNING Turning the manual release lever to the unlocked position when spreading will allow the jaws to depressurize, allowing objects being spread to potentially become destabilized or return to their original position. Death, serious personal injury, or damage to equipment could result.

⚠ WARNING Always disconnect the cutter from the AC power supply before rotating the cutting head.

⚠ CAUTION To prevent possible oil leakage, do not loosen the manual release lever more than one half turn counter-clockwise.

NOTICE The cutting head can be rotated only when the tool is not pressurized. When the manual release lever is in the unlocked position, the tool will depressurize, allowing the head to rotate. When in a depressurized state, the jaws can be closed, but cannot be opened.

NOTICE Operate cutter only when the manual release lever is in the locked position. Jaws will not open when the manual release lever is in the unlocked position.

Be sure that the cutter is disconnected from the AC power supply. Turn the manual release lever counter-clockwise to position 2 (down) to release the cutting head.

Using the positioning handle, rotate the cutting head to the desired position.

Return the manual release lever to the locked position. See Figures 2 and 3.

NOTICE The head can still be rotated with the manual release lever in the locked position if the tool is not under load. The head locks when the manual release lever is in the locked position and the tool is under load.

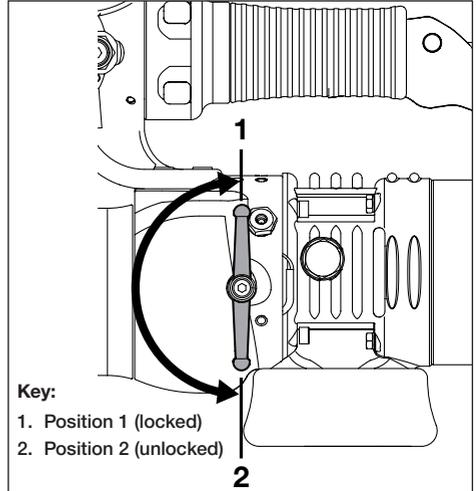


Figure 2, Manual Release Lever

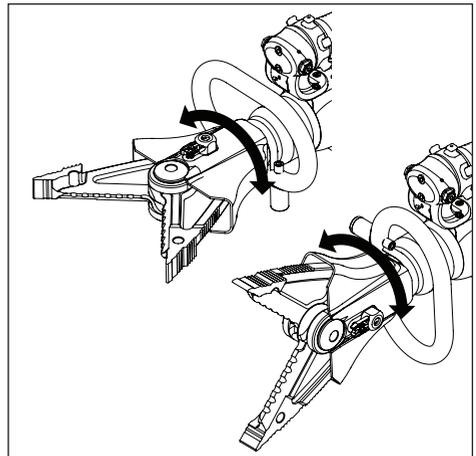


Figure 3, Rotatable Cutting Head

9.0 CUTTER OPERATION

9.1 Foreseen Use and Residual Risks

⚠ WARNING Failure to observe and comply with the instructions and precautions contained in the following paragraphs could result in death or serious personal injury.

1. The ECSE-Series Cutter/Spreader must be used only to cut metal tubes, plate, cables and similar materials during decommissioning or demolition. The tool may also be used to spread objects apart for decommissioning, demolition or maintenance purposes. When cutting, material specifications must not exceed the allowable values shown in Section 2.1 of this manual. When spreading, observe the rated spreading force indicated in Section 2.2, and the spreading range indicated in Section 2.4 (item D).
2. The tool may be used only if powered by an electrical system compliant with legislation and current law (suitably connected to a grounded electrical system and protected from current surges and short circuits).
3. Operators must observe the instructions in this manual in order to minimize the risk of accidents. In particular, operators must pay attention when working in conditions that could cause:
 - Possible burns from overheated metal parts.
 - Injury due to incorrect positioning or inadequate lifting or moving.
 - Injury caused by splinters discharged from the workpiece.**⚠ WARNING** People remaining in the vicinity of the tool while it is working are subject to the risk of flying debris (dangerous objects, etc.). Serious personal injury could result.
4. Mechanical vibrations transmitted to the hands and arms can pose a risk to the health and safety of workers. The user and/or employer is responsible for assessing the risk generated by mechanical vibrations from the tool, and minimizing the possibility of injury.
5. Incorrect use:
 - The tool must not be used for purposes other than indicated in this manual.
 - The tool must not be used in areas subject to the risk of explosion.

9.2 Operating Precautions

⚠ WARNING Failure to observe the following precautions and instructions could result in death or serious personal injury.

- Keep fingers, hands and other body parts clear of the cutting head. Do not reach into the cutting area during operation.
- Never place fingers, hands or other body parts between objects being spread (such as a joint) during the spreading process.
- When spreading, ensure that the spreading wedges on the outside tips of the jaws fully engage with the objects to be spread.
- Do not attempt to reposition the material being cut while the tool is in operation. If repositioning is required, stop the cutter.
- After cutting or spreading is complete, material may fall. Keep body parts and equipment away from area under and beside the cutter.
- Dangerous projectiles could occur at any time during cutting. Always wear face and eye protection. Keep persons away from cutting area.
- Cutter surfaces can become very hot. To prevent burns, avoid contact with cutter components and wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
- Refer to additional safety precautions in Section 1.0 of this manual before using the cutter or performing any maintenance or repair activities.

9.3 Trapped Air Removal

Before placing a new cutter into operation, cycle the piston several times without load to remove any trapped air in the hydraulic circuit.

Air is completely purged when the piston advances and retracts smoothly in both directions, from fully advanced to fully retracted.

This procedure should be performed after the oil in the cutter is changed, and after any maintenance or repair activity in which the oil is drained and replaced.

9.4 Positioning Material to be Cut

Position the material to be cut between the cutter blades so that it is perpendicular to the blade axis, as shown in Figure 4. This will provide the best quality cut.

Position the material at the base of the blades. Do not position the material at the tips of the blades. See Figure 5.

NOTICE Be certain that the properties of the material to be cut do not exceed the stated maximum limits applicable to your cutter model. Refer to Section 2.1 of this manual for additional information. Failure to observe the instruction may result in poor cutting performance and/or damage to the cutter.

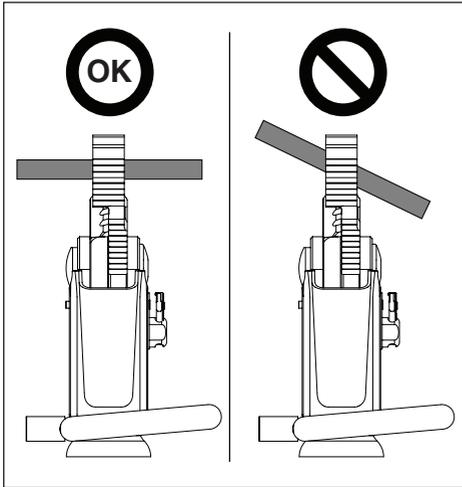


Figure 4, Positioning Material Inside the Blades

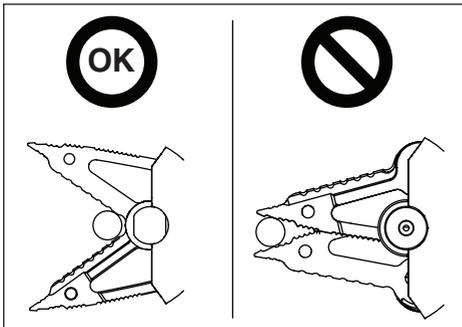


Figure 5, Positioning Material Inside the Blades

9.5 Cutter Controls

The control knob is used to open and close the blades/jaws. It will remain centered in the neutral position when it is not being turned. See Figure 6.

- Rotate the knob to the left and hold it to close the blades/jaws. See Figure 7.
- To stop blade/jaw movement at any time, release the knob and allow it to return to the neutral position.
- Rotate the knob to the right and hold it to open the blades/jaws. See Figure 8.

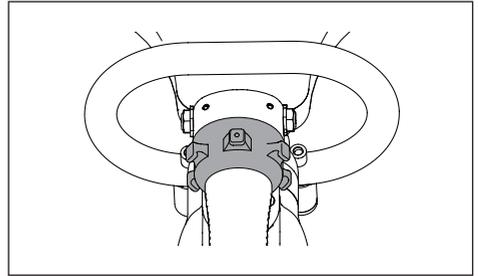


Figure 6, Neutral Position

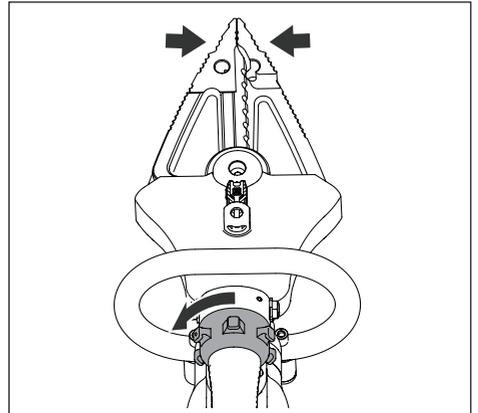


Figure 7, Blades/Jaws Closed

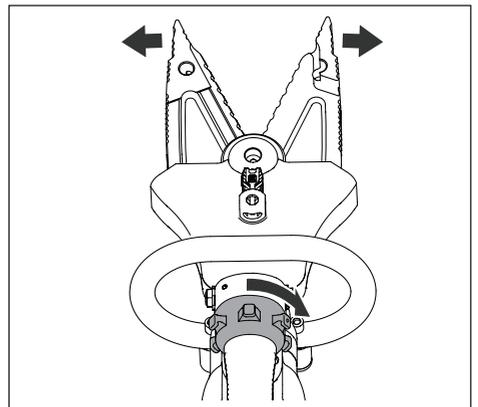


Figure 8, Blades/Jaws Open

9.6 Cutting Procedure (typical)

1. Be certain that the properties of the material to be cut do not exceed the stated maximum limits applicable to your cutter model. Refer to the chart in Section 2.1 of this manual.
2. Place the material to be cut between the blades. Be sure that it is perpendicular to the blade axis, as shown in Figure 4. Refer to instructions in Section 9.4 for additional information.

NOTICE Failure to properly position the material in the blades may result in blade breakage and reduced cutting efficiency.

3. Connect the cutter to the electrical outlet.
4. Turn the control knob to the left and hold it until the item has been fully cut.
5. Turn the control knob to the right and release it to fully open the blades. The control knob will return to the neutral position.

9.7 Spreading Procedure (typical)

1. Turn the control knob to the left to close the jaws.
2. Place the jaws into the area between the two objects that are to be spread apart. Make sure the flat spreading wedges on the tips of the jaws are fully engaged with the objects to be spread, and properly positioned so they cannot slip out during the spreading process.

⚠ WARNING Never place fingers, hands or other body parts between objects being spread (such as a joint) during the spreading process.

⚠ WARNING After spreading is complete, material may fall. Keep body parts and equipment away from area under and beside the cutter.

3. Turn the control knob to the right to open the jaws and begin spreading.
4. Once the spreading is complete, turn the control knob to the left to close the jaws.
5. Remove the cutter from the objects being spread.

10.0 MAINTENANCE

10.1 Preparation for Maintenance

All cutter maintenance procedures must be performed under the following conditions:

- Material must be removed from the cutting head.
- The cutter must be disconnected from the AC power supply.
- The cutter must be given time to cool to prevent burns.
- Procedures must be performed in a suitable work environment in accordance with all current safety regulations and/or laws in your country or region.
- The cutter must be cleaned thoroughly before maintenance procedures are performed.
- Suitable personal protective equipment (PPE) must be used and/or worn while performing any work.

⚠ WARNING The cutter must sometimes be operated in order to complete a maintenance or repair procedure being performed, or to prepare it for a procedure that is about to be performed.

However, to prevent start-up while persons are working on the cutter, always disconnect the cutter from the AC power supply before beginning any procedure steps that require use of tools and/or physical contact with the cutter. Failure to observe this precaution may result in death or serious personal injury.

Table 1 - Periodic Maintenance Chart

Time Interval	Maintenance Operation	Method	To be performed by:
Every 8 hours of operation:	Check the cutter for loose, damaged or worn parts. Check for oil leaks. Tighten, replace or repair as required.	Visual	Operator
	Clean the cutter exterior.	Refer to instructions in Section 10.3.	Operator
	Check the tightening torque of screws and bolts. Replace any missing screws or bolts.	Use torque wrench. Refer to repair parts sheet for complete torque specifications.	Operator
Every 1600 hours of operation:	Change the hydraulic oil.	Refer to instructions in sections 10.5.1 - 10.5.3.	Service Center

10.2 Periodic Maintenance Chart

Refer to the Periodic Maintenance Chart (Table 1) for a list of various routine checks and procedures.

10.3 Cleaning

- Clean the cutter using a dry cloth or compressed air. For plastic surfaces, use a cloth slightly dampened with water.

⚠ CAUTION To prevent possible injury, always wear safety glasses or face mask when using compressed air.

- Be sure there are no traces of oil, grease or corrosive substances on the tool, especially on the grips.
- Use a damp cloth and soapy water to clean plastic components.
- Do not use gasoline or thinner to clean the tool.

10.4 Fasteners

Periodically check all screws, nuts and other fasteners for proper tightness. Tighten any loose fasteners. Replace any worn or damaged fasteners. This should be performed periodically or every day in the event of frequent or prolonged cutter operation.

NOTICE Failure to check and tighten fasteners as required may result in serious damage to the cutter.

10.5 Cutter Hydraulic System

The cutter contains a small hydraulic pump and an oil reservoir with a rubber diaphragm. The oil level must be periodically checked and additional oil must be added if the oil level is low. In addition, the oil must be completely changed at the specified interval. Refer to the Periodic Maintenance Chart (Table 1).

10.5.1 Hydraulic System Maintenance Precautions

⚠ WARNING

Always disconnect cutter from AC power supply before performing hydraulic system maintenance. Failure to observe this precaution could result in accidental start-up while maintenance procedures are being performed. Serious personal injury and damage to cutter may result.

Wait for cutter to cool before performing hydraulic system maintenance. Hot oil can cause burns.

Be sure that oil reservoir cap is securely tightened after checking oil level or changing the oil. Leaking oil can cause short circuits, fire and explosions.

Additional Precautions:

- Do not check oil level or change the oil in dusty areas.
- Be sure that all tools (wrench, screwdriver, etc.) used to perform maintenance procedures are clean.
- When adding oil and performing oil changes, take every precaution to prevent impurities from contaminating the oil or entering the cutter. Impurities can cause permanent damage to the hydraulic components.
- The hydraulic reservoir contains a rubber diaphragm that slightly pressurizes the oil. Some oil spillage may occur when checking the oil level or when changing the oil. Wear and/or use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) to prevent exposure to hydraulic oil.
- Use only new Enerpac HF hydraulic oil poured from a clean container. Use of other oil brands and/or used oil may damage the cutter and may void the Enerpac product warranty.

10.5.2 Checking Oil Level and Adding Oil

NOTICE The reservoir contains a flexible rubber diaphragm that slightly pressurizes the oil. To help prevent excessive oil leakage when the reservoir cap is removed, be certain that the piston is advanced as far as possible and that the jaws are fully closed before loosening the cap.

Refer to Figures 9A through 9C during the following steps:

1. Operate the cutter and fully close the jaws.
2. Disconnect the cutter from the AC power supply to prevent accidental motor start-up during the following steps.
3. Place the cutter in the horizontal position, on a stable and level work surface, with the oil reservoir cap facing upwards. Place a pan or suitable container under the cutter to catch any spilled oil.
4. To prevent contamination, remove any built-up dust and dirt from the oil reservoir cap and surrounding area.

NOTICE A small amount of hydraulic oil may leak from the drain/fill hole when cap is loosened in the next step. Be prepared to catch this oil in a pan or with a clean rag. Dispose of spilled oil in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

5. Slowly loosen the oil reservoir cap while watching for oil flow:
 - If oil starts flowing from the oil drain/fill hole as the cap is loosened, the reservoir is full. Tighten the cap immediately. To avoid excessive oil spillage, do not continue loosening the cap if oil flow occurs. Skip steps 6 through 8 and go on to step 9.
 - If no oil flow occurs when the cap is loosened, fully loosen and remove the cap. Then, check oil level and add oil (if needed) as described in steps 6 through 8.
6. Check the oil level in the drain/fill hole. Oil level will be up to the top of the hole when reservoir is full.
7. If oil level is low, slowly add new Enerpac HF oil through the oil drain/fill hole, until the oil level is up to the top of the hole.
8. Remove any residue or metal particles from the oil reservoir cap (it is magnetic).
9. Install and securely tighten the oil reservoir cap.
10. Using a clean rag, wipe the cutter housing, grip and motor so that these surfaces are free of oil residue.
11. Connect cutter to AC power supply. Cycle the piston several times to test for proper operation before placing the cutter back into service.

10.5.3 Changing the Oil

NOTICE The oil change procedure will replace most, but not all, of the oil. It is to be performed for maintenance purposes. If the oil is contaminated, or if for any other reason a full oil evacuation is necessary, cylinder disassembly by an Enerpac authorized service center is required in addition to the standard oil change procedure.

NOTICE The oil change procedure is very detailed and will take a considerable amount of time. It should only be performed by a trained technician at an Enerpac authorized service center. Failure to properly perform the procedure may result in incomplete filling of the cutter oil reservoir, which could lead to cavitation, air entrainment, reduced performance and pump damage.

Change the oil in the cutter hydraulic reservoir as described in the following steps. Refer to Figures 9A through 9E:

1. Fill a clean oil dispenser with new Enerpac HF oil. Put the dispenser aside for later use.
2. Fully close the jaws.
3. Disconnect the cutter from the AC power supply to prevent accidental motor start-up during the following steps.
4. Place the cutter in the horizontal position, on a stable and level work surface, upside down with the diaphragm cover facing upwards. Place a pan or suitable container under the cutter to catch any spilled oil.
5. To prevent contamination, remove any built-up dust and dirt from the oil reservoir cap, diaphragm cover and surrounding area.

NOTICE A small amount of hydraulic oil leakage may occur when the diaphragm cover is removed in the next step. Be prepared to catch this oil in a pan or with a clean rag. Dispose of spilled oil in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

6. Remove the rubber support from the diaphragm cover.
7. Using an adjustable face spanner wrench, loosen and remove the diaphragm cover.
8. Remove the diaphragm from the diaphragm opening.

NOTICE It is not necessary to remove the oil reservoir cap, as the oil will be drained and filled through the diaphragm opening.

9. Completely drain all old oil from the cutter through the diaphragm opening, turning it right-side up and using a suitable oil extraction system (used oil extraction pump) if necessary, so that no oil remains in the cutter reservoir.

NOTICE Dispose of all used oil in accordance with all applicable regulations and laws.

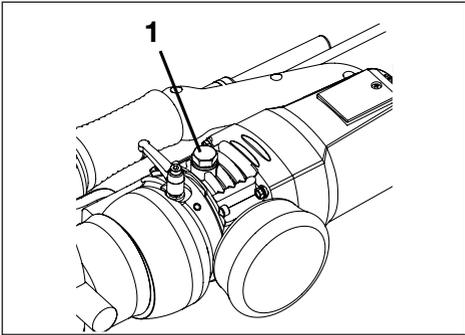


Figure 9A, Oil Reservoir Cap (1)

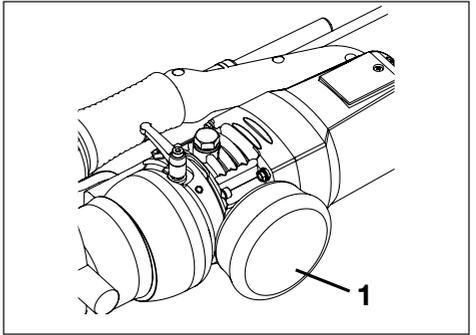


Figure 9D, Rubber Support (1)

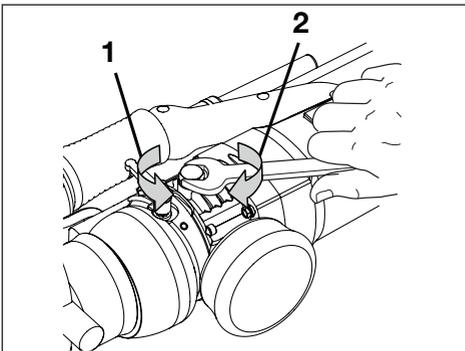


Figure 9B, Oil Reservoir Cap - Loosen (1) and Tighten (2)

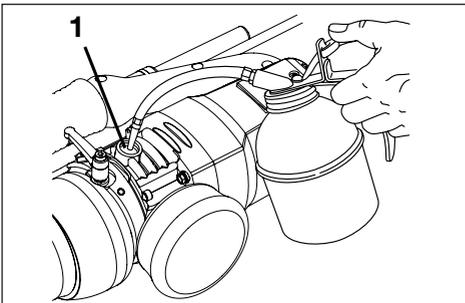


Figure 9C, Adding Oil to Reservoir Fill Hole (1)

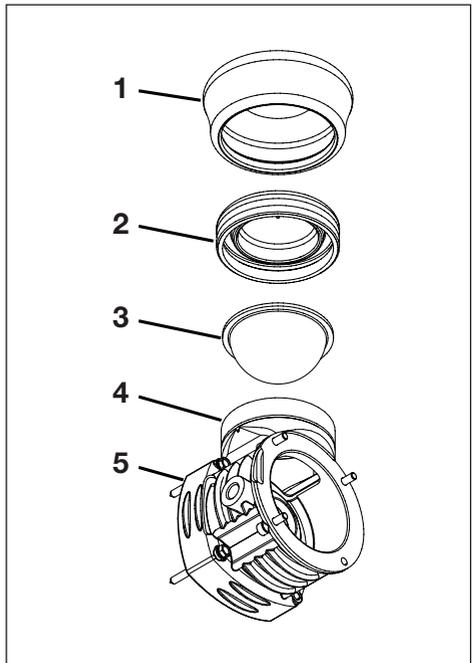


Figure 9E, Rubber Support (1), Diaphragm Housing Cover (2), Diaphragm (3), Diaphragm Opening (4), and Reservoir (5)

Figure 9, Hydraulic System Maintenance

NOTICE Use only new Enerpac HF oil in the following step. Use of other oils may damage the cutter and may invalidate the Enerpac product warranty.

- Using the oil dispenser prepared in step 1, slowly add new Enerpac HF oil through the diaphragm opening until the diaphragm opening is nearly full.

▲ WARNING

To avoid serious personal injury, stay clear of cutting head and blades during the following procedures. Wear rubber gloves to prevent contact with oil. Wear eye and face protection to avoid injury due to splashing oil.

- Connect the cutter to the AC power supply.
- Cover the diaphragm opening with a rubber-gloved hand to help prevent oil splashing.
- Prime the pump by turning the control knob to the right (open) in short bursts. During this process, check the oil level in the diaphragm opening and add oil (as needed) to keep the reservoir filled. Failure to keep reservoir full may result in cavitation and pump failure. Pump is primed when jaws start to open.

NOTICE During priming, the oil may become entrained with air and may develop a foamy appearance. This is normal.

- Continue turning the control knob to the right (open) in short bursts until the jaws fully open. During this process, continue adding oil to keep the reservoir full.
- Slowly install the diaphragm in the diaphragm opening. This should result in some oil leakage from around the diaphragm.
- Install and securely tighten the diaphragm cover.
- Install the rubber support onto the diaphragm cover.

▲ WARNING

To avoid serious personal injury, stay clear of cutting head and blades during the following procedures.

- Start the cutter and cycle the jaws through several open and close cycles. Ensure that jaws are fully closed when done.
- Disconnect the cutter from the AC power supply.
- Be sure cutter is positioned so that the oil reservoir cap is facing upwards. Do not operate cutter for several hours (preferably overnight) to allow any remaining air to separate from the oil.

- Loosen and remove the oil reservoir cap. Recheck the oil level in the oil drain/fill hole. If oil level has dropped, add additional Enerpac HF oil until the oil level is up to the top of the hole.
- Install and securely tighten the oil reservoir cap.
- Using a clean rag, wipe the cutter housing, grip and motor so that surfaces are free of oil residue.
- Connect the cutter to the AC power supply. Cycle the piston several times to test for proper operation before placing the cutter back into service.

10.6 Greasing the Central Pin

Check that the central pin is lubricated periodically or daily if used frequently.

To grease the pin, use a lithium-based water repellent grease. Apply several pumps from a hand grease gun until grease is evident around the pin. Wipe up any excess grease. See Figure 10.

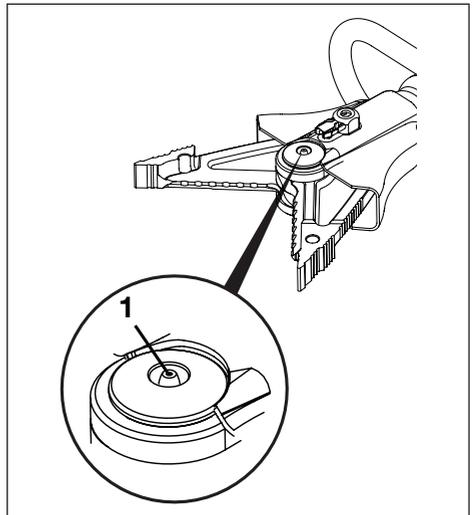


Figure 10, Grease Fitting, Central Pin (1)

11.0 STORAGE

11.1 Storage Guidelines

If the cutter will be stored for an extended period of time:

- Disconnect cutter from AC power supply.
- Thoroughly clean the cutter. Remove any loose dust or dirt. Dry the cutter after completing cleaning procedures.
- Lubricate the cutter metal surfaces using a clean oil-moistened rag to provide added corrosion protection during storage.
- Store the cutter in its plastic storage case, in a clean and dry location, accessible only to authorized personnel.

11.2 Return to Use (after storage)

Before using the cutter after an extended period of storage or inactivity, perform the following steps:

- Check the hydraulic oil level and add oil if low. Refer to instructions in Section 10.5.2.
- Check for oil leaks. Make repairs as required.
- Remove any traces of oil (if present) from the handle/grip and other parts that can be gripped.
- Remove any oil from cutter metal surfaces.
- Check that the electrical power cord and plug are undamaged and in good condition.
- Verify that the cutter housing (including the electric motor) is undamaged.
- Check for any missing, worn or improperly installed parts.
- Check that all screws, nuts, bolts and other fasteners are tight. Replace, repair or tighten components as needed.
- Connect cutter to AC power supply. Cycle the piston several times to test for proper operation before placing the cutter back into service.

12.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to the Cutter Troubleshooting Charts (Tables 2 and 3) for lists of common cutter symptoms, possible causes and solutions.

For repair service, contact an Enerpac authorized service center. Inspection and repairs should be performed only by an Enerpac authorized service center or other qualified hydraulic tool service facility.

Table 2 - Troubleshooting Chart, Cutter Electrical Components

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution	Maint. Level
1. Motor will not start.	No AC electric power.	Check the power supply and circuit breaker or fuses.	Operator
	Worn or broken AC power cord.	Replace old cord with a new cord of the same specifications.	Service Center
	Motor rotor windings defective.	Replace rotor and commutator assembly.	Service Center
	Motor stator windings defective.	Replace motor.	Service Center
2. Motor overheats.	Low voltage.	Check AC power supply.	Operator
	Motor ventilation slots obstructed.	Clean any dirt or other obstructions from motor ventilation slots.	Operator
	Worn blades.	Replace blades if worn or damaged.	Service Center
	Motor brushes worn.	Replace motor brushes if worn (less than 0.2 inch [5 mm] long).	Service Center
	Commutator worn.	Replace rotor and commutator assembly.	Service Center
	Motor fan damaged.	Replace motor fan.	Service Center
	Motor windings dirty.	Clean dirty windings.	Service Center
	Motor bearings worn.	Replace motor bearings.	Service Center
	Motor rotor windings damaged.	Replace rotor and commutator assembly.	Service Center
	Motor stator windings damaged.	Replace motor.	Service Center
3. Electromagnetic disturbances in power line.	Fault in EMI filter.	Replace EMI filter.	Service Center
	Motor brushes worn.	Replace motor brushes if worn (less than 0.2 inch [5 mm] long).	Service Center
	Commutator worn.	Replace rotor and commutator assembly.	Service Center

(Refer to Table 3 for hydraulic component troubleshooting.)

Table 3 - Troubleshooting Chart, Cutter Hydraulic Components

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution	Maint. Level
1. Blades will not open or close, or movement is jerky.	Low hydraulic oil level.	Check oil level. Add oil if low.	Operator
	Manual release lever open.	Move lever to locked position.	Operator
	Max. pressure valve dirty or requires replacement.	Clean or replace max. pressure valve.	Service Center
	Air bubbles in the hydraulic circuit.	Operate tool through several full cycles to bleed air. Check oil level and add oil if low.	Operator
	Piston gasket worn.	Replace piston gasket.	Service Center
	Pump malfunction.	Repair or replace pump.	Service Center
2. Tool operates with insufficient force.	Max. pressure valve open.	Clean or replace max. pressure valve.	Service Center
	Piston gasket worn.	Replace piston gasket.	Service Center
	Pump malfunction.	Repair or replace pump.	Service Center
3. Oil leakage from tank cover.	Reservoir diaphragm faulty.	Replace reservoir diaphragm.	Service Center
4. Cutting head will not lock into place.	Manual release lever is unlocked or tool is not under load.	Position manual release lever into locked position and put the tool under load.	Operator

(Refer to Table 2 for electrical component troubleshooting.)

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