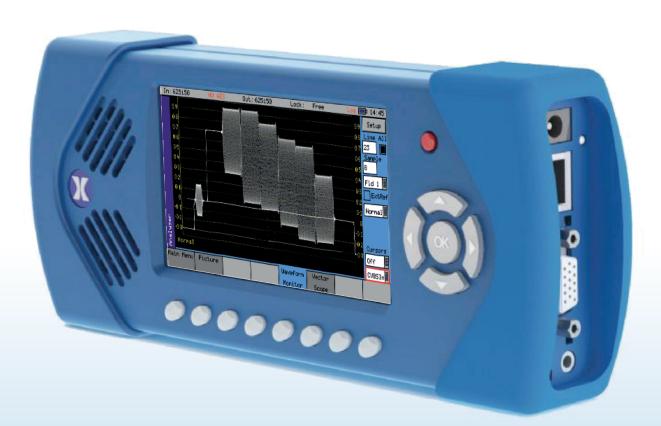


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#### **SxTAG Operation Manual**

Software Release 1.4 Manual Revision 5



# About this Manual

#### Notice

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#### Revision

This manual is a revision controlled document. Any changes to any page content will be reflected in the overall revision status of the whole manual.

Revision	Date	Software Version	Comment
1	28/02/2014	0.12.0024	First release of manual
2	15/07/2014	1.01.12275	Full product release
3	12/11/2014	1.02.12980	Power management
4	11/02/2016	1.04.13933	AV Generator pattern
5	05/06/2016	1.05.14132	EDID option

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# **Getting Started**

#### Package Contents

The shipping box should contain the following:

1 black carrying bag containing:

PHABRIX SxTAG unit

Power Supply Unit

Mains lead

CD Manual

The shipping box will also contain this Manual on a CD, note that the Web Site always contains the latest version of the manual. The version of software that this manual supports is on the front page.

#### **General Safety**

#### Avoiding Personal Injury



*This instrument is designed for use by qualified personnel only.* 

*No user serviceable parts are provided. Units should be returned to your local PHABRIX agent for servicing.* 

The Operator should NOT remove the case from the unit.

Do not spill any liquid onto the unit or its power adaptor.



Do not look directly into the fibre optic connections of cable as this may cause permanent damage to the eye.

#### Power Supply

Make sure that the unit is connected to the correct power supply voltage. A power supply adaptor is supplied with the unit which may be connected to any AC power supply between 100 and 240VAC at 50-60Hz. Only the supplied power adaptor should be used with the unit. Do not use a damaged AC cable with the unit as it may cause a shock or fire hazard. Replacement AC cables are available from your local PHABRIX agent.

#### **Operating Temperature**



The unit should only be operated between 0 and 40 °Centigrade. If the unit is operated at a higher temperature there is a possibility of a fire hazard. If the temperature is changed rapidly from a cold environment to a hot environment, moisture can be created internally which can cause malfunction or damage the unit. Allow the unit to sit for 30 minutes without power applied to reduce any possibility of condensation. If the temperature rises above 60°Centigrade a warning dialog will be given. If the temperature rises above 65°Centigrade the unit will be turned OFF. Under both conditions, an event will be added to the event log to show what happened.

#### Input/Output Terminals

Do not connect the input or output BNC connectors to external power as this can damage the internal circuitry and cause the unit to work incorrectly.

The BNC connectors fitted on this unit are  $75\Omega$  type which are not compatible with  $50\Omega$  plugs.



The use of  $50\Omega$  plugs will permanently damage the connectors on the unit. The use of  $50\Omega$  plugs is considered to be misuse of the equipment and will therefore invalidate the unit's warranty.

#### SFP Cage



When the SFP cage is fitted, either an SFP or a bung must be fitted in the SFP cage at all times to prevent the SxTAG overheating.

#### When Not In Use

Disconnect the unit from the power supply and AC power source when not in use.

#### Maintenance

Wipe the case, and knobs gently with a soft cloth, lightly dampened with a neutral cleaning agent. A screen cleaning cloth may be used to clean the LCD. Do not apply force to the LCD when cleaning or it may be damaged.



*Remove the power supply from the unit and turn OFF before cleaning. Do not allow any water or other liquid to enter the unit while cleaning.* 

Contents

#### **Disposal of Equipment**



This product is subject to the European WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive and should be disposed of according to the regulations of each country.

Contents

Contains hazardous substance information

Part number: PHSXAES

Description: PHABRIX SxA



China RoHS is a two-step process that identifies concentration limits of certain hazardous substances in electronic information products that are sold into China. Per the deadline set by the Chinese government, March 1, 2007, PHABRIX Limited has implemented step one of China RoHS, self declaration of hazardous materials and marking of the product.

PHABRIX products that are sold into the China market have the required marking as indicated by the symbol shown left applied to the product designating that the product meets the China RoHS requirements.

L		Hazardo	ous Substa	nces in each P	art	
Parts	Lead	Mercury	Cadmium	Hexavalent chrome	Polybrominated biphenyls	Polybrominated diphenyl ethers
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Assembled board	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mainframe	0	0	0	0	0	0
LCD	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wire assembly	0	0	0	0	0	0
Enclosure	0	0	0	0	0	0
Accessory	0	0	0	0	0	0
Packaging	0	0	0	0	0	0
Battery	0	0	0	0	0	0

Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements

O: Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

X: Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

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# Description

# SxTAG Instrument

#### Overview

Configured as an entry level portable analyser, the TAG can be easily upgraded using a range of software options to provide a sophisticated instrument for testing broadcast infrastructures.

The PHABRIX® TAG has been created to incorporate new interfaces that appeal to customers looking for a cost effective entry into professional test and measurement.

The PHABRIX® TAG includes support for SD-SDI and HD-SDI as standard with the option to upgrade to 3G-SDI (Level A and Level B).

Composite analysis and generation has been incorporated to support those regions making the transition between analogue and digital television.

An SFP cage has been integrated into the design principally for optical infrastructure testing, however, the cage will support a wider range of SFPs as they become available. Composite locking reference generation and input reference waveform analysis have also been included.

For audio support the PHABRIX<sup>®</sup> TAG provides a D15 breakout connector providing both balanced analogue and AES input/output. AES waveform display allows a visual check of levels and reference lock. Advanced audio features including Dolby<sup>®</sup> E, Dolby<sup>®</sup> Digital and Dolby<sup>®</sup> Digital Plus are supported allowing TAG to be considered as a replacement for the discontinued Dolby<sup>®</sup> DM100.

In: absent       N AES       Out: 625150       Lock: 7 6257501       D 08:51         Oto       Delta       Sexestive       Delta       <
Internal Speaker Menu Buttons Cursor/OK Buttons

#### Turning on and off the instrument

To turn on your PHABRIX SxTAG Instrument press the red button at the top right hand corner of the front panel.

Once the system has started, pressing the button again will turn it off. If for some reason the instrument stops responding, pressing and holding the button for a few seconds will turn it off.

The unit is battery operated and the battery should last for between 3 and 6 hours dependent on which video standard is being used and whether the input and outputs are active. If the unit is turned ON and the battery is almost discharged, it will turn itself OFF. If the battery level starts to get too low for operation a dialogue will be displayed prompting the user to turn off the unit. The current settings will also be saved. The unit should then be connected to the power supply unit as soon as possible to recharge the battery. The battery should be fully charged in about 4 hours. The battery will charge faster if the unit is turned off while charging.

#### Menu Operation

#### Main Menu

The Main menu, displayed on the OLED screen gives access to the software modules available on the SxTAG instrument. The buttons beneath the screen correspond to the menu areas. Pressing on any of these buttons will display the corresponding menu.

In: 625i50	) AES	-PCM Ok (	Out:625i50	Lock	:: 🗸 625/50	)i	<b>09:40</b>
SDIOut SDIIn	GENERAT Std: 625 100% Bar	i50 YCC422	2-10	REMOTE TCP/IP	< Remote –		
SDI In 🗏		1234		Analys	e <mark>r/HEADPHOM</mark> er 1 Pair 1 -		Anl Out <mark>Out G1P1</mark> ≣
CVBSOut	ANALYSER In1 In1 625i50 YCC422-10						
CVBSIn	Aud Grp: 1:PPPP 2:		PP 4:PPPP				
75R REF_Out	GENLOCK Lock 63	Externa 25/50i	əl	LOGGI No Ever			
Main Menu	Generator	Analyser	Sig Info	Audio	System	Logging	Speaker

This page displays an overview for the system. It shows the video input and output standards and frame rate. The audio status for the generator shows which audio groups are being generated whilst the audio status for the input shows which groups are present and an overview of the channel status for each audio channel.

Audio channel status is displayed as:

- 'P' if PCM audio is present,
- 'N' if NON-PCM audio is present,
- 'E' if Dolby-E packets are present
- 'D' if Dolby-Digital packets are present
- '+' if Dolby-Plus packets are present
- V if the validity bit is set

Dolby-E program configuration and Timing status is also displayed if the Dolby-E analysis option has been purchased and a Dolby-E signal has been detected on the selected input. If the generator is generating errors then the video standard is displayed in red. If the input detects errors, then the input standard will be displayed in red if the analyser is monitoring the input.

If the unit is connected to the network, the current TCP/IP address of the unit is displayed in the Remote Control box. If the unit is NOT connected to a network and is set to DHCP mode, it will show 'acquiring' to show that the connection hasn't been made yet. The model type is displayed at the bottom right corner of the screen.

#### Instrument Status

The top line of the menus shows the unit status and includes the Input Video status, Genlock status, battery status and current time. If the unit is being powered by the AC adaptor, the battery status will not be shown. If a command script is being run, this is shown on the top line to the left of the time as "Script". A red "Log" is shown on the status line if there are any events in the event log.

In: 525i59	AES Ok	Out: 625i50	Lock: Free	<b>16:34</b>
------------	--------	-------------	------------	--------------

A red "Log" is shown on the status line if there are any events in the event log.

If a 3G video standard is selected the video standard display will be shown as 3GA if it is a 3G-Level A standard, 3GB if it is a 3G-Level B dual link standard, 3G2 if it is a 3G-level B dual stream (two patterns) standard or DL if it is a dual link output.

The input video standard will be shown in red if the input signal has errors, but only if the analyzer is connected to the input. If the analyzer is set to monitor the output, the input standard will be shown in brown.

The output standard will be shown in red if the instrument is generating errors. The output standard will show OFF if the generator output is Off.

#### Using the Menus

The Main menu is the top level menu from which all other menus are selected on the SxTAG instrument. The main menus are:

Generator	allowing the unit to be locked to an external reference and providing a fully populated Composite, SD-SDI, HD-SDI and Fibre video test pattern generator and audio tone generator if the Generator option is installed.					
Analyser	allows the selected Composite, SDI or Fibre input signal to be analysed in the form of a Picture, Waveform monitor and Vectorscope.					
Sig Info	allows detailed signal information about the video and audio status for the SDI or Fibre video input source to be displayed.					
Audio	gives access to the Audio Meters and Audio Status displays allowing the levels of the embedded SDI audio, AES audio and analogue audio to be displayed.					
System	allows the setup of system wide settings including memories, date/time and software.					
Logging	selects the logging page to view and setup the error logging system.					
Speaker	selects the speaker/headphone setup page to allow the selected embedded SDI audio, AES audio and analogue audio to be heard.					
See chapter 2 : "Menu Reference" for full details of these menus.						

The Menu buttons select which instrument is in use as well as selecting the options for the instrument. The bottom of the display shows the function of each Menu button.

When in a specific function eg Generator, Analyser etc, the cursor controls ( $\Leftrightarrow \Rightarrow \diamond \Rightarrow$ ) on the right hand of the instrument select a field to edit. The current field has a red box around it. Pressing the OK button starts or ends editing of that field. Check boxes are always in edit mode and pressing the OK button inverts the current state.

When editing some types of fields, the menu buttons at the bottom take on different functionality to allow cancelling edit mode or setting the value for the field. When lists of options are displayed the menu buttons allow selection of the first/last item in the list as well as paging through the available options. If the list of items is small, the available items may be displayed on the menu buttons for instant access.

The buttons along the bottom of the display change the currently displayed page when not editing a data field. The left hand button always selects the top level menu and system overview page. So for example pressing the first button will select the "Main Menu", selecting the second button will select the "Generator" menu, selecting the third button with select "Analyser", etc.

#### Input / Output Selection

The SxTAG has 2 bidirectional BNC connections, one for Reference input / output and the other for SDI video input / output.

The direction of SDI I/O connection is selected on the Main Menu using the drop down lists as well as in the "Output" section of the "Generator" - "Video Out" menu. Note that if the Generator software option is not installed then this connection will be an input.

The direction of the "Ref I/O" connection is selected on the Main Menu using the drop down list or in the "Reference Out" section of the "Generator" - "Genlock" menu where it is controlled by the "On" check box.

The input to be monitored using the Analyser can be selected in the drop down list in the bottom right corner of the Picture, Waveform, Vectorscope, Signal Data and other Instruments.

If an SFP module is fitted the SPF Input can also be selected from this drop down list to be monitored using the Analyser.

Both AES and Analogue audio output can be enabled using the drop down menus on the Main Menu.

#### **Overview**

The SxTAG instrument has a range of software options that can enhance its functionality for specific applications.

Grid

Hex 10bit

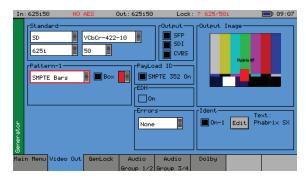
Inp 📕

41

3AU 200 3AC 200 3AC 200 3AC 3AC

▼ 100

200 36A 200 36A 200 36A 200 36A



SDI data stream analysis

▶ 10

41

◄ 100

The Generator option (PHSXT-GEN) allows the creation of video test signals for analogue composite video, SD-SDI and HD-SDI video as standard. 3G-SDI, 2K SDI and Fibre video functionality can be purchased as additional options. The Generator option also allows the generation of both analogue and digital audio test tones and allows the unit to be locked to an external locking reference.

The SDI analysis option (PHSXOSD) provides the engineer with a detailed view of the data words contained within the SDI stream. This allows the analysis of complex faults and is particularly useful when determining compatibility issues between equipment and when debugging new product developments particularly in a R&D environment. Detail within the active SDI stream can be viewed with continuous update.

The SDI Analysis option provides the following functional areas:

**▲** 10

¥ 10

▶ 100

Grid	displays the SDI data in the form of an array.					
Stream	allows the SDI continuous data stream to be viewed.					
Component	allows the video components to be displayed in separate columns.					
Splt	allows the video components to be display individually.					
Ancillary Data	allows the user to capture whole Ancillary data packets identified by their data id (DID).					
Ancillary Status	allows additional 'user defined' selections with the appropriate DID or SDID code.					

Access to the SDI analysis functionality is via the Analyser - Signal Data menu. See the "Analyser - Signal Data" section in chapter 2 for full details.

#### Command scripts with print report

In:		)ut:36A-10	80p50 Loci	k: Free	Log	<b>19:08</b>
	Full TEST 5H35	Full TE	ST 5H35	New De	elete 🗌 Ma	ke Report
	Add Step Delete Step	Loop	For	even	nive File t 1 FULL TEST	o use
System setup	Step 1-Disable logging: 2-Mem:1:SD 625 3-Pause:8s 4-Clear SDI Errors: S-Enable logging: 6-Comment:SD 625 7-Check SDI Errors:6008 8-Check AP CRC:6008 9-Check Eye Errors:6008 Move Step Up Down	Edit St. Step A Disable	ction e Logging	Total	0	.00PS
	Menu Memories Command Scripts	Network	Misc.	Utils	Engineer	

The Command Script option (PHSXOS) allows a series of predefined actions to be run through within the PHABRIX Sx using a script stored in internal memory.

The command scripts option can be used to automatically step through a sequence of instrument states, controlling the generator, analyser and logging functions. If required the instrument will prompt the user before going onto a subsequent state.

Applications include repeated test sequences as required by manufacturer Test Departments, R&D Departments, Systems Integrators and Commissioning/Support Engineers.

A script requires a set of memories to configure the unit and then a script file which recalls those memories and specifies times and actions for each step. The process of creating a command script requires these two files to activate the sequence.

Additionally a script can be created as a simple text file on a PC and then transferred to the unit via Ethernet and recalled at any time. A large number of named scripts and memories may coexist within the instruments store to be recalled as required.

Access to the Command Scripts functionality is the "System" - "Command Scripts" menu. See chapter 2 for details.

#### Enhanced remote control

🗴 192.168.0.14 - PHABRIX Sx Remote Socket Interface									
Network IP Address 192.	.168.0.14 💌	Port 2100	Disconnect	Check All Commands					
Message to Send			Message Receive	ed					
Command Type	MSG_GET_ITEM_COU	JNT 🔽	Command Type	e MSG_RET_ITEM_VALUE					
Command ID	26		Command ID	26					
Value	0		Value	0					
Index			Index	0					
Text		Send It	Text						
Cmd 2 Result=MSG Cmd 9 Result=MSG Cmd 9 Result=MSG Cmd 9 Result=MSG Cmd 9 Result=MSG Cmd 9 Result=MSG Cmd 9 Result=MSG Cmd 10 Result=MSG Cmd 11 Result=MSG Cmd 13 Result=MSG Cmd 19 Result=MSG	RET_VALUE Value=0 RET_VALUE Value=1 RET_VALUE Value=1 RET_VALUE Value=1 RET_VALUE Value=1 RET_VALUE Value=1 RET_VALUE Value=1 RET_VALUE Value=0 RET_VALUE Val	RemCount=4 ItemCount=7 ItemCount=3 RC_MD_ID 6 5 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 ItemCount=11 0 RR_CMD_ID		× 2000 × 2000000 × 20000 × 20000 × 20000 × 20000 × 20000 × 200000000					

The Enhanced remote control option (PHSXOR) gives users full remote control of the unit via TCP/IP Sockets to allow any aspect of the unit to be modified or queried.

This allows complex applications to be created to perform test and measurement functions such as automated testing of routers or other broadcast equipment.

PHABRIX products act as a server and listen on a port waiting for incoming requests from clients such as a PC. Using this method of communication the Sx range can provide a variety of information to the control device it is connected to and be controlled in specified areas of the product using the command details included. All visual controls on the product have an associated command.

Messages may be sent to 'set' or 'get' data from a command ie if you 'set' a value the unit will be configured accordingly and a reply returned and if you 'get' a value from the PHABRIX unit it will reply with that value. All messages are acknowledged to increase the security of the interface ie closed loop communication.

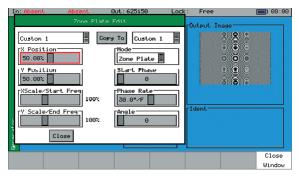
The control structure can be selected as Passive or Active. Passive control allows simple remote control where the host PC is in control and sends commands when it wants to change data or get information. It is this method which is the most popular use for remote control.

Active control is when the PHABRIX unit synchronizes with the host PC. Any changes on the PHABRIX unit will result in a message being sent to the host PC. This method is useful for controlling a PHABRIX unit from another unit or via the PC simulator software. It requires more complex software on the host to respond to the returned messages.

The option provides a programming guide with command information and examples on a CD. A Windows<sup>™</sup> application for testing the interface is also provided as part of this option.

See the Remote Control Guide for details

#### Programmable zone plate

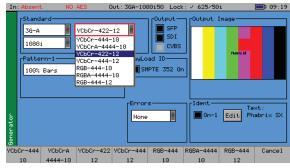


The Programmable zone plate option (PHSXOZ) adds a range of pre-programmed zone plate patterns along with user defined controls over several parameters which can be saved to custom buffers.

Using the Main menu > memories window, multiple saves of zone plates can be saved to the system by checking the video box and saving by name. In use the zone plate can be used to test a range of video processing requirements using horizontal, vertical and temporal (time) controls. Temporal control is particularly useful for testing up/down converters and applications which compress signals.

Aspect ratios can be tested using the horizontal and vertical controls. Frequency sweep is particularly useful and also available using this option. By feeding in the signal generated, the output of the device can be sent back into the Sx instrument's waveform monitor to determine the usable bandwidth of the system. Once purchased, the zone plate editor is reached by selecting the button next to the standard zone plate.

#### Advanced formats



This option (PHSXOF) provides advanced formats include 4:2:2 YUV, 4:4:4 RGB and 4:4:4 YUV at 10/12 bit and 3G level A and B. For broadcast manufacturers this option allows rigorous testing of many more formats beyond the standard signals used in traditional broadcasting.

For broadcast manufacturers this option allows rigorous testing of many more formats, beyond the standard signals used in traditional broadcasting. Among the support for 3G level B on the SxTAG and SxTAG is the ability to generate and analyse signals such as SMPTE 425-B carrying 1 x 372M dual link payload.

Uniquely the PHABRIX units create three pathological signals in all formats which will be of great interest to broadcast manufacturers. The first is as defined in SMPTE RP198 and is the split field signal with the equaliser test in the first half and the PLL test in the second half. The second and third are separate full-frame EQ test and PLL tests signals. To maintain a regular parity distribution and mitigate any DC offset, the EQ part of the pattern inverts a bit at the start of the first line in each alternate frame. This is the form of 3G Level B Pathological signal that many video manufacturers are adopting as their test signal of choice as it stresses electronic circuits more thoroughly.

#### 2K-SDI Option

In: Abs		AES OU	ut:3GA-108					<b>0</b> 9:16
3G SD HD 3G- 3G 3G 3G 3G 3G	-A -	VCbCr-422-3 50	PayLo	ad ID-	FP DI VBS 2 On	dent-	nark II	xt: abrix SX
Generator								
SD	HD	3G-A	3G-B	3G-B 2s	str 30	3A-2k	36B-2k	Cancel

This option (PHSXO-2K) supports the new SDI practice for HD and 3G Level A and Level B signal transfer of 2K advanced formats including 4:2:2 Y'C'bC'r, 4:4:4 R'G'B' and 4:4:4 Y'C'bC'r at 10/12 bit as well as 4:4:4 X'Y'Z' at 12-bit. For broadcast manufacturers this option allows rigorous testing of many more formats beyond the standard signals used in traditional broadcasting.

This provides analysis of, and test pattern generation for, 2K digital cinema as defined in the SMPTE ST 2048-2:2011 standard ("2048 x 1080 Digital Cinematography Production Image FS/709 Formatting for Serial Digital Interface") and SMPTE 428-9 (D-Cinema Distribution Master - Image Pixel Structure Level 3 - Serial Digital Interface Signal Formatting).

#### Ancillary Data status

In:	1080p30	NO AES	0	ut:1080i5	0 Lock	(: ✓ 625∕50	i	<b>09:39</b>	
	Source I	n1	A	ncillary A	Packets Sta	atus	Setup	Reset	
	RP165-EDH								
								G Recod	
							S427-Lnk		
					0P47 Tr	ansport	OP47 Dis		
	ITU-R BT		RP214-		RP214-k		RP223-UMID/ID		
			RP215			Caption	EIA-608 Caption		
8	RP207 - F	rogram	RP208						
ati									
Informati						37 Ana			
nfe							S2016-4 PAN RP196-VANC		
	RP196-HAN			V-TCode					
gnai	Mark Dele								
ŝi		Present			Stream +		nity *F	revious	
Mair	n Menu - Vi	deo	Misc	Video	ANC	ANC	SFP Info		
	S+ =	tue e	tatus	Timing	Statue	Inspector			

The Ancillary Status option (PHSXOVNC) provides broadcasters, studios, OB and broadcast manufacturers with a detailed analysis of the ancillary data present in a SDI signal.

A simple grid layout provides a quick view check for an engineer of the available vanc/anc ancillary data. The packet type is then displayed as present, absent or red if in fault. Simple icons next to the packet indicate the fault. Each ancillary packet available from the grid view can be set to enable logging and then presented together with other information in the events window of the logging menu.

This option further allows additional 'user defined' selections with the appropriate DID or SDID code. Any ancillary packet code can be saved down for future recall. Please note this option does not fully decode the ancillary data. It is used to identify if the packet is present in the signal.

#### Dolby bit-stream Analyzer

I	In:	1080p3	30	NO I	AES (	)ut:1080i50	) Loc	k: ≠ 62	25/50i	<b>09:37</b>
		-Dolby		:e		nce Polb	-			ative to-
		Ini	61	1-P1	Ref		29.2us	Line	e O 📕 Idea	1 SDI
		PgmCor Framef Bit De	Rate	5.1 30 20		Programs Drig.Rate TimeCode	1 30 00:00:00		CRC Erro	o Clear
		StartGa End Gai		L1 0.00			Lfe 0.0dB 0.0dB	Ls 0.0dB 0.0dB	Rs 0.0dB 0.0dB	
		Progr	am 1		Descri	otion: Prog	gram 1 Des	scripti	on	
		Dialog BsMod	g Norr			Chan Mode Line Mode	3∕2 FilmSt		.FE Filter	yes yes
		Otr Dr			. OdB	RF Mode	FilmSt	a i	IPF	yes
		Sun Dr LRo Cf				Room Type MixLevel	n∕i 80dB		PF	yes
		LRO DI				Dolby Surn			5ur 3dB Att 5ur Ph-Filter	yes ves
	<u></u>	LRt Cf	in Dhi	1x -3	. OdB	DownMixMod		Pref. (	Orig.Stream	
	HUDI	LRt Su AC3 Ra		1× -3 38		D Sun Ex			Copyright RF Ov Prot.	yes no
		n Menu	Met	ers	Audio	Dolby				
					Chatter					

The Dolby bit-stream Analyzer option (PHSXOBD-A) displays Dolby E, Dolby Digital and Dolby Digital Plus metadata present in a selected audio stream and determines whether the Dolby E packet is timed correctly on the SDI video stream. The Dolby audio may be monitored from any of the SDI input embedded audio channel pairs or the AES input. Peak audio levels are also displayed for Dolby E.

The start menu window displays both the V Bit information and PCM values along with a snapshot of the Dolby audio metadata if a Dolby is present. Using the Signal Information - Dolby menu will present the full analysis display which forms the major analytical tool for this option.

The Dolby metadata screen carries primary information including signal source, Dolby-E 'guard band' timing, CRC errors, program channel and metadata detail. The characters shown in white will only be presented when a Dolby signal is introduced into the unit.

Peak audio levels included in the Dolby E meta data packet are displayed allowing the user to select the appropriate set of meters to display Dolby levels which will follow the selected Dolby source. Logging for Dolby errors, Dolby E Timing, Common metadata and Program metadata can be also be controlled.

Note: this option does NOT decode Dolby audio

#### Dolby bit-stream Generator

In	: 1080p30	NO AES	Out: 1080i50	Lock:	× 62	25/50	i	09:41
	Dolby-E	Config 5.1	Γ <sup>Do1</sup>	by-E Frame	Star	ts at	s:	
	Ramp Var	16b	it 📕 Li	ne: 0		Relat	ive to Ide	al
		Frame Rate 2	25 Ori	ig Rate 25				
	Default	Program 1	Descriptio	n Program	1 De	escri	ption	
	Dialog Norm	-27dB	Chan Mode	3/2		LFE	LFE	Filter
	BsMod	CompMain 🔳	Line Mode	none		HPF		
	Ctr DnMix	-3.0dB 🔳	RFMode	none	ĪΓ	LPF		
	Sur.DnMix	-3.0dB 🔳	Room Type	n∕i	ĪΓ	Sur	3dB Att	
	LRoCtrDnMix	+3.0dB 📕	MixLevel	80	ΓĒ	Sur	Ph-Filter	
ģ	LRoSurDnMix	+3.0dB 📕	DolbySurnd	n∕i		Ori	g.Stream	
Bue	LR CtrDnMix	+3.0dB 📕	DownMixMod	n∕i	T C	Сор	yright	
Generator	LR SurDnMi×	+3.0dB 📕	D Sun Ex	n∕i		RF		
Mai	in Menu Video	Out GenLock	Audio	Audio	Dol	by		
			Group 1/2	Group 3/4				

The PHABRIX Sx Dolby bit-stream generator option (PHSXOBD-G) uniquely adds significant Dolby E, Dolby Digital and Dolby Digital Plus metadata generation features to the Sx range.

The Dolby generation option provides broadcast engineers with a highly functional set of tools for Dolby E, Dolby Digital and Dolby Digital Plus streaming. It is unique in being the world's first metadata Dolby generator with editable profiles.

With a selection of Dolby streams to choose from, engineers can quickly enter and adjust parameters to check broadcast infrastructure.

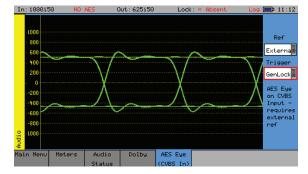
This option allows the display of Dolby metadata present in a selected audio stream and determines whether the Dolby E packet is timed correctly on the SDI video stream.

Dolby streams are provided for all program configurations with fixed audio data. Among the tools included in the Dolby E streaming option is the ability to adjust the 'start of frame' for Dolby E packets.

The generated Dolby audio follows the video generator reference source. There is also the ability to edit the program configuration and bit depth with fixed audio signal. The PCM stream can be carried on any embedded or AES pair. The option can sets the video line number where the internally generated Dolby audio test stream begins. Metadata can be edited by the user and stored in memories.

Purchased in combination with the Dolby analysis option PHSXOBD-A will allow a closed loop test scenario with both generation and analysis toolsets.

Note: this option does NOT generate Dolby audio.



AES Eye

It can be difficult to check that the AES audio signal is correctly locked to the studio reference. The AES Eye Option allows the AES waveform to displayed on the unit. If the studio locking reference is also connected to the unit, then the AES Eye waveform can be displayed locked to this reference.

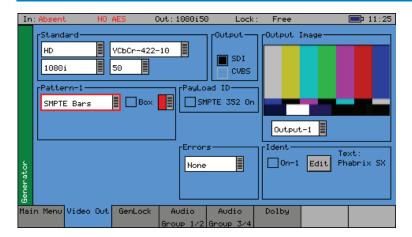
# Description



# Menu Reference

### **Generator Menu**

#### Video Out (Generator Option)



If the SxTAG instrument has the Generator option (PHSXT-GEN) installed it can create video test signals for all supported SD and HD SDI output standards including the 3GHz standards at 1080p/50/59/60. It will support Y,Cr,Cb formats as well as RGB formats.

#### Output

The check boxes in the Output section enable the output of the generated test pattern.

SFP - enables the SD, HD or 3G test pattern on a supported small form-factor pluggable device fitted in the SFP cage.

SDI - enables the SD, HD or 3G test pattern on the SDI I/O BNC connector and turn of the SDI analyser input.

CVBS - enables PAL (625i 50) or NTSC (525i 59) test patterns on the PAL/NTSC Out BNC connector.

#### Standard

The menus in the Standard section are used to select the desire video output format. The topleft box selects the basic mode of the Sx instrument and determines the video format to be generated from the choice of SD-SDI, HD-SDI, 3G-Level A, 3G-Level B and SD-CVBS (PAL/NTSC)

When one of the SDI formats is selected only valid colour formats and frame rates for the output standard may be selected.

When CVBS is selected the menus in this section control the type of 625i and 525i line encoding of the generated Composite video output:

PAL-I - 625i @ 50 fps with 4.433 MHz colour subcarrier

PAL-N 625i @ 50 fps with 3.582 MHz) colour subcarrier

PAL-N (ARG) - 625 @ 50 fps with 3.582 MHz colour subcarrier

PAL-M - 525i @ 59.95 fps with 3.575 MHz colour subcarrier

NTSC-M - 525i @59.95 fps with 3.579 MHz) colour subcarrier with 7.5 IRE setup

NTSC-M (Jp) - 525i @59.95 fps with 3.579 MHz) colour subcarrier without setup

#### Colour Format

Currently only YCbCr 4:2:2 10 bit picture formats are supported by the standard product but an Option may be purchased to enable other colour formats. The following colour modes may be selected dependent on line standard selected and option installed:

YCbCr 422 10bit YCbCr 444 12bit YCbCr 444 10bit YCbCrA 4444 10bit YCbCr 422 12bit RGB 444 10bit RGBA 4444 10bit RGB 444 12bit XYZ 444 12bit

The Advanced Formats option (provides advanced formats including 4:2:2 YUV, 4:4:4 RGB and 4:4:4 YUV at 10/12 bit and 3G level A and B. The 2K-SDI formats option supports the new SDI practice for HD and 3G Level A and Level B signal transfer of 2K advanced formats including 4:2:2 Y'C'BC'R, 4:4:4 R'G'B' and 4:4:4 Y'C'BC'R at 10/12 bit as well as 4:4:4 X'Y'Z' at 12-bit.

#### EDH

If the output signal is SD (PAL-625 or NTSC-525) the insertion of EDH information may be turned on or off.

#### Errors

This field enables the insertion of CRC or EDH errors into the video signal. This allows checking of third party error detection circuitry. In SD there is one EDH ancillary packet per field. When errors are being inserted every EDH value gets deliberately corrupted. This creates one error count per field. (Actually one AP error and one FF error). In HD there is a CRC value calculated for each line. When errors are being inserted the CRC value on line number 1 gets deliberately corrupted. This creates one CRC error count per frame. There is also the option to generate CRC errors (not SD EDH errors) on only the switching line in field 1 which can be used to check that any downstream equipment ignores errors on switching lines.

#### *SMPTE 352*

This checkbox allows the SMPTE 352 Payload ID field to be inserted into the video output stream. The state of this check box is stored separately for SD, HD and HD-3G line standards. Note that for HD-3G line standards the Payload ID should be turned ON.

#### Pattern

This selects the video pattern that is output by the generator. Many standard patterns are provided by the Sx instrument. You may also upload your own test patterns to the Sx instrument into the 'Patterns' directory and then select them using the 'User File' option in this field. See the 'File Structure - Patterns' section for file formats supported. If a 'User File' has been selected, the 'i' button beside the file can be selected to get information on the file properties. Unsupported file types will be displayed as a black image. If the video standard is changed while a user file is loaded and there is no file for the new standard present, a black image will be loaded and the User File blanked.



If Check field/Pathological is selected when a dual stream format has been selected, BOTH outputs will be forced to check field due to internal hardware limitations. If another pattern is selected, the Check field pattern will be deselected. The exceptions to this are when Colour Field or Zone Plate are selected as test patterns.

The Check field/Pathological/PLL Check/EQ Check patterns will only look like the picture above when a YCbCr 422 10 bit colour mode is selected. Other colour modes will have different pictures but still create the SDI data stream required by SMPTE.

100% Bars	75% Bars	75% Bars + Red	SMPTE Bars
Check-field Pathological	EQ Test	PLL Test	Luma Ramp
Legal Ramp	Valid Ramps	Multi-Burst	Pluge
Bowtie	Tartan Bars	Grey Bars - 5	Grey Bars – 5 -vertical
Grey Bars - 11	Grey Bars – 11 - vertical	SMPTE 219/ARIB-28 Bars – 3 variants	Zone plate
A/V delay		Black, Red, Green, Blue, Yellow, Cyan, Magenta, White, Custom Colour Field	Downloadable files in bitmap(.bmp), 10bit DPX/YUV (.dpx, .yuv), Targa (.tga) and Phabrix .pat/.rgb/.yc4 compressed files User File

A bouncing Box may be overlaid on the current test pattern by selecting the "Box" check box.

Colour Field

If colour field is the selected test pattern, another control selects which colour to generate. Three user definable custom colours may be defined using the "->" button. Custom colours are edited using the Red-Green-Blue sliders. When setting the colour using the RGB sliders, the YCbCr values will show the values for the current colour space. When setting the colour using the YCbCr sliders, the RGB values will show the values for the current colour space.

Zone Plate

Custom

A basic zone plate generator is supplied with all Sx instruments. The zone plate selector will contain 3 user customisable zone plates as well as several pre-determined zone plates. The '->' button displays a dialogue which allow the parameters of the zone plate to be adjusted for the custom zone plates. Any of the preset zone plates may be copied to the custom zone plates to act as a starting point for a new zone plate. As the zone plate settings are stored in user memories a large number of custom zone plates are available for use.

Moving Zone-2H - A moving zone plate centred on the screen.

Static Zone-2H - A static zone plate centred on the screen from DC to the nyquist frequency at left/right edges.

Static Zone-2V - A static zone plate centred on the screen from DC to the nyquist frequency at top/bottom edges.

Sweep-Horiz - A horizontal sweep from DC to nyquist frequency horizontally.

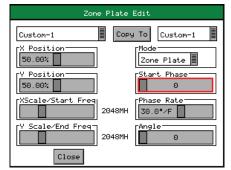
Sweep-Vert - A vertical sweep from DC vertically.

Grating-50kHz - A 50kHz frequency sine wave when using an HD output.

Grating-1MHz@HD - A 1MHz frequency sine wave when using an HD output.

Grating-5MHz@HD - A 5MHz frequency sine wave when using an HD output

This allows editing of Custom zone plate settings. Three custom zone plates can be set up and can be copied from an existing presets using the 'Copy To' button.



Mode - sets which type of Zone Plate is being produced. It may be Zone Plate (circular pattern) Grating (Linear horizontal or vertical grid) Sweep (Frequency sweeps from start to end Frequency)

Start Phase - sets the start phase of the sine wave generated by the zone plate generator and is set in degrees from 0-360

Phase Rate - is used to set the rate of change of phase of the sine wave and thus changes the speed that the zone plate moves at. It is specified in degrees per frame.

Angle - changes the angle of the zone plate and thus can change a horizontal sweep into a vertical sweep or rotate an elliptical zone plate pattern.

XScale/Start Freq - sets the horizontal scale of grating patterns or the start value of the zone plate sweep frequency.

YScale/End Freq - sets the vertical scale of grating patterns or the end value of the zone plate sweep frequency.

#### Ident

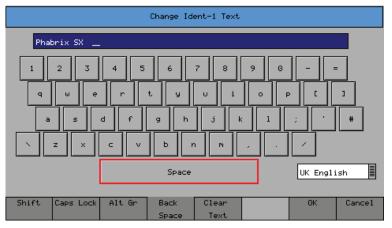
An picture or text 'Ident' may be set to identify an SDI source. This Ident can be turned on/ off from this page but changing the text/font/bitmap is performed by selecting the Edit button to bring up the Ident Dialogue. An overview of what the Ident is can be seen beside the Edit button. Note: If zone plate or colour field are selected, text cannot be overlaid over them.

A smaller version of the video output signal is displayed on this page with any overlaid ident.

Edit Generator Ident - Stream 1
[Ident
Text Centre Screen
Phabrix SX
Archery-Italic Medium
Close

This dialogue allows selection of either a user defined bit map picture which has been downloaded into the 'Idents' directory of the Sx instrument or user defined text.

For both types, the position of the ident can be set to one of Top-Left, Top-Centre, Top-Right, Left-Centre, Centre-Screen, Right Centre, Bottom-Left, Bottom-Centre, Bottom-Right. When text ident is used, the font, font size and colour can be specified. Several fonts are built in to the Sx instrument, other true-type (.ttf) fonts may be downloaded as required.



When editing text, the keyboard above is displayed to allow easy editing. Move the cursor to select the key to 'press' and then press 'Ok' to 'press' it. The Shift menu key causes the next keyboard to change to shift mode for the next key press.

The Caps Lock menu key locks the keyboard in all capitals mode. The Alt Gr. key shows any language dependent alternate keys that may be pressed. Several country keyboard styles are provided. Note that not all fonts support all non-English characters.

#### Sx 2K-SDI Option

The Sx 2K-SDI option allows the generation and analysis of 2K video formats for YCrCb, RGB and XYZ colour spaces.

XYZ colour space is a non-linear format that requires additional treatment by the Sx generator and analyser circuitry to convert between linear and non-linear data formats. Only a limited number of non-linear test patterns are provided for XYZ as the traditional linear test patterns that are normally available in SD, HD and 3G are not applicable and will produce misleading results when analysed.

100% Colour Bars is generated in RGB colour space and needs to be analysed using the RGB colour space selection in the Waveform monitor. This test pattern is provided to check the accuracy of the colour paths through the equipment under test.

Legal Ramp is generated in XYZ non-linear format and needs to be analysed using the X'Y'Z' colour space selection in the Waveform monitor. This test pattern is provided to check the accuracy of the data path through the equipment under test.

Multiburst is generated in XYZ non-linear format and needs to be analysed using the X'Y'Z' colour space selection in the Waveform monitor. This test pattern is provided to check the frequency response and sample rate of the data passed through the equipment under test.

Colour Field produces fixed level colours in RGB colour space that are converted to equivalent XYZ colour space values and needs to be analysed using the RGB colour space selection in the Waveform monitor.

User File allows user-defined test patterns that have been created in XYX non-linear colour space to be selected.

The XYZ, X, Y and Z settings in the Waveform monitor display the XYZ colour space in its native non-linear form. So test patterns such as Legal Ramp will be displayed as curves instead of straight lines.

The X'Y'Z', X', Y, and Z' settings in the waveform monitor display the XYZ colour space with a reverse transform to convert it to linear form. So test patterns such as Legal Ramp will be displayed as straight lines.

The Picture monitor and Vector scope instruments will automatically apply the appropriate transforms to display the images in YCrCb, RGB and XYZ colour spaces correctly. The colour space transform to be applied is defined by the SMPTE 352 payload.

#### Genlock Menu

In: 625i50	NO AES	Out: 625i50	Lock: / 625/50i	Log 💶 15:07
External		Delay Lines 0 Pixels 0	Time 0.000us Phase 0.0	Zero
-Reference SD-625i50 75% Bars		Note: Composite c from SDI Output	utput delayed by 1	7 Pixels
Benerator Main Menu Video	) Out GenL	ock Audio ( Group 1/2 Gro	Audio Dolby	

The unit can create video test signals that are either free-running or locked to a studio reference signal.

The Genlock menu is used to select an external locking reference or set the unit to free run.

#### Source

The unit may be locked to

External - an external locking reference connected to the "Ref I/O" connector, such as a studio reference, which can either be black & burst or a Tri-Level sync

Input 1 - the SDI video input present on the "SDI I/O" connector.

CBVS In - the Composite video input present on the "PAL/NTSC (AES Eye)" connector.

Free Run - the unit can operate using its own internal SPG

Note that the "On" check box in the "Reference Out" section controls whether the "External" source is from an externally connected source or from an internally generated source.

#### Reference Out

The SxTAG can either accept an external locking reference signal or can create a black & burst reference output for PAL (SD-625i50) or NTSC (SD-525i59). The drop down menu box allows the selection of either "SD-625i50" or "SD-525i59" and the "On" check box when selected change the REF I/O connection from input to output.

The Reference output signal can either be black and burst or 75% colour bars.

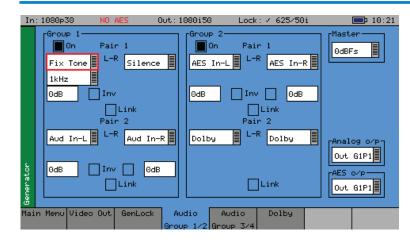
#### Delay

The Composite and SDI output generated by the unit can be advanced/delayed with respect to the currently selected locking reference. Controls are provided for line and pixel advance/delay for Composite and SDI output. For composite output the Phase control allows the subcarrier phase of the PAL/NTSC composite output to be adjusted with respect to the reference burst phase of the External locking reference black  $\delta$  burst signal.

Note that due to the difference in position of the synchronisation pulse of the Composite video output compared to the equivalent SD-SDI synchronisation pulse there is a difference of 17 pixels. If the SD SDI output needs to be exactly matched to the locking reference then a value of 0 needs to be entered in the "Pixels" field. If, however, the composite output needs to be matched to the reference then a value of -17 should be entered in the "Pixels" field.

The Zero button is used to set the menu value for Phase back to zero once the exact subcarrier phase of the composite output has been setup for the currently selected locking reference signal. This can be used when comparative phase measurements are being made between the input and output of any equipment under test.

#### Audio Group Menu



The Sx instrument can embed an audio signal on all 16 embedded audio outputs.

The Audio Group menu controls which audio channels, pairs or groups have test tones applied and the type of tone.

#### Group n

Each of the four groups may be separately enabled. When enabled, the source and level of each channel in a pair can be selected.

The source for each channel may be Silence, Fixed tone (a range of fixed frequencies), variable tone (where the frequency can be set on 1Hz steps from 1Hz to 23.99kHz), white noise. The AES input or Balanced analogue audio input may also be selected if present. If the Dolby Generation option has been purchased, the source may be set to 'Dolby' at which time the other channel in the audio pair is also set to 'Dolby' and gain control disabled.

The "Inv" check box phase-inverts the audio signal to allow checking of third-party audio mixing.

The "Link" check box links the left and right channels of a pair so that changing the level on the left hand channel changes the level on the right hand channel.

#### Master

The master level sets the 0dB level for all the embedded audio channels. Thus if the Master level is set to -18dB and group 1 pair 1 output is set to -2dB, the actual level output on that pair is -20dB. This feature allows all embedded outputs to be adjusted together as well as giving a simple method to change from -18dB to -20dB based standard levels. The Master level will not adjust the level of an AES input signal selected for embedding on SDI output.

#### Analog o/p

The "Analog o/p" control selects the source audio for the Balanced analogue audio output available via the "Audio I/O" connector.

#### AES o/p

The "AES o/p" control selects the source for the AES output of the Sx instrument and can be:

The AES input (via the built-in sample rate converter) to allow easy conversion to 48kHz sample rate AES signals.

A mirrored output of the specified embedded AES stream contained within the SDI output to allow easy generation of audio tones or white noise.

One of the embedded input pairs on the SDI input to allow use as a de-embedder.

Off, if the output is not required.

Note that the AES output is always at a 48kHz sample rate. The AES input may be at any sample rate from 32kHz to 192kHz.

#### Dolby (Dolby Generator Option)

In	: 1080p30	NO AES	Out: 1080i50	Lock	: 🗸 625	∕50i 🛑 09:41
	Dolby-E	Config 5.1	E Γ <sup>Do1</sup>	by-E Frame	Starts	s at:
	Ramp Var	16b	it 📕 Li	ne: O	Re Re	elative to Ideal
		Frame Rate 1	25 On:	ig Rate 25	5	
	Default	Program 1	Descriptio	on Progra	m 1 Des	cription
	Dialog Norm	-27dB	Chan Mode	3/2		LFE LFE Filter
	BsMod	CompMain 🔳	Line Mode	none		HPF
	Ctr DnMix	-3.0dB 🔳	RFMode	none		LPF
	Sur.DnMix	-3.0dB 🔳	Room Type	n∕i		Sur 3dB Att
	LRoCtrDnMix	+3.0dB 🔳	MixLevel	80		Sur Ph-Filter
ţ	LRoSurDnMix	+3.0dB 🔳	DolbySurnd	n∕i		Orig.Stream
Bue	LR CtrDnMix	+3.0dB 🔳	DownMixMod	n∕i		Copyright
Generator	LR SurDnMix	+3.0dB 📕	D Sun Ex	n∕i		
Mai	in Menu Video	Out GenLock	< Audio	Audio	Dolby	J
			Group 1/2	Group 3/4		

The Sx instrument Dolby Generator software option allows generation of Dolby-E, Dolby Digital and Dolby Digital Plus pre-encoded test signals to check that they are transferred transparently through the broadcast chain unaffected by routers/switchers, satellite links, etc.

The Audio - Dolby menu controls the generation of Dolby test data.



Note that with this software version Non-Keyed signals are generated which may be incompatible with certain VTRs.

#### Overview

There are a number of Dolby broadcast digital audio standards that transport audio data over an SMPTE 337M AES carrier with a 48kHz sample rate. The type of Dolby to be generated can be selected from the drop down list in the top left corner of the menu:

Dolby E

Dolby Digital

Dolby Digital Plus

These standards can be used to transport mono, stereo, 5.1 and 7.1 audio programmes:

Dolby 5.1 - involves five channels for normal-range speakers (20 Hz - 20,000 Hz) (right front, centre, left front, rear right, rear left) and one channel (20 Hz - 120 Hz allotted audio) for the subwoofer driven low-frequency effects.

Dolby 7.1 uses six channels in the primary program (Independent Substream) for a standard 5.1 surround sound mix and then the 2 remaining 2 channels in an ancillary programme (Dependent Substream) to provide the additional down-mix.

#### Dolby E

Dolby E is an audio encoding and decoding technology developed by Dolby Laboratories that allows up to 8 channels of audio (mono, stereo, 5.1 or 7.1) that for a primary programme (Programme 1) and optional ancillary programs. These 8 channels are compressed (lossless) into a digital stream that can be transferred between compatible devices and stored on a standard stereo pair of audio tracks. The most elaborate mode in common use is Dolby 7.1 which uses all eight channels to provide surround sound.

#### Dolby Digital

Dolby Digital (AC-3) is a 'perceptual audio' system for digital audio that allows the reduction of data needs to deliver high-quality sound. This system was developed primarily for DTV, DVD and HDTV. This format allow up to six channels of sound (mono, stereo or 5.1) in the form of a single 'program' that can be delivered at different bit rates. These 6 channels are compressed (lossy) into a digital stream that can be broadcast. The most elaborate mode in common use is Dolby 5.1 with uses all six channels to provide surround sound.

#### Dolby Digital Plus

Dolby Digital Plus (E-AC-3) is a more advanced version of Dolby Digital that provides a more efficient encoding algorithm that provide enough bandwidth that allows up to 20 channels of audio (mono, stereo, 5.1, 7.1 up to 13.1) that for a primary programme (Programme 1) and optional ancillary programs that can be delivered at much lower bit rates than Dolby Digital. These 20 channels are compressed (lossy) into an independent digital data stream plus up to 8 dependent sub stream that can be transferred between compatible devices and stored on a standard stereo pair of audio tracks. The most elaborate mode in common use is Dolby 7.1 with uses eight channels to provide surround sound.

#### Dolby E Synchronisation - Generator Reference

The Dolby audio test signal produced by the Sx instrument is affected by the use of a reference signal connected to the Sx instrument and by the following settings:

Free Run - If the generator is not locked to reference, the Dolby signal will be generated synchronous to the generator. If the generator is running at a fast progressive rate (50-60 fps) it will generate packets on every other frame.

External Reference/Ext SDI reference - If the generator is locked to an external signal, the reference signal MUST be of an appropriate standard. See the table below for examples.

Video Output Format	Valid Reference Formats
1080i50	1080i50, 625i50(PAL)
1080i59	1080i59, 525i59(NTSC)
1080p25	1080p25, 1080i50, 625i50(PAL)
1080p29	1080p29, 1080i59, 525i59(NTSC)
720p50	1080p25, 720p25, 1080i50, 625i50(PAL) – due to length of packet being over 1 frame long
720p59	1080p29, 720p29, 1080i59, 525i59(NTSC) – due to length of packet being over 1 frame long
1080p50	1080p25, 720p25, 1080i50, 625i50(PAL) – due to length of packetbeing over 1 frame long
1080p59	1080p29, 720p29, 1080i59, 525i59(NTSC) – due to length of packet being over 1 frame long

#### Editing Program Information

Stream type: Only Dolby-E streams can be generated with this software version. Config, Bit Depth: The program configuration and Bit Depth can be changed to load the preencoded file. Stream contents: The tones generated are of a fixed predefined frequency. Four sets of preencoded streams are provided: Ramp Var - Each channel has a different frequency to allow checking of channels. The levels are ramped so that different channels have different levels. -3dB Fixed - All the tones are at -3dB co-phased/timed and are at the same frequency. -18dB Fixed - All the tones are at -3dB co-phased/timed and are at the same frequency. -20dB Fixed - All the tones are at -3dB co-phased/timed and are at the same frequency. Fixed Frequency values for "Fixed level" streams above:

Frame Rate	Normal Frequency	LFE Frequency
23.98	4.8kHz	211Hz
24	6kHz	240Hz
25/50	6kHz	240Hz
29.97/59.84	6kHz	133Hz
30/60	6kHz	240Hz

Dolby-E start line: The start line can be used to set valid or invalid ranges to allow checking of the Dolby-E guard band on downstream equipment. If the start line is set outside the valid range specified by Dolby, the line number will be displayed in RED.

- Relative to Ideal If this check box is checked, the line number displayed is relative to the Dolby specified ideal line. A value of '0' therefore starts the Dolby-E packet on the 'Ideal Line' for that video format.
- Frame Rate This is set by default to the currently generated frame rate but may be modified by the user to test downstream equipment.
- Original rate This is set by default to the currently generated frame rate but may be modified by the user to test downstream equipment.



Note that if generating a progressive fast rate video standard such as 720p50, 720p59 or 720p60 etc. the Dolby-E signal will always be generated at the related slower rate. This is a Dolby restriction as the packets are over 1 frame in length for these video formats.

# Program Meta Data Editing

Many of the meta-data fields may be edited to test downstream equipment. The Channel Mode field may be edited to invalid settings but they will be shown in RED to show that they are invalid. The settings currently being edited are for the selected program but multiple program meta-data values can be modified and the settings for all programs are stored in memories.

Meta-data changes and line changes will happen cleanly so that no corruption to the Dolby signal will occur.

A maximum of 30 characters may be used for program description text. If the text is longer than this, extra characters will be ignored.

The "Generator" – "Dolby" menu allows the metadata for a Dolby E data stream to be setup for testing purposes. The main purpose of setting these metadata fields is to check that they are transferred transparently through the broadcast chain unaffected by routers/switchers, satellite links, etc. For any programme this metadata would be created as part of Dolby E authoring process. Using the Dolby generator, the following metadata can be setup for Program 1:

- Dialogue Norm is the normal audio level for dialogue. Ideally all transmitted programs would have the same value.
- BsMod (Bitstream Mode) indicates the type of audio service that the bitstream contains. Complete Main (CM) is the normal mode of operation and contains a complete audio program including dialog, music, and effects.
- Ctr DnMix (centre down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.
- Sur DnMix (surround down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.

LRoCtrDnMix	(left/right/stereo/centre down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 7.1 Dependent Substream.
LRoSurDnMix	(left/right/stereo/surround down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 7.1 Dependent Substream.
LR CtrDnMix	(left/right/centre down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.
LR SurDnMix	(left/right/surround down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.
Chan Mode	defines the channel configuration for Program 1 (ie mono, stereo, 5.1 channels).
Line Mode	this is an Operational Mode / Dynamic Compression Mode that is used by consumer and professional decoder products that simplifies the implementation of Dialogue Normalization, Dynamic Range Control, and down mixing functions, all of which are necessary in Dolby Digital products.
RFMode	this is an Operational Mode / Dynamic Compression Mode that is used by consumer and professional decoder products that simplifies the implementation of Dialogue Normalization, Dynamic Range Control, and down mixing functions, all of which are necessary in Dolby Digital products.
Room Type	this informational parameter indicates the type and calibration of the mixing room used for the final audio mixing session.
MixLevel	the Surround Down mix Level parameter indicates the nominal Lo/Ro down mix level of the Surround channel(s) with respect to the Left and Right channels
DolbySurnd	the Dolby Surround Mode parameter indicates whether or not a two- channel Dolby Digital bitstream is conveying a Dolby Surround encoded program.
DownMixMod	this controls the Down Mix Mode which is used by the content creator to optimize Center and Surround channel levels for use in stereo down mix mode for any two-channel programmes.
D Sur Ex	this controls the Dolby Surround Ex channel that provides an extra audio channel for Dolby 5.1. The extra surround channel of the Dolby Surround Ex system is matrix-encoded onto the discrete left-surround and right-surround channels of the 5.1 mix.
The following cont	rol bits can also be set:
LFE	the LFE Channel parameter enables or disables the Low-Frequency Effects (LFE) channel.
HPF	this parameter can be used to activate the DC High pass filter for all input channels.
LPF	the LFE Low pass Filter parameter can be used to activate a 120 Hz low- pass filter applied to the LFE input channel.
Sur 3dB Alt	the Surround Channel 3 dB Attenuation function is use to apply a 3 dB attenuation to the Surround channels of a multichannel soundtrack created in a room with film style calibration, when encoding it for consumer home theater playback.

Sur Ph + Filter	the Surround Channel 90-Degree Phase-Shift feature is used for generating multichannel Dolby Digital bitstreams that can be down-mixed in an external two channel decoder to create a true Dolby Surround compatible output.
Org Stream	the Original Bitstream informational parameter sets the value of a single bit within the Dolby Digital bitstream. This bit has a value of 1 (box checked) if the bitstream is an original. If it is a copy of an original bitstream, it has a value of 0.
Copyright	the Copyright Bit informational parameter sets the value of a single bit within the Dolby Digital bitstream. If this bit has a value of 1 (box checked), the information in the bitstream is indicated as protected by copyright. If it has a value of 0, it is not copyright protected.
RF 0v Prot	the RF Over-modulation Protection parameter determines whether or not an RF pre-emphasis filter is used in the overload protection algorithm to prevent RF over-modulation in set-top box decoders.

### Default Program Meta Data

Pressing the "Default" button will return program meta-data settings to their default values.

# Embedding Dolby on SDI Stream

To embed Dolby signals on an SDI stream, the Audio source for that channel should be set to 'Dolby'. These source selections are found on the Generator – Audio Group 1,2,3,4 pages. Selecting one channel of an audio pair to 'Dolby' will force the other channel in the pair to select 'Dolby' also. As the Dolby streams are data, the volume and phase controls are disabled. Changing a channel from Dolby to another source will cause the other channel in the pair to select silence.

# Embedding Dolby Signals on AES Stream

To embed Dolby signals on the AES output, the Audio source for the AES output should be set to 'Dolby'. This selection is found on the right hand side of the Generator – Audio Group 1,2,3,4 pages.

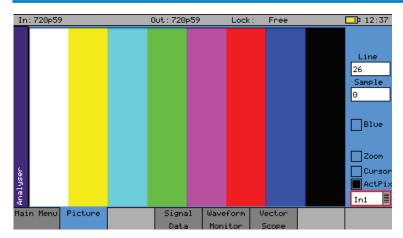
# Menu Reference

# Analyzer Menu

# Overview

The SxTAG signal analyzer displays the selected Composite, SDI or Fibre video input or output signal. The source for the analyzer is set by the field at the bottom right of the page. The current line and sample are the same for all pages of the analyzer and therefore when selecting a sample on the Signal Data page, the cursor will show where that is on the 'Full Picture' page.

Menu Reterence



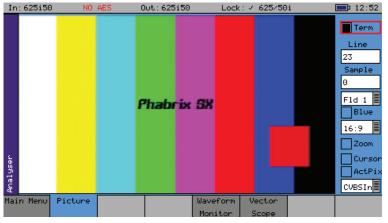
With Picture selected, the video picture is displayed in a window as a downconverted display.

If the picture window is selected and current tab button is pressed again to enter full-screen mode, the cursors may be moved by pressing the OK button again.

The Picture monitor will automatically apply the appropriate transforms to display the images in YCrCb, RGB and XYZ colour spaces correctly. The colour space transform to be applied is defined by the SMPTE 352 payload.

# Analyzer Source Selection

The Picture monitor can display the Composite input, the SDI input, the SFP video input or the generator test pattern. This is done using the drop down menu in the bottom right-hand corner of the menu.



The displayed options will be different depending on whether SDI or Composite video is being displayed.

# Sample, Line and Field Selection

Sample: Specify the current sample for analysis.

Line: Specify the current line for analysis.

Field: (Only for interlaced formats) This control selects the field for analysis. If the current line is in Field 1, changing the field will change to the same line in field 2. The field number will change to show the correct field for the current line number.

The picture will automatically view the horizontal or vertical blanking areas if the line or sample values are in the blanking area.

# Aspect Ratio

The aspect ratio of PAL (625 lines) may be set to be either 4:3 or 16:9 as required for the source signal. NTSC (525) signals are always 4:3 aspect ratio and HD signals are always 16:9.

# Menu Reference

# Zoom

If the Zoom check box is not checked, the picture displayed is a down-converted picture to fill the window or the full screen as requested. If checked, then a pixel on the LCD display will reflect a pixel in the video signal. In zoom mode, no filtering is used.

# Active Picture

If the ActPix check box is selected, only active picture is displayed for picture view and waveform monitor, all other VBI data such as TRS words ANC data and audio is blanked.

### Cursor

A cursor may be turned ON over the area of the picture specified by the specified line and sample.

if the focus cursor is moved to the picture window and OK pressed, the cursor may be used to scroll around the window. Press OK again to cancel this mode. When in zoom mode, the cursor is always in the centre of the window and the picture scrolls behind it. If the cursor is moved to an area of interest on the picture, the same area will be visible on the SDI data option (if purchased).



Note that the normal cursor menu keys may be used but are not visible. Press OK again to cancel cursor adjustment mode.

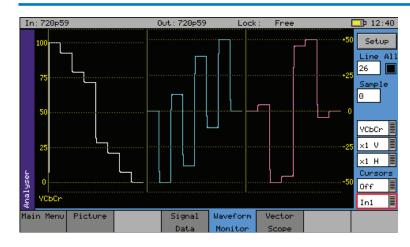
# Composite Input Termination

The "Term" check box that is present when composite video is displayed is used to terminate the composite video input. Un-terminating the composite input can be useful if the signal being monitored is terminated at the end of the cable run.

### Blue

Show only the Blue aspect of the picture Blue.

# Waveform Monitor

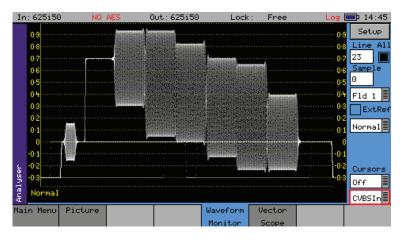


The Waveform menu displays the selected input in the form of a waveform monitor.

The display may be restricted to a single line or all lines may be displayed at the same time. The display can be formatted as all streams (Luma and Chroma) or just a single stream.

# Analyzer Source Selection

The Waveform monitor can display the Composite input, the SDI input, the SFP video input, the analogue locking Reference input or the generator test pattern. This is done using the drop down menu in the bottom right-hand corner of the menu.



The displayed options will be different depending on whether SDI or Composite video is being displayed.

# Sample, Line and Field Selection

The line, sample and field controls all track the related controls on other pages.

The 'All' check box forces the waveform monitor to display all lines, overlaid on each other. Otherwise the specified line is displayed.

- Sample: Specify the current sample for analysis.
- Line: Specify the current line for analysis. This is useful when test patterns are transmitted as part of a programme on specific video lines.
- Field: (Only for interlaced formats) This control selects the field for analysis. If the current line is in Field 1, changing the field will change to the same line in field 2. The field number will change to show the correct field for the current line number.
- All the All check box forces the waveform monitor to display all lines, overlaid on each other. Otherwise the specified line is displayed.

The waveform will automatically view the horizontal or vertical blanking areas if the line or sample values are in the blanking area.

# Waveform Type

The waveform monitor displays the selected signal in one of 5 formats as set by the Mode control:

YCbCr	The Y, Cr and Cb waveforms are shown as three separate waveforms in a Parade format
Υ	Only the luminance channel is shown
Cb	Only the blue chroma channel is shown
Cr	Only the red chroma channel is shown
GBR	The Green, Blue and Red waveforms are shown as three separate waveforms in a Parade format
Red	Only the red channel is shown
Green	Only the blue chroma channel is shown
Blue	Only the red chroma channel is shown
XYZ, X, Y , Z	settings in the Waveform monitor display the 2K-SDI XYZ colour space in its native non-linear form. So test patterns such as 2K. XYZ Legal Ramp will be displayed as curves instead of straight lines.
X'Y'Z', X', Y, Z'	settings in the waveform monitor display the 2K-SDI XYZ colour space with a reverse transform to convert it to linear form. So test patterns such as 2K, XYZ Legal Ramp will be displayed as straight lines.
Normal	This shows the full composite video waveform.
Chroma	This shows the chrominance of the composite waveform.
Low Pass	This shows the low pass luminance of the composite waveform.

### Magnification

The next 2 controls show the vertical and horizontal magnifications. If either value is set to a value other than x1, a vertical or horizontal offset will be shown on the bottom right edge of the waveform display.

The waveform can be offset by moving the focus cursor to the waveform window and pressing OK. The menu keys can then be used to scroll around the window. The offset will be the same for all magnifications values so switching between x1 and x5 will not lose the offset used in x5 mode.

The vertical offset values are in signal level bits but displayed in the current scale units so switching between scales will keep the same offsets.

# Cursors

Cursors may be displayed over the waveform to allow measurement of time or amplitude values. The cursor may be set to several modes:

- Off: Cursors are hidden
- Pict: The cursor is displayed at the current pixel point. If in YCbCr or RGB mode, three cursors are displayed. Otherwise a single cursor is displayed. The cursor position tracks across the picture monitor and Signal Data tabs.
- Ampl: Two cursors are displayed to allow measurement of signal amplitudes.
- Time: Two cursors are displayed to allow measurement of signal timing.
- Both: Amplitude and time cursors are displayed.

To use the cursors, use the navigation keys to move the focus to the waveform display and press OK. You should then get a display similar to that below. Note that the menu keys shown depend on the display mode and cursor mode.

2 o		 LILIL	l [		-50	Ampl.	
VCbCr			A0.0%	B100.0%	∆100.0%	In	
Hold down	Hold down		Amplitude	Select	Cursor		
×10	×100		Cursor	Window	Mode		

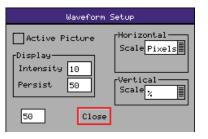
The navigation keys now move the selected cursor around the waveform display which will scroll if moved out of the visible area. The x10 and x100 buttons magnify the action of the navigation keys if held down.

The Select Window button is only available in YCbCr or RGB modes and selects the window that the cursor is displayed in.

The Amplitude Cursor and/or the Timing Cursor buttons switch the currently active cursor. In each direction two cursors are displayed. The currently active cursor is the one displayed as a full line (rather than the dotted cursor). The bottom of the waveform screen shows the cursor measurements in the current format which may be Decimal, Percentage or Hexadecimal for amplitude measurements or Pixels/uS for timing measurements. The difference between the two cursors is also displayed in absolute form.

The Cursor Mode button changes the current mode without having to leave the navigation window.

# Setup Button Dialogue



The Waveform Setup menu allows the vertical and horizontal scale of the waveform display to be setup as well as controlling the intensity and persistence of the display.

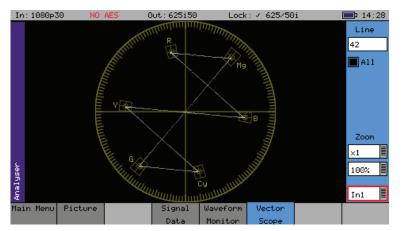
- Active Picture: If checked, only active picture is displayed for picture view and waveform monitor, all other VBI data such as TRS words ANC data and audio is blanked. This control tracks the state of the ActPix control on the Picture.
- Vertical Scale: The axes and measurements for the waveform monitor can be displayed either in percentages or in hex or decimal values as required.
- Horizontal Scale: The timing measurements may be set in either pixels or micro-seconds (us)
- Intensity Controls the brightness of the waveform.
- Persistence Controls the amount of time each pixel sample of the waveform remains on the display before it is replaced by a new value.

When viewing the composite or reference input the displayed waveform is a digital rendition of the actual analogue signal. This may have interference artefacts due to data sample rate differences between the display and the data itself. The value in the numeric box below Persistence can be used to control these artefacts without loosing waveform resolution.

### External Reference

Selecting the Ext Ref check box is when a PAL or NTSC signal is being viewed, will horizontal reposition the waveform to show the difference in position between the composite input signal and the locking reference signal.

# Vectorscope

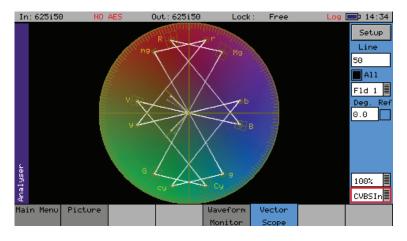


The Vectorscope menu displays the selected input in the form of a vectorscope. This may be set to show either the 100% bar positions or 75% positions. The colour bar position boxes will change according to the colour space for the current input video standard.

The Vectorscope will automatically apply the appropriate transforms to display the images in YCrCb, RGB and XYZ colour spaces correctly. The colour space transform to be applied is defined by the SMPTE 352 payload.

# Analyzer Source Selection

The Waveform monitor can display the Composite input, the SDI input, the SFP video input, the analogue locking Reference input or the generator test pattern. This is done using the drop down menu in the bottom right-hand corner of the menu.



The displayed options will be different depending on whether SDI or Composite video is being displayed.

# Sample, Line and Field Selection

The line, sample and field controls all track the related controls on other pages.

The 'All' check box forces the waveform monitor to display all lines, overlaid on each other. Otherwise the specified line is displayed.

Sample:	Specify the	current samr	ole for analysis.
Jumpic.	Specify the	current samp	<i>ne ioi anaiysis.</i>

Line: Specify the current line for analysis. This is useful when test patterns are transmitted as part of a programme on specific video lines.

- Field: (Only for interlaced formats) This control selects the field for analysis. If the current line is in Field 1, changing the field will change to the same line in field 2. The field number will change to show the correct field for the current line number.
- All the All check box forces the waveform monitor to display all lines, overlaid on each other. Otherwise the specified line is displayed.

# Magnification

The "Zoom2 function allows the vector scope display to be zoomed-in to the Centre, Cyan, Yellow, Green, Magenta, Red or Blue positions at x1, x2, x5 or x10 magnifications.

# Graticule

The "100%"/"75%" drop down selects the graticule scale to match the colour bars being analysed.

# Setup Button Dialogue

Vectorscop	e Setup
Display Intensity Persist	10 50
Background	
Black	
50	Close

The Vectorscope Setup menu allows the intensity and persistence of the display to be adjusted. A colour wheel background can also be added.

Intensity Controls the brightness of the waveform.

Persistence Controls the amount of time each pixel sample of the waveform remains on the display before it is replaced by a new value.

Background Allows the selection of different intensities of the colour wheel as the graticule background

When viewing the composite input the displayed waveform is a digital rendition of the actual analogue signal. This may have interference artefacts due to data sample rate differences between the display and the data itself. The value in the numeric box below Persistence can be used to control these artefacts without loosing waveform resolution.

# Composite Subcarrier Phase Alignment

When viewing a PAL or NTSC signal, the Ref check box when selected will lock the vectorscope to the subcarrier phase of the locking reference signal. The value entered into the Deg (degree) box to place the PAL or NTSC burst in the correct alignment is a measure of the subcarrier phase difference between the input signal and locking reference.

# Signal Data

In	: 720p59	9		Out: 720p59	Lock :	: Free		12:39
		СЬ	Ý	Cr	Υ Y	Inf		Туре
	1642 👘	200	040	200	040	HB		
	1644 👘	200	040	200	040	HB		Split
	1646 👘	3FF	3FF	000	000	HBI	L F1	
	1648	000	000	200	200	HB		Line
	0	200	040	200	081		F1	26
	2 4	200	157	200	294	AP	F1	20
	4	200	36A	200	3AC	AP	F1	Sample
	6	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
	8	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	Θ
	10	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
	12	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
	14	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
	16	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
	18	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
	20	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	Hex
	22	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	nex =
	24	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	Size
yser	26	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
۶,	28	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	Normal
E.	30	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	
Anal	32	200	3AC	200	3AC	AP	F1	Ini
_	n Menu	Picture		Signal	Waveform	Vector		
191	n neno	- iccore		-				
				Data	Monitor	Scope		

The Signal Data menu shows the video signal as a data stream in several formats as described below. In each mode, the data may be displayed in hexadecimal, decimal or binary formats. The binary format is not available in grid mode. The data may also be displayed as 10-bit or 8-bit format.

To simplify scrolling around the SDI signal view, use the cursor keys to move the red focus rectangle to the data display and press OK. The focus rectangle should change to a blue colour and the cursor keys allow the display to be scrolled in any direction. The menu keys at the bottom allow the Line/Sample to be adjusted by 10 or 100 in any direction.



Note that the line number of a line of video changes at the end of active video. This gives the strange side effect that the line number for pixels in horizontal blanking is the same as the line number for the active picture after that line.

# Analyzer Source Selection

The Signal Data display can view the SDI input (In1), the SFP video input (SFP In) or the generator SDI test pattern (Out 1). This is done using the drop down menu in the bottom right-hand corner of the menu.



Note that when in Colour modes other than YCbCr 422 10 bit, the pixel RGB or YCbCr values are packed into 10 bit values across the different streams and thus will give unfamiliar values. When the 'UnPack' check box is checked the values in the active picture are unpacked to RGB or YCbCr values.

# Туре

Grid:	In this mode the data is shown in an X-Y format with lines and samples at the same time. Thus this is a representation of the picture but in data format. If the cursor keys are used to select the grid window and 'OK' pressed, the cursor keys will scroll around the window. The luma (Y) channel is shown in white whilst the Cr and Cb channels are shown in with a red or blue tint respectively.
Strm:	This is one of 3 modes for displaying the samples on the current line only. The cursor keys may be used to scroll the sample number when 'OK' has been pressed. The 'info' column shows the type of data being displayed.
	AP - Active picture VBL - Vertical blanking HBL - Horizontal blanking
Comp:	This is a similar to the Strm mode above but in a component mode with Cr and Cb in different columns. See Strm mode above for the info column description.
Split:	This mode shows the 2 streams split into 4 parts to show Y, Y', Cr and Cb in separate columns. See Strm mode above for the info column description.

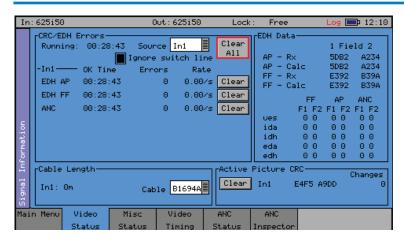
# Menu Reference

# Signal Information Menu

# Overview

These pages give a detailed view of the status of the input (or generator output) signal. They are sub-divided into Video, Misc, Audio and Ancillary (ANC) status.

# Video Status



The Video Status menu display the status of the selected video input and displays any errors that have been found in the data stream.

# EDH/CRC ERRORS

This displays the EDH or CRC status of the analyzer input as appropriate for the video standard being monitored. The status of each EDH/ CRC count is displayed as the number of seconds since an error occurred. The individual CRC fields may be reset individually or together. The 'running time' field shows the time since the last error reset occurred. The error rate field shows the number of errors per second. The running time will also be affected by the input being lost or being intermittent. CRC errors are ignored on the switching line if the 'Ignore switch line' check box is checked.

ANC checksum errors are also detected and counted and may be logged.

When analysing a 3G-Level B signal, the CRC status is displayed for each link or stream present according to the input video format. On an Sx instrument with a Dual-Link with 2 video inputs, only one 3G-Level B may be analysed for CRC status at a time.

# EDH DATA

If the signal is SD (PAL-625 or NTSC-525) the EDH values for both active picture (AP) and full-field (FF) are displayed for each field. To enable engineers checking EDH integrity, the EDH values calculated for active picture and full-field are also displayed.

Under normal conditions, the EDH-AP values should be constant, the full-field values may change if audio or other ancillary data is embedded in the SDI signal.

The EDH flags for active picture, full-field and ancillary data are also displayed for diagnostic purposes.

Edh: Error Detected Here - This is set to 1 if a SDI error was detected. In the case of ancillary data, this means that one or more ANC data packets had an incorrect checksum.

Eda: Error Detected Already - This is set to 1 if a SDI error was detected in the signal received by the previous device.

Idh: Internal error Detected Here - This is set to 1 if a hardware error was detected in the previous device.

Ida: Internal error Detected Already - This is set to 1 if an idh flag was received by the previous device.

Ues: unknown error status: This is set to 1 if the previous device received an SDI signal from a device not supporting EDH.

Note that there is only one EDH detector which is connected to the input currently being analysed. On an Sx instrument with multiple video inputs, only the current input being analysed can check for EDH errors.

# Cable Length

The Sx instrument measures the cable length connected to the SDI input BNC and the measurement is only an approximate value.

The cable type may be set to one of the following:

Belden 8282, 1694A, 1505, 1855A.

Canare L-5CFB

Image 1000

The selected cable type will affect the cable length measurement.

# Active Picture CRC

16-bit CCITT CRCs are calculated for the active picture data of the received signal. This can be used to give a known value for known static picture content and allows the user to determine if the active picture content is as expected.

CRCs are calculated independently upon each 10-bit stream (luminance and chrominance) of the interface.

For example the generated 1920x1080, 100% bars in YCC422-10 should always produce a luminance CRC of 0x0AB4 and a chrominance CRC of 0xB88E, no matter what scanning mode (interlaced, segmented frame or progressive) or frame rate is used.



Note: when using 4:4:4, 4:4:4:4 or 12-bit video formats (in dual-link or 3Gbps) the CRCs are calculated for each of the packed 10-bit virtual interfaces and will therefore generate different values from those for YCC422-10.

See the "Active Picture CRC Technical Information" section at the end of the manual for details of CRC calculation.

# MISC Status

In	:625i50	Out: 625i50	Loc	k: Free	Log 💷	12:12
	Source Ini					
	_PayLoad ID - SMPTE 352	- 1	[Vi	deo Forma	at ———	
	Ini				Ini:	
				All Pix	864	
	<none detected=""></none>		A	tive-Pix	720	
				Active	576	
_	_PayLoad ID - SMPTE 352	- 2				
ior				Freq.MHz	270.00	
Information			Re	e-Sync	0	
for	<none detected=""></none>				Clear	
In						
lei						
Signal						
	n Menu Video Misc	Video	ANC	ANC		
	Status Status	Timing	Status	Inspecto	or	

The Misc Status menu display the status the SMPTE 352 packets embedded in the selected video input and displays any errors that have been found.

# Payload ID – SMPTE 352

If the Sx instrument has detected a SMPTE 352 ancillary packet, it will be displayed here in hex and decoded format.

The display shows the transport media, frame rate and interlaced/progressive/segmented frame mode, as well as colour format, bit depth, dynamic range and channel number. See the SMPTE 352 specification for further details.

When analysing a 3G-Level B signal, the SMPTE 352 status is displayed for each link or stream present according to the input video format. On an Sx instrument with Dual-Link with 2 video inputs, only one 3G-Level B may be analysed for 352 status at a time.

# Video Format

This displays the currently detected line length for both active video and full line including blanking as well as the number of active lines for the inputs present.

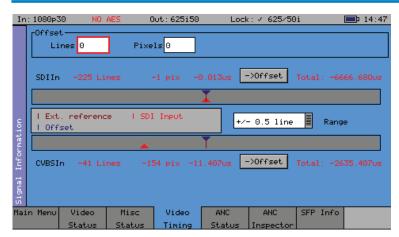


Note that the video frequency displayed is only correct if the Sx instrument has been calibrated and free running or has been connected to an accurate reference input.

If the input signal is not a known signal (i.e. the line count or pixel count is not recognised) The input status on the top line will show "Invalid" but the values in this section will be updated every few seconds.

The Re-sync counter displays the number of times the SDI data has been re-synchronised and can help detect intermittent SDI signal problems.

# Video Timing



The Video Timing menu displays the relationship between the SDI and composite video inputs with respect to the locking reference input.

The timing of SDI input signals is displayed relative to the external reference. If no reference is present then an error message is displayed. If the signal is timed to within +/-2 samples the values are displayed in black in lines and samples (spl) If mis-timed, then they will be displayed in red. A bar graph also displays the timing value which may either be line timing (+/- 0.1 lines or +/- 0.5 lines) or frame timing (+/- 0.5 frame). The total timing value is also displayed in micro seconds.

The RED arrow on the bar shows the SDI input timing and the BLUE arrow shows the current target timing point. The BROWN line shows the timing of the reference signal.

To compare timings of different signals, connect the signal to be compared to the SDI input and select the "Offset" button to make this the current offset. All future timings will be relative to this offset value.

To clear the current offset, move the focus to the 2 offset fields, press OK to edit them and then press default.



Note that all timing measurements are relative to line 1 on the SDI signal and line 1 on the reference signal. This can lead to different values to other test and measurement instruments that include an SD (PAL/NTSC) offset in their calculations. By comparing line 1 timings, the Sx instrument can be used to accurately measure time delays through up/down/cross converters.

# ANC Status (ANC Option)

Source In1	Ancillary Pa	ackets Status	Setup Reset
RP165-EDH	S272-SD Audio	S272-SD Aux	S272-SD Ctrl
S299-HD Audio	S299-HD Ctrl	S315-Cam. Pos.	S353-MPEG Recod
S305-SDTI	S348-HDTI	S427-Lnk . Enc. 1	S427-Lnk . Enc. 2
S427-Link Enc	S352-Payload	0P47 Transport	OP47 Dist.
ITU-R BT 1685	RP214-KLV-V	RP214-KLV-H	RP223-UMID/ID
S2020-Audio	RP215 - Film	EIA-708 Caption	EIA-608 Caption
RP207 - Program	RP208 - VBI	S2010-SCTE MSGS	S2016-3 AFD
ARIB-B.22	ARIB-B.23-1	ARIB-B.23-2	ARIB-B.27 Capt.
ARIB-B.35	ARIB-B.39	ARIB-B.37 Ana	ARIB-B.37 HD
ARIB-B.37 Mob.	ARIB-B.37 SD	S2031-SCTE VBI	S2016-4 PAN
RP196-HANC	S12M-2 V-TCode	RDD8-WSS	RP196-VANC
Mark Deleted	User-1	User-2	User-3
Missing Present	Checksum >9	Stream +DBN ?Pa	arity *Previous

The ANC status menu shows which ANC packets are present on the SDI input and whether they have any errors. Each field is colour coded according to whether the ANC packet is present (White), missing (Grey), has errors (Red), or has previously had errors (yellow).

If the field has errors then a symbol beside the field shows which error type it is. The bottom of the page shows the symbol for each type of error. The Reset button resets the "Previous Errors" state.

Configur	e ANC L	Jser DIC	>/SDID			
	DID	SDID	Stream			
User-1	0	Θ	Chroma 📕			
User-2	Θ	Θ	Chroma 📕			
User	Θ	0	Chroma 📕			
Close						

The Setup button and dialog allows user defined ANC packets to be configured.

The packet name, data ID (DID) and SDID may be specified for up to 3 user-defined ancillary packets. The stream field specifies whether the packet should be on the chroma stream, the luminance stream or both.

# ANC Inspector (SDI Data Option)

In	: 1080p2	:5 Al	ES-PCM	Ok Out	t: 1080p2	5 Loo	:k: Free	Log	12:01
	Free	ze DID	E0	5299	э – нр с	trl Grp 4		Line 9	Ini
	0n 1	rigger	Found	I Luma	-1			Smpl 1982	Setup
									Calc Csum
		1 2	34	56	78	9 10 11	12 13 14	15 16 17	2FB 18 19
	0 00	3 3FF 3FF	1E0 200	) 10B 201	200 20F	200 200 200	200 200 200	15 16 17 200 200 2FB	
c.									
Information									
orma									
Inf									
gnal									
Sig									
Mai	n Menu	Video	M	isc	Video	ANC	ANC		
		Status	Sta	atus	Timing	Status	Inspector		

The SDI Data Option allows Ancillary data packets to be detected and checked for errors.

The ANC Inspector menu displays details of the ANC packets.

The packet type can be selected using either the drop down list of known packets or the DID/SDID number fields. If the DID/SDID values match a known type, then that type will be selected in the drop down list. This may be further filtered using the Check Boxes on the Setup dialogue.

The Line and sample number of the detected packet is displayed to facilitate debugging of generation equipment. The complete data packet is displayed as a hexadecimal grid at the bottom of the page and may also be decoded into text above the grid.

If an error occurs in the packet, the header and checksum are displayed in red.

The display of data may be frozen by pressing the Freeze check box.

The 'Found' description shows in which stream the ANC packet was detected, Chroma or Luma and what kind of trigger was detected. This may be:

- C Checksum Error
- D DBN (Data block number) Error
- P Parity Error
- G ANC Gap error

Several of the above flags may be displayed at the same time.

The ANC packets detected may be filtered using the Setup dialogue. This allows a great deal of freedom in setting when the display will be triggered.

If the On Trigger check box is checked the data packet will cause the display to be frozen and the Freeze check box will turn red when a trigger condition is met. See the section on the ANC Inspector setup dialogue below. Un-checking the freeze button will restore normal operation.

The "->Cursor" button will copy the Line and Sample numbers to the SDI data view cursors to simplify navigation to the ANC packet under investigation.

# ANC Inspector Setup

In: 3GA-1080p50 3GA-1080p50 Out: 3GA-1	080p50 Lock:	Free	<b>16:57</b>
Configure ANC Inspe	ctor & User DI	D∕SDIDs	
Trigger Parameters DID E7 SubDID Line Range Errors Filters Start Stop Checksum Range1 1 1 DBN Range2 1 1 Parity HANC/ANC? Inside ANC Gaps Both Line Range In1 VI-1(C) VI-2(Y) In2 VI-1(C) VI-2(Y)	User-1 User-2 User-3 ANC Packet De (None detect Line	DID SDID 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Stream VI-1(C) VI-1(C)
			Close Window

If the Setup button is pressed a dialogue box is shown to allow the ANC packet trigger parameters to be set. The trigger parameters allow only selected lines to be checked or excluded when checking for the presence of packets.

Line Range Filer If either of the Line Range Filter check boxes are checked then the range of lines that the ANC inspector will check is limited to that range. If the Selection below the range is set to "Inside" then it will only check ANC packets inside the range (including the start and end lines). If it is set to "Outside" then it will only check ANC packets outside the specified range.

HANC/VANC Filter This is another filter for simpler selection of where to search for packets. It may be selected to search the HANC are, the VANC area or both areas.

	VANC Area
HANC Area	Active Picture

# Error Triggers

If any of the "Errors" check boxes are checked, then the ANC packet data will only be displayed if an error occurs. The error states detected are:

Checksum:	A checksum error in a packet was detected. (Sum of data between DID and
	final UDW)

- DBN: A Data Block number error was detected in an audio packet. The DBN field (in the same place as the SDID) of an audio packet should either be 0 and never change OR increment from 1...255 and then start at 1 again.
- Parity: A parity error was detected for the DID, SDID and DataCount words in a packet. (Even Parity used and bit 9 is inverse of bit 8)
- ANC Gaps The ANC packets were separated by a gap containing video blanking data. EDH (DID = 0xf4) packets are ignored. Note that if an EDH packet is marked for deletion, this will result in an ANC GAP error.

The Setup dialogue also shows when an ANC packet has been detected and where it was found. This makes changing a filter simpler as the effect of the filter can be determined without closing the dialogue.

This dialogue also allows the user defined ANC packets to be configured.

# SFP Info

1	(n: 108	3p30	NO (	AES	Out: 625i50	Lock	:: / 625/5	00i	<b>[]</b> 14	:45
				SFF	Informatio	on				
	SFP Tem	Type >	0PT T 45.55		Tx Power	0.000mW	R× P	ower	0.0001mW	
at ion	Enco Len Veno	500m			Ext.ID TxRxCod-1 NomBitRate Len 62.5um Vendor OUI Wavelength UprBitRate MfgDateCod	0m 00h 1310 5%	TxRx Len Len Part CC B	Copper Code ase itRate	602929-31CM 6ah	
Signal Informati			00h 00h		Res-19 Res-92-94	00h 68f00547h	Res-	36	00h	
M	ain Me		deo	Misc	Video	ANC	ANC		Info	
		Sta	atus	Status	Timing	Status	Inspecto	r		

The SFP Info menu displays details of the currently installed SFP module.

# HDMI EDID display (Option)

In: Abse	nt NO	AES	Out:368-108	0p50 Loc	k: Free	Log	23:44
Vend Prod Seri Manu EDID VESA Disp VESA Disp Colo Stan Gree Blue Blue	Ion IName JorName Joct Code alNum Pactured Ver DFP Lay Size(cm	2.20 standbyl: RGB444+YI No No	9 of 2008 Display suspendloff	Estb. 1 Estb. 1 Manufa Horizs VertRe Maximu ModeLi 1920 1 1203 1 Not gi 1203 1 Not gi 1200×1 1600×1 1152×8	Modes turer Presh n pixel ne 268 209 1235 ving stand 324060 5:4	Clock=7 Clock=1 Clock=7	,800×60007 ×00 " 154.00 1200 ync 3.00 Mhz
Main Men	Video Status	Misc Status	Video Timing	ANC Status	ANC Inspector		EDID Info

The HDMI EDID viewer option displays both RAW ancillary data and decoded EDID information in a tabular display. It obtains the EDID information using a dedicated SFP and cable which must be purchased separately.For those customers requiring support for 3G formats, an additional license will be needed

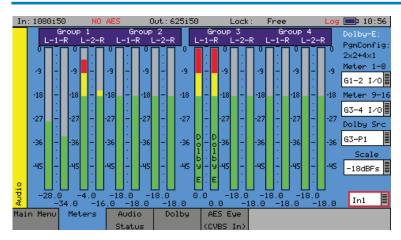
In: Abser			Out: 368-10		k: Free	Log	23:44
Refree 0ff54 0 8 16 24 32 40 48 56	sh Raw of ff ff 10 ac 2c 26 12 01 ea b3 25 10 50 54 a9 40 71 01 01 01 80 a0 70 36 00 07	ff ff ff ff a0 53 4e 3 03 80 34 2 ac 51 30 b a5 4b 00 8 4f 01 01 0 01 01 01 2 b0 23 40 0	EDID Info f 00 6 31 0 78 4 26 1 80 1 01 8 3c 0 20 0 1a			209	
Signal Information 101 100 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	53 0a 00 45 4c 4c 57 46 50 00 38 4c	ff 00 47 3 39 47 31 3 00 00 fc 0 20 32 34 3 0a 00 00 0 1e 53 11 0 20 20 20 0	6 4e 0 44 0 38 0 fd 0 0a	_			
Main Menu	Video Status	Misc	Video Timing	ANC	ANC		EDID Info

### EDID display of RAW data.

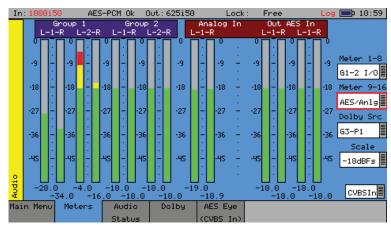
In addition the HDMI EDID display option can be used in conjunction with the generator providing an SDI pattern which is generated through the HDMI SFP which can be used to test a monitor display.

# Audio Menu

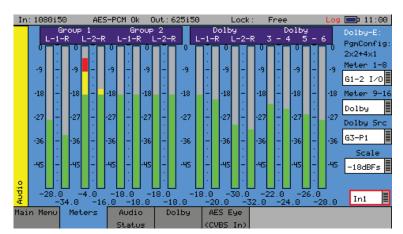
# Meters



The Audio Meters menu displays up to 16 audio channels. The source for each block of 8 meters may be independently set to allow simultaneous metering of 8 inputs and 8 outputs or all 16 channels in an embedded SDI stream.



If AES or analogue inputs or outputs are present then these may also be metered. At the bottom of each meter is the current audio level for that channel in dBFs (decibels relative to 0dB full-scale).



If the Dolby metadata analysis option is installed then the audio levels defined in the metadata can be displayed on the meters.

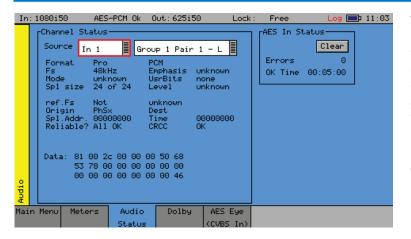
The scale used by the meters may be set to -18dB or -20dB according to the standard operating level used.

If the Dolby option has been purchased, the meters may be set to display the encoded Dolby levels for the specified audio pair or AES input.



Note that Dolby audio cannot be heard on the speaker as a Dolby decoder is not present.

# Audio Status



The Audio Status menu shows the Channel Status for the selected audio channel is displayed in decoded form as well as a hexadecimal dump of the bytes. The source may either come from the input signal or from the generator for comparison purposes.

# Dolby Status (Dolby Analyzer Option)

In	:1080i50	AES-PCM Ok	Out: 625i50	Lock :	× Absent	Log 💷 11:06
	Dolby Source	-P1 Refer	Pence Dolb	y-E Frame S 30.1us	_	relative to deal SDI
	PgmConfig FrameRate Bit Depth	5.1 25 16 L1 R1	Programs Orig.Rate TimeCode C1	1 25 00:00:00:0		Errors 236 Clear
	StartGain End Gain Program 1	0.0dB 0.00 0.0dB 0.00	dB 0.0dB	0.0dB 0 0.0dB 0	0.0dB 0.0dB 0.0dB 0.0dB	
Audio	Dialog Norm BsMod Ctr DnMix Sur.DnMix LRo Ctr DnM LRo Sur DnM LRt Ctr DnM LRt Sur DnM AC3 Rate	-27dB CompMain -3.0dB -3.0dB x -3.0dB x -3.0dB x -3.0dB x -3.0dB	Chan Mode Line Mode RF Mode Room Type MixLevel Dolby Surn DownMixMod D Sur Ex	3/2 FilmStd FilmStd n/i 80dB d Off	LFE LFE Filte HPF LPF Sur 3dB A Sur Ph-Fi	yes yes tt yes lteryes am yes yes
Mai	n Menu – Mete	ers Audio Status	Dolby	AES Eye (CVBS In)		

The Dolby-E status option allows display of the Dolby-E meta-data present in the selected audio stream and determines whether the Dolby-E packet is timed correctly on the SDI video stream.

This option therefore allows the Dolby-E aspect of the signal to be timed correctly at all stages in a broadcast chain.

Checks can be made to see that the Dolby E has been created correctly and transferred transparently through the broadcast chain unaffected by routers/switchers, satellite links, etc.

### **Overview**

There are a number of Dolby broadcast digital audio standards that transport audio data over an SMPTE 337M AES carrier with a 48kHz sample rate:

Dolby E

Dolby Digital

Dolby Digital Plus

These standards can be used to transport mono, stereo, 5.1 and 7.1 audio programmes:

Dolby 5.1 - involves five channels for normal-range speakers (20 Hz - 20,000 Hz) (right front, centre, left front, rear right, rear left) and one channel (20 Hz - 120 Hz allotted audio) for the subwoofer driven low-frequency effects.

Dolby 7.1 uses six channels in the primary program (Independent Substream) for a standard 5.1 surround sound mix and then the 2 remaining 2 channels in an ancillary programme (Dependent Substream) to provide the additional down-mix.

# Dolby E

Dolby E is an audio encoding and decoding technology developed by Dolby Laboratories that allows up to 8 channels of audio (mono, stereo, 5.1 or 7.1) that for a primary programme (Programme 1) and optional ancillary programs. These 8 channels are compressed (lossless) into a digital stream that can be transferred between compatible devices and stored on a standard stereo pair of audio tracks. The most elaborate mode in common use is Dolby 7.1 which uses all eight channels to provide surround sound.

# Dolby Digital

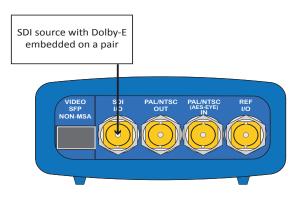
Dolby Digital (AC-3) is a 'perceptual audio' system for digital audio that allows the reduction of data needs to deliver high-quality sound. This system was developed primarily for DTV, DVD and HDTV. This format allow up to six channels of sound (mono, stereo or 5.1) in the form of a single 'program' that can be delivered at different bit rates. These 6 channels are compressed (lossy) into a digital stream that can be broadcast. The most elaborate mode in common use is Dolby 5.1 with uses all six channels to provide surround sound.

# Dolby Digital Plus

Dolby Digital Plus (E-AC-3) is a more advanced version of Dolby Digital that provides a more efficient encoding algorithm that provide enough bandwidth that allows up to 20 channels of audio (mono, stereo, 5.1, 7.1 up to 13.1) that for a primary programme (Programme 1) and optional ancillary programs that can be delivered at much lower bit rates than Dolby Digital. These 20 channels are compressed (lossy) into an independent digital data stream plus up to 8 dependent sub stream that can be transferred between compatible devices and stored on a standard stereo pair of audio tracks. The most elaborate mode in common use is Dolby 7.1 with uses eight channels to provide surround sound.

# Analyser Reference

In order for the Dolby-E data to be decoded correctly, the internal audio circuitry requires a reference that is synchronized to the input signal. The Generator Reference MUST therefore NOT be set to Free-Run or Dolby-E errors may be detected. The description field will display "Invalid Reference" if an incorrect reference is selected.



In this example, the SDI signal contains embedded audio with Dolby-E present on one or more audio pairs. The Sx instrument needs to lock its internal audio clock to the SDI signal (Generator – Genlock – Source = Input 1) and the Dolby Timing source should be set to SDI.

If the AES signal contains a Dolby-E stream. The SxTAG needs to lock its internal audio clock to the external reference signal and the Dolby Timing source should be set to Ext.Ref. The AES source MUST be locked to the same reference as the SxTAG.

# Source selection

The Dolby-E may be monitored from any of the SDI input embedded audio channel pairs or the AES input.

# Dolby E Framing Values

It is important for the Dolby-E packet to be positioned well away from the video switching line so that Dolby-E packets are not corrupted by downstream switchers. At all places in the signal chain where audio can be delayed by a different value to the video, the Dolby-E packet needs to be re-timed to make sure that this timing specification is met. The position of the Dolby-E packet in the video frame is displayed in lines and micro-seconds (us).

# Dolby E Timing source

Dolby-E timing may be measured relative to the SDI input or the External reference. If the 'Ideal' check box is checked, the Dolby-E Frame timing is relative to the normal position that it should be, i.e. it should be as close to 0 as possible. Each video standard has a specified 'Ideal' line number that the Dolby-E packet should start on. If the Dolby-E timing line is outside the valid range of lines it will be displayed in red. If it is outside the ideal range it will be displayed in dark green – this is still a valid Dolby-E position but not recommended by Dolby. The timing measurement is always displayed in terms of the SDI input lines and thus if an AES input is used as the Dolby-E source, the line position will NOT be displayed.

If you do not have the same reference as the SDI source, you will have to set the Reference Source and Dolby Timing Source to be the SDI input.

IMPORTANT: If Dolby-E is present on a fast frame rate signal (50p, 59p or 60p) then it should always be referenced to a interlaced reference at the same field rate as the packet length is longer than a single frame and must start at the beginning of an even numbered frame.

In	:1080i50	AES	-PCM Ok C	)ut:625i50	Lock	: × Absen	t Log	<b>)      </b>   11:06
	Dolby Sourc	ce 3-P1	Refere	nce Dolb	y-E Frame 30.1us	Starts at Line 0		SDI
	PgmConfig FrameRate Bit Depth	5.1 25 16 L1	(	Programs Drig.Rate TimeCode C1	1 25 00:00:00:	00 Ls	CRC Error 236 Rs	
	StartGain End Gain	0.00	B 0.0dB B 0.0dB	0.0dB	0.0dB 0.0dB	0.0dB 0 0.0dB 0	.0dB .0dB	
io	Program 1 Dialog Norr BsMod Ctr DnMix Sur.DnMix LRo Ctr Dnl LRo Sur Dnl LRt Ctr Dnl	m -2 Co -3 Mx -3 Mx -3	7dB mpMain .0dB .0dB .0dB .0dB	Chan Mode Line Mode RF Mode Room Type MixLevel Dolby Surn Dolby Surn	3∕2 FilmSto FilmSto n∕i 80dB d Off	LFE LFE HPF LPF Sur Sur	Filter 3dB Att Ph-Filter	yes yes yes yes yes yes
ipo <mark>y</mark> Mai	LRt Sur Dnl AC3 Rate n Menul Met		.0dB 4k Audio	D Sur Ex Dolby	n∕i AES Eye			ýes no
			Chatwa		(OUDG In)			

Dolby E Programme configuration

This displays the Program configuration (5.1 + 2 etc), the number of program in the meta-data, the frame rates and bit depths and time-code if any present.

Errors: This displays the number of CRC errors detected in the Dolby-E meta-data.

- Start Gain: These fields indicate the gain to be applied to the specified channel at the beginning of the audio frame when decoding.
- End Gain: These fields indicate the gain to be applied to the specified channel at the end of the audio frame when decoding.
- Program selection: Selects which set of program meta-data is shown. Up to 8 programs can be encoded in the Dolby-E packet dependent on the Program Configuration.

Program description User defined description for the selected program.

Program Metadata The meta-data is displayed in a Dolby specified order. Any data not required for the Program Configuration specified is grayed out and the data hidden.

# Dolby Digital Programme configuration

|--|--|

When Dolby Digital metadata is analysed this displays channel configuration and limited metadata that is sent with Dolby Digital.

# Dolby Digital Plus Programme configuration

_	625i50 Dolby So		sent	Out: 625i50 -Strea	Lock: ?	625∕50i ───┐rCRC Erro	<b>10:31</b>
	In1	G1-P2	Doll	by+ Main	n-1 Indep		0 Clear
E	Dialog N BsMod Ctr DnMi	Co	23dB ompMain	Chan Mode BSID Pa Spacing	1+1 16 1536	LFE Dialog Norm 2	no -23dB
i i				Room Type MixLevel Dolby Surnd	small∕flat 105dB		
i i	LRt Ctr LRt Sur Mix Meta		•s			Orig.Stream Copyright ExtPgmScalLFE	yes yes
B 1	Pgm Scal Ext Pgm Mix Def	Scale 80 no	1B o				
0							
Audi				_			
Main	Menu 1	1eters	Audio	Dolby			
			Status				

When Dolby Digital Plus metadata is analysed this displays the Main, Dependent and Independent program stream configuration and limited metadata that is sent with Dolby Digital Plus.

# Programme Metadata

The "Audio" - "Dolby" menu allows the metadata for a Dolby E data stream to viewed. For any programme this metadata would be created as part of Dolby E authoring process. The following metadata can be viewed for Program 1:

Dialogue Norm	is the normal audio level for dialogue. Ideally all transmitted programs would have the same value.
BsMod	(Bitstream Mode) indicates the type of audio service that the bitstream contains. Complete Main (CM) is the normal mode of operation and contains a complete audio program including dialog, music, and effects.
Ctr DnMix	(centre down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.
Sur DnMix	(surround down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.
LRoCtrDnMix	(left/right/stereo/centre down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 7.1 Dependent Substream.
LRoSurDnMix	(left/right/stereo/surround down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 7.1 Dependent Substream.
LR CtrDnMix	(left/right/centre down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.
LR SurDnMix	(left/right/surround down-mix) is a weighting value used in the encoding and decoding of surround sound mixes for a Dolby 5.1 Independent Substream.
Chan Mode	defines the channel configuration for Program 1 (ie mono, stereo, 5.1 channels).
Line Mode	this is an Operational Mode / Dynamic Compression Mode that is used by consumer and professional decoder products that simplifies the implementation of Dialogue Normalization, Dynamic Range Control, and down mixing functions, all of which are necessary in Dolby Digital products.
RFMode	this is an Operational Mode / Dynamic Compression Mode that is used by consumer and professional decoder products that simplifies the implementation of Dialogue Normalization, Dynamic Range Control, and down mixing functions, all of which are necessary in Dolby Digital products.
Room Type	this informational parameter indicates the type and calibration of the mixing room used for the final audio mixing session.
MixLevel	the Surround Down mix Level parameter indicates the nominal Lo/Ro down mix level of the Surround channel(s) with respect to the Left and Right channels
DolbySurnd	the Dolby Surround Mode parameter indicates whether or not a two- channel Dolby Digital bitstream is conveying a Dolby Surround encoded program.
DownMixMod	this controls the Down Mix Mode which is used by the content creator to optimise Center and Surround channel levels for use in stereo down mix mode for any two-channel programmes.
D Sur Ex	this controls the Dolby Surround Ex channel that provides an extra audio channel for Dolby 5.1. The extra surround channel of the Dolby Surround Ex system is matrix-encoded onto the discrete left-surround and right-surround channels of the 5.1 mix.

- The following control bits can also be viewed: LFE the LFE Channel parameter enables or disables the Low-Frequency Effects (LFE) channel. HPF this parameter can be used to activate the DC High pass filter for all input channels. LPF the LFE Low pass Filter parameter can be used to activate a 120 Hz lowpass filter applied to the LFE input channel. Sur 3dB Alt the Surround Channel 3 dB Attenuation function is use to apply a 3 dB attenuation to the Surround channels of a multichannel soundtrack created in a room with film style calibration, when encoding it for consumer home theatre playback. Sur Ph + Filter the Surround Channel 90-Degree Phase-Shift feature is used for generating multichannel Dolby Digital bitstreams that can be down-mixed in an external two channel decoder to create a true Dolby Surround compatible output. Org Stream the Original Bitstream informational parameter sets the value of a single bit within the Dolby Digital bitstream. This bit has a value of 1 (box checked) if the bitstream is an original. If it is a copy of an original bitstream, it has a value of 0. Copyright the Copyright Bit informational parameter sets the value of a single bit within the Dolby Digital bitstream. If this bit has a value of 1 (box checked), the information in the bitstream is indicated as protected by copyright. If it has a value of 0, it is not copyright protected.
  - RF 0v Prot the RF Over-modulation Protection parameter determines whether or not an RF pre-emphasis filter is used in the overload protection algorithm to prevent RF over-modulation in set-top box decoders.

# Peak Metering

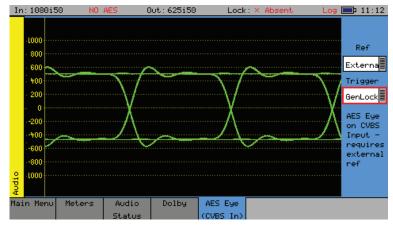
The peak audio levels are included in the Dolby-E metadata packet and may be displayed on the Analyzer-Audio-Meters page. Select the appropriate set of meters to display Dolby levels and then they will follow the selected Dolby-E source.



Note that audio cannot be decoded by the Sx range of products and so you will NOT be able to listen to the Dolby-E signal.

See the logging section for details on which changes of Dolby-E status may be logged.

# AES Eye (CVBS In) Option



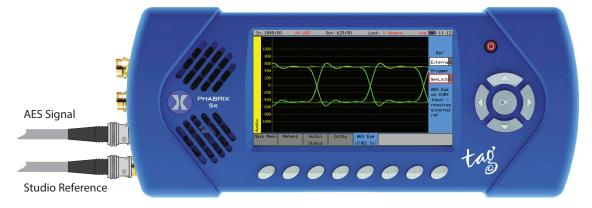
AES Eye menu allows an AES signal of  $75\Omega$ impeadance connected to the "PAL/NTSC (AES Eye) In" BNC connector to be displayed as an Eye pattern. This allows the amplitude and quality of the AES waveform to be seen and allows AES to reference locking to be checked

It can be difficult to check that the AES audio signal is correctly locked to the studio reference. The AES Eye menu allows the AES waveform to displayed on the unit. If the studio locking reference is also connected to the unit, then the AES Eye waveform can be displayed locked to this reference. If the AES signal is not correctly locked to the reference then the Eye waveform will run through the display.

Ref This drop down list allows the reference source to be selected for the AES waveform locking

Trigger This drop down list allows the Eye waveform to be triggered either from the AES signal itself (showing the level of jitter) or from the regenerated AES clock itself (showing the waveform without jitter.

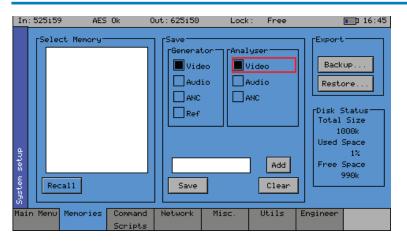
The graticule displays  $\pm 1$  Volt in 100mV increments



# Menu Reference

# System Menu

# Memories



The Memories menu displays the current settings in the Sx instrument may be saved for future recall.

The check boxes on the right-hand side determine what is saved in the memory. Non overlapping memories may then be combined together.



Note that if log-in has been enabled for an Sx instrument, memories may only be added, edited, renamed or cleared and archives backed up by a user with "Modify Memories" permissions.

# Saving Memories

Select the memory to save settings to by moving the cursor to the 'Select Memory' list and pressing 'OK'. Use the up/down cursor keys to select the memory and then press 'OK'. The name edit field next to the memory list will be updated with the name of the selected memory.

Specify which aspects of the Sx instrument are to be saved in the memory using the check boxes on the right hand side. If you want to change the name of the memory see the section 'Renaming Memories' below before saving.

Move the cursor to the 'Save' button and press 'OK'. The text field under the Memory list will change to show the last Saved or Recalled memory.

# **Recalling Memories**

Select the memory to be recalled by moving the cursor to the 'Select Memory' list and pressing 'OK'. Use the up/down cursor keys to select the memory and then press 'OK'. The name edit field next to the memory list will be updated with the name of the selected memory.

Move the cursor to the 'Recall' button and press 'OK'. The text field under the Memory list will change to show the last Saved or Recalled memory.

# **Renaming Memories**

Select the memory to be renamed by moving the cursor to the 'Select Memory' list and pressing 'OK'. Use the up/down cursor keys to select the memory and then press 'OK'. The name edit field next to the memory list will be updated with the name of the selected memory.

Move the cursor to the edit field and press 'OK'. The menu keys at the bottom of the screen will change to show text keys similar to a mobile phone. Pressing a key repeatedly will cycle through the characters for that key. Pressing a different key will move the cursor to the next position and insert the first key value for that key. The cursor left and right keys can be used to move the position of the text cursor which is where the next character will be inserted. The 'Back Space' key will delete the key to the left of the cursor. The 'Cancel' key will cancel edit mode and restore the original text. Once you have finished editing the name, press 'OK' to rename the memory.

### Adding Additional Memories

To add a new memory, press the ADD button. This will use the current memory name and settings.

### **Clearing Memories**

Select the memory to be cleared by moving the cursor to the 'Select Memory' list and pressing 'OK'. Use the up/down cursor keys to select the memory and then press 'OK'. The name edit field next to the memory list will be updated with the name of the selected memory.

Move the cursor to the 'Clear' button and press 'OK'. The memory list will show the default name for that memory. A cleared memory cannot be recalled.

### **Exporting Memories**

Memories can be exported to a single file for backup purposes and re-imported into the internal format. This allows different sets of memories to be used for different tasks, such as command scripts. Exported memories are in a text format and so may be edited on a PC and downloaded to/from the backups directory on the Sx instrument via FTP or USB.

Memory	Backup/Restore
This will perform a backup or in a text format which is sof rExisting Export Files	restore of all memory settings "tware version independent rFile Name
HeatSoak Petes Phils SystemTest	HeatSoak Saved 17:31:09 06-08-2008

To export memories, select the Backup... button which will open a window to select the file to create. Existing files are shown and a new filename may be selected using the File Name edit box. Select the Save button to create the backup file. The filename created will have a .mem file extension.

To import memories, select the Restore... button which will open a window to select the file to import. Existing files are shown and one should be selected before the Load button is pressed. Select the Load button to import the backup file.



Note that when importing a backup file, all existing memories are deleted before the backup file is loaded so make sure that they are backed up first.

# Disk Space

The disk space section shows total size of the internal flash disk and how much is used as a percentage and how much is free.

# **Command Scripts**

In: Absent	Out:625i50 Lock: × Absent	Log 💷 15:10
Current Script	un <mark>SystemTest New Delete</mark>	Make Report
Add Step Delete Step	Loop 1 Forever	File to use
-Step 1-Clear Log: 2-User:User1,User2 3-Enable logging:	Edit Step Step Action	rs: 0 Loops 0
4-Screen:FULL:Picture 5-Pause:4s 6-Screen:EVE:Eye 5 7-Check SDI Errors:1s	Clear Event Log	Run Time
8-Check AP CRC:1s		
Move Step Up Down	Approximate time for all steps:	8s
Main Menu Memories Comman Script		ineer

The Memories menu allows the Sx instrument to run pre-defined scripts.

This can be used automate testing of signals.

# Steps, Actions and Parameters

Command scripts are text files with an file extension of .cmd. They are formatted with one step per line. The line is formatted as StepTime, StepAction, StepParameters

StepTime is a numeric value in seconds 0....n

StepAction is one of:

ARCHIVE	This is used to specify the archive file to be loaded when the script is run. This makes sure that all the memories required for the test have been loaded.
	This archive file is loaded EVERY time the script is run so if you make changes to any memories you MUST use the Export/Archive section on the System-Memories tab to backup the current memories.
LOADMEM,	Loads the memory specified in the StepParameters field – must be a numeric value 1num memories.
CHECKERRS,	Check for CRC/EDH/ANC checksum errors in StepTime seconds. If there are any errors an event is added to the event log and the sequence pauses with a message to continue or abort. If the SDI input signal is missing, this is treated as an error.CHECK_AP_CRC
	Check for changes to the active picture CRC value in StepTime seconds. An event is added to the event log.
PROMPT	This will put a short prompt on screen in a dialogue asking the operator a question and waiting for OK to be pressed to continue. The time field is ignored and the parameter following is the text displayed.
CLEARLOG	This clears the Event Log
DISABLEEVT	This disables Event logging
ENABLEEVT	This enables Event logging
CLEARERRORS	This clears all error counts (EDH/CRC etc.)
LOGCOMMENT	Add the specified comment to the log file – useful to document the stage in the test process
PAUSE	Pause for the specified number of seconds to allow another process such as loading test patterns to complete.
SAVESTATUS	Save the current system status as an XML file.
SAVEIMAGE	Save the selected image as a bitmap file in the current scripts directory. Filename must be specified.

SELECTTAB Show the selected tab to allow the user to view something.

SEL\_USER Select user – users are comma separated

CHECK\_EYE Checks that the eye amplitude, overshoot, undershoot and rise/fall and difference between rise and fall times are within the SMPTE specifications for the time period specified.

CHECK\_JITTER Checks that the jitter levels are under those set in the logging jitter threshold fields for the time period specified. See logging setup section for further details.

### CHECK\_METER\_OFF\_LEVEL

This action checks that the level for any visible meters is at the level set by the meter scale. This level may be -18dB or -20dB. If the level is over 1dB greater or less than that value an error will be inserted in the log and report files. If any groups are missing, these will be ignored by the test. Testing may be limited to specified audio pairs as set up on the Log Setup page.

### CHECK\_METERS\_OFF

This action checks that the level for any visible meters is below -70dB. If the level is above that value an error will be inserted in the log and report files. If any groups are missing, these will be ignored by the test. Testing may be limited to specified audio pairs as set up on the Log Setup page.

CHECK\_AES\_INP This action checks that the AES input signal is present and has no errors for the specified time period.

### Creating Command Scripts

To create a new script:

1. Select the New button. This will create a blank script with the title "NewScript1\_". Select this title and a keyboard will be displayed. Enter the title you require and then select OK to save this title.

2. The first step in the script will be displayed Step Editor window. Use the Edit Step section to select the required Step Action.

3. Select the Add Step function to add a new step to the Script. This will add a new step directly below currently highlighted Step in the Step Editor window.

### Editing Command Scripts

To edit the title, select it, enter the title you require and then select OK to save this title.

To change the order of the steps within the script, highlight the step to be reordered and then use the Move Step Up/Down functions.

Unwanted steps can be removed by highlighting them and then selecting the Delete Step function.

An unwanted Command Script can be deleted by selecting the script (to make it the current script) and then selecting the Delete function.

### Running a Script

To run an existing Command Script, select it so that it is the Current Script, and then select the Run function.

- Loop if the Forever check box is selected, the Command Script will run repeatedly until it is stopped. If the check box is not set, the number of repeats can be set.
- Stop on Error If the Stop on Error check box is selected, the script will stop if an error is encountered.
- Make a Report If the Make a Report check box is selected, a report will be generated with the results of the Command Script when it is run.

Report Created	
Full TEST 5H35-2	
Full TEST 5H35	2 Res
Save	

When the report is created its title can be edited by selecting the title and using the keypad.

The report can also be numbered automatically using the auto-increment value to the right of the report title. Subsequent reports will have the same but will have an incremental number.

The Res (reset) button can be used to reset the number to 1.

### Network

In	:525i59 AES Ok C	)ut:625i50	Lock :	Free		17:34
System setup	TCP/IP Addresses Setup Re-connect Phabrix5x DHCP IP Address 127.0.0.1 Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway 192.168.0.1 DNS Server 192.168.0.1	] [ [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	On Port Mode	nections 2100		
Mai	n Menu Memories Command Scripts	Network	Misc.	Utils	Engineer	

PHABRIX Sx is fully network compatible and has a complete network interface to allow control of any Sx instrument from any other unit.

The Network menu allows the Sx instrument to be configured as part of a network.

(

Note that if the Sx instrument is turned on without the network connected, you will have to select the "Re-connect" button to set networking up correctly. This is because the Ethernet connection auto senses whether it has to swap the cable over which means that you can use any Ethernet cable with the Sx instrument but it also requires the Ethernet connection to be present when starting up.

If the DHCP check box is enabled, then the Sx instrument will attempt to automatically request an IP Address from any network it is connected to. This will only work if there is a DHCP server on network.

If your network has 'static' (non changing) addresses, you will need to see your network administrator to get an address assigned to your instrument and to get the Subnet mask and default gateway address. These details can then be entered in the corresponding boxes in the menu. Select each numeric box in turn and use the up and down cursors to pick the required value.

When the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Defualt Gateway and DNS Server values have been setup, use the Apply button to attach the Sx instrument to the network.

On the Sx2000 instrument, select the "System" - "Network" menu to access the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway and DNS Server values. Select the "Setup" button and edit the settings. Note that if the DHCP check box is enabled, these values will not be editable. Once the network addressing has been setup, select the "Apply" button to attach the Sx instrument to the network.

### Remote Control of Sx Instrument (Cost Option)

To allow remote control of an Sx instrument, you must have the TCP/IP address of the instrument set and the Remote Control 'On' check box must be checked.

The list box shows a list of current connections made to the instrument. This includes the web browser connection (127.0.0.1) which may be seen intermittently as the web browser connects every few seconds and then disconnects again. See the remote control documentation available for download for more information on the protocol and method of control.

The Sx instrument uses a default Port Number of 2100 for remote control access (See Remote Control SDK documentation on Download section of Web Site) This port number may now be changed if it conflicts with other applications in your system.

### Misc

In:	525159	AES Ok	Out: 625i50	Lock : F	Free	17:35
setup	Version: H/W Rev: U-Boot: Mar 12 2 Linux: Mar 09 2 Battery S	PetesUnit2 0.10.0026 ?? ID: 1.4 1.1.6 009 12:11:22 2.6.× 010 17:20:49	hh mm 17 35 Change LCD Bright	dd 9 Format d-m-y	System Opt Remote Con Signal Da Command S. Zone Plat Dealer Den Enh. Eye% Extra Vide	ntrol ta View cripts e no Unit
System :	-MAC Addre 12:34:56:		English		vtion Security No Options>	Code
	n Menu Memo	ries Comman Script		sc. Ut	ils Enginee	r

The Misc menu shows serial numbers, Sx instrument MAC address, version information and battery state. It also allows the date and time to be set and factory default settings to be recalled. The options security code is entered on this page if options are purchased.

### Changing The Date/Time

Check the 'Enable Change' check box under the date and time fields and then use the cursor to move around the date and time. Press 'OK' to edit a field and again to complete the change. When all fields have been edited, uncheck the 'Enable Change' check box and the new date and time will be set.

Note that the date may not be changed while a 30 day trial option is active.

### Changing the Date Format:

The date format used on logging screens etc may be set using the Format selection control. Three formats are available: Date-Month-Year, Month-Date-Year and Year-Month-Date.

### Setting LCD Brightness

Use the LCD brightness slider to set the LCD brightness, using a lower brightness will reduce the current drawn from the battery and thus lengthen battery life.

### Setting Screen Saver Mode

When the unit is battery powered the screen saver will operate after a user defined time period and reduce the LCD brightness down to its lowest level. This will lengthen battery life. Pressing any key will restore the previously set LCD brightness.

### Setting User Language

The language used to display the menus in may be changed to one of the supported languages. (Currently only English is supported)

### Changing Options Security Code

When new options are purchased for the Sx instrument a new Security Code will be supplied. This is specific to this instrument and cannot be used on other units. The security code is entered using the Edit field below the System Option list and is edited by pressing OK and using the menu function keys. If an incorrect Security code is entered a dialogue will be displayed. The new Security code will only be saved if it is valid, the old code will be used until a valid code is entered. Once a valid new code has been entered, the list of options provided by that code will be displayed. The options code is stored independently to memories and system settings.

### Utils

In: Absent	NO	HED	Out: 36A-1	1080130	LOCK	: Free	Log	<b>1</b> 7:
		FHare	dware Sta	tus——			Temperatur	e ———
		LM8 CPL	0 D	Errors 0 0	41) 39)	724	45.0 C	113.0 F
		AÈS IDT SDI SDI	r DAC SRC PLL DRV-1 EQ-1 Reclock	0 0 0 0	6		rVoltages Power In 2.5V 3.3V Fan 5.0V 3 5V	2.48V 3.26V
n setup							N.B. Only Eye∕Jitte	ON if r ON
System								-5.06V 3.30V
1ain Menu	Memories	Command Scripts	Network	< Mis	с.	Utils	Engineer	

The Utils menu displays details of the Sx instrument's operating status and details the temperature and individual voltages. This menu also allows you to disable selected options.

### Dealer Features

This section of the menu details the features that can be used by suppliers of the Sx instrument.

Show Options	this check box, if selected, will enable the features throughout the menu system.
Enable	this check box, if selected, allows options to be cleared from the Sx instrument.
Clear Option	this function, when pressed, will remove the selected options from the $Sx$ instrument.

### Hardware Status

This section of the menu shows any hardware errors that have been recorded by the Sx instrument. If the error count is greater than 0, contact you local dealer for advice.

### System Temperature

This section of the menu displays the current Sx instrument temperature. This information is provided for diagnostics purposes only.

### Voltages

This section of the menu displays the current voltages for the currently selected board in the "Board" section of the menu. This information is provided for diagnostics purposes only.

### Engineer

In	:108015	50 NO	AES C	lut:625i50	Lock	× Abs	ent	Log 💻	þ 11:38
	Π	ear Memorie  Enable   Clear A his will c  l memorie:	LL	Enable	efaults 1 clear	Do	ware Upge wwnload nstall	rade Chang	es
setup		t User Log: Setup 35 Out Gair Comp Out C	·	-CVBS Inpu Calibrati Cmp0=-19 Ref0=-4	on Data Sc=61830	rei	eboot af lease0.12 nable [		.all
System se	Po£ Out Io		SDI In ->			o Calibr Dut R 0	ation L In 0 0	R	
Mai	n Menu	Memories	Command Scripts	Network	Misc.	Utils	5 Engi	neer 🗌	

The Engineer menu is used to manage the SxTAG and allows user access to be setup and the installation of new versions of software.

### Clear Memories

This section of the menu allows the defined users who can access the Sx instrument to be cleared. To use this function, select the 'Enable' check box and press the 'Clear ALL' button. This will clear all of the user memories will be deleted.

### **Default Settings**

This section of the menu allows you to reset the Sx instrument back to its default settings. To do this, select the 'Enable' check box and press the 'Set Defaults' button and the factory defaults will be recalled. This will not affect the system Security Code or Free Run frequency.

### SDI In - SFP Out

If an appropriate SFP module is installed, the Loop check box in the "SDI In - SFP Out" section of the Engineer menu allows the video signal on the SDI Input to be looped through to the SFP Out connector. In this mode the Generator menu will be disabled.

Select Enable followed by Loop to select this mode of operation.

### Set User Login

User access can be setup for the Sx instrument by adding users to the system. With User log-in enabled, a log-in screen will be displayed when the Sx instrument is turned ON. This will then require a valid user and password to be entered. Each user has an encrypted password and permissions which may be set.

Select User and Password
This unit belongs to Phabrix R&D If you find it please return it by telephoning 01234 1234567
Please select a user and password
User: Pete

Using the User Login feature allows the Sx to be protected from un-authorised operation of the Front Panel controls. The prompt feature can allow a message to be displayed so that if the Sx instrument gets lost or stolen, someone finding it knows where to return it.

### Adding/Deleting Users

Add a user by editing a new name in the User Edit box next to the "Add User" button and then editing a new password. Once the password is 6 characters or longer, the "Add User" button will become enabled and may be pressed. Make sure that your password is memorable. If all passwords to an Sx instrument are forgotten, you can contact Phabrix for an over-ride password. Users with administrator permission may add/delete users.

Setup Users - Password and Login Prompt	
This unit belongs to Phabrix R&D If you find it please return it by telephoning 01234 1234567 Please select a user and password	Insert Line Delete Line Administrator Modify Memories
This unit belongs to Phabrix R&D	Modify Scripts
User:	Add Delete User User
Password: Password must be at least 6 characters	Change Password
	Close Window

Once user log-in has been set up on your Sx a "Log out" button is added to the main menu which causes the log-in screen to be displayed. This may be used to protect a systems settings from being modified by other users. The system is still fully running while the log-in screen is visible.

The permissions are:

Administrator: This user may add/delete users and may also edit the Log-in prompt text.

Modify Memories: This user may create, save and delete memories and Archives.

Modify Scripts: This user may create, save and delete script files (if the command scripting option has been purchased)

Each user may modify their own password by entering a new password (6 or more characters) and pressing Change Password.

If all users are deleted, the Sx instrument reverts to starting up without a login screen.

### Editing The Prompt Text

The simplest way to edit the prompt text is to FTP a prompt text file onto the Sx instrument. This file should be called "loginprompt.txt" (it MUST be all lower case). The instrument should then be re-started for the new file to be used.

Users with administrator permissions may also edit the prompt text by selecting a line in the prompt text list and editing it by pressing the OK button when in the line edit field using the text keyboard.

Add a new blank line after the selected line by pressing the "Add Line" button.

Insert a new blank line before the selected line by pressing the "Insert Line" button.

### Software Upgrade

This section of the menu allows new software versions to be installed. The Sx instrument may download and install new versions of software when available. This process is a two stage process: Download the software and then install it.

1. To download the latest software version, make sure that the network settings are correct and that the Sx instrument is connected to the internet via the Ethernet connection.

Pressing the Download button will cause the current release of software to be downloaded from the Phabrix Web Site. This will take a short time dependent on the connection to the Internet. Once the download has completed, the software will be checked for errors before being stored on the Sx instrument for future installation. If the latest software is already present on the Sx instrument, no software will be downloaded and a message will be shown.



Note that the unit should be connected to the AC adaptor so that the battery state does not affect the installation process.

Note that multiple releases of software may be stored on the Sx instrument so a previous release can be re-installed if required.

2. To install the downloaded software on the Sx instrument, select the release using the field with releases listed. The largest number is the latest release. Select the 'Install' button and a confirmation dialogue will be shown. Press "Yes" and the installation will start. This process takes several minutes to decompress the software, extract the files and then reprogram the hardware. If an error is given during the installation, retry the installation and or download. Do NOT turn the Sx instrument off until an installation has completed correctly.

Once the installation has competed, if "Reboot after Install" is checked the Sx instrument will re-start with the new software installed. If not checked then the instrument should be turned off and on again manually.



Note that as part of the installation procedure, all memories are archived to a backup file and then deleted. They can be restored from the System-Memories page using the Restore button and selecting the '\_Before\_Upgrade' archive.

The software release notes can be viewed by selecting the Changes button.

### CVBS Out Gain

This section is used to calibrate the analogue composite and reference video output levels. These levels are factory set.

### **CVBS** Inputs

This section is used to calibrate the analogue composite and reference video input levels. These levels are factory set.

### Audio Calibration

This section is used to calibrate the balanced audio input and output levels.

These levels are factory set.

# Menu Reference

### Logging Menu

### Overview

Logging allows events to be detected and recorded for future examination. The events to be logged can be specified so that unwanted events do not appear in the event log. If a system has a problem with intermittent signals, the SxTAG can be connected to that source and can be left for several days to log any errors. At the end of that period the log can be examined and the time and date of each error noted.

### **Event Log**

n: 720p59		I	0ut:720	0p59	Lock :	Free			[	<b></b>	12:46
Tim	e Dat	te I	Event				Θ	of No	Eve	nts	
C 12:17	':49 29 <del>-</del> 08	3-2012 :	Signal	OK state	changed:	⊖∎					
E 12:17	:49 29-08	3-2012 I	nput 1	Std: Abse	ent						
E 12:17	:51 29-08	3-2012 R	ef. Unl	ocked Abs	sent						
C 12:17	:53 29-08	3-2012 I	RemCtr1	: Client	Connecti	on					
E 12:17	:55 29-08	3-2012 R	ef. Unl	ocked Ing	-1						
E 12:17	:55 29-08	3-2012 I	nput 1	Std: 108	0p25 YCC4	22-1					
C 12:17	:55 29-08	3-2012 :	Signal	OK state	changed:	⊙∎					
C 12:17	:55 29-08	3-2012 :	Signal	OK state	changed:	⊙∎					
C 12:17	:55 29-08	3-2012 :	Signal	OK state	changed:	⊙∎					
E 12:17	:56 29-08	3-2012 I	nput 1	Std: Abse	ent -						
E 12:17	:58 29-08	3-2012 R	ef. Unl	ocked Ab:	sent						
E 12:18	:01 29-08	3-2012 R	ef. Unl	ocked In	-1						
E 12:18	:01 29-08	3-2012 I	nput 1	Std: 108	0p25 YCC4	22-1					
C 12:18	:01 29-08			OK state							
C 12:18	:01 29-08			OK state							
C 12:18	:01 29-08		-	OK state	-						
C 12:18						-					
	_		_				_				
in Menu	Events	Log Setup		Log	ANC			Add M	ark	Clea	in Log
				Sta	atus			in L	90		

The Event Log menu displays a list of events with a time stamp showing when they occurred.

Pressing the OK button on the front panel when the highlight is on the event log page allows the event log to be scrolled through to view all events in the list. The currently selected event is shown on the event log header. The date format may be changed using the Date 'Format' control on the "System" - "Misc" page. The event log may be cleared by pressing 'Clear Log' button; a dialogue will be shown asking the user to confirm the action. A date stamped 'mark' may be inserted into the event log to allow users to see when a test started or when a significant event happened using the 'Add Mark in log' button.



Note that the event log only shows changes in status, so if the input is always in error and never good, an event will not be shown. To get the full state of the instrument will require looking at the current status as well as the event log.

### Log Setup

In: 1080p30 Audio Th	AES-F nresholds-	2CM Ok Out:625i	i50 Lock: / 625/50 IFVideo Status	
	Level	Time (s)	Output Standard	Clear
Clip	-2dBFs	0.1 Log	Reference Status	Enable
High	-10dBFs	0.1 Log	🗌 Input Status	Веер
Quiet	-40dBFs	10.0 Log	EDH/CRC	Sys Errors
Muted	-82dBFs	10.0 Log	TRS Errors	System Info
Pair: 1	234	5678	Picture CRC	Battery
			SMPTE 352 Errors	Save CSV
				Log Time Limit-
[Dolby St	atus —		rAES Status	Enable
🗧 🗌 Erro	ors 🗌 Co	mmon MetaData	Errors	Start
Erro	ing 🌅 Pr	ogram MetaData	Input Status	End
1ain Menu	Events L	og Setup	Log ANC	Add Mark Clear Lo
			Status	in Log

The Log Setup menu allows specific events to be tracked by the Sx instrument.

The events to be logged are set up on this page by checking the appropriate 'Log' check boxes.

### Audio Thresholds

This section allows the thresholds for audio events to be set. If the audio level for a channel is higher than that specified for the Clip or High fields for the number seconds specified then an event will be added to the event log. If the audio level for a channel is lower than that specified for the Quiet or Muted fields, then and event will be added to the event log. Logging may be limited to specified audio pairs.

### Video Status

This section allows specific video status events to be logged:

Output Standard A log event will be added whenever the generator video standard changes.

Reference Status A log event will be added whenever the external reference standard changes or the external reference input is lost or re-appears.

- Input Status A log event will be added whenever the input video standard changes or if the input is lost or re-appears.
- EDH/CRC A log event will be added whenever a EDH/CRC error state changes. If the EDH/CRC state is correct, the event will show OK, else it will show FAIL. Separate Luma and Chroma CRC events may be shown. Note that EDH/CRC events may occur when an SDI signal is connected or removed.
- TRS Errors If the number of lines changes or line length changes during a frame, the input video will be detected as the TRS changing and an event logged. If the signal stays changing only a single event will be logged. If the SDI signal has a static line count and line length for 5 seconds, a TRS OK event will be added to the log. This reduces the number of log events for a bad SDI signal.
- Picture CRC This should only be used for static single frame test patterns (do not use for Zone Plate, dynamic broadcast signals or CheckField/Pathalogical test patterns which are two frames long at HD). This can be used to log changes in the CRC for the active picture (a value which is unique for each test pattern). If the CRC changes and was previously OK an error is added to the event log. If the CRC is the same as the last frame for 5 seconds an OK event will be added to the event log. Thus, if the active picture CRC is continuously changing there will only be one event in the log until the picture remains static when an OK event will be added.

### AES Status

This section allows AES audio errors to be logged:

- Errors A log event will be added whenever the embedded audio error status changes. This may be due to a Data Block Number error, ECC error or phase error status change. The event entry will detail which state has changed.
- Input Status A log event will be added if the AES signal disappears or appears.

### Dolby Status (Requires Dolby Analysis Option)

This section allows Dolby errors to be logged.

Errors	will add an event to the event log when a Dolby input stream is detected or lost. An event will also be added if a CRC error is detected in the Dolby metadata stream. If an error is detected in the Dolby stream, it may mean that the Dolby stream has not been synchronised with the embedded audio clocks.
Timing	will log if the Dolby-E frame timing is outside the Dolby specified 'Ideal' range. A Warning event will be given if the signal is OK but slightly outside the range and an Error event if it is on an invalid line.

### Common Metadata

will log any changes of the common metadata (Program Configuration, Bit Depth, Frame Rates)

### Program Metadata

will log any changed program metadata. This can be useful for following changes to a program stream over a long period of transmission.

### Logging

This section controls ALL logging events			
Clear	clears all entries in the event log.		
Enable	enables the logging process. If this is not checked, no events will be added to the log. This is a simple method of turning off ALL logging temporarily.		
Веер	causes the Sx will emit a short tone when an Event is added to the log. Note that the beep will happen even if the Speaker is set to Mute.		
SYS Errors	allows system errors to be displayed in the Event Log if they happen. If you are having problems with your Sx, checking this box can add events that can help PHABRIX determine the nature of the problem.		
System Info	allows system to report additional internal messages in the Event Log if they happen. If you are having problems with your Sx instrument, checking this box can add events that can help PHABRIX determine the nature of the problem.		
Save	saves the current event log to a text file in the currently specified language. The log file created, logfile.txt may be downloaded using a FTP connection. If the CSV box is checked then a comma separated value file will be created		

### Log Time Limit

The time when logging is enabled may be limited by time of day. Logging will start at the specified start time and end at the specified end time. The specified times must be after the current time. Un-check the box to log at all times. Logging must be enabled using the check box above for this to work.

### Log ANC Status

In: 720p59	Out: 720p59	Lock: Free	12:51
Select All	Select Active	Clear All	Setup Reset
RP165-EDH	S272-SD Audio	S272-SD Aux	5272-5D Ctrl
S299-HD Audio	S299-HD Ctrl	S315-Cam. Pos.	S353-MPEG Recod
S305-SDTI	S348-HDTI	S427-Lnk . Enc. 1	S427-Lnk .Enc. 2
S427-Link Enc	S352-Payload	0P47 Transport	OP47 Dist.
ITU-R BT 1685	RP214-KLV-V	RP214-KLV-H	RP223-UMID/ID
S2020-Audio	RP215 - Film	EIA-708 Caption	EIA-608 Caption
RP207 - Program	RP208 - VBI	S2010-SCTE MSGS	S2016-3 AFD
ARIB-B.22	ARIB-B.23-1	ARIB-B.23-2	ARIB-B.27 Capt.
ARIB-B.35	ARIB-B.39	ARIB-B.37 Ana	ARIB-B.37 HD
ARIB-B.37 Mob.	ARIB-B.37 SD	S2031-SCTE VBI	S2016-4 PAN
RP196-HANC	S12M-2 V-TCode	RDD8-WSS	RP196-VANC
Mark Deleted		П I	
<u> </u>			
lain Menu Events Log	; Setup	Log ANC	Add Mark Clear Log
		Status	in Log

The Log ANC Status menu allows user-setup of which ANC packets to log for changes in status (e.g. Present, Checksum Error, Missing, Parity Error). Individual check-boxes are provided to determine which packet DID/SDID combinations are logged.

Select All Pressing this causes the check boxes for all packets to be checked.

Select Active Pressing this causes the check boxes for all packets currently present to be checked.

Select All Pressing this causes the check boxes for all packets to be un-checked.

Setup This allows the user to define and name their own DID/SDID values for an ANC packet type.

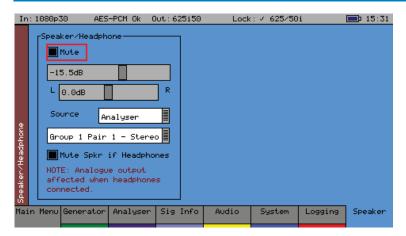
Configure User DID/SDIDs			
-User ANC Packe	ets DID	SDID	Stream
User-2	0	0	VI-1(C)
User-3	Θ	0	VI-1(C)
Close			

Reset

Clears the state for all packet types and thus a packet that was displayed as previously in error is shown as OK.

### Speaker Menu

### Overview



The Speaker menu controls which audio pair that can be heard on the loud speakers and headphone output of the unit. Menu Reference

The Sx instrument contains a loud speaker and associated stereo headphone socket which can be connected to any of the audio input or output channels or pairs.

The "Mute" check box allows both signals to be muted.

A volume control is provided to adjust the level to headphones and speaker together. The balance control can be used to adjust the Left-Right balance for the source being monitored.

The monitored source can be set to the input or output of the SxTAG and the input and output sources can be set independently to either a stereo pair or single audio channel.

The "Analyzer Source" is used to select the specific input that is to be heard.

The speaker can be muted when headphones are plugged in by checking the "Mute Spkr if Headphones" control.

Note that when listening to an audio source, the Sx instrument needs the audio to be synchronous with that of the Sx Generator. If this is NOT the case, 'clicks' will be heard on the speaker. Either connect the Sx instrument reference to the same reference as the SDI input source and set the Generator - GenLock source to Ref or set the genlock source to Input-1.

# Menu Reference



### Glossary

### **Glossary of Terms**

2K-SDI	2K digital cinema can be transmitted via SDI as defined in the SMPTE ST 2048-2:2011 standard ("2048 x 1080 Digital Cinematography Production Image FS/709 Formatting for Serial Digital Interface") and SMPTE 428-9 (D-Cinema Distribution Master - Image Pixel Structure Level 3 - Serial Digital Interface Signal Formatting).
3G-SDI	is a single 2.970 Gbit/s serial link (standardized in SMPTE 424M) that will replace the dual link HD-SDI (is standardized in SMPTE 372M).
AES	Audio Engineering Society
AES3-2003	standard for digital audio — Digital input-output interfacing —Serial transmission format for two channel linearly represented digital audio data.
AES Eye	This is the facility unique to the SxTAG that allows the AES waveform to be displayed as an Eye Pattern and allows the AES signal locking to be checked.
CPU	Central Processor Unit
CRC	(cyclic redundancy check) is an error-detecting code commonly used in digital networks and storage devices to detect accidental changes to raw data. Blocks of data entering these systems get a short check value attached, based on the remainder of a polynomial division of their contents; on retrieval the calculation is repeated, and corrective action can be taken against presumed data corruption if the check values do not match.
DID	(Data ID) is part of the Ancillary Data that is transmitted with the SDI data.
Dolby Digital	(AC-3) is a 'perceptual audio' system for digital audio that allows the reduction of data needs to deliver high-quality sound. This system was developed primarily for DTV, DVD and HDTV.
Dolby Digital Plus	(E-AC-3) is a more advanced version of Dolby Digital that provides a more efficient encoding algorithm that provides enough bandwidth that allows up to 20 channels of audio (for a primary programme (Programme 1) and optional ancillary programs that can be delivered at much lower bit rates than Dolby Digital.
Dolby E	is an audio encoding and decoding technology developed by Dolby Laboratories that allows up to 8 channels of audio to be compressed into a digital stream that can be transferred between compatible devices and stored on a standard stereo pair of audio tracks.
EDH	(Error Detection and Handling) protocol is an optional but commonly used addition to the Standard Definition-Serial Digital Interface (SDI) standard. This protocol allows an SD-SDI receiver to verify that each field of video is received correctly.
FPGA	a field-programmable gate array (FPGA) is an integrated circuit designed to be configured by the customer or designer after manufacturing.
Function Buttons	these are the set of 8 buttons below the Instrument Display on the Sx and Rx Ranges that are used to select the Instrument Display menu options.
GPI	General Purpose Input

Graticule	this is the scale displayed on an oscilloscope, vector scope or waveform monitor that provides a visual indication of the signal amplitude, time base and phase relationship.
Input Status Bar	is the bottom part of the Monitor Output display that shows the format and status of the input signals currently connected to the Rx chassis.
Instrument Display	is the TFT monitor available on the Sx Range of products and on the Rx 2000.
MSA (SFP)	(multi-standard agreement) is an industry agreed connection system for small form-factor pluggable package fibre optic connection for a range of communication and video transport formats employing a Datacom Pinout.
	This type of SFP is NOT supported by the SxTAG
Navigation Buttons	These are the up, down, left, right arrow buttons available on the Sx and Rx Ranges.
Non MSA (SFP)	This is an SD-SDI, HD-SDI and 3G-SDI small form-factor pluggable package, for fibre video connection, which provides an SDI output employing a Video Pinout. SMPTE 297-2006 compatible.
	Approved SFPs of this type are supported by the SxTAG
OLED	Organic Light-Emitting Diode
PHABRIX Rx 500	is a 1U height half rack mount Rasteriser which is small and light enough to fit a variety of applications from camera shading in OB environments or studio editing suites as well as manufacturing R&D departments. The Rx 500 has two input slots with 4 simultaneous inputs. All inputs are switchable and each can be independently controlled as picture or analysis instruments on an HDMI Monitor Output.
PHABRIX Rx 1000	is a 1U height 19" (482cm) rack mount Rasterizer with the ability to monitor up to 8 simultaneous inputs with loop through and is powerful enough to support simultaneous display of instruments across each module on HDMI Monitor Output. All inputs are switchable and each can be independently controlled as picture or analysis instruments with central control and report logging.
PHABRIX Rx 2000	is a 2U height 19" (482cm) rack mount Rasterizer with 2 on-board displays and the ability to monitor up to 8 simultaneous inputs with loop through and is powerful enough to support simultaneous display of instruments across each module on HDMI Monitor Output. All inputs are switchable and each can be independently controlled as picture or analysis instruments with central control and report logging.
PHABRIX SxA	is a 3G-SDI , HD-SDI and SD-SDI handheld SDI test signal generator, analyser and monitor supporting AES audio.
PHABRIX SxD	is a 3G-SDI , HD-SDI and SD-SDI handheld SDI test signal generator, analyser and monitor supporting dual link.
PHABRIX SxE	is a 3G-SDI , HD-SDI and SD-SDI handheld SDI test signal generator, analyser and monitor supporting eye and jitter measurement.
PHABRIX SxTAG	Configured as an entry level portable analyser, the TAG can be easily upgraded using a range of software options to provide a sophisticated instrument for testing broadcast infrastructures.

Pre-set Buttons	These are the set of 8 buttons below the Video Confidence display on the Rx 2000 that are used to select pre-defined inputs for display.
PSU	Power Supply Unit
SDI	(Serial Digital Interface) capable of transferring SD or HD broadcast video and broadcast audio between compatible devices.
SFP	Small form-factor pluggable package typically providing fibre optic connection and employing a MSA Datacom Pinout or a Non-MSA Video Pinout
SMPTE	(Society of Motion Picture & Television Engineers)
SMPTE RP211	Implementation of 24P, 25P and 30P Segmented Frames for 1920 x 1080 Production Format
SMPTE 259M	Implement a SMPTE 259M Serial Digital Interface Using SMPTE HOTLink™ and CY7C9235/9335
SMPTE 260M	Television - 1125/60 High-Definition Production System - Digital Representation and Bit-Parallel Interface
SMPTE 274M	High Definition (HD) Image Formats for Television Production
SMPTE-276M	Television - Transmission of AES-EBU Digital Audio Signals Over Coaxial Cable
SMPTE 292M	Bit-Serial Digital Interface for High-Definition Television Systems
SMPTE 296M	1280 $\times$ 720 Scanning, Analogue and Digital Representation and Analogue Interface
SMPTE 297-2006	Serial Digital Fiber Transmission System for SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 344M, SMPTE 292 and SMPTE 424M Signals
SMPTE 352	Payload Identification Codes for Serial Digital Interfaces — Amendment 1
SMPTE 424M	3 Gb/s Signal/Data Serial Interface
SMPTE 425-B	Mapping of 2 x SMPTE 292M HD SDI interfaces. Level-B can carry a Dual Link 1.485 Gb/s payload or two HD 1.485 Gb/s payloads
SMPTE 425M-A	Direct mapping of source image formats
SMPTE 428-9	D-Cinema Distribution Master – Image Characteristics
TFT	(Thin Film Transistor) is a type of LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) monitor.

### Glossary



### **B** Specification

## Specification

### SxTAG Instrument

### **Operating Environment**

Operating Temperature0-40 °COperating Humidity<85% RH (no condensation</td>If the unit is operated at a higher temperature there is a possibility of a fire hazard.

If the temperature is changed rapidly from a cold environment to a hot environment, moisture can be created internally which can cause malfunction or damage the unit. Allow the unit to sit for 30 minutes without power applied to reduce any possibility of condensation.

If the temperature rises above 60°Centigrade a warning dialogue will be given. If the temperature rises above 65°Centigrade the unit will be turned OFF.

Under both conditions, an event will be added to the event log to show what happened.

### **Expected Behavior**

### LCD Monitor

The LCD may have some pixels that are always turned ON or always turned OFF. This is normal and should not affect normal operation.

### LCD Flicker

The unit supports many video standards. The input SDI signal is displayed asynchronously and may flicker on the waveform display or picture display. The unit stores the input SDI signal internally, and then reads the internal frame using the LCD sync signal, which is asynchronous to the input SDI signal. LCD flickering may occur if a frame is skipped or repeated.

### Remote Network Operation

Remote network operation is only guaranteed when connected to a local machine.

### Dimensions

Dimensions230 (L) x 93(H) x 45(D) mmWeight2kg

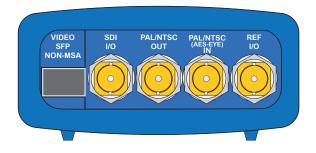
### Front Panel

	Power On/Off
PHABRIX Sx	Absent       NO AES       Out: 625150       Lock: / 6257501       D 08:51         Stut       542: 625150       COMIROL       Resolution       Resolution         TCP/IP: 192:168.0.39       Comic       Resolution       Resolution         Stut       Statisestructure       Statisestructure       Resolution       Resolution         Stut       Statisestructure       Statisestructure       Resolution       Resolution       Resolution         Stut       Milling       1:2:3:4       Len 0n       Resolution       Resolution       Resolution         Statisest       Lock: 6:25:50:1       Len 0n       Resolution       Resolution
Interna	Speaker Menu Buttons Cursor/OK Buttons

The front panel provides access to the TFT Display and menu system.

Display Type	4.3 inch TFT colour
Display Format	480 x 272 24 bits
Backlight	Variable brightness
Screen Saver	Reduces brightness after user adjustable time.

### **BNC Panel**



The SxTAG BNC panel provide the following connections.

### SDI I/O

This connection is a bidirectional SDI interface. The SxTAG can work as Analyser or Generator but not both at the same time.

When working as an Analyzer this connector functions as follows:

Supported standards	SD-SDI or HD-SDI. See Supported formats
Connector	BNC 75Ω type
Input Impedance	75 ohm terminated
Input Return Loss	> = 15dB (5MHz to serial clock frequency)
Maximum Input Voltage	+ /- 2V

When working as a Generator this connector functions as follows:

Supported standards	SD-SDI or HD-SDI. See Supported formats
Connector	BNC 75Ω type
Output Impedance	75 ohm terminated
Output Level	+/- 400mV

### PAL/NTSC Out

Supported standards	PAL-M, PAL-N, NTSC
Connector	BNC 75 $\Omega$ type
Output Impedance	75 ohm terminated
Output Level	$1V$ into $75\Omega$
Frequency Response	DC to 5.8Mhz $\pm 1\%$
Waveform Accuracy	< 1 %
Vector Accuracy	±1°

### PAL/NTSC (AES Eye) IN

Supported standards	PAL-M, PAL-N, NTSC
Connector	BNC 75Ω type
Input Impedance	75 ohm terminated
Input Return Loss	> = 35dB (100Hz to 10MHz)
Maximum Input Voltage	+/- 2V

### REF I/O (

The Ref I/O connection is bidirectional. When operating as a reference input is has the following characteristics:

Label	REF I/O
Input Signal	Tri-level or Bi-Level (black burst) syncs 50/59.94/60Hz
Connector	BNC 75Ω type
Input Impedance	75 ohm terminated
Maximum Input voltage	+/- 2V
Specification	Tri-level syncs (SMPTE274M and SMPTE296M) 600 mV pk-pk PAL Black Burst (ITU624-4/SMPTE318) 1V pk-pk, Composite NTSC (SMPTE 170M) 1V pk-pk

When operating as a reference output it has the following characteristics:

Supported standards	PAL-M, PAL-N, NTSC
Connector	BNC 75Ω type
Output Impedance	75 ohm terminated
Output Level	1V into $75\Omega$
Frequency Response	DC to 5.8Mhz ±1%
Waveform Accuracy	< 1 %
Vector Accuracy	±1°

### SFP Cage (Option)

Interface	Single Tx, Single Rx or Transceiver (Non-MSA)
Module Types	Non-MSA Video Pinout conforming to SMPTE 297-2006
	Supporting Fibre SD-SDI, HD-SDI and 3G-SDI
	PHRXM-OPTAG (G02929-31CM) Transceiver
	(See www.phabrix.com for supported modules)

### **Control Panel**



The SxTAG Control panel provide the following connections.

### **Power Connection**

Voltage	5V + - 5%. (DC Power adapter provided)
Power Requirements	AC 90-250V 50/60Hz 10W max

### Networking

Ethernet	IEEE802.3 10/100Mb/s (10/100-base-T connection)
Ethernet Connector	RJ-45
Purpose	Browser control of instrument and FTP access to system files and allowing the instrument to be connected into a network and accessed via TCP/IP so that it can be controlled remotely.

### Audio I/O Connector

Connector Type	15-way D-type, High Density, Female
1	Analogue balanced audio input Left +
2	Analogue balanced audio input Right +
3	Analogue balanced audio output Left +
4	Analogue balanced audio output Right +
5	AES Audio Input
6	0V analogue
7	0V analogue
8	0V analogue
9	0V analogue
10	OV AES
11	Analogue balanced audio input Left -
12	Analogue balanced audio input Right -
13	Analogue balanced audio output Left -
14	Analogue balanced audio output Right +
15	AES Audio Output

### Analogue Balanced Audio Input (15-Way Connector)

Input Impedance	10K ohm terminated	
Input Type	Differential, AC coupled	
Frequency Response	50Hz to 18kHz $\pm$ 1%	
Maximum Input Voltage	?V at OdBfs	

### Analogue Balanced Audio Output (15-Way Connector)

Output Impedance	10K ohm terminated
Ouput Type	Differential, AC coupled
Frequency Response	50Hz to 18kHz $\pm 2\%$
Maximum Output	?V at OdBfs

### Analyzer AES Input (15-Way Connector)

Input Impedance	75 ohm terminated
Maximum Input Voltage	+/- 2V
Sample Rates	The input has a sample rate converter and so will accept any sample rate from 32kHz to 192kHz.
Specification	Conforming to AES3-2003 and SMPTE-276M

### Generator AES Output (15-Way Connector)

Input Impedance	75 ohm terminated	
Output Voltage	1 V	
Sample Rates	48kHz	
Specification	Conforming to AES3-2003 and SMPTE-276M	

### Headphone Output

Connector	Miniature 3.5mm Stereo Jack
Level	Adjustable
Purpose	Local monitoring of audio

### Local Control

USB	USB 1
USB Connector	Mini A/B
Purpose	Software installation.

### Specification

### Supported Video Formats

### SD 270 Mb/s

Standard	Resolution	Colour Space	Rate
EBU Tech. 3267-E	720 x 576	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10-bit	150.00
SMPTE 259M	720 x 483	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10-bit	159.94

### HD 1.485 Gb/s (SMPTE 292M)

r		1	
Standard	Resolution	Colour Space	Rate
SMPTE 296M	1280 x 720	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10 bit	P 23.98
			P 24.00
			P 25.00
			P 29.97
			P 30.00
			P 50.00
			P 59.94
			P 60.00
SMPTE 260M	1920 x 1035	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10 bit	159.94
			160.00
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10 bit	150.00
			159.94
			160.00
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10 bit	P 23.98
			P 24.00
			P 25.00
			P 29.97
			P 30.00
SMPTE RP211	1920 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10 bit	sF 23.98
			sF 24.00
			sF 25.00
			sF 29.97
			sF 30.00

### Dual Link 1.485 Gb/s (SMPTE 327M)

Standard	Resolution	Colour Space	Rate
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10 bit	P 50.00
			P 59.94
			P 60.00
	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (R'G'B'), 4:4:4:4 (R'G'B' + A)/10-bit	P or sF 23.00
			P or sF 24.00
			P or sF 25.00
			P or sF 29.97
			P or sF 30.00
			150.00
			159.94
			160.00
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (R'G'B')/12-bit	P or sF 23.00
			P or sF 24.00
			P or sF 25.00
			P or sF 29.97
			P or sF 30.00
			150.00
			1 59.94
			160.00
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R'), 4:4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R' + A)/10-bit	P or sF 23.00
			P or sF 24.00
			P or sF 25.00
			P or sF 29.97
			P or sF 30.00
			150.00
			I 59.94
			160.00
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R')/12 bit	P or sF 23.00
			P or sF 24.00

			P or sF 25.00
			P or sF 29.97
			P or sF 30.00
			150.00
			159.94
			160.00
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/12 bit	P or sF 23.00
			P or sF 24.00
			P or sF 25.00
			P or sF 29.97
			P or sF 30.00
			150.00
			159.94
			160.00
SMPTE 428-9	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (X'Y'Z')/12 bit	P or sF 23.98
			P or sF 24.00

## Specification

### 3G Level-A 2.97 Gb/s (SMPTE 425M-A)

Standard	Resolution	Colour Space	Rate
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/10 bit	P 50.00
			P 59.94
			P 60.00
SMPTE 296M	1280 x 720	4:4:4 (R'G'B'), 4:4:4:4 (R'G'B' + A)/10-bit	P 23.00
			P 24.00
			P 25.00
			P 29.97
			P 30.00
			P 50.00
			P 59.94
			P 60.00
SMPTE 296M	1280 x 720	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R'), 4:4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R' + A)/10-bit	P 23.00 *
			P 24.00 *
			P 25.00 *
			P 29.97 *
			P 30.00 *
			P 50.00 *
			P 59.94 *
			P 60.00 *
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (R'G'B'), 4:4:4:4 (R'G'B' + A)/10-bit	P or sF 23.00 *
			P or sF 24.00 *
			P or sF 25.00 *
			P or sF 29.97 *
			P or sF 30.00 *
			150.00 *
			159.94 *
			160.00 *
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R'), 4:4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R' + A)/10-bit	P or sF 23.00 *
			P or sF 24.00 *
			P or sF 25.00 *
			P or sF 29.97 *
			P or sF 30.00 *
			150.00 *
			159.94 *

			160.00
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (R'G'B')/12-bit	P 23.00 *
			P 24.00 *
			P 25.00 *
			P 29.97 *
			P 30.00 *
			150.00 *
			159.94 *
			160.00 *
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R')/12 bit	P 23.00 *
			P 24.00 *
			P 25.00 *
			P 29.97 *
			P 30.00 *
			150.00 *
			159.94 *
			160.00 *
SMPTE 428-9	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (X'Y'Z')/12 bit	P or sF 23.98 *
			P or sF 24.00 *
SMPTE 274M	1920 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R')/12 bit	P or sF 23.98 *
			P or sF 24.00 *
			P or sF 25.00 *
			P or sF 29.97 *
			P or sF 30.00 *
			150.00 *
			159.94 *
			160.00 *

\* Advance Format Option required

### 3G Level-B 2.97 Gb/s (SMPTE 425-B)

Payload type	
1 x SMPTE 372M dual-link payload	
2 x SMPTE 292M HD 720 payloads	
2 x SMPTE 292M HD 1080 payloads	

### **2K-SDI** Formats Option

Standard	Resolution	Colour Space	Rate
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'вC'я)	60.00,
ST 2048-2	2040 X 1000	10 bit	
51 2040-2			60/1.001, 50, 48 and
			48/1.001 P
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		10 bit	25, 24 and
			24/1.001 PsF
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R+A)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		10 bit	25, 24 and
			24/1.001 PsF
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (R'G'B')	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		12-bit	25, 24 and
	0.0.4.0		24/1.001 P
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R+A)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		12 bit	25, 24 and
SMPTE	2048 x 1080		24/1.001 P
ST 2048-2	2048 X 1080	4:4:4 (R'G'B') 12-bit	30, 30/1.001, 25, 24 and
51 2040-2		IZ-DIL	25, 24 and 24/1.001 PsF
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (Y'C'BC'R+A)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2	2040 x 1000	12 bit	25, 24 and
5120402			24/1.001 PsF
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		12 bit	25, 24 and
			24/1.001 P
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R+A)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		12 bit	25, 24 and
			24/1.001 P
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		12 bit	25, 24 and
			24/1.001 PsF
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:2:2 (Y'C'BC'R+A)	30, 30/1.001,
ST 2048-2		12 bit	25, 24 and
			24/1.001 PsF
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (X'Y'Z')	24 and
ST 428-9		12-bit	24/1.001P
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (X'Y'Z')	24 and
ST 428-9	20/0 1000	12-bit	24/1.001Psf
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (X'Y'Z')	25, 30 and
ST 428-19	20/0-1000	12-bit	30/1.001 P
SMPTE	2048 x 1080	4:4:4 (X'Y'Z')	25, 30 and
ST 428-19		12-bit	30/1.001 Psf



### Warranty

### Overview

The Sx range benefits from a 1 year warranty including telephone and email support.

3 and 5 year warranties are available at additional cost.

Each Sx leaves our UK factory with its own unique list of quality controlled settings which are recorded by our manufacturing department. Should the Sx require calibration, these settings are compared with its pre- calibration state to ensure consistency and traceability.

The product has been designed and manufactured to be of the highest quality. However, should the instrument develop a fault during the warranty period, please return to your local PHABRIX agent for repair.

Calibration services are available throughout the PHABRIX network of distributors. www. phabrix.com

### Warranty Exceptions

PHABRIX are not responsible for free service during the warranty period under the following conditions:

Incorrect voltage applied to instrument.

Incorrect power adaptor used.

Fire, natural disaster.

Repair of instrument by non PHABRIX approved agent

Repair of damage caused by third party products.

Repair of damage caused by improper use.

Repair without proof of purchase.

### Product Registration

Please register your product on-line at www.phabrix.com

Registration of your product within 3 months ensures a further year of support.

### **General Maintenance**

The Sx instruments have been designed to need minimum maintenance. The use of low power components means that there is not need for large amounts of cooling and therefore there are is not need to clean fan filters.

The case can be cleaned by wiping gently with a soft cloth, lightly dampened with a neutral cleaning agent. A screen cleaning cloth may be used to clean the LCD. Do not apply force to the LCD when cleaning or it may be damaged.



Warning always remove the power supply from the instrument and turn OFF before cleaning. Do not allow any water or other liquid to enter the instrument while cleaning.

### **Preventative Maintenance**

For long reliable use of the Sx instrument please take the following precautions:

Install the Sx instrument in a position which has adequate air flow and is not in direct sun light.

Ensure that connecting cables are tied back so that they do not put strain on the rack mounts and that the do not obstruct air flow.

Ensure that the fan grills are not obstructed.

Avoid installations where there are dramatic changes in temperature, high humidity and areas contaminated by dust, smoke or construction debris.

Avoid installations that may be affected by vibration.

Do not exceed the rated operation of the Sx instrument, ie temperature and signal levels.



The instrument should only be operated between 0 and 40 °Centigrade. If the instrument is operated at a higher temperature there is a possibility of a fire hazard. If the temperature is changed rapidly from a cold environment to a hot environment, moisture can be created internally which can cause malfunction or damage the instrument. Allow the instrument to sit for 30 minutes without power applied to reduce any possibility of condensation. If the temperature rises above 60°Centigrade a warning dialog will be given. If the temperature rises above 65°Centigrade the instrument will be turned OFF. Under both conditions, an event will be added to the event log to show what happened.

### Software Maintenance

### Installing New Software

New software can be installed on the Sx instrument using 2 different techniques that take into account the location of the Sx instrument, the type of network access that the Rx instrument has and you company's IT policy.

Note that during the installation process the instrument will not be available for use.



Note also that any existing Presets stored will be archived and will need to be restored if they are required. See the "System"-"Memories" section in chapter 2 for details about how to restore presets archived by the installation of an new version of software.

### Software Download from Internet

Using the Sx instrument's LCD screen (access via a web browser - see chapter 1 for details), and the Sx instrument has Internet network access, you can down load and install directly into the Sx instrument from the browser:

This process is a two stage process, first the new software needs to be Downloaded then the new software needs to be installed.

1. In the System - Network menu (Network window on Monitor Output) check that he network settings are correct and that the instrument is connected to the internet via the Ethernet connection.

2. From the System menu, select Engineer (Engineer Setup window on Monitor Output) to download the latest software version. Pressing the Download button will cause the current release of software to be downloaded from the PHABRIX Web Site.

This will take a short time dependent on the connection to the Internet. Once the download has completed, the software will be checked for errors before being stored on the instrument for future installation. If the latest software is already present on the Sx instrument, no software will be downloaded and a message will be shown.



Note that multiple releases of software may be stored on the Sx instrument so a previous release can be re-installed if required.

3. To install the downloaded software on the Sx instrument, select the release using the field with releases listed. The largest number is the latest release. Select the 'Install' button and a confirmation dialogue will be shown. Press "Yes" and the installation will start. This process takes several minutes to decompress the software, extract the files and then reprogram the hardware. If an error is given during the installation, retry the installation and or download. Do NOT turn the instrument off until an installation has completed correctly.

Once the installation has competed, if "Reboot after Install" is checked the instrument will re-start with the new software installed. If not checked then the instrument should be turned off and on again manually.



Note that as part of the installation procedure, all memories are archived to a backup file and then deleted. They can be restored from the System-Memories page using the Restore button and selecting the '\_Before\_Upgrade' archive.

The software release notes can be viewed by selecting the Changes button.

### FTP Transfer from a connected PC

If the software cannot be installed, for example because the Sx instrument does not have Internet access, you can transfer the software files directly to the Sx instrument's Setup folder using the PHABRIX FTP client:

1. Download the latest Sx software version from the PHABRIX website then drag the zip file to the PHABRIX FTP client (also available from the PHABRIX website).

Sx IP Address 1	Client - 1.3.0.0	-	?	-	_	×
Software Up date		ScreenDumps				
Available Softwar	e Versions					
C:\Users\Alan.Wh	eable\Document	s\PhabrixSxFtp\S	oftware\			
Get Latest						
Copy to Sx						
Drag and drop so	ftware zip files fn	om Windows Exp	lorer onto here			
release0.10.0130						

To connect to the instrument you will need to use the PHABRIX FTP client available from the PHABRIX website. This connects to the Sx unit using unit's IP address (as host name) with:

Username "sxuser"

Password: "phabrixsx"

2. In the PHABRIX FTP client enter the IP address of the Sx unit to be updated.

3. In the PHABRIX FTP client select the zip file for the new software and press the "Copy to Sx" button.

This will copy the new software files to the Sx instrument's "Setup" folder, updating the existing files as necessary. This can take up to 20 minutes depending on the connection speed.

5. Once the PHABRIX FTP client has finished copying the files to the Sx unit, use the "System" - "Engineer" menu find the new software version in the "Software Upgrade section of the menu then select "Install".

Wait for the new software to be installed. The progress will be indicated on screen.

During this time the software will be decompressed, files will be extracted and the hardware (FPGA) will be reprogrammed. If an error is given during the installation, retry the installation and or download. Do NOT turn the unit off until an installation has completed correctly.

### Reverting to a Earlier Version of Software

If you need to revert to an earlier version of software:

Use the "System" - "Engineer" menu find the version of software you require in the "Software Upgrade section of the menu then select "Install".

Wait for the new software to be installed. The progress will be indicated on the front panel screen and on the Monitor output.

During this time the software will be decompressed, files will be extracted and the hardware (FPGA) will be reprogrammed. If an error is given during the installation, retry the installation and or download. Do NOT turn the instrument off until an installation has completed correctly.

### Sx File Structure

The Sx instrument uses Linux as its operating system and a number of directories within the file system are provided for user-specific files.

### Patterns

The Patterns directory contains several sub-directories for the related video standards. Test pattern files should be placed in the correct directory for the video standard in use. i.e. if a 720p video standard is being used, only the test patterns in the 720yuv directory will be available. You may have a test pattern with the same name in different pattern directories but they should have the correct size and colour type (rgb/yuv) for the directory that they are in or they will be converted and may lose colour accuracy.

Patterns that are too large for the current standard will be clipped to fit; patterns that are too small will gain a black border and will be centred on the output image.

Test patterns are .pat files for the standard line based pattern files or user files. Supported user file formats are:

Windows bitmap files (.bmp). We support 24bit uncompressed bitmap formats only.

10 bit video files (.dpx) We support 10bit RGB/YUV formats only in Left to Right orientation.

Yuv and qnt files (8/10 bit packed yuv only)

targa (.tg) files which are compressed or uncompressed 8bit RGB files. We support Left to Right orientation only.

Phabrix specific .pat, .rgb, .yc4 files generated by the Phabrix pattern editor/convertor.

Note that bitmap files which are RGB will be converted to YUV internally as appropriate to the output standard. This will mean that not all valid YUV values can be output. If dpx YUV files are used then all valid values may be output.

### **S**cripts

Command scripts may be downloaded into this directory. See File Formats-Command Scripts for more details.

### Setup

The Setup directory contains the installer files for different releases of the software. Each release is comprised of a .tar.gz file and is self contained. If a release of software is copied onto the instrument, the list of available releases will be updated within a minute.

### Idents

The Idents directory contains bitmap idents as used by the generator. Supported user file formats are:

- .bmp (Windows bitmap files: 24bit only)
- .dpx files (10 bit video files)
- .yuv files (8/10 bit packed yuv)
- .tga (targa files)

Note that bitmap files are RGB and will be converted to YUV internally as appropriate to the output standard. This will mean that not all valid YUV values can be output. If YUV files are used(.dpx), then all valid values may be output.

### Fonts

The fonts available for use by the generator to add text idents may be enhanced by downloading new True Type fonts (.ttf) into this directory.



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