



**Desoldering Tool** 

# **Instruction Manual**

Thank you for purchasing the HAKKO 474 Desoldering Tool.

Please read the manual before using the HAKKO 474. Store the manual in a safe, easily accessible place for future reference.

**CAUTION**: Remove the pump securing screw (M4×25 marked red) from the bottom of the station. Failure to do so may result in serious problems.

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# **Packing List**

1

Please check to make sure that all the items listed below are included in the HAKKO 474 package.

Station	1	Ceramic Paper F	ilter (S)2
Desoldering Gun	1		ilter (L)4
Iron Holder Base			3
Spring Iron Holder	1	Cleaning Pin (for	ø1.0mm [0.04 in] nozzle)1
Cleaning Sponge	1		Heating Element)1
Filter Pipe			der1
			ø1.0mm [0.04 in] nozzle)1
T. T. W.			1
		Spanner	1
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Station	Spanner		
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		WATER .	
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Iron Holder Base	Spring Iron Ho	der	Cleaning Sponge
	Ceramic Paper	· Filter (S)	(Matalana)
			Allania allaniano
		( ) ( ) ( )	
Filter Pipe	Cera	amic Paper Filter (L)	Spring Filter
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	٠,		
		1	
Cleaning Pin for ø1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle	Cleaning Pin for	Heating Element	Cleaning Pin Holder
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			) (/
	1/1/		/ /
			L /
Cleaning Drill for ø1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle	Silicone Grease	e	Desoldering Gun
l ·		•	7/

# **Precautions**

In this instruction manual, "WARNING" and "CAUTION" are defined as follows.

# **MARNING**

**MARNING**: Misuse may potentially cause death of, or serious injury to the user.

**CAUTION**: Misuse may potentially cause injury to the user or physical damage to the objects involved.

For your own safety, be sure to comply with these precautions.



Remove the pump securing screw  $(M4\times25 \text{ marked red})$  from the bottom of the station. Failure to do so may result in serious problems.

When the power is on, the nozzle temperature is between 380°C/716°F and 480°C/896°F.

Since mishandling may lead to <u>burns or fire</u>, be sure to comply with the following precautions.

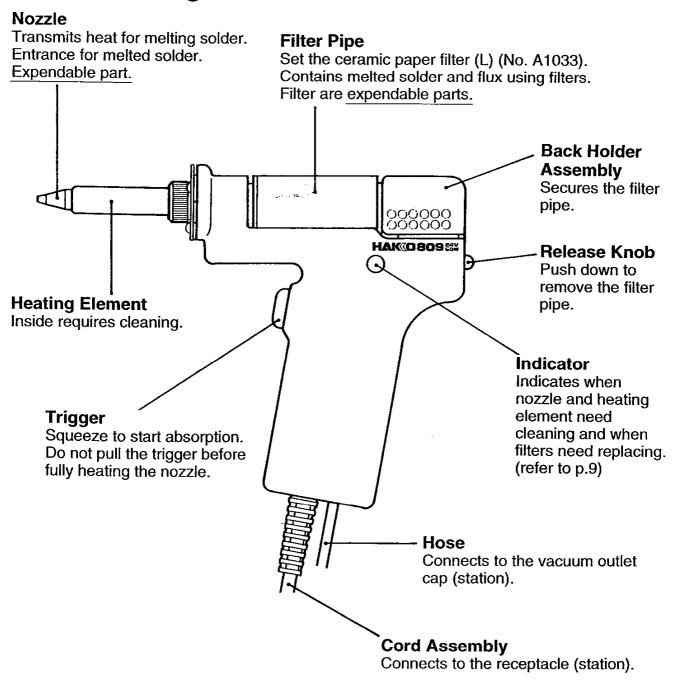
- Do not touch the metallic parts near the nozzle, nearby plastic parts and the spring iron holder .
- Do not use the product near flammable items.
- Advise other people in the work area that the unit can reach a very high temperature and should be considered potentially dangerous.
- Turn the power off while taking breaks and when finished using the unit.
- Before replacing parts or storing the unit, turn the power off and allow the unit to cool to room temperature.

To prevent damage to the unit and ensure a safe working environment, be sure to comply with the following precautions.

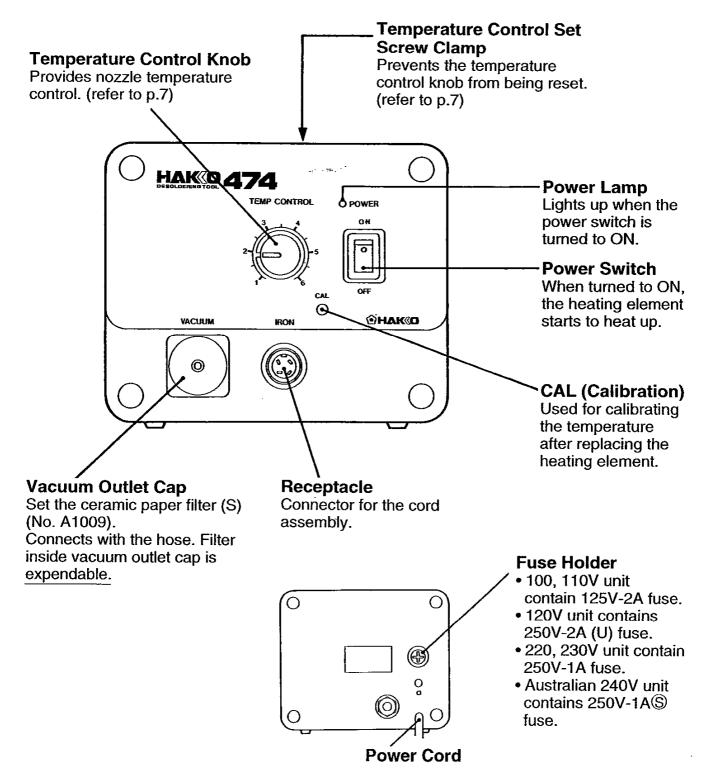
- Do not use the unit for applications other than desoldering.
- Do not rap the desoldering gun against the work bench to shake off residual solder, or otherwise subject the iron to severe shocks.
- Do not modify the unit.
- Use only genuine HAKKO replacement parts.
- Do not wet the unit or use the unit when your hands are wet.
- Set the ceramic paper filter (S) for the filter retainer (station), and the ceramic paper filter (L) for the filter pipe (gun).
- Maintain the desoldering gun and the station.
- While using the unit, don't do anything which may cause bodily harm or physical damage.

# Part Names (Refer to p.19,20,21 for part nos.)

# Desoldering Gun



# Station



# Operation

## **Preparation–Assembly and Connection**

Assemble the HAKKO 474 on a flat surface.

(1) Remove the pump securing screw (M 4×25 marked red) from the bottom of the station.

#### ②Assemble the iron holder.

- Set the spring iron holder and cleaning pin holder in the iron holder base.
- Dampen the cleaning sponge with water and then squeeze it dry.

# **▲**CAUTION

The sponge is compressed. It will swell when moistened with water. Be sure to dampen the sponge with water before use.

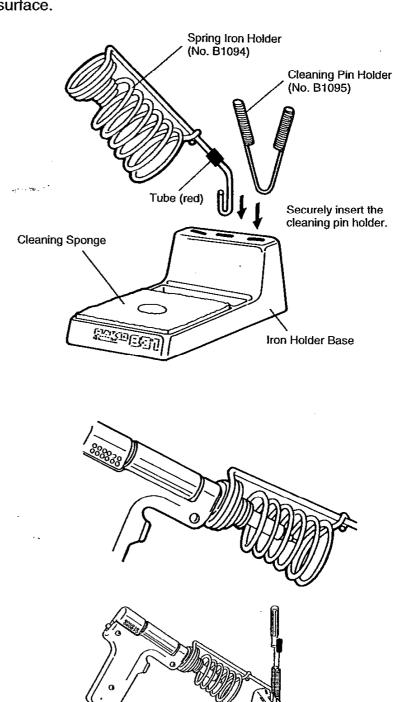
Be sure to remove the round portion of the sponge.

# 3 Insert the desoldering gun and cleaning pins.

 Fully insert the desoldering gun into the spring iron holder.

#### **A**CAUTION

The spring iron holder becomes extremely hot during operation of the desoldering gun. Do not touch the spring iron holder during and immediately after using the gun.



#### **4**Connections

## **ACAUTION**

Be sure to turn off the power switch before connecting or disconnecting the cord assembly and the power plug. Failure to do so may damage the P.W.B.

- Connect the cord assembly to the receptacle (marked "IRON").
- Connect the hose to the vacuum outlet cap (marked "VACUUM").

### ⑤Power switch

 Confirm that the power switch is set in the OFF position, then connect the power plug to the power source.

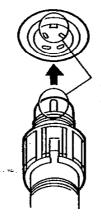
### **ACAUTION**

The entire unit is constructed of conductive materials. Always ground the unit.

- Turn the power switch to ON.
   The power lamp should light up.
- The nozzle begins to heat up as soon as the power switch is turned to ON.
- ⑥After turning the power switch to ON, wait 3 minutes before beginning desoldering operations.

#### **IRON**



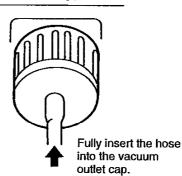


Insert the cord assembly by keying the plug to the key on the receptacle.

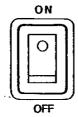


Secure the plug by turning it clockwise.

#### **VACUUM**



-O POWER



The power lamp lights up.



The nozzle heats up.

# The power lamp doesn't light up.

- 1. Is the power cord properly connected?
- 2. Is the fuse blown?

#### The nozzle doesn't heat up.

- 1. Is the cord assembly properly connected?
- 2. Is the heating element broken?

CAUTION: The desoldering gun must be placed in the iron holder when not in use.

# **Operation**

#### **Desoldering**

After turning the power switch to ON, wait 3 minutes before beginning desoldering operations.

## ① Set the temperature.

#### **ACAUTION**

Always set the temperature to as low as possible for the work being done.

To more precisely set the temperature, measure the temperature at the nozzle using a soldering iron thermometer and adjust the temperature control knob accordingly.

We recommend the HAKKO 191 thermometer or HAKKO 192 soldering tester for measuring the nozzle temperature.

 The temperature control knob can be secured by tightening the temperature control set screw clamp ("+" screw) at the top of the HAKKO 474 unit.

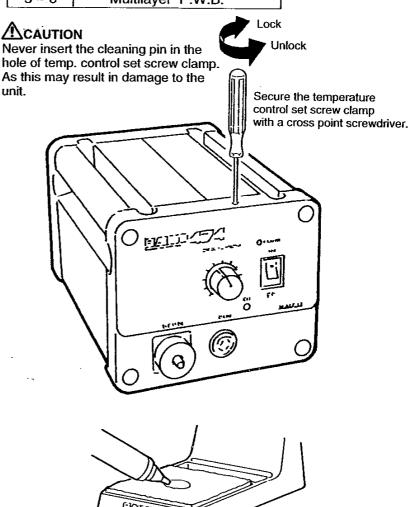
## 2 Clean the tip of the nozzle.

 Keep the solder-plated section of the nozzle a shiny white by coating it with a small amount of solder.

If the tip of the nozzle is coated with oxide, the nozzle's heat conductivity will be lowered.
Coating the tip with a small amount of fresh solder ensures maximum heat conductivity.

The temperature can be adjusted between 380°C (716°F) and 480°C (896°F) with temperature control knob. Please refer to the chart below, and adjust the temperature control knob.

knob	P.W.B.
1~2	Single-sided P.W.B.
3~4	Through-hole P.W.B.
5~6	Multilayer P.W.B.



Wipe away any oxide or old solder from the nozzle using the hole in the center of the sponge.

#### 3 Melt the solder.

 Apply the nozzle to the soldered part and melt the solder.

#### **ACAUTION**

Never allow the nozzle to touch the board itself.

 Confirm that the solder is melted.

#### **⚠**CAUTION

To confirm that all the solder is melted, observe the inside of the hole and the backside of the P.W.B. If this is difficult to do, try slowly moving the lead with the nozzle—if the lead moves, the solder is melted.

#### **ACAUTION**

Never move the lead by force. If it doesn't move easily, the solder isn't yet fully melted.

#### (4) Absorb the solder.

 After confirming that the solder is completely melted, absorb the solder by squeezing the trigger on the gun.

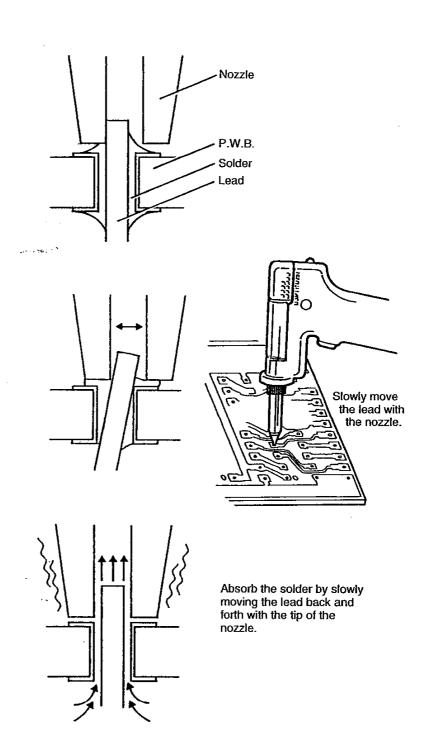
#### **ACAUTION**

Never leave any solder remaining inside the hole in the P.W.B.

 After fully absorbing all the solder, cool the soldering junction in order to prevent it from becoming resoldered.

# ⑤ Problems during desoldering

 If solder remains, resolder the component and repeat the desoldering process.



# **Operation**

Heated solder and flux can cause oxides to form and adhere to the nozzle and the inside of the heating element. These oxides not only lower the heat conductivity, but can also clog the nozzle and heating element, resulting in a drop in suction efficiency. Should there be a noticeable drop in suction efficiency during operation, replace the filter and clean the nozzle and heating element with the provided cleaning pin.

#### **Cleaning during Operation**

(1) Observing the indicator
While looking at the indicator
and with the hole of the nozzle
open, pull the trigger and look
at the indicator. If it is red,
clean the nozzle and heating
element, empty the filter pipe,
and replace the filters. If the
indicator is blue, cleaning is
not necessary and operations
can be resumed.

## **A**CAUTION

The indicator will not operate accurately if the hole of the nozzle is closed or if the solder in the hole of the P.W.B. is not melted.

## **A**CAUTION

The indicator on the HAKKO 475 reads in a different way.

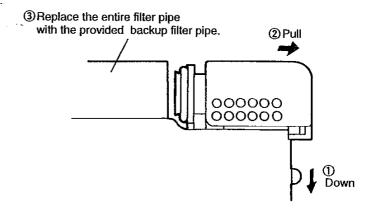
For instructions on the reading the HAKKO 475 indicator, please refer to the HAKKO 475 instruction manual.

## ②Replacing the filter

Replace the filter as shown ①~ ③. During operation, the filter pipe is very hot. Wait until the filter pipe is cool before replacing the filter. We recommend keeping a second filter pipe containing new filters handy, and replacing the installed filter pipe with this backup filter pipe.

Normal	Abnormal	Solution
		If the indicator is more than half red, replace the filter and clean the nozzle and the inside
Blue or slight amount of red can be seen.	More than half of the indicator is red.	of the heating element (refer to p.12 Maintenance of the Desoldering Gun)

**CAUTION**: If there is a noticeable drop in suction efficiency, clean the nozzle and heating element with the cleaning pin.



#### **Problems during Desoldering**

- A. The solder in the junction is not sufficiently melted.
- B. Suction power is dropping.

#### A. The solder in the junction is not sufficiently melted.

#### ●Temperature is not high enough.

The following parts require a greater heat capacity to desolder.

 Multilayer P.W.B.s, power supplies, ground planes in through-hole P.W.B.s, high-capacity transistors, triacs with heat radiation fins, tuner P.W.B. ground wires, and large-scale transformer terminals.

Use a preheating oven or heating gun to heat the P.W.B. to a temperature that won't damage the board or its components [between 70°C (160°F) and 80°C (180°F)], then desolder. Do not increase the temperature of the gun by recalibration as this may damage the P.W.B. and its components.

#### Nozzle is worn out.

 When the nozzle begins to wear out, the heating efficiency begins to decline. Check the nozzle. If the solder plating is damaged, or the nozzle is eroded, replace the nozzle. (refer to p.12)

#### B. Suction power is dropping.

 Replace the filters, and clean the nozzle and the inside of the heating element. (refer to p.12~16, Maintenance of Desoldering Gun and Station)

#### • Air is leaking from the vacuum system.

Air leakage cannot be determined from the indicator. Check the air-tightness of the following parts and replace any that are worn.

- Contact point of the nozzle and heating element
- c. O-ring in the back holder
- d. Hose
- e. Vacuum outlet cap
- b. Front holder and nearby parts
- f. Packing and nearby parts
- ■Remove all solder from the inside of the nozzle and heating element.
- ■Clean the tip of the nozzle with the cleaning sponge, then coat the tip with a fresh layer of solder to protect the solder plating.

## Post-operation Maintenance

To ensure a long service life, always perform the following maintenance procedures immediately after using the HAKKO 474 unit.

## **Troubleshooting Guide**

**WARNING**: If the power cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarity qualified person in order to avoid personal injury or damage to the unit.

- Power lamp does not light up.
- Is the power cord plugged in correctly?
   Securely insert the power cord into the power supply.
- Is the fuse blown?
   Determine why the fuse blew and eliminate the cause, then replace the fuse.

   Example Is the inside of the gun short-circuited?
- Pump does not operate.
- Is the cord assembly properly connected? Reconnect the cord assembly. (refer to p.6)
- Is the nozzle or hole in the heating element clogged? Clean it. (refer to p.12)
- Solder is not being absorbed.
- Is the spring filter full of solder?
   Replace it with a new one. (refer to p.13)
- Is the ceramic filter hardened? Replace it with a new one.
- Is there a vacuum leak?

  Check the connections and replace any worn parts. (refer to p.10)
- The nozzle does not heat up.
- Is the desoldering gun cord assembly properly connected?
   Reconnect it. (refer to p.6)
- Is the heating element damaged?
   Replace it. (refer to p.17)

Note: When repairs are needed please send both the desoldering gun and the station to your sales agent.

# Maintenance (Desoldering Gun)

Properly maintained, the HAKKO 474 desoldering gun should provide years of good service. Efficient desoldering depends upon the temperature, and the quality and quantity of the solder and flux. Perform the following service procedures as dictated by the conditions of the gun's usage.

**WARNING**: Since the desoldering gun can reach a very high temperature, please work carefully. Except when cleaning the nozzle and heating element, always turn the power switch off and disconnect the power plug before performing any maintenance procedure.

#### **Servicing the Desoldering Gun**

## **∆**CAUTION

The desoldering gun will be extremely hot. During maintenance, please wear gloves and work carefully.

# Inspect and clean the nozzle.

- Plug in the power cord, turn the power switch On and let the nozzle heat up.
- Clean out the hole of the nozzle with the nozzle cleaning pin.

#### **ACAUTION**

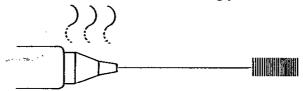
The cleaning pin will not pass through the nozzle until the solder inside the nozzle is completely melted.

- If the cleaning pin does not pass through the hole in the nozzle, clean with the cleaning drill.
- Check the condition of the solder plating on the tip of the nozzle.
- If it is slightly worn, recoat the tip with fresh solder to prevent oxidation.
- Check the condition of the surface and inside hole of the nozzle.
- If either is worn or eroded, or the inside diameter seems unusually wide, replace the nozzle.

### **ACAUTION**

The inside hole and the surface of the nozzle is plated with a special alloy. Should this alloy become eroded by high-temperature solder, the nozzle will not be able to maintain the proper temperature.

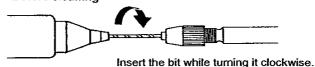
#### Cleaning with the nozzle cleaning pin



The cleaning pin passes completely through the hole.

#### Cleaning with the cleaning drill

Before cleaning

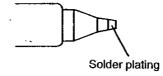


After cleaning



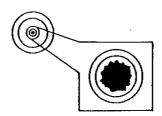
#### **A**CAUTION

If the cleaning drill is forced into the nozzle, the drill bit could break or be damaged.



#### **ACAUTION**

Please use the proper sized cleaning pin or cleaning drill for the nozzle diameter.



# Diameter of hole is widened through erosion.

#### **ACAUTION**

Unfortunately, it is often difficult to observe this condition. Therefore, if desoldering efficiency goes down and all other parts appear to be OK, the nozzle is probably eroded and should be replaced.

# 2 Disassemble the heating element.

#### **∆**CAUTION

The heating element is very hot during operation.

## ③Clean out the hole in the heating element with the provided cleaning pin.

## **ACAUTION**

Be sure the solder in the hole in the heating element is completely heated, before cleaning the hole.

- If the cleaning pin cannot pass through the hole, replace the heating element.
- Turn the power off after cleaning.

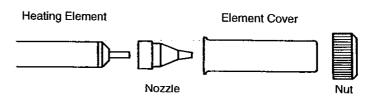
## 4 Replace the filters.

- Turn the power switch OFF.
- When the filter pipe is cool to the touch, push down the release knob at the back of the gun and remove the filter pipe.

## **A**CAUTION

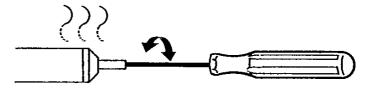
The filter pipe is very hot.

- Examine the front holder.
- Examine the spring filter.
- Examine the ceramic paper filter (L). (No. A1033)



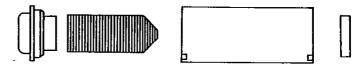
Remove the nut with the attached spanner.

Scrape away all oxidation from the hole in the heating element until the cleaning pin passes cleanly through the hole.



The cleaning pin passes cleanly and completely through the hole.

#### Front Holder



Spring Filter

Ceramic Paper Filter (L) (No. A1033)

#### Replace

Stiff and cracked.

#### Replace

Solder is collected in two-thirds of the spring filter.

#### Replace

Ceramic paper filter is stiff with flux and solder.

#### Secure the filters.

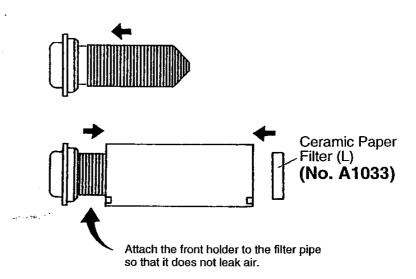
- Attach the spring filter to the front holder.
- Attach the front holder to the filter pipe.

#### **A**CAUTION

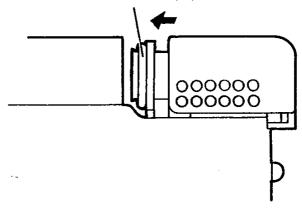
Be sure the front holder is correctly aligned.

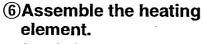
## **ACAUTION**

Use the ceramic paper filter (L) for the filter pipe (gun). Using of the ceramic paper filter (S) in the filter pipe may cause to break or the power to drop.



Firmly press the back holder assembly into the filter pipe in order to properly seat the O-ring against the pipe.

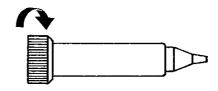




 Attach the nozzle and securely tighten the nut with the attached spanner.

#### **A**CAUTION

If the nut is loose, air will leak and the temperature will drop.

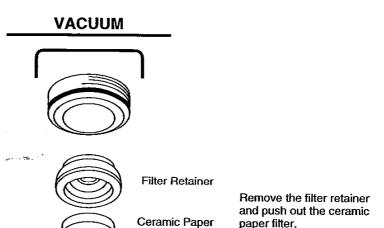


# Maintenance (Station)

## Cleaning the inside of the Filter Case

(1) Replace the ceramic paper filter (No. A1009).

Remove the ceramic paper filter and inspect it. If it is stiff with flux, replace it.



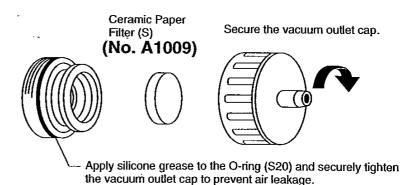
Filter (S) (No. A1009)

## 2 Reassemble the filter case.

## **A**CAUTION

Set the ceramic paper filter (S) for the filter retainar (station).

Using the ceramic paper filter (L) in the filter retainer may cause to break or the power to drop.



#### Cleaning the Pump

## **MARNING**

Unplug the power cord before starting this procedure.

# ① Disassemble the pump heads.

- Remove the rear panel.
- Remove the cover.
- Remove the pump head from each side of the pump.

#### ②Clean the pump head.

- Remove the valve plate and fixing plate.
- Remove any flux adhering to the plates.

#### **ACAUTION**

If the fixing plate is difficult to remove, apply hot air to it to warm it up.

Never use excessive force to remove the plate as it is easy to bend, and a bent plate will allow air to leak out and reduce solder vacuuming efficiency.

#### **ACAUTION**

Clean the plates only with alcohol or thinner.

#### Replace:

If the valve plate is bent or stiff, replace it.

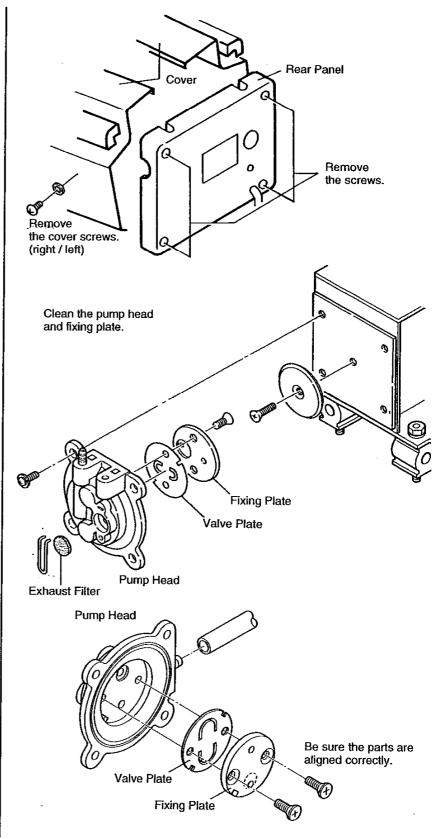
 If the exhaust filter is dirty, replace it.

## ③Assemble the pump heads.

Reassemble the valve plate and fixing plate.

#### **ACAUTION**

When assembling the pump, be sure to check for air leaks.



# **Replacement Parts**

# Replacing the Heating Element

## **AWARNING**

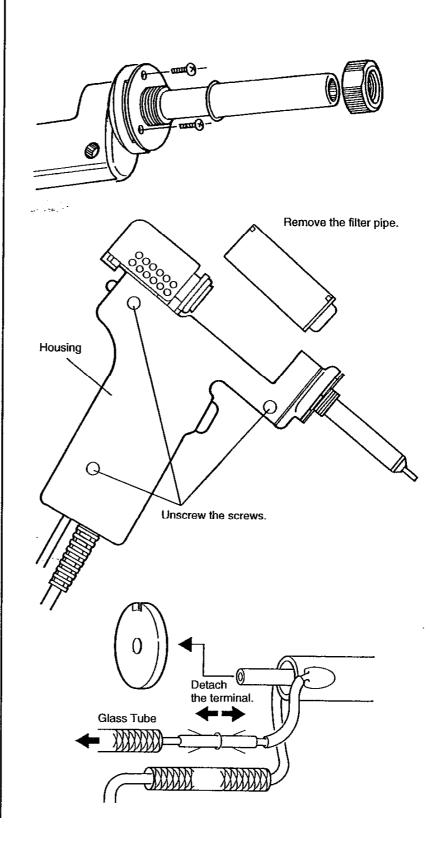
Unplug the power cord before starting this procedure.

The resistance value of a working heating element is  $2-4\Omega$  at  $23^{\circ}$ C (73°F). If the value you get is outside this range, replace the heating element.

(1) Disassemble the heating parts.

②Separate the housing.

3 Detach the terminal and remove the heating element.



# (4) Insert a new heating element and reassemble. (Heating element 24V-50W)

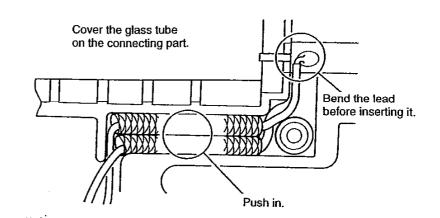
#### **ACAUTION**

Before reassembling enclosure, make sure connectors are completely covered by the glass tube.

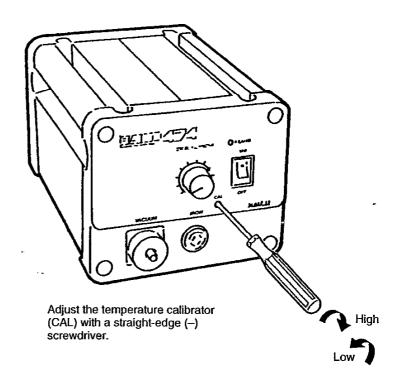
#### ⑤ Recalibrate the temperature.

The resistance of new heating element varies, resulting in variations in operating temperatures. It is necessary to recalibrate the temperature every time the heating element is replaced.

- Set the temperature control knob to 1 and allow the gun to warm up for 3 minutes.
- Using a tip thermometer, adjust the temperature calibrator (marked "CAL") until the nozzle temperature reads 380°C(716°F).

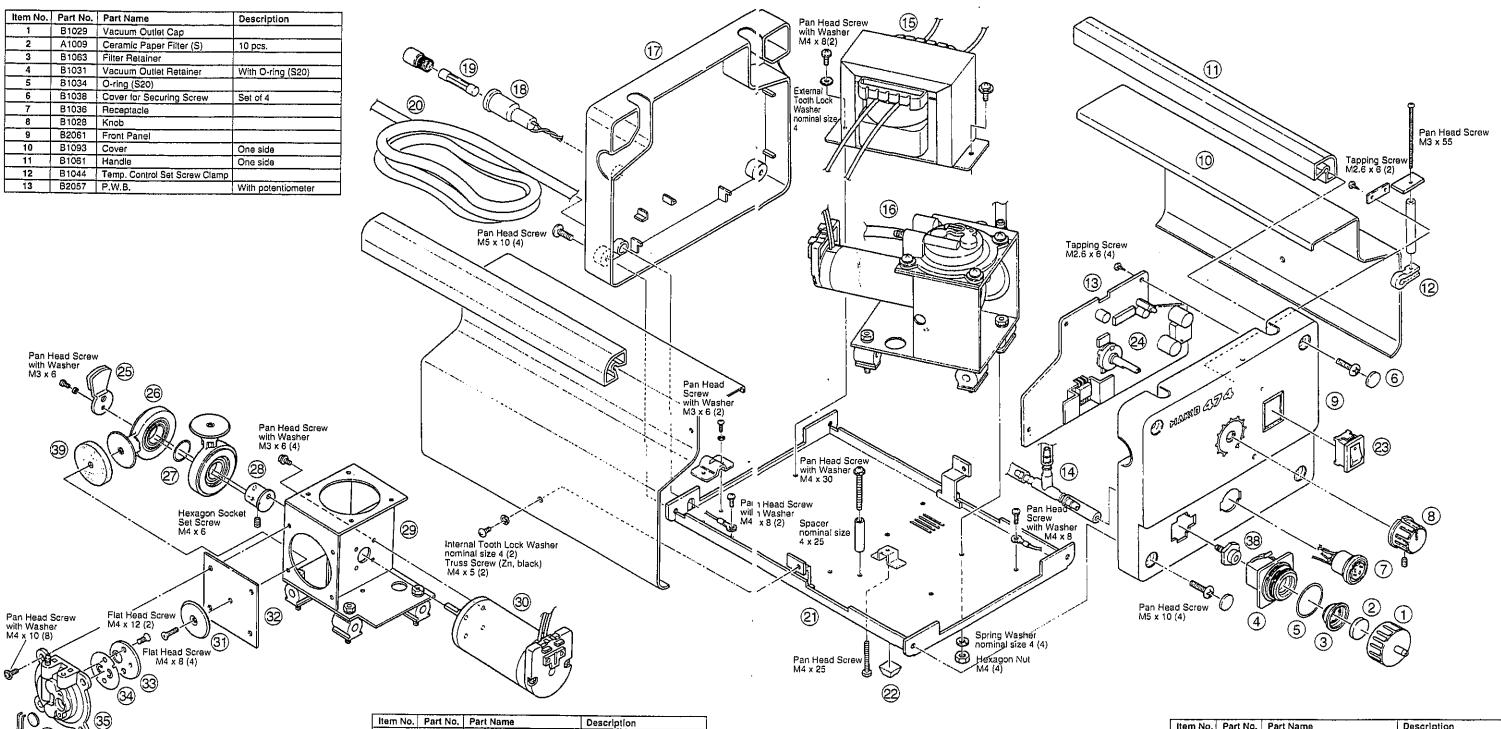


Position the leads in groove and press them into place. Be careful that the leads do not get caught in the housing.



# Parts List (Station)

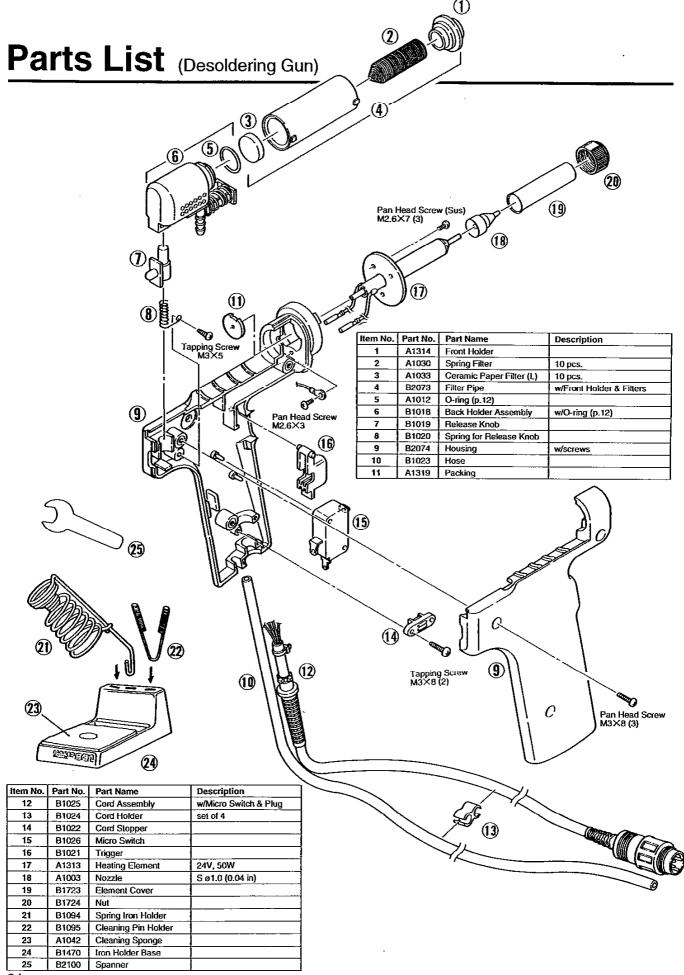
Note: Spare or repair parts do not include mounting screws, if they are not listed on the description. Screws must be ordered separately.



Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
14	B2063	Hose Assembly	
	B2065	Transformer	100-24V
15	B2077	Transformer	110-24V
15	B2078	Transformer	120-24V
	82080	Transformer	220-24, 230-24, 240-24V
16	B2444	Pump Assembly	
17	B2067	Rear Panel	With rating seal
18	B1041	Fuse Holder	Without fuse
- 10	B1134	Fuse Holder	Without fuse Australian 240V
	81042	Fuse	125V-2A/100, 110V
19	B1138	Fuse	250V-1A/220, 230V
	B1139	Fuse	250V-1A©/Australian 240V
	B1275	Fuse	250V-2A (U)/120V

Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
	B2068	Power Cord	3 Core & American Plug
	B2079	Power Cord	3 Core But No Plug
20	B2081	Power Cord	3 Core & Australian Plug
ĺ	B2082	Power Cord	3 Core & BS Plug
	B2083	Power Cord	3 Core & European Plug
21	B2066	Chassis	
22	B1037	Rubber Stopper	Set of 4
23	B1084	Switch	
24	B1078	Potentiometer	
25	B1053	Balance Weight	
26	B1312	Crank	With bearing

Item No.	Part No.	Part Name	Description
27	B1057	Ring for Bearing	
28	B2060	Crank Shaft	With a screw
29	B2059	Pump Frame	
30	B2058	Motor	
31	B2085	Diaphragm Setting Plate	
32	A1013	Diaphragm	Set of 2 with screws
33	B1056	Fixing Plate	
34	A1014	Valve Plate	Set of 2
35	B1050	Pump Head	With screws
36	B1059	Exhaust Filter	Set of 2
37	81313	Filter Retaining Pin	
38	B1064	Filter Case Joint	
39	B2506	Damper	Set of 2



# **Specifications**

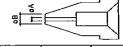
Name	HAKKO 474	
Power Consumption	100W	
	<del></del> :	

Part Name	
Output Voltage	24V~
Vacuum Generator	Vacuum pump, double cylinder type
Vacuum Pressure (Max)	80kpa (600 mm Hg) (24 in Hg)
Suction Flow	15 <i>t</i> min.
Voltage Leakage	Under 2 mV (TYP. 1.2 mV)
Ground Resistance	Under 2 Ω
Outer Dimension	165 x 135 x 260 mm
(WxHxĐ)	(6.50 x 5.31 x 10.24 in)
Weight	Approx. 3.8kg (8,4lbs.)

Replacement Parts		
Part No.		
A1002	Nozzla S	

Part. Name / Specification
Nozzle S Ø0.8 mm (0.03 in )
Nozzle S ø1.0 mm (0.04 in )
Nozzle a0 8 mm (0.03 in )
Nozzle ø1.0 mm (0.04 in )
Nozzle ø1.3 mm (0.05 in )
Nozzle ø1.6 mm (0.06 in )





Part No.	φA	φB
A 1002	0.8 (0.03 in)	1.8 (0.07 in)
A 1003	1.0 (0.04 in)	2.0 (0.08 in)

Part No.	φA	ø B
A 1004	0.8 (0.03 in)	2.3 (0.09 in)
A 1005	1.0 (0.04 in)	2.5 (0.1 in)
A 1006	1.3 (0.05 in)	3.0 (0.12 in)
A 1007	1.6 (0.06in)	3.0 (0.12 in)

Part Name	HAKKO 809	
Part No.	C1183	
Power Consumption	24V~ 50W	
Temperature	380°C ~ 480°C (716°F ~ 896°F)	
Insulation Resistance	Over 300 MΩ at 420°C (790°F)	
Nozzle Inside Diameter	ø1.0 (0.04 in) (Nozzle S, Standard)	
Outer Dimensions (WXH)	135 ×174 mm (5.31 × 6.85 in)	

Approx. 200g (0.44 lbs.)

Part No.	Par	Part. Name / Specification		
B1215	Cleaning Pin	for Heating Element		
B1086	Cleaning Pin	for ø0.8 mm (0.03 in) Nozzle		
B1087	Cleaning Pin	for ø 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle		
B1088	Cleaning Pin	for ø1.3 mm (0.05 in) Nozzle		
B1089	Cleaning Pin	for ø1.6 mm (0.06 in) Nozzle		
B1302	Cleaning Drill	for ø0.8 mm (0.03 in) Nozzle		
B1303	Cleaning Drill	for ø1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle		
B1304	Cleaning Drill	for ø1.3 mm (0.05 in) Nozzle		
B1305	Cleaning Drill	for ø 1.6 mm (0.06 in) Nozzle		

Part No.	Part. Name / Specification		
B2073	Filter Pipe	w/ Front Holder & Filters	
A1009	Ceramic Paper Filter (S)	for Filter Case 10 pcs.	
A1033	Ceramic Paper Filter (L)	for Filter Pipe 10 pcs.	
A1030	Spring Filter	10 pcs.	
A1313	Heating Element 24V, 50W		
A1028	Silicone Grease		
A1042	Cleaning Sponge		

#### **Condition of Measurement**

Weight (w/o cord, hose)

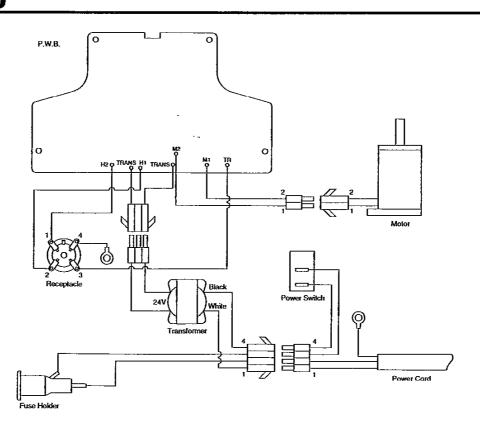
• Insulation Resistance

The insulation resistance was measured between the nozzle and the lead of the heating element using a 500 V DC insulation resistance meter. Caution: The insulation resistance cannot be measured between the nozzle and the power plug as the transformer between the secondary part (heating element) and the primary part acts as an insulator,

The voltage leakage was measured between the nozzle and the grounding plug at a temperature of 480°C (896°F) using an AC mV meter. Caution: Be sure to ground the unit before measuring the the voltage leakage.

• Specifications are subject to change without notice.

# Wiring





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