

TPR 280, TPR 281

Compact Pirani Gauge

Operating Instructions

EN

Product Identification

In all communications with Pfeiffer Vacuum, please specify the information on the product nameplate. For convenient reference copy that information into the space provided below.

Pfeiffer Vacuum, D-35614 Asslar

Typ:-----

No:-----

F-No:-----

---V---W

CE

Validity

This document applies to products with the following part numbers:

TPR 280 (W filament)	TPR 281 (Ni filament)
PT R26 950	PT R21 950 (DN 16 ISO-KF)
PT R26 951	PT R21 951 (DN 16 CF-R)
PT R26 960	PT R21 960 (DN 16 ISO-KF long tube)
PT R26 961	PT R21 961 (DN 16 CF-R long tube)

The part number (No) can be taken from the product nameplate.

If not indicated otherwise in the legends, the illustrations in this document correspond to gauges with DN 16 ISO-KF vacuum connections. They apply other vacuum connections by analogy.

We reserve the right to make technical changes without prior notice.

All dimensions in mm.

Intended Use

The Compact Pirani Gauges TPR 280 and TPR 281 have been designed for vacuum measurement of gases in the pressure range of 5×10⁻⁴ ... 1000 hPa.

They must not be used for measuring flammable or combustible gases in mixtures containing oxidants (e.g. atmospheric oxygen) within the explosion range.

They can be operated in connection with a Pfeiffer Vacuum controller for Compact Gauges or with another evaluation unit.

Safety

Symbols Used

STOP

DANGER

Information on preventing any kind of physical injury.

!

WARNING

Information on preventing extensive equipment and environmental damage.

!

Caution

Information on correct handling or use. Disregard can lead to malfunctions or minor equipment damage.

Personnel Qualifications

Skilled personnel

All work described in this document may only be carried out by persons who have suitable technical training and the necessary experience or who have been instructed by the end-user of the product.

General Safety Instructions

- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for the process media used. Consider possible reactions between the materials and the process media. Consider possible reactions of the process media due to the heat generated by the product (e.g. explosions).
- Adhere to the applicable regulations and take the necessary precautions for all work you are going to do and consider the safety instructions in this document.
- Before beginning to work, find out whether any vacuum components are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

Communicate the safety instructions to all other users.

Liability and Warranty

Pfeiffer Vacuum assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if the end-user or third parties

- disregard the information in this document
- use the product in a non-conforming manner
- make any kind of interventions (modifications, alterations etc.) on the product
- use the product with accessories not listed in the product documentation.

The end-user assumes the responsibility in conjunction with the process media used.

Gauge failures due to contamination or wear and tear, as well as expendable parts (e.g. filament), are not covered by the warranty.

Technical Data

Measurement principle	thermal conductance according to Pirani	
Measurement range (air, O ₂ , CO, N ₂)	5×10 ⁻⁴ ... 1000 hPa	
Accuracy (N ₂)		
1×10 ⁻³ ... 100 hPa		±15% of reading
5×10 ⁻⁴ ... 1×10 ⁻³ hPa		±50% of reading
100 ... 1000 hPa		±50% of reading
Resolution		1% of reading
Repeatability with air		
1×10 ⁻³ ... 100 hPa		2% of reading
Output signal (measurement signal)		
Voltage range	VDC	0 ... +9.0
Measurement range	VDC	+2.2 ... +8.5
Voltage vs. pressure		logarithmic 1.0 V/decade
Error signal	V	0 ... +0.5
Filament rupture	V	+0.1
Output impedance	Ω	2×4.7
Minimum loaded impedance	kΩ	10, short-circuit proof
Response time	ms	80
Gauge identification	3.0 kΩ, referenced to supply common (voltage at pin 1 ≤5 V)	
Adjustment	one tactile switch for ATM and HV adjustment	
Supply		
STOP DANGER ! The gauge may only be connected to power supplies, instruments or control devices that conform to the requirements of a grounded extra-low voltage (PELV). The connection to the gauge has to be fused ¹⁾.		
Supply voltage		
At gauge	VDC	+14 ... +30
Ripple	V _{pp}	≤1
Current consumption	mA	<500 (max. starting current)
Power consumption	W	≤1
Fuse required ¹⁾	AT	1 (slow)
Electrical connection	Hirschmann appliance connector, male, type GO 6, 6 poles	
Tightening torque	Nm	≤0.2
Sensor cable	5 poles plus shielding	
Cable length	≤150 m (5×0.25 mm ²) ≤200 m (5×0.34 mm ²)	
Grounding concept	→ "Electrical Connection"	
Vacuum connection to signal common	connected via 1 MΩ (voltage difference <15 V)	
Supply common to signal common	conducted separately, for differential measurement	
Materials exposed to vacuum	DIN 1.4301, DIN 1.4305, DIN 1.4435, glass, Ni, NiFe	
Filament		
PT R26 xxx	W	
PT R21 xxx	Ni	
Internal volume		
PT R26 950, PT R21 950	cm ³	≈1.5
PT R26 951, PT R21 951	cm ³	≈1.5
PT R26 960, PT R21 960	cm ³	≈10
PT R26 961, PT R21 961	cm ³	≈10
Admissible pressure	kPa (abs.)	1000, limited to inert gases

¹⁾ Pfeiffer Vacuum controllers fulfill these requirements.

Admissible temperatures		
Operation	°C	+5 ... +60
Vacuum connection	°C	80 ²⁾ in horizontal moun-
	°C	80 ²⁾ ting orientation
Filament	°C	110
Storage	°C	−20 ... +65
Relative humidity	%	≤80 at temperatures up to ≤+31 °C, decreasing to 50 at +40 °C
Use	indoors only, altitude up to 2000 m NN	
Mounting orientation	any	
Degree of protection	IP40	

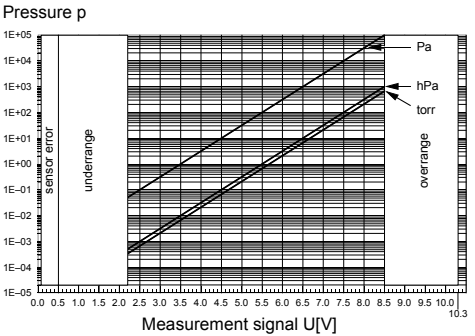
Dimensions

mm

Weight

PT R26 950, PT R21 950	g	80
PT R26 951, PT R21 951	g	100
PT R26 960, PT R21 960	g	130
PT R26 961, PT R21 961	g	140

Measurement Signal vs. Pressure



$p = 10^{(U-c)}$

↔

$U = c + \log_{10} p$

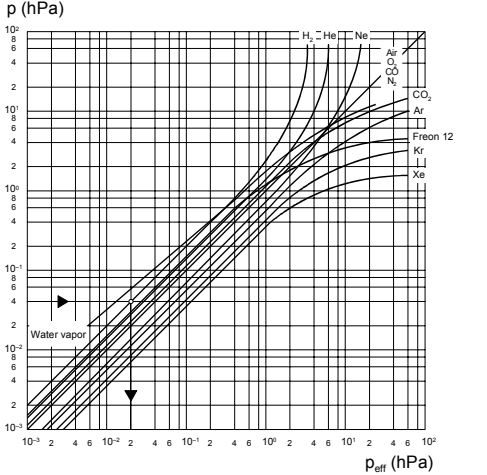
valid in the range 5×10⁻⁴ hPa <p< 1000 hPa
3.75×10⁻⁴ Torr <p< 750 Torr
5×10⁻² Pa <p< 1×10⁵ Pa

U	p	c	U	p	c
[V]	[hPa]	5.5	[V]	[micron]	2.625
[V]	[μbar]	2.5	[V]	[Pa]	3.5
[V]	[Torr]	5.625	[V]	[kPa]	6.5
[V]	[mTorr]	2.625			

where p pressure
U measurement signal
c constant (depending on pressure unit)

Gas Type Dependence

Pressure reading (gauge adjusted for air)



Calibration factors for the pressure range below 1 hPa

$p_{\text{eff}} = C \times \text{pressure reading}$

Gas type	Calibration factor C	Gas type	Calibration factor C
He	0.8	H ₂	0.5
Ne	1.4	air, O ₂ , CO, N ₂	1.0
Ar	1.7	CO ₂	0.9
Kr	2.4	water vapor	0.5
Xe	3.0	freon 12	0.7

Installation

Vacuum Connection

STOP

DANGER

!

+p

DANGER: overpressure in the vacuum system >100 kPa

Injury caused by released parts and harm caused by escaping process gases can result if clamps are opened while the vacuum system is pressurized.

Do not open any clamps while the vacuum system is pressurized. Use the type clamps which are suited to overpressure.

STOP

DANGER

!

+p

DANGER: overpressure in the vacuum system >250 kPa

KF connections with elastomer seals (e.g. O-rings) cannot withstand such pressures. Process media can thus leak and possibly damage your health.

Use O-rings provided with an outer centering ring.

STOP

DANGER

!

DANGER: protective ground

Incorrectly grounded products can be extremely hazardous in the event of a fault.

The gauge must be electrically connected to the grounded vacuum chamber. This connection must conform to the requirements of a protective connection according to EN 61010:

- CF connections fulfill this requirement.
- For gauges with a KF connection, use a conductive metallic clamping ring

!

Caution

!

Caution: vacuum component

Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.

When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.

!

Caution

!

Caution: dirt sensitive area

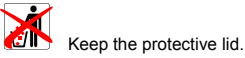
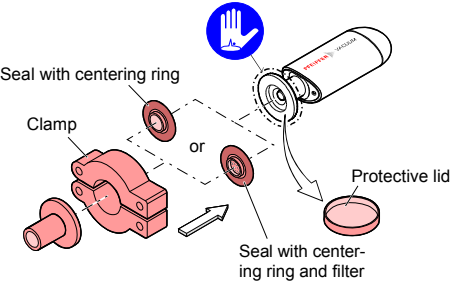
Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.

Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.

!

The gauge may be mounted in any orientation. To keep condensates and particles from getting into the measuring chamber preferably choose a horizontal to upright position and possibly use a seal with a centering ring and filter. If adjustment should be possible after the gauge has been installed, be sure to install it so that the tactile switch can be accessed with a pin (→ "Adjusting the Gauge").

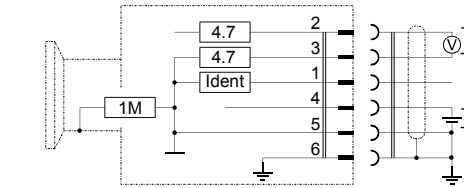
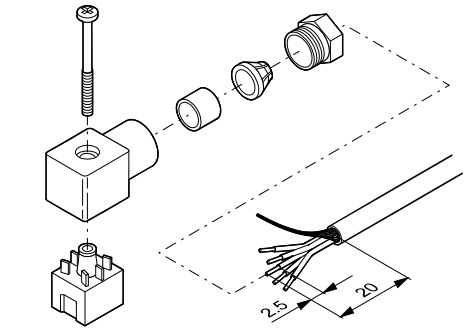
Remove the protective lid and install the product to the vacuum system.



Electrical Connection

Make sure the vacuum connection is properly made (→ "Vacuum Connection").

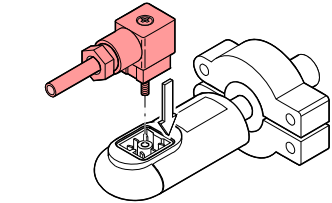
- If no sensor cable is available, make one according to the following diagram.



Electrical connection
Pin 1 Identification
Pin 2 Signal output (measurement signal)
Pin 3 Signal common
Pin 4 Supply
Pin 5 Supply common
Pin 6 Screening

Connector soldering side

- Connect the sensor cable to the gauge and secure the connector with the lock screw (Tightening torque ≤ 0.2 Nm).



- Connect the sensor cable to the controller.

Operation

When the supply voltage is applied, the measurement signal is available between pins 2 and 3 (relationship between measurement signal and pressure → "Technical Data").
Allow a stabilization period of at least 10 minutes. It is advisable to operate the gauge continuously, irrespective of the pressure.

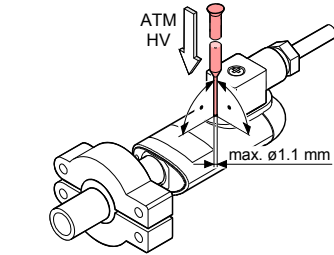
Gas Type Dependence

The measurement value is gas dependent. The pressure reading applies to dry air, O_2 , CO and N_2 . For other gases, it has to be corrected (→ "Technical Data").
If the gauge is operated with a Pfeiffer Vacuum controller for Compact Gauges, a calibration factor for correction of the actual reading can be applied (→ of the corresponding controller).

Adjusting the Gauge

The gauge is factory calibrated. Due to long time operation or contamination, a zero drift could occur. Periodically check the zero and adjust it if necessary.
For adjusting the zero, operate the gauge under the same ambient conditions and in the same mounting orientation as normally.
The gauge is adjusted to default values. However, it can also be adjusted to other pressure values, if the exact pressure value is known (reference measurement).

- If you are using a seal with centering ring and filter, check that they are clean and replace them if necessary (→ "Deinstallation").
- Activate the gauge and operate it at atmospheric pressure for at least 10 minutes.
- Press the button with a pin (max. $\varnothing 1.1$ mm) and the ATM adjustment is carried out: The gauge is adjusted to 1000 hPa (8.50 VDC) by default. By pressing the button >5 s the pressure value is increased towards 1200 hPa (or, by pressing it again, decreased towards 500 hPa) until the button is released or the limit is reached.



- Evacuate to $p < 10^{-4}$ hPa (recommended) or to a pressure in the range of $10^{-4} \dots 10^{-2}$ hPa and wait at least 2 minutes.
- Press the button with a pin and the HV adjustment is carried out: The gauge is adjusted to 1×10^{-4} hPa (1.50 VDC) by default. By pressing the button >5 s the pressure value is increased toward 1×10^{-2} hPa until the button is released or the limit is reached.

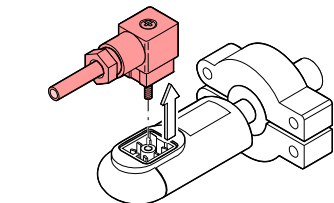
Deinstallation

DANGER
DANGER: contaminated parts
Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.
Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

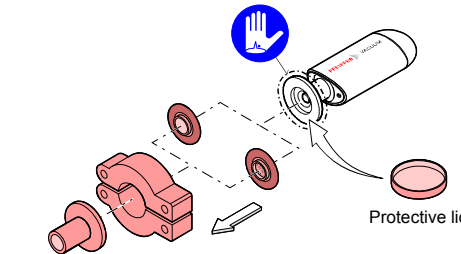
Caution
Caution: vacuum component
Dirt and damages impair the function of the vacuum component.
When handling vacuum components, take appropriate measures to ensure cleanliness and prevent damages.

Caution
Caution: dirt sensitive area
Touching the product or parts thereof with bare hands increases the desorption rate.
Always wear clean, lint-free gloves and use clean tools when working in this area.

- Vent the vacuum system.
- Put the gauge out of operation.
- Unfasten the lock screw and unplug the sensor cable.



- Remove the gauge from the vacuum system.



Maintenance, Repair

In case of severe contamination or a malfunction, the sensor can be replaced.
Gauge failures due to contamination or wear and tear, as well as expendable parts (e.g. filament), are not covered by the warranty.
Pfeiffer Vacuum assumes no liability and the warranty becomes null and void if any repair work is carried out by the end-user or third parties.

Spare Parts

When ordering spare parts, always indicate:

- all information on the product nameplate
- description and ordering number according to the spare parts list

W sensor for gauge	Ordering number	Ni sensor for gauge	Ordering number
PT R26 950	PT 120 133-T	PT R21 950	PT 120 141-T
PT R26 951	PT 120 135-T	PT R21 951	PT 120 143-T
PT R26 960	PT 120 134-T	PT R21 960	PT 120 142-T
PT R26 961	PT 120 136-T	PT R21 961	PT 120 144-T

Returning the Product

WARNING
WARNING: forwarding contaminated products
Contaminated products (e.g. radioactive, toxic, caustic or microbiological hazard) can be detrimental to health and environment.
Products returned to Pfeiffer Vacuum should preferably be free of harmful substances. Adhere to the forwarding regulations of all involved countries and forwarding companies and enclose a duly completed declaration of contamination¹⁾.

¹⁾ Form under www.pfeiffer-vacuum.com

Products that are not clearly declared as "free of harmful substances" are decontaminated at the expense of the customer.
Products not accompanied by a duly completed declaration of contamination are returned to the sender at his own expense.

Disposal

DANGER
DANGER: contaminated parts
Contaminated parts can be detrimental to health and environment.
Before beginning to work, find out whether any parts are contaminated. Adhere to the relevant regulations and take the necessary precautions when handling contaminated parts.

WARNING
WARNING: substances detrimental to the environment
Products or parts thereof (mechanical and electric components, operating fluids etc.) can be detrimental to the environment.
Dispose of such substances in accordance with the relevant local regulations.

Separating the components

After disassembling the product, separate its components according to the following criteria:

- Contaminated components
Contaminated components (radioactive, toxic, caustic, or biological hazard etc.) must be decontaminated in accordance with the relevant national regulations, separated according to their materials, and disposed of.
- Other components
Such components must be separated according to their materials and recycled.

Conversion Table

	mbar	bar	Pa	hPa	kPa	Torr mm HG
mbar	1	1×10^{-3}	100	1	0.1	0.75
bar	1×10^3	1	1×10^5	1×10^3	100	750
Pa	0.01	1×10^{-5}	1	0.01	1×10^{-3}	7.5×10^{-3}
hPa	1	1×10^{-3}	100	1	0.1	0.75
kPa	10	0.01	1×10^3	10	1	7.5
Torr mm HG	1.332	1.332×10^{-3}	133.32	1.3332	0.1332	1

$$1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ N/m}^2$$

EU Declaration of Conformity

CE
We, Pfeiffer Vacuum, hereby declare that the equipment mentioned below complies with the provisions of the Directive relating to electromagnetic compatibility 2014/30/EU and the Directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment 2011/65/EU.

Products

TPR 280
TPR 281

Standards

Harmonized and international/national standards and specifications:

- EN 61000-6-2:2005 (EMC: generic emission standard)
- EN 61000-6-3:2007 + A1:2011 (EMC: generic immunity standard)
- EN 61010-1:2010 (Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)
- EN 61326-1:2013 (EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use)

Manufacturer / Signatures

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15 March 2016

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