How To Configure Temperature Screening
DS-2TDxxxxB-xx/Px Thermographic Camera with Blackbody

1. General Parameters

• Temperature Measurement Range
  86°–113° F (30.0°–45.0° C)

• Temperature Measurement Accuracy
  ±0.3° C

• Camera Resolution and Focal Length
  
  DS-2TD1217B-3/PA: Thermal: 160 × 120, Optical: 2688 × 1520, 3 mm

  DS-2TD2617B-6/PA: Thermal: 160 × 120, Optical: 2688 × 1520, 6 mm

  DS-2TD2636B-13/P: Thermal: 384 × 288, Optical: 2688 × 1520, 13 mm

• AI Face Detection
  Multiple targets (up to 30) skin-surface temperature detections at the same time (wearing masks does not affect this detection)

  NOTE: The Face Detection feature does not identify individuals, but is used only to target the facial area of human subjects for temperature readings.

• Operating Environment
  A stable indoor environment without wind or direct sunlight

  Working temperature: 50°–95° F (10°–35° C)

2. Installation

• Installation Cautions
  The performance of this temperature-screening scheme is greatly affected by the environment. This scheme applies only to indoor environments or scenarios with calm air and consistent temperature. Besides, the relative installation location of devices and the ambient light (too bright or too dark) greatly affect face detection accuracy. In order to improve measurement accuracy and reach better human face detection performance, the installation environment has to meet certain requirements:
- Select installation environments with one-direction path to ensure that cameras capture the full faces of all passing persons.

- Select installation environments with stable and sufficient lighting conditions. Supplementary light is required under backlight or insufficient lighting conditions to ensure the clear visibility of facial features.

- Select indoor environments with calm air and consistent temperature. Outdoor environments with rapid temperature changes are not recommended.

- If this scheme is used in entrance scenes that connect indoor and outdoor environments, it is suggested that the installation location should be kept at a certain distance from the entrance (such as customs or security checkpoints). Persons coming in from outdoors should stay indoors for more than five minutes before the measurement. In these ways, the influence of the outdoor temperature on measured body surface temperature could be reduced.

- Avoid objects with high or low temperature placed in the scene.

- The devices should be installed firmly, thereby avoiding face detection and temperature measurement errors caused by shaking.

• **Camera Installation**

The camera should be set right in front of the one-direction path, capturing the full faces of passing persons. The installation height and the distance between the camera and measured objects is dependent on the resolution and focal length of thermographic camera, as shown in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thermal Resolution</th>
<th>Thermal Focal Length</th>
<th>Recommended Distance (between human and camera)</th>
<th>Installation Height</th>
<th>Elevation Angle Requirements</th>
<th>Installation Method</th>
<th>Black Body Distance (between camera and black body)</th>
<th>Black Body Installation Height</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>160 * 120</td>
<td>3 mm</td>
<td>0.8 m–1.5 m</td>
<td>1.5 m</td>
<td>≤20°</td>
<td>Tripod</td>
<td>≤1 m</td>
<td>1.7 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6 mm</td>
<td>1.5 m–3 m</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>384 * 288</td>
<td>13 mm</td>
<td>2.5 m–7 m</td>
<td>1.7 m–2.5 m</td>
<td></td>
<td>Wall Mount</td>
<td>≤3.0 m</td>
<td>≤5.0 m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** There are tripods, tripod adapters, and wall mounts offered by Hikvision for
flexible or fixed placement, but these items require additional purchase. Only devices with resolution of 384*288 are recommended to be installed on the wall.

Figure 1, Tripod, Adapter, and Wall Mount

- **Blackbody Installation**

  **Installation Location**
  The recommended distance between the camera and the blackbody is in the above table. The blackbody is recommended to be installed at a height of 1.7m, with an elevation angle of within 15°. Ensure that the black body appears in the upper left / upper right corner of the camera view. Make sure that the blackbody would not be blocked by any other target during temperature measurement.

Figure 2, Camera Placement

**Configuration Steps**

1. Start up device.
2. Press SEL for temperature setting.

3. Press UP and DOWN to adjust the temperature of the blackbody as 40° C.

4. Confirm your adjustment by pressing SEL again.

5. Wait until the displayed temperature value reaches 40° C and remains unchanged.

3. Configuration

   • Select VCA Resource Type

   1. Enter VCA Resource Type interface: Configuration > System > Maintenance > VCA Resource Type.

   2. Select Body Thermometry as VCA Resource Type.

   3. Click Save and wait for device restart.

   • Set Local Configuration

   1. Go to the Local Configuration interface: Configuration > Local.
2. Click to enable the following settings:

   • **Rules**: Refers to the rules on your local browser; select **Enable** to display the colored marks and temperature information when the face target is detected.

   • **Display Rules Info. on Capture**: Select **Yes Display Rules Info** on the capture.

   • **Display Temperature Info.**: Select **Yes** to display temperature information with temperature measurement rule configured.

   • **Display Temperature Info. on Capture**: Select **Yes** to display temperature information on the capture.

3. Click **Save**.

   • **Body Thermography Settings**

   1. Go to the Body Thermometry Settings interface: **Body Thermometry > Basic Settings**.
2. Configure the following settings:

   • **Enable Temperature Measurement**: Check this box to enable temperature measurement.

   • **Display Temperature Info. on Stream**: Check this box to display temperature information on stream.

   • **Emissivity**: The relative ability of material surface to emit energy by radiation. For human skin, this value is normally set as 0.98.

   • **Distance**: The actual distance between the camera and measured object.

3. Click **Save**.

4. Go to the Body Thermometry Settings interface: **Body Thermometry > Body Thermometry Configuration**.
5. Select the optical camera channel (normally as **Camera 01**).

![Configuration screenshot](image)

Figure 6, **Configuration > Basic Settings > Body Thermometry Configuration**

6. Configure the following settings:

   - **Enable Face Detection**: Check this box to enable face detection function.
   - **Display Temperature**: Check this box to display measured temperature.
   - **Upload Captured Face Image**: Check this box to upload captured face image.
   - **Display Face Temperature Position**: Check this box to display the point with highest temperature in target frame.
   - **Configuration**: Select as **Targeting**.
   - **Face Detection Parameters**:
     - Set **Generation Speed** and **Sensitivity** both as 5 for best detection performance.

   **NOTE**: Default setting is unchecked, face images will not be saved or uploaded.
- It is suggested to set **Alarm When Temperature is above** as 37.5° C and **Pre-Alarm Temperature** as 37° C, or adjust to meet other requirements.

- **Draw Area**: Draw a rectangular area; only objects in this area would be detected as targets for temperature measurement.

- Press **Max. Pupil Distance** and **Min. Pupil Distance** to draw width filter frame, thereby preventing false alarm caused by people’s being too close or too far. This pupil filter is actually based on the **pixel width of target frame**.

7. Click **Save**.

8. Select the thermal camera channel (normally as **Camera 02**).

![Figure 7, Body Thermometry Configuration](image)

9. Configure the following settings:

   - **Black Body Parameters**: If a blackbody is used for best performance of real-time body temperature measurement correction, the following settings should be configured.

     - **Enable Blackbody Correction**: Check this box if a blackbody is used for temperature correction.

     - **Distance**: The actual distance between the camera and the blackbody.
- Set **Temperature** and **Emissivity** with the actual parameters of the used blackbody.

- **Draw Area:** Put the correction point on the center of the blackbody. The blackbody should be placed outside the human face detection area (blue box in thermal channel, yellow box in optical channel) and inside the imaging range of thermal camera (red box in optical channel).

- **Body Temperature Compensation:** Compensate the measured value according to the real-time environment temperature.

  - **Enable:** Check this box to enable body temperature compensation

  - **Compensation Type:** Setting as **Auto** is suggested; in this way, auto compensation and manual calibration value would both added to the measured value.

  - **Manual Calibration:** The set value would be added to the measured value. (If this value is set as 2°C and the measured value is 35°C, the displayed value would be 37°C). See **Manual Calibration** below for details.

  - **Environment Temperature:** Setting as **Auto** is suggested; in this way, the environment temperature would be automatically measured.

10. Click **Save**.

- **Manual Calibration**

  **Purpose:**
The performance of this body thermography scheme offered by Hikvision would be affected by different actual working environments, and the affect factors in most stable environments could be regarded as a kind of system error. If needed, it is suggested compensate through manual calibration, using the following steps.

1. Start up device.

2. Wait a period of time (more than 30 minutes) for preheating.

3. For 5 to 10 individuals, complete the following three steps, one-by-one:

   - Use an ear thermometer or other specialized thermometer to get the real body temperature, and record.

   - Use the thermographic camera to get the body temperature of the same
individual, and record.

- Subtract these two numbers, and record the difference value.

4. Set **Manual Calibration** with the average value of these difference values in **Body Temperature Compensation**.

**Example:**
If data recorded during the calibration process are as the following table,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Real Body Temperature/°C</th>
<th>Measured Temperature/°C</th>
<th>Difference Value/°C</th>
<th>Average Value (Manual Calibration)/°C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>36.8</td>
<td>36.3</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.0</td>
<td>36.5</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.8</td>
<td>36.2</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.9</td>
<td>36.4</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.2</td>
<td>36.8</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

thereby setting the **Manual Calibration** as 0.5° C.

4. **Other Notes**

- Before the device is used for actual body temperature measurement, run it for more than 30 minutes for preheating.

- This product is used for preliminary screening of people with elevated skin-surface temperature. If an alarm occurs, use a specialized medical thermometer for further body temperature check.
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