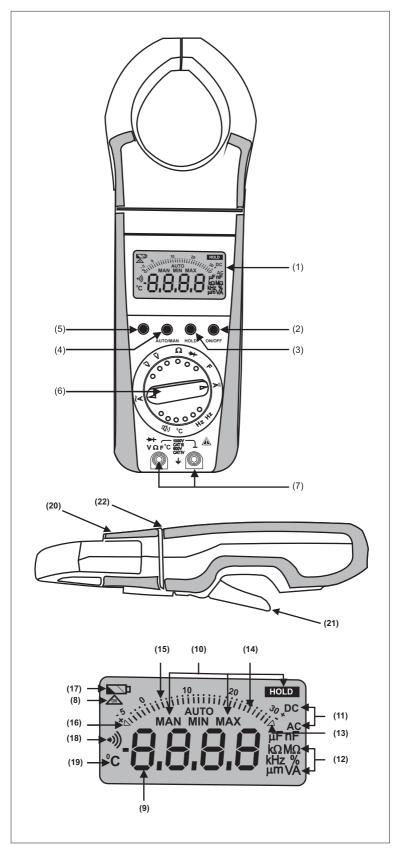


**User Manual** 

# SIMPSON SOLAR 1500V clamp

True RMS Digital Clamp meter





- (1) Liquid crystal display
- (2) ON / OFF pushbutton
- (3) Pushbutton for data hold and MIN/MAX storage functions
- (4) Pushbutton for manual range selection
- (5) Multi-function pushbutton
- (6) Function selector switch
- (7) Terminal sockets
- (8) Symbol for "CONTINUOUSLY ON"
- (9) Display for digits, decimal point and polarity.
- (10) Display for manual range selection, DATA HOLD and MIN/MAX storage

- (11) Display for selected function
- (12) Display for the unit of measured quantity
- (13) Over range indication for positive analog range.
- (14) Pointer for analog indication
- (15) Scale for analog indication
- (16) Over range indication for negative analog range
- (17) Low battery indicaton
- (18) Buzzer indication
- (19) Display for <sup>o</sup>C for temperature measurement range.
- (20) Rotary mechanism for clamp jaws.
- (21) Safe trigger mechanism.
- (22) Limit of safe access for hand held.

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# 1. Introduction:

Thank you very much for selecting Clamp Meter. We are leading manufacturer of Electrical and Electronics state-of-art measuring instruments. These clamp meters are manufactured as per IS 13875 and DIN 43751.

# 2. Safety features and safety precautions

You have chosen a Clamp meter which provides you a very high degree of safety. The digital Clamp meter / Digital multimeter manufactured and tested in compliance with the safety standard IEC 61010-1:2010.

In case of incorrect use or careless handling, the safety of both user and clamp meter are not assured.

#### For proper use and safe handling, it is absolutely necessary to read and understand the operating instructions before using the clamp meter. Please note the following safety precautions:

- Operators must use individual protective equipment if hazardous live parts of installation could be accessible.
- Keep hands/ fingers behind the edge that separates rotating jaws with hand held part(22). This is the limits of the hand held part during measurement.
- The clamp meter must be operated only by persons who understand the danger of shock hazards and are aware of the necessary safety precautions. Shock hazards exist wherever voltages of more than 30V (TRMS) are present.
- Do not work alone in shock hazardous environment while carrying out measurement.
- The maximum permissible voltage between any of the terminal sockets (7) and ground is 1000V AC and 1500V DC.
- Take into account that unexpected voltages can occur on device under test (e.g.defective instrument). For example, capacitors may be charged to a dangerously high voltage.
- Verify that the test leads are in good condition, i.e. no cracked insulation, no open circuits in the leads or connectors.
- This clamp meter must not be used for measurements on circuits with corona discharge (high voltage).
- Be particularly careful when measuring on HF circuits. Dangerous composite voltages may exist there.
- Measurements under moist environmental conditions are not permitted.
- Do not overload the measuring ranges beyond their allowable capacities. Limit values are given in specifications. Ref. Chapter 16.
- Please verify the performance of clamp meter after repairing of the meter, before using it for actual measurement.
- Do not use the clamp meter if obvious wear in jaw opening is visible.
- Protection provided by the digital clamp meter may be impaired if the clamp meter is not used in a manner specified in this user manual.

Meaning of categories and their significance per IEC61010 - 1

CAT I: Measurements in electrical circuits which are not directly connected to the mains: for example electrical systems in motor vehicles and aircraft, batteries etc.

CAT II: Measurements in electrical which are electrically connected to the low-voltage mains: with plugs, e.g. at home, in the office or laboratory etc.

CAT III: Measurements in building installations, stationary power consumers, distributor terminals, devices connected permanently to the distributor.

CAT IV: Measurements at power sources for low-voltage installations, meters, mains terminals, primary over voltage protection devices.

# Meaning of the symbols on the device



Warning of a danger point (Attention, refer to the user manual)

Earth (ground) terminal.

Double or reinforced insulation

Instrument for over voltage category III OR IV

Meaning of the acoustic signals

CAT III/IV

- Intermittent acoustic signal: Voltage limit exceeded; for Voltage>1000V AC and Voltage>1500V DC
- 2) Intermittent acoustic signal:Current limit exceeded; for Current>1600A

# Repair, replacement of parts:

When opening the meter, live parts may be exposed. Therefore, the meter must be disconnected from the measuring circuit prior to opening its case for repair or replacement of parts. If repair cannot be avoided unless the meter is opened and live, this work must only be performed by a qualified person who understands the danger involved.

Faults and abnormal stress:

When it is realised that the safe operation is no longer possible, take the meter out of service and secure it against accidental use. Safe operation may not be possible,

- when the meter shows obvious signs of damage.
- when the meter no longer functions correctly.
- after prolonged storage in adverse conditions.
- due to severe stress during transportation.

3. Switching the Clamp meter "ON" Battery

We have already fitted your meter with a 9V flat cell battery according to IEC 6 F22 or IEC6LR61. It is ready for operation. Before you use the meter for the first time or after storage, refer to Section "18.1 Maintenance-Battery".

# Switching the meter "ON"

Press the "ON/OFF" pushbutton (2).
 Switch-"ON" is acknowledged by a sound signal. As long as you keep the pushbutton pressed, all segments of the liquid crystal display (LCD) will appear. The LCD is shown behind cover page After the push button is released, the meter is ready for operation.

#### Note:

Electric discharges and high-frequency influence may cause incorrect information to be displayed and block the measuring process. Reset the meter by switching it OFF and ON again otherwise, check the battery connections.

Disconnect the clamp meter from the measuring circuit before you open it, and see section "18. Maintenance".

# Automatic TURN-OFF

The meter turns off automatically, when the measured value remains constant (variations of the measured value  $\leq \pm 2$  digits) for about 10 minutes and when neither a pushbutton nor the function selector switch is operated during that time.

#### How to prevent automatic TURN-OFF

In order to prevent automatic "TURN OFF" select "CONTINUOUSLY ON" mode. For this, press yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) and the "ON/OFF" pushbutton (2) together. The function "CONTINUOUSLY ON" is shown on the LCD(1) by the symbol

#### Turning the multimeter OFF

Press the "ON/OFF" pushbutton (2).

# 4. Function and range selection

# 4.1 Autoranging

The multimeters feature autoranging for all measuring ranges with the exception of the 30mV..., 300mV... ranges. Autoranging is automatically selected after switching the multimeter ON. According to the measured quantity applied, the multimeter automatically selects the measuring range which gives the best resolution. When switching to frequency measurement and ratio measurement the previously selected voltage measuring range is maintained.

The meter switches automatically to:

the next higher range	at ± (3099 digits+1digit)
the next lower range	at <u>+</u> (240/280 digits-1digit)

#### 4.2 Manual range selection

You can switch OFF autoranging and select the ranges manually according to the table on the following page.

Manual mode is switched OFF when push button AUTO/MAN is pressed (4) for approximately 1s, when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when the meter is turned OFF and ON again.

When switching back to autoranging from 30mV ---- or 300mV ---- ranges, 3 V---- range is automatically selected.

AUTO/	Function	Acknowl- edgement		
MAN (4)		Display	Sound Signal	
Short	Manual mode on : Used range is fixed	MAN (10)	1 x	
Short	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	MAN (10)	1 x	
	$A_{\overline{\bullet}\bullet}, A\sim: \ 300A \rightarrow \ 1500A \rightarrow \ 300A$			
Long	Return to auto ranging	-	2 X	

# 5. Liquid crystal display

# 5.1 Digital display

The digital display (9) shows the measured value with correct location of decimal point and sign. The selected measuring Unit(12) and the function(11) are simultaneously displayed. When measuring DC quantities, a minus sign appears in front of the digits, when the positive pole of the measured quantity is applied to the " $\perp$ " "input terminal. When upper range limit 3099 (on the range  $\rightarrow$ :1999), is exceeded then "OL" is displayed. With V and  $\Omega$  measurements, the digital display is updated two times per second.

# 5.2 Analog indication

The analog indication with pointer presentation gives the dynamic response of a moving-coil movement and is updated 20 times per second, when measuring V and  $\Omega$ . Analog indication is of particular advantage when observing variations of measured values and for calibration procedures.

The analog indicator has its own polarity indication. When measuring DC quantities, the analog scale(15) has a negative range of 4 scale divisions so that variations of the measured values around" zero"canbe observed exactly. When the measured value exceeds the range of indication, the left triangle(16) is shown before the polarity of the analog indicator switches over after approximately 0.7s.The over range indication on the measuring range(>3099 digits,on the range  $\rightarrow$  >1999)is shown by the right triangle(13).

# 5.3 Backlight (Optional)

The instrument is provided with user selectable Backlight for taking measurements in poor lighting conditions/dark areas.

# Switching the Backlight ON

By pressing "AUTO/MAN" and "HOLD" keys simultaneously the Backlight can be switched ON.

# Switching the Backlight OFF

By pressing "AUTO/MAN" and "HOLD" keys simultaneously the Backlight can be switched OFF.

# 6. Data "HOLD" facility

The HOLD function allows to automatically hold the measured values. The meter holds the measured value on the digital display with a sound signal and displays "HOLD " on LCD display (10). The probes or clamp can now be removed from the measuring point and the measured value on the digital display(9) can be read. The analog indication is not influenced by the data HOLD.

The actual measured value can still be noted/read. Note that with a held digital display, the location of the decimal point is also held. With autoranging selected, the measuring range of the analog indicator is no longer known.

Note: Hold function is not available in function  $\rightarrow$  °C and 30 mV and 300mV range sin function  $\sqrt{---}$ .

To activate "HOLD" function momentarily, press the HOLD key. As long as the data HOLD function is active,manual range selection is not possible. The data HOLD function is switched OFF, when

- The "HOLD" pushbutton(3) is pressed for approx.1s.This is acknowledged by 2 sound signals.
- The function selector switch (6) is operated or
- ☞ The multimeter is turned OFF and ON again.

# Minimum value and Maximum value "MIN / MAX" storage facility.

With the MIN/MAX function, you can hold the minimum and the maximum measured value which was applied to the input of the Clamp Meter after activating MIN/MAX function. The most important application is the determination of the minimum and the maximum value for long-term monitoring of measured quantities. MIN/MAX does not influence the analog indication. The actual measured value can still be noted/read. Apply the measured quantity to the meter and select the measuring range prior to activating the MIN/MAX function.

With the function activated, you can select the measuring ranges manually, if you switch to another range, the stored MIN/MAX values are cleared.

Europhice.	↓ DATA	Meas-	Measured	Meter acknowledgement Display		
Function MIN/MAX	DATA MIN/MAX (3)	uring ranges	Values MIN and MAX	Meas. Value digital	MIN MAX	Sound Signal
1. Activate and Store	2xShort, 30mV/ 300mV and <sup>o</sup> C 1xshort	V <del>~</del> A~ A Ω , F,% ℃ ,Hz	Stored	actual meas- ured value	MIN and MAX flash	1 x
2. Store and	↓ short	V ≃ A A ~	Storage Continued in the background,	stored MIN value	MIN	1 x
display	short	Ω , F,% <sup>°</sup> C ,Hz	new MIN/MAX. values are displayed	stored MAX value	МАХ	1 x
3. Return to 1.	↓ Short ↓	Same as1.	Same as 1. Stored Values are not cleared	same as1.	same as1.	1 x
Reset	Long		Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	2 x

The MIN/MAX function is switched OFF, when the MIN/MAX push button (3) is pressed for approximately 1s, or when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when the meter is turned OFF and ON again.

# 8. Voltage measurement

- According to the voltage to be measured, set the function selector switch(6) to V~,V ----
- Connect the test leads as shown.The " <u>1</u> " socket should be connected to the lowest potential ground available.

# Notes:

The 30 mV  $\rightarrow$  and 300 mV  $\rightarrow$  measuring ranges can only be selected manually with the "AUTO/MAN" push button(4).

On the 1000  $\,$  V range, an intermittent sound signal warns you, when the measured value exceeds the upper range limit.

# Zero adjustment on the 30mV ---- measuring range

Connect the test leads to the meter and join the free ends.

After having selected the measuring range, briefly press the yellow multifunction push button (5).

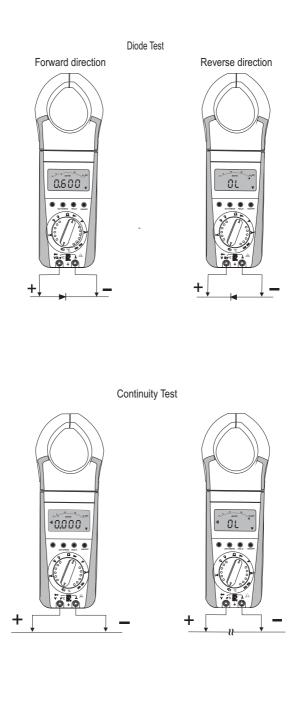
The meter acknowledges zero setting by a sound signal, the LCD shows "00.00"(+ 1digit) and the decimal point flashes. The displayed voltage at the instant the push button is pressed, is used as reference value (max  $\pm$ 200digits) it is automatically deducted from the values measured thereafter.

The zero adjustment is cleared when;

- By pressing the yellow multifunction push button(5) for a long time, clearance is acknowledged by the two sound signal.
- By switching the instrument OFF.

Resistance measurement





# 9. Resistance measurement

- Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured result!
- Set the function selector switch (6) to "Ω".
- ✓ Connect the device under test as shown.

# Zero adjustment on the 30 $\Omega$ measuring range

When measuring small resistance values on the 30  $\Omega$  range, you can eliminate the resistance of the leads and contact resistance by zero adjustment.

- Connect the test leads to the multimeter and join the free ends.
- Briefly press the yellow multi-function push button (5). The meter acknowledges zero adjustment by a sound signal, the LCD shows "00.00"(+1digit) and the decimal point flashes. The resistance measured at the instant the push button is pressed is used as reference value (max.200 digits). It is automatically deducted from the values measured there after. Zero adjustment can be cleared.
- By pressing the yellow multifunction push button (5) for a long time and is acknowledges by two sound signals.
- By switching the multimeter OFF.

# 10. Diode test and continuity test

- Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured results!
- Set the function selector switch (6) to" → "
- Connect the device under test as shown.

Forward direction and/or short circuit:

The clamp meter displays the forward voltage in Volts. As long as the voltage drop does not exceed the maximum display value of 1.999V, you can also rest several series-connected elements or reference diodes with small reference voltage.

Reverse direction or open circuit:

The clamp meter indicates over range "OL".

#### Note:

Resistors and semiconductor junction in parallel with the diode falsify the measured results!

# Diode test and continuity test with buzzer

With the "buzzer" function selected, the meter emits a continuous sound signal on the range0...approx.0.2V.

#### To switch the buzzer ON:

- Briefly press the yellow multi-function push button (5).
- The clamp meter acknowledges turn-ON with a sound signal. At he same time, the symbol (18) appears on the LCD.

#### To switch the buzzer OFF

- Briefly press the yellow multi-function push button(5) again.

When selecting the function "Diode test and Continuty test" with the function Selector switch (6), the buzzer is always switched OFF Repeated brief pressing of the multifunction push button(5) alternately switches the buzzer on and off. When pressing the push button for along time, the buzzer is always switched OFF, this is acknowledged by the buzzer sounding twice.

# 11. Temperature measurement

The Clamp meter allows you to measure temperature with Pt100 and Pt1000 temperature sensors in the range from-200(-100)  $C^{0}_{...+850} C^{0}_{...}$ 

- Set the function selectors witch(6) to "Ω".
- Connect the sensor to the two terminals.
- ➡ Briefly press the yellow multifunction push button(5). The clamp meter switches to temperature measurement, it automatically detects the connected sensor (Pt100 to Pt1000) and shows the measured temperature in <sup>6</sup>C on the digital display.

#### Notes:

This measurement automatically considers the lead resistance of temperature sensors which are available as accessory. It is not possible to switch over to temperature measurement when the  $30\Omega$  resistance range is selected.

#### Sensor lead resistance upto 50 $\Omega$

Lead resistance of sensors having a value differing from that of company sensors can be considered upto a value of  $50\,\Omega$  as follows:

- Briefly press the yellow multi-function push button (5) again. The LCD now displays the resistance value which the clamp meter automatically considers after selecting the temperature measuring range. We can recognise that this is the resistance correction value on the temperature measuring range. The "°C" character is simultaneously shown on the display.
- You can set the lead resistance correction value as follows: Press the HOLD push button(3) to increment the value, or the AUTO/MAN push button(4) to decrement the value. Each time the push button is briefly pressed, the value changes by one digit.
- Briefly press the yellow multi-function push button (5) again. The LCD displays the measured temperature. The flashing decimal point shows you that we have entered a correction value for the lead resistance. The correction value is retained as long as clamp meter is switched on.
- Each time the yellow multi-function push button(5) is briefly pressed, the display changes between measured temperature and correction value of the lead resistance.
- We can exit the temperature measurement function
- by pressing the yellow multi-functions button(5) longer, this is confirmed by the two sound signals.
- by changing the function selector switch.

#### Note:

For the lead resistance, the actual value measured on the clamp meter should be taken as correction value and not any specified value.

# 12. Capacitance measurement

- Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured results.
- Set the function selector switch (6) to 'F'.
- Connect the (discharged!) device under test to the"\_1"and "F" socket via test lead.

#### Notes:

Connect polarized capacitors with the"\_"pole to the" \_\_ "socket.

Resistors and semiconductor junction in parallel with the capacitor falsify the measured results!

# Zero adjustment on the 30 nF measuring range

When measuring small capacitrance values on the 30 nF range, the internal resistance of the multimeter and the capacitrance of the leads can be eliminated by zero adjustement.

- Connect the test leads to the meter without device under test.
- Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) diplaying"00.00"(+1 digit) on the LCD and by a flashing decimal point. The capacitance measured at the instant the pushbutton is pressed is used as reference value (max.200 digits). It is automatically deduced from the values measured thereafter.

# Zero adjustment can be cleared

- By pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) for a long time clearance is acknowledged by the two sound signal.
- By switching the multimeter off.

#### 13. Frequency measurement

Frequency measurement is possible on all voltage measuring ranges in AC and DC modes.

- Set the function selector switch (6) to v~,v-
- Connections are made the same way as for voltage measurement.
- Briefly press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5)

The multi meter switches to frequency measurement. The frequency is displayed on the LCD.

See section 16. Specifications for the lowest measurable frequencies and the maximum permissible voltages.

# Changing over between voltage, frequency and duty cycle measurement.

Repeated brief pressing of the yellow multi-function switch (5) changes the measuring function in the following order:

Voltage ⇒ Frequency ⇒ duty cycle ⇒ Voltage

From frequency or duty cycle measurement, directly switching back to voltage measurement is possible.

- By pressing the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5) for a long time. The meter acknowledges this by two sound signals. The voltage measuring range last selected is maintained.
- By operating the function selector switch(6).

# 14. Duty Cycle measurement

With duty cycle measurement, we can determine the ratio of pulse duration to cycle time of recurring square-wave signals.

- Set the function selector switch (6) to V~ or V-
- Connections are made in the same way as for voltage measurement Briefly press the yellow multifunction pushbutton (5) twice. The meter switches to dutycycle measurement. The duty cycle that is the percentage pulse duration of a signal is displayed on the LCD in %
- That is:

Duty cycle (%) = <u>
Pulse duration</u> Cycle duration
X 100

**Notes**: Input applied frequency must remain constant during the duty cycle measurement. Change-over between voltages, frequency and duty cycle factor measurement is done as described in the preceding section.

# 15. Current measurement

The Clamp meter can measure current upto 1500A, in two ranges i.e.300.0A and 1500A.

One of the two ranges can be selected manually with AUTO/MAN key To measure the current through a cable, push the trigger (21) to open the jaws and clamp the jaws around the cable as shown in figure a and figure b.

# 15.1 DC Current measurement

✓ Set the function selector switch(6) to A ---.

# Zero adjustment on A --- functionality

- Zero adjustment is possible with lower range (300.0A range)
- Press yellow multifunction key shortly either in AUTO mode or lower range in Manual mode.
- For higher range (1500A) same reference which is available for lower range is used.

The meter acknowledges zero setting by a sound signal, the LCD shows "00.00 / 000.0"(+1digit). The displayed current at the instant the push button is pressed, is used as reference value. It is automatically deduced from value measured there after. Maximum number of digits that can be nullified are 100.

The zero adjustment is cleared when;

- By pressing the yellow multifunction pushbutton(5)
- By switching the instrument OFF.

# 15.2 AC Current measurement

 Set the function selector switch(6) to A --- and long press multifunction key(5).

#### Change over between A --- and A ~

Repeated long pressing of the yellow multi-function switch (5) changes the measuring function in the following order:  $A \implies A \sim \implies A \implies \cdots$ 



Figure a

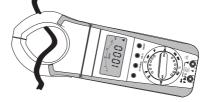


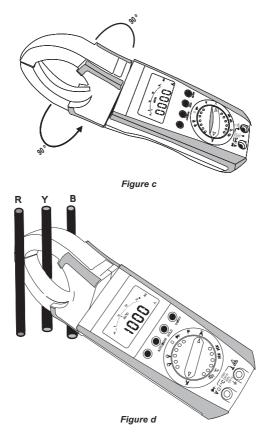
Figure b

# Unique design for safety and comfort

In conventional clamp meters display, keys and clamp jaws are in the same plane. When current measurement is to be done on vertical bus bars, over head cables, cables in congested places user connects the clamp meter but the keys and display may not be visible, hence user is not able to take the readings or operate the keys.

To over come the above mentioned problem the Clamp meter has a unique feature called "Rotary mechanism for clamp jaws". In this, the clamp jaws are rotating. Hence it is possible to align the clamp jaws as the orientation of bus bar/conductor while keeping Display and keys facing the user, so that user can take the readings and operate the keys.

Rotary clamp jaws can be rotated at different angles with the step of  $30^{\circ}$  maximum, up to  $90^{\circ}$  in both clock-wise as well as anti-clock wise direction as shown in figure c



Normally, it is difficult to access the middle busbar for current measurement. With "Rotary mechanism for clamp jaws" it is easy to access middle bus bar, while keeping display and keys facing towards the user as shown in figure d on previous page.

# Safe trigger mechanism

The conventional clamp meters have trigger mechanism either near to left jaw or right jaw. While taking measurements on bare bus bar or bare conductor the user's hand comes very close to bare bus bar/conductor, which increases the risk of electric shocks to the user.

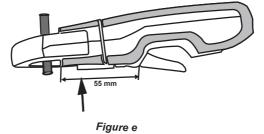
Also in conventional clamp meters trigger is operated with single finger, usually a thumb which causes fatigue to the user while opening or closing the clamp jaws.

To over come the above mentioned problems, The Clamp meter has a unique feature called "Safe trigger mechanism" in which trigger is located at bottom side of the clamp meter and far away from the jaws and hence the bus bar.

So user's hand is at safer distance from bare conductors, hence minimizes the risk of electric shock to the user. This is shown in figure e.

Also trigger can be comfortably operated with more than one finger which eliminates fatigue to the user.

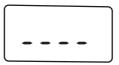
For best accuracy keep the conductor at center of the jaw as shown in figure e.



#### User's hand is at safer distance from bare bus bar/conductor.

# 16. Empty Positions

Empty positions on dial indicates no function is available on these positions. The digital display will look like as in figure below. There are three empty positions present on the dial.



# 17. Specifications

17. Ju		ication					Over	oad
						Intrinsic error of digital display	capacity1)	
Meas-	L Poso		( <u>+</u> %of rdg.		• ·			
urement	Measu	uring Range	lution	Input impedance		+digits)at	Overload	Overload
Function						reference	Value	duration
						conditions		
		).00 mV	10 mV		// < 40pF	0.5+3 2)		
	30	00.0 mV	100mV		// < 40pF	0.5+3	1500V	
V		000 V	1mV		/ < 40pF	0.25 + 1	DC	
v	30	0.00 V	10mV		/ < 40pF	0.25 + 1	1000V	Contin-
	30	0.0 V	100mV	10M Ω/	/ < 40pF	0.25 + 1	AC	uously
	1	500 V	1V	1014 0/	/ < 40pF	0.35 + 3 (upto 1000V)	eff/rms	
		JUU V	IV	10101 22/	/ < 40pr	0.5 + 3 (1000V to 1500V)		
	3.(	V 000	1mV		/ < 40pF	0.75 + 2	sine	
V~		0.00 V	10mV		/ < 40pF	(10300 Digit)	wave	
(TRMS)		0.0 V 000 V	100mV		/ < 40pF / < 40pF	0.75 + 1 (>300 Digit)		
		UUU V	1V			(>500 Digit)		
					d voltage			
	30	0.00 Ω	10 mΩ	max.	3.2 V	0.5+3 <sup>2)</sup>		
		0.0 Ω	100 mΩ		3.2 V	0.5+3	1500V	10 min
Ω	-	000 kΩ	1Ω		1.25 V	0.4 + 1	DC	
		0.00 kΩ	10 Ω		1.25 V	0.4 + 1	1000V	
	<u> </u>	0.0 kΩ	100 Ω	max. 1.25 V		0.4 + 1	AC	
		000 MΩ	1 kΩ		1.25 V	0.6 + 1	eff/rms	
		0.00 MΩ	10 kΩ		1.25 V	2.0 + 1	sine	
-	2.	000 V	1 mV		3.2 V	0.25 + 1	wave	
A~	3	A00	0.1A			2 + 0.5 (2A to 300A)		
(TRMS)						2 + 5 (upto 1200A)	40004	Contin-
A	1	500A	00A 1A -			2.2 + 5 (1200A to 1500A)	1600A	uously
				Discharge Resistance	U <sub>0 max</sub>			
	30	).00 nF	10pF	250 kΩ	2.5 V	1.0+3 <sup>4)</sup>	1000V	
F	3	00.0 nF	100pF	250 kΩ	2.5 V	1.0+3	AC	
'	3.	000 u F	1nF	25 kΩ	2.5 V	1.0+3	1500V	Contin-
				25 kΩ (upto 30uE)	3.0+3 (upto 30uF)	DC	uously	
	300.0 u F		10nF	15 kΩ (30 to 300uF)	2.5 V	5.0 +6 (30 to 300uF)	eff/rms sine	
	30	00.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	1 Hz	45 Hz			
Hz	3.0	000 KHz	1 Hz	1 Hz	45 Hz		<=3KHz; 1000V	
	30	.00 KHz	10 Hz	10 Hz	45 Hz	0.5+1	<=30KHz;	Contin-
	<u> </u>	0.0 KHz	100 Hz	100 Hz	100 Hz	-	300V <=100KHz	uously
%		98.0 %	0.1 %	2 Hz	_	2Hz1KHz ± 5digits <sup>5)</sup> 1 KHz10KHz; ± 5 Digts/KHz	30V	
	2.0					2Kelvin+		
/0		-200.0	0.1 °C	-	-			
	pt	-200.0 +200.0 °C +200.0	0.1 °C	-	-	5Digit 3)	1000V AC	
		+200.0 °C +200.0 +850.0 °C	0.1 °C 0.1 °C	-	-	5Digit <sup>3)</sup> 1.0+5 <sup>3)</sup>	AC 1500V	10min
°c	pt	+200.0 °C +200.0		-	-	5Digit 3)	AC	10min

At0 °...+40 °C
 With zero adjustment, without zero adjustment +35 digits

3) Without sensor

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- 4) 3VU = 1.5V effirms... 100V effirms 30VU = 15V effirms...300V effirms 300VU = 150V effirms...1000V effirms

# **Reference conditions**

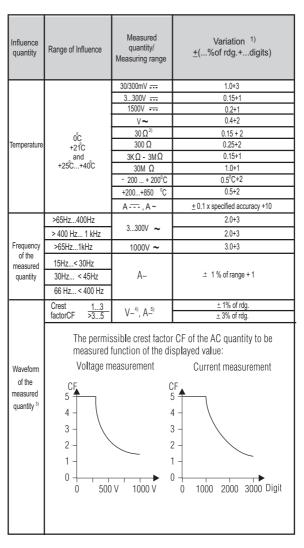
Ambient temperature	+ 23 $^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2\text{K},73.4^{\circ}\text{F+}2\text{K}$
Relative humidity	45% 55 % RH
Frequency of measured quantity	45Hz65 Hz
Waveform of the measured quantity	sinusoidal
Battery voltage	$8V\pm0.1V$

# Influence Quantities and Variations

Influence quantity	Range of Influence	Measured quantity/ Measuring range	Variation
		V	<u>+</u> 2 Digit
Battery	<sup>1)</sup> <7.9V	٧~	<u>+</u> 4 Digit
voltage	>8.1V10.0V	30Ω/300Ω/ °C	<u>+</u> 4 Digit
		3kΩ30 MΩ	<u>+</u> 3 Digit
		A ~	±8 Digit
		F,Hz,%	±10 Digit
Relative humidity	75 % 3 days Meter off	V≃,A~ Ω,F,Hz,% ℃	1 x intrinsic error
HOLD	-		±1Digit
MIN/MAX	-	V≃,A~	±2 Digit

# 1) After the" symbol is displayed.

Influence quantity	Range of Influence	Measuring ranges	Attenuation
Common	Noise quantity max.1000V ~	٧	> 120 dB
mode	No	3V~, 30V~	> 70 dB
interference	Noise quantity max.1000V ~ 50Hz,60Hz sinusoidal	300V~	> 70 dB
voltage	00112,00112 3ind 30iddi	1000V~	> 60 dB
Normal mode interference voltage	Noise quantity V~ value of the measuring range at a time max.1000V ~ ,50Hz,60Hz. sinusoidal	۷	> 50 dB
	Noise quantity max.1000V -	v ~	> 110 dB



1) With Temperature : Error for data apply per 10 K change in temperature For A AC/DC error data apply per K change in temperature

With Frequency :Error data apply to a display from 300 digits on wards

- 2) With zero adjustment.
- 3) With unknown waveform(crest factor CF > 2), measure with manual range selection
- 4) With exception of sinusoidal waveform.
- With exception of sinusoidal waveform. The crest factor is 3 at 500 A current and the crest factor is 1.5 at 1000 A current.

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#### Display

Liquid crystal display section (52mmx38mm) with analog indication and digital display and with display of the unit of measured quantity, function and various special functions.

# Analog:

Indication	LCD scale with pointer
Scale length	55mm
Graduation	$\pm$ 50 $\pm$ 30 with 29 scale divisions on $=$ , 030 with 25 scale divisions on all other ranges
Polarity indication	with automatic change-over
Over range indication	n by triangle(13)
Sampling rate	20 readings/s, on $\Omega$ , 10 readings/s
Digital:	
Display/Height of nu	mer. 7-segment numerals/12mm
Number of digits	3 <sup>3/4</sup> digit 🚊 3100 counts
Over range	"OL" is displayed.
Polarity indication	"-"sign is displayed, when the positive pole is at " $\!\!\!\perp$ "
Sampling rate	2 readings/s, on $\Omega$ and $^{\circ}$ C; 1 reading/s

#### Power supply

Battery	9V flat cell battery; manganese-dioxide cell according to IEC 6F22, alkaline-manganese cell according to
	IEC6LR61 or suitable
	NiCd storage battery.
Lifespan	Without backlit ON, using alkaline-manganese cell: approx. 220 hours on V approx. 80 hours on V
Batterytest	Automatically flashes the " " " symbol, when the battery voltage drops below approx. 7V.

# **Electrical Safety:**

As per IEC 61010-1 : 2010-06

Protection class	:	11	
Measuring Catego	ry :		IV
		1000V	600V
Pollution Degree	:	2	
Test Voltage	:		<ul> <li>/ ~ between housing and input</li> <li>/ ~ between housing with jaws and input</li> </ul>

EMC	Electromagnetic compatibility	
Emission	IEC/EN 61326-1: 2012 Class B	
Immunity	IEC/EN 61326-1: 2012	
	IEC 61000-4-2 8 kV atmosphere discharge	е
	4 kV contact discharge	
	IEC61000-4-3 3 V/m	
	IEC61000-4-8 3 A/m	

# Ambient conditions

Functional temperature	
range	-10 °C+ 50 °C, 14°F to 122°F
Storage temperature	
Range	-25 °C+ 70 °C, -13°F to 158°F without batteries
Altitude	upto 2000m

# Mechanical configuration

Dimensions	90mm (W)x 270mm (L)x70mm (H)		
Weight	600g approx., including battery		

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Response time (after manual range selection)

Measured quantity/	Response time		Transient response for
measuring range	of analog indication	of digital display	step function of the measured quantity
∨ <u></u> ,∨~ A <u></u> , <b>∧</b> ~	0.7s	1.5s	from 0 to 80 % of upper range limit
30Ω3ΜΩ	1.5s	2s	
30MΩ	4s	5s	from CO to 50% of upper range limit
	0.7s	1.5s	
µF, ⁰C		Max.13s	
300 Hz,3 KHz		Max.2s	6
30,100 KHz		Max.0.7s	from 0 to 50% of upper range limit
% (1Hz)		Max.9s	
% (>=1Hz)		Max.2.5s	

Ambient conditions

Functional temperature range Storage temperature range Altitude

Mechanical configuration

Dimensions Weight Jaw openings -10<sup>°</sup>C...+50<sup>°</sup>C -25<sup>°</sup>C...+70<sup>°</sup>C without batteries up to 2000 m

90mm(W) x270 mm(L) x 70 mm(H) 600 g approx.,including battery 51mm approx.

# 18. Maintenance

Caution !

Disconnect the meter from the measuring circuit before you open it to replace the battery !

18.1 Battery

Prior to initial start-up, or after storage of clamp meter, verify that the battery of clamp meter does not leak. Repeat this check in regular short intervals. If the battery leaks, completely remove the battery electrolyte carefully with a moist cloth and install a new battery before you operate clamp meter again. When the symbol"  $10^{10}$  flashes on the LCD (1) replace the battery as soon as possible. Measurement can be done, but a reduced measuring accuracy must be taken into account.

The clamp meter operates with a 9 V flat cell battery according to IEC 6 F 22 or IEC 6 LR 61 or with a suitable NiCd storage battery.

# Attention!

Disconnect the instrument from the measuring circuit before opening battery cover to replace the batteries.

Replacing the battery

- Place the clamp meter on its face. Loosen the screw of battery cover Which is at rear bottom side of meter. Remove battery cover by Sliding it to bottom side.
- Remove the battery from the battery compartment and carefully disconnect battery connectors.
- Snap the battery connectors to a new 9 V battery and insert the battery in to the battery compartment.
- Replace the battery cover by fitting it in to slots on battery compartment.
- Tighten the battery cover with the screw.
- Please destroy the batteries in an environment friendly way.

#### 18.2. Periodic Check-up:

The clamp meter does not require any specific maintenance. The surface between opening jaws should be cleaned with dry cloth before operating. Avoid use of cleansers, abrasives or solvents.

#### 19. Servicing

When you need service, refer the cover page for company address.

#### WARRANTY

Dear Customer,

You are now the privileged owner of the Clamp meter / Accessories, a product that ranks the first of its kind in the world.

Company provides 12 months warranty from the original date of purchase against defective material and workmanship.

In the unlikely event of failure of this meter / accessories within the warranty period, Company will repair the meter / accessories free of charges. Please hand over the meter / accessories to the dealer / Stockist from whom you have purchased along with this card and relevant cash memo / Invoice. This warranty entitles you to bring the meter / accessories at your cost to the nearest stockiest / dealer and collect it after repairs.

NO TRANSPORTATION CHARGES WILL BE REIMBURSED The warranty is not valid in following cases:

- Warranty card duly signed / stamped and original cash memo / invoice are not sent along with the meter / accessories.
- 2) Complete warranty card is not presented to authorised person at the time of repairs.
- Meter / accessories not used as per the instruction in the user manual.

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- 4) Defect caused by misuse, negligence, accidents, tampering and acts of god.
- 5) Improper repairing by any person not authorised by the company.
- Any sort of modification, alteration is made in electrical circuitry.
- 7) Seal provided inside is broken.

Warranty of the Clamp meter / Accessories does not cover fuses and battery. Incase of dispute to the validity of warranty, the decision of Company's service center will be final. If you bought this meter / accessories directly from the company,

and if you notice transit Damage, then you must obtain the insurance surveyors report and forward it to Company.

Thank you.

(To be filled by authorized de Model No.	ealer)
Serial Number	:
Date of Purchase	:
Cash Memo / Invoice No.	:
Dealer's Signature	:
Dealer's Stamp	:
Scope of Supply: 1) Meter 3) Carrying Case 5) User Manual 7) Test Certificate	<ol> <li>Cable set</li> <li>Battery</li> <li>Warranty Card</li> </ol>

# Simpson

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