

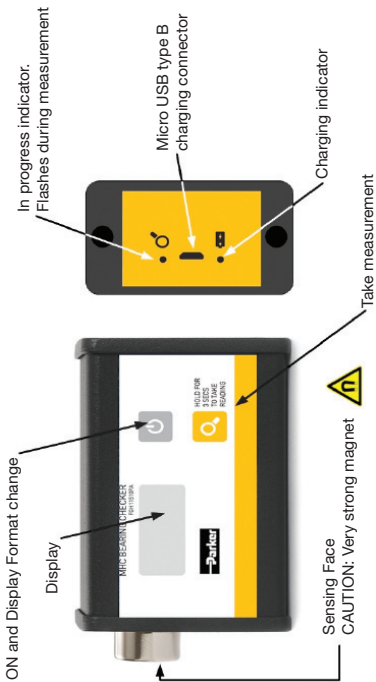


MHC - Bearing Checker

User Manual



1.Layout



2. Introduction and Intended Use

The MHC-Bearing Checker (MHC-BC) is a state-of-the-art Condition Monitoring instrument with extreme sensitivity to detecting faults. The MHC-BC aids the detection of mechanically deteriorated bearings in operating machinery. It can also identify those having inadequate lubrication or lubricant contamination.

Utilising an established and unique approach to signal detection and processing, the MHC-BC monitors bearings in motors, pumps, fans, gearboxes and other rotating machinery applications.

MHC-BC readings provide insight into the planning of future repair actions and assist in identifying the need for improved lubrication.

3. Maintenance, Service & the Environment

3.1. Cleaning

The outer case does not require cleaning during normal use. If the case becomes soiled, wipe clean with a soft cloth or tissue. The sensing face should be kept clean and free of grit and debris. The sensing face can be de-greased as necessary using a mild detergent. Do not use aggressive chemicals.

3.2. Service and Calibration

Parker Kittiwake recommends that the MHC-BC is serviced, checked and calibrated regularly through an authorised Parker Kittiwake service provider. The recommended recalibration period is 12 months.

The MHC-BC contains no user serviceable parts. Do not attempt to dismantle. Contact Parker Kittiwake for service and repair.

3.3. Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

The MHC-BC falls within the scope of the EU WEEE directive. Within the EU, the MHC-BC may only be disposed of through a WEEE registered recycling scheme. Parker Kittiwake can assist, provided the MHC-BC is not contaminated with toxic chemicals, biological material, bacteria or radioactive materials.

4. Safety Summary



The sensing face of the MHC-BC contains a very strong magnet and should never be positioned in the vicinity of sensitive electrical/electronic equipment (for example; pacemakers or other sensitive medical equipment) or magnetic storage media such as hard disk drives.



Do not carry out any instruction in this manual if it may cause risk of physical injury, damage to machinery, would be against site rules or could adversely affect products or processes.



Wear Personal Protective safety equipment appropriate to the area and potential hazards where measurements are to be made.



Never use the MHC-BC on or near exposed moving parts. Never override safety systems in order to gain access to operating machinery. Take care to avoid physical injuries when taking measurements.



To avoid the risk of personal injury, only use the MHC-BC on electrically grounded (earthed) machinery. Never use the MHC-BC on live electrical surfaces.



The MHC-BC could reach extremes of temperature when placed on HOT or COLD machines. Take precautions to avoid skin damage when handled.



The MHC-BC is NOT approved for use in HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES.

5. Distress® and dB level

The MHC-BC outputs two key values to aid condition monitoring:

dB Level Indicates an average of the measured signal level.

Distress® Indicates the level of transient activity of the signal.

6. Operation

6.1. Switching MHC-BC ON and OFF

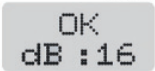
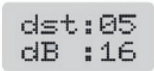
Press the  button to turn the unit on. The MHC-BC briefly displays its serial number and software version. The last measurement taken is then displayed.

The MHC-BC switches off automatically after 30 seconds of inactivity.

6.2. Distress® Display Format

To assist the effectiveness of general measurement taking, the display of the MHC-BC can show a qualitative output to aid the interpretation of results. The Distress® Quality mode is based on typical diagnostics for bearings.

To toggle between the modes, Press  for 3 seconds.

Distress® Quality Mode	Distress® Numeric Mode
OK	Distress® (dst) <10
Suspect	Distress® (dst) >10 <15
Poor	Distress® (dst) >15
MHC BEARING CHECKER FGH11510PA 	MHC BEARING CHECKER FGH11510PA 

“Too low” is displayed when there is insufficient signal being detected to allow a Distress® reading to be taken.

7. Taking Measurements

7.1. Mounting location



The sensing face needs to be acoustically coupled to a static part of a machine's external casing containing the bearing to be monitored. Positioning and orientation of the sensor is not critical although highest signal levels will be detected in the immediate vicinity of the bearing - avoid flimsy cowls, guards and nameplates. Make sure the surface is clean and free of grit and debris.

7.2. Fitting to the machine



Use a pea sized amount of a suitable GREASE or GEL between the MHC-BC sensing face and the machine (1).

With the MCH-BC switched on, Press the  button for 3 seconds.

The display then shows 10 second countdown. Place the edge of the sensing face gently on the machine (2), then roll the MHC-BC into place (3). Twist the MHC-BC to spread the grease under the sensing face - this also allows the presence of debris to be felt (4).

Follow the GREASE or GEL supplier's instructions on its use, particularly with regard to skin irritant effects or contamination of the environment, nearby processes or product.

1:



2:



3:



4:





Follow the GREASE or GEL supplier's instructions on its use, particularly with regard to skin irritant effects or contamination of the environment, nearby processes or product.

7.3. Displaying Readings

After the countdown, the MHC-BC takes measurements for a further 10 seconds; the Measurement in progress light will flash. Measured values of Distress® and dB are then displayed.

7.4. How to get the best from the MHC-BC



Do not move the MHC-BC during measurements and ensure nothing is touching the MHC-BC as this can affect the readings.



Distress® readings may appear artificially high if the MHC-BC case catches on anything or the sensing face moves on the machine surface during the measurement.



To avoid measurement errors, use the magnetic sensing face to attach the MHC-BC rather than hold the MHC-BC.



If a high reading is observed, it is recommended that a second measurement is taken to confirm the first result.



For consistency, repeatability and trending, measurements should be made at the same point(s) on any particular machine.

8. Charging

Recharge the MHC-BC using the USB cable supplied – the charging indicator lights up whilst charging is in progress. The USB port should have a standard 500mA output – some low powered hand-held devices may not supply enough power.



Recharging takes approx 4 hours from a standard USB port.

9. Typical Interpretation of Readings from Bearings

For progressive bearing deterioration due to pitting of race or rolling element surfaces in rotating machinery, the usual observation of readings is as follows:

Wear Stages		Distress®		dB Level
		Numeric	Quality	
1	Good condition	<10	"OK"	Lowest for machine.
2	(Not always seen) First signs of a possible problem. Occasional impacts from surface damage.	Repeated measurements only >10 occasionally	Either "Suspect" or "OK"	Typically Lowest for machine.
3	The problem becomes established. Copious impacts from surface damage.	Consistently >10	Either "Suspect" or "Poor"	Slightly increased from normal.
4	Continuing to degrade. Sufficient damage to cause increased frictional activity.	Usually >10 (may be less in later stage)	Any: "OK" "Suspect" or "Poor"	Successive dB readings increase.
5	The approach to final failure. Severe frictional activity (note 1).	Usually drops to <10	Either "Suspect" or "OK"	Increased to >20dB higher than normal.



note 1: Bearings in the later stages of failure, especially when dB Levels have increased significantly, may show reduced values of Distress®. It is therefore recommended that historical trends are observed when interpreting results.

Not all fault conditions follow the above progression. For example high frictional activity from the outset would give a high dB and possibly a low Distress®, whereas a bearing spinning in its housing usually gives a high Distress® and an abnormally low dB. In addition, improving bearing lubrication – especially in the early stages, often gives a reduction in Distress® and may delay further deterioration.

10. Applicability

“Too Low” is displayed when there is insufficient signal being detected to allow a reading to be taken and it is below the sensitivity of the MHC-BC. Try to improve the coupling of the sensor face to the machine or select an alternative location.

The MHC-BC is not in general suitable for monitoring reciprocating machinery, hydraulic power packs, inverter driven or synchronous motors. Distress® is not recommended for use on machinery above 2,500 rpm.

Split bearing housings may produce high Distress® readings even when in good condition – trending values may identify deterioration.

11. Technical Specification

Sensor General

Sensing element: Resonant piezoelectric at ~ 100 kHz

Calibration: Factory set to within 1 dB of standard value

Signal Measurement

Distress® (dst) Description: Fault indicating parameter

Range: 0 to > 40 (typical)

Resolution: 1 unit

dB Level (dB) Description: Logarithmically scaled mean signal level

Range: up to 80 dB

Resolution: 1 dB

General Characteristics

Internal Battery Typically >1000 measurements between charges

“Low battery” message flashes on LCD display

Operating Temperature: 0 to +65 °C

Dimensions: 98 x 62 x 34mm (W x H x D) (inc. sensing face)

Weight: 250g

12. Disclaimer and General information

The MHC-BC assists in making service and maintenance decisions. It does this by detecting high frequency stress waves associated with energy loss mechanisms such as friction and impacts that are naturally produced by machinery in poor condition. The technology is known as Acoustic Emission or AE. The MHC-BC is not sensitive to low frequency activity such as that associated with vibration or audible sound.

This manual provides practical advice on the use of the MHC-BC and general guidelines for interpreting its readings. No such general guidelines, or indeed no such general purpose Condition Monitoring instrument, can be guaranteed to provide the information required in all cases. Therefore it is recommended that the MHC-BC complements existing methods and procedures for dealing with service, maintenance and repair of machinery.

Since Parker Kittiwake has no control over the machinery to which the MHC-BC will be applied, the care taken during its use, or the appropriateness of any actions taken, Parker Kittiwake cannot accept any responsibility or liability for any consequential loss howsoever arising from the use of the MHC-BC.

13. Warranty

The warranty (for the period specified at the time of purchase) is inclusive of all parts and labour costs subject to the exclusions listed. The decision to repair or replace defective product will be at the discretion of Parker Kittiwake. The warranty shall not apply to defects, damage or loss resulting from:

Unauthorised modification or misuse

Operation outside the environmental specification

Fair wear and tear

Accidental damage

Cost of shipping back to Parker Kittiwake

In no event will Parker Kittiwake be liable for any consequential or incidental damages including lost profits, savings or any claim by any party.

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