



153

Digital Multimeter Instruction Manual



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	page
A. INTRODUCTION	
1. Congratulations	3
2. Product Description	3
3. EC Declaration of Conformity	4
B. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS	5
C. TECHNICAL DATA	
1. Features and Benefits	6
2. Product Applications	7
3. Specifications	8
D. MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES	
1. Controls and Functions	10
2. Step by Step Procedures:	
a) Measuring DC Volts	13
b) Measuring AC Volts	15
c) Measuring DC Amps	16
d) Measuring AC Amps	17
e) Measuring Resistance	19
f) Measuring Diodes	20
g) Continuity Buzzer	21
h) Data Hold	21
i) Record Mode	22
E. ACCESSORIES	23
F. MAINTENANCE	24
G. TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE	25

A. INTRODUCTION

1. Congratulations!!

Thank you for purchasing TPI brand products. The meter is easy to use and is built to last. It is backed by a 3 year limited warranty. Please remember to complete and return your product warranty registration card.

2. Product Description

The 153 is a hand-held autoranging DMM. The 153 measures ACV, DCV, ACA, DCA, Resistance, Diodes and Continuity.

The 153 also features:

- **REC** Records Min/Max readings during specified measurement intervals.
- **RANGE** Allows the user to manually range the 153 instead of autoranging.
- **Data Hold** Holds the reading on the display for easy viewing.
- **Auto Off** Preserves battery life.

The 153 comes complete with the following accessories:

153 Instrument
Rubber Boot
Test Lead Set
Instruction Manual
Battery

3. EC Declaration of Conformity

This is to certify that model 153 conforms to the protection requirements of the council directive 89/336/EEC, in the approximation of laws of the member states relating to Electromagnetic compatibility and 73/23/EEC, The Low Voltage Directive by application of the following standards:


EN 50081-1	1992 Emissions Standard
EN 50082-1	1992 Immunity Standard
EN61010-1	1993 Safety Standard
EN61010-2-031	1995 Safety Standard

To ensure conformity with these standards, this instrument must be operated in accordance with the instructions and specifications given in this manual.

CAUTION:

Even though this instrument complies with the immunity standards, the accuracy can be affected by strong radio emissions not covered in the above standards. Sources such as hand held radio transceivers, radio and TV transmitters, vehicle radios and cellular phones generate electromagnetic radiation that could be induced into the test leads of this instrument. Care should be taken to avoid such situations or alternatively, check to make sure that the instrument is not being influenced by these emissions.

B. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

 **WARNING:** *Please follow manufacturers test procedures whenever possible. Do not attempt to measure unknown voltages or components until a complete understanding of the circuit is obtained.*

GENERAL GUIDELINES

ALWAYS

- Test the 153 before using it to make sure it is operating properly.
- Inspect the test leads before using to make sure there are no breaks or shorts.
- Double check all connections before testing.
- Have someone check on you periodically if working alone.
- Have complete understanding of circuit being measured.
- Disconnect power to circuit then, connect test leads to the 153, then to circuit being measured.

NEVER

- Attempt to measure unknown high voltages.
- Attempt to measure current with the meter in parallel to the circuit.
- Connect the test leads to a live circuit before setting up the instrument.
- Touch any exposed metal part of the test lead assembly.

INTERNATIONAL SYMBOLS



DANGEROUS VOLTAGE



AC (ALTERNATING CURRENT)



DC (DIRECT CURRENT)



REFER TO INSTRUCTION MANUAL



GROUND



FUSE



DOUBLE INSULATION



ON/OFF, PUSH BUTTON SWITCH

C. TECHNICAL DATA

1. Features and Benefits

Agency Approval	Meets CE and IEC 1010 requirements. UL Listed to U.S. and Canadian Safety Standards.
Sleep	Instrument automatically powers down after 30 minutes of inactivity, however, it will continue acquiring data in its various modes. Pressing any push button or turning the rotary switch returns the 153 back to normal.
Record	Records Min/Max values.
Range	Allows you to either manual range or use auto range to select the appropriate range.
Auto Off	Preserves battery life. LCD shows OFF when in this mode.
3 Year Warranty	Covered by a standard 3 year warranty.

2. Product Applications

Perform the following tests and/or measurements with the TPI 153 and the appropriate function:

HVAC/R

FUNCTION

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| DCmV | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Thermocouples in furnaces or gas applications. |
| ACA | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Heat anticipator current in thermostats. |
| ACV | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Line voltage. |
| ACV or DCV | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Control circuit voltage. |
| DCμA | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Flame safeguard control current. |
| OHMS | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Heating element resistance (continuity). |
| OHMS | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compressor winding resistance. |
| OHMS | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Contactor and relay coil resistance. |
| OHMS | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continuity of wiring. |
| DCmV | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Temperature with optional temperature adapter (A310). |

ELECTRICAL

FUNCTION

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| ACV | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Measure line voltage. |
| OHMS | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continuity of circuit breakers. |
| DCV | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Voltage of direct drive DC motors. |

3. Specifications

CE IEC 1010 Over Voltage:
CAT II - 1000V
CAT III - 600V
Pollution Degree 2



a. DCV

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Impedance
400mV	0.1mV	±0.3% of reading, ±2 digits	10MΩ
4V	0.001V		
40V	0.01V		
400V	0.1V		
1000V	1V		

b. ACV (45Hz to 450Hz)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Impedance
4V	0.001V	±0.8% of reading,	10MΩ
40V	0.01V	±3 digits	
400V	0.1V	±1.2% of reading,	
750V	1V	±3 digits	

c. DCA

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
400μA	0.1μA	±0.5% of reading, ±2 digits	Fuse 0.5Amp/600V
4mA	0.001mA		
40mA	0.01mA		
400mA	0.1mA		
4A	0.001A	±1.2% of reading, ±2 digits	Fuse 10Amp/600V
10A	0.01A		

***Warning:** Use only correct size, voltage and current rated fuses.

Test Leads: Use only correct type and overvoltage category rating.

d. ACA (45Hz to 450Hz)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
400 μ A	0.1 μ A	\pm 0. 8% of reading, \pm 3 digits	Fuse 0.5Amp/600V
4000 μ A	1 μ A		
40mA	0.01mA		
400mA	0.1mA		
4A	0.001A	\pm 1. 5% of reading, \pm 3 digits	Fuse 10Amp/600V
10A	0.01A		

e. OHM (Resistance, Ω)

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
400 Ω	0.1 Ω	\pm 0. 5% of reading, \pm 2 digits	600V DC or AC Peak
4k Ω	0.001k Ω		
40k Ω	0.01k Ω		
400k Ω	0.1k Ω	\pm 1% of reading, \pm 2 digits	
4M Ω	0.001M Ω		
40M Ω	0.01M Ω		

f. Diode Test

Test Voltage	Max Test Current	Over Load Protection
3V	Approx. 30 μ A	600 V DC or Peak AC

g. Continuity Buzzer

Test Voltage	Threshold	Over Load Protection
3V	< 50 Ω	600 V DC or Peak AC


h. General Specifications

Max. Volt. between any Input and Ground	1000V
Fuse Protection	mA: 0.5Amp/600VAC A: 10Amp/600VAC
Display Type	4,000 Count, 2 times per second update
Operating Temp.	0° to 40°C (32° to 104°F)
Storage Temp.	-10° to 50°C (14° to 122°F)
Relative Humidity	0% to 80%
Power Supply	2 Each 1.5 Volt "AA" Batteries
Battery Life	200 hrs. Typical
Size (H x L x W)	33mm x 86mm x 187mm (1.3in x 3.4in x 7.4in)
Weight	340g (12oz)



D. MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES

1. Controls and Functions:

Push Buttons

-  Turns the 153 on and off.
- REC** Activates the Min/Max mode. Hold in for 3 seconds to deactivate.
- RANGE** Activates manual ranging. Hold in for 3 seconds to return to autorange.
- DATA-H** Holds the reading on the display until the button is pushed a second time.

Rotary Switch

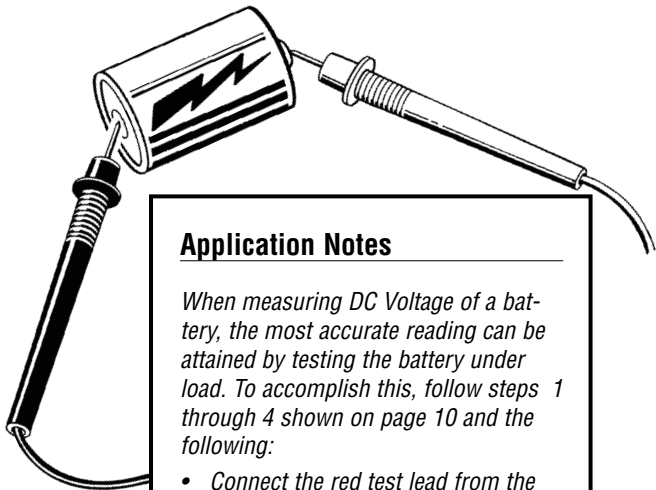
- $\overline{\mu\text{A}}$ Function for measuring microamps (μA) DC.
1 microamp = 0.000001Amp
- $\overline{\text{mA}}$ Function for measuring milliamps (mA) DC.
1 milliamp = 0.001 Amp
- $\overline{10\text{A}}$ Function for measuring DC Amps (A).
- $\tilde{\mu\text{A}}$ Function for measuring microamps (μA) AC.
1 microamp = 0.000001Amp
- $\tilde{\text{mA}}$ Function for measuring milliamps (mA) AC.
1 milliamp = 0.001Amp
- $\tilde{10\text{A}}$ Function for measuring AC Amps (A).
- $\overline{\text{mV}}$ Function for measuring millivolts (mV) DC.
1 millivolt = 0.001 Volt.
- $\overline{\text{V}}$ Function for measuring DC Volts.
- $\tilde{\text{V}}$ Function for measuring AC Volts.
- Ω Function for measuring Ohms (resistance.)
-  Function for testing Diodes.
-  Function for using audible Continuity Buzzer.

1. Controls and Functions: (cont.)

Input Jacks

- A** Red test lead connection for current measurements on the A and A functions.
- mA μ A** Red test lead connection for current measurement on the mA and mA functions.
- COM** Black test lead connection for all functions.
- V Ω \rightarrow** Red test lead connection for all Volt, Ohm, Diode and Continuity measurements.





Application Notes

When measuring DC Voltage of a battery, the most accurate reading can be attained by testing the battery under load. To accomplish this, follow steps 1 through 4 shown on page 10 and the following:

- *Connect the red test lead from the meter to the positive (+) terminal of the battery.*
- *Connect the black test lead to the negative (-) terminal of the battery.*
- *Reconnect power to the circuit and read the voltage on the 153.*

2. Step by Step Procedures:

a. MEASURING DC VOLTS

CAUTION!

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement if a test lead is plugged in the A or μ A input jack. Instrument damage and/or personal injury may result.



WARNING!

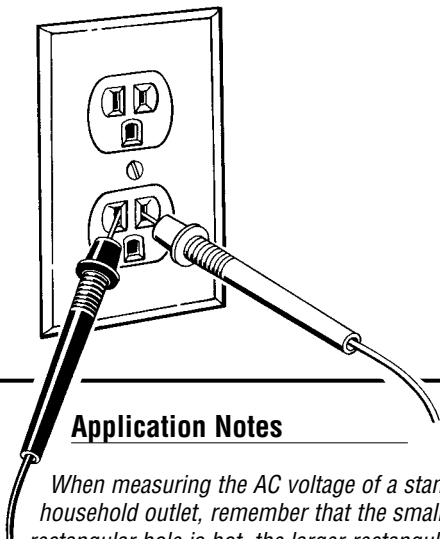
Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement of more than 1000V or of a voltage level that is unknown.

Instrument set-up:

FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING
$\overline{\text{mV}}$	COM	$\text{V}\Omega\rightarrow$	0.1mV	400.0mV
$\overline{\text{V}}$	COM	$\text{V}\Omega\rightarrow$	0.001V	1000V

Measurement Procedure:

1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
3. Plug red test lead into the **$\text{V}\Omega\rightarrow$** input jack.
4. Set rotary switch to either the $\overline{\text{mV}}$ or $\overline{\text{V}}$ range, depending on the voltage to be measured.
5. Connect the test leads to the circuit to be measured.
6. Reconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
7. Read the voltage on the 153.



Application Notes

When measuring the AC voltage of a standard household outlet, remember that the small rectangular hole is hot, the larger rectangular hole is neutral and the round hole is ground.

To disconnect power from the outlet, find the fuse or circuit breaker that controls the outlet and turn it off.

Set up the meter following the steps under "Measurement Procedure" on page 13.

Then proceed with the following:

- *Connect the red test lead to the hot side of the outlet and the black lead to the neutral side of the outlet. Reconnect power to the outlet and read the voltage on the meter. The reading should be approximately 110V to 130V.*
- *Disconnect power from the outlet and move the red wire to the ground hole. Reconnect power to the outlet and read the voltage on the meter. Typically less than 20V should exist from neutral to ground. If 110V or above exists, the outlet may be wired incorrectly.*

b. MEASURING AC VOLTS

CAUTION!

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement if a test lead is plugged in the A or μ A input jack. Instrument damage and/or personal injury may result.



WARNING!

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement of more than 750V or of a voltage level that is unknown.

Instrument set-up:

FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING
\tilde{V}	COM	$V\Omega \rightarrow$	0.001V	750V

Measurement Procedure:

1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
3. Plug the red test lead into the **$V\Omega \rightarrow$** input jack.
4. Set the rotary switch to the \tilde{V} function depending on the voltage to be measured.
5. Connect the test leads to the circuit to be measured.
6. Reconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
7. Read the voltage on the 153.

C. MEASURING DC AMPS

CAUTION!

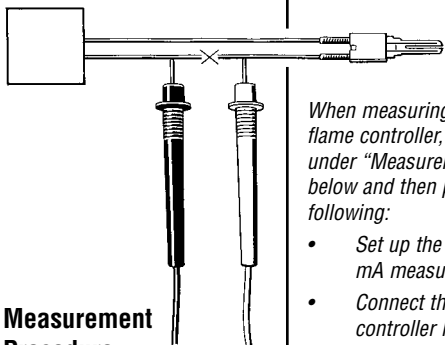
Do not attempt to make a current measurement with the test leads connected in parallel with circuit to be tested. Test leads must be connected in series with the circuit.

⚠ WARNING!

Do not attempt to make a current measurement of circuits with more than 600V present. Instrument damage and /or personal injury may result.

Instrument set-up:

FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING
μA	COM	mA μA	0.1 μA	4000 μA
mA	COM	mA μA	0.01mA	400mA
10A	COM	A	0.001A	10.00A



Application Notes

When measuring the DC current of a flame controller, follow the steps under "Measurement Procedure" below and then proceed with the following:

- *Set up the meter for making a mA measurement.*
- *Connect the meter to the flame controller lead by opening the circuit and inserting the leads in series with the circuit as shown in the picture above.*

Measurement Procedure:

1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
3. Plug the red test lead into the **mA μA** or **A** input jack depending on the value of current to be measured.
4. Set the rotary switch to the **μA** , **mA**, or **10A** function.
5. Connect test leads in series to circuit to be measured.
6. Reconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
7. Read the current on the 153.

d. MEASURING AC AMPS

CAUTION!

Do not attempt to make a current measurement with the test leads connected in parallel with the circuit to be tested. Test leads must be connected in series with the circuit.

⚠ WARNING!

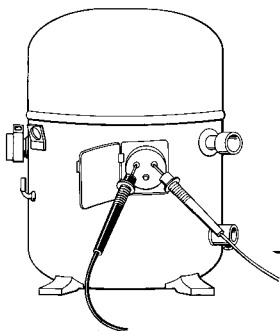
Do not attempt to make a current measurement of circuits with more than 600V present. Instrument damage and /or personal injury may result.

Instrument set-up:

FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING
$\mu\tilde{A}$	COM	mA μ A	0.1 μ A	4000 μ A
m \tilde{A}	COM	mA μ A	0.01mA	400mA
10 \tilde{A}	COM	A	0.001A	10.00A

Measurement Procedure:

1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
3. Plug the red test lead into the **mA μ A** or **A** input jack depending on the value of current to be measured..
4. Set the rotary switch to the $\mu\tilde{A}$, m \tilde{A} or 10 \tilde{A} function.
5. Connect test leads in series to circuit to be measured.
6. Reconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
7. Read the current on the 153.



Application Notes

When measuring resistance of a motor, make sure the power is disconnected prior to testing.

Set up the meter following the steps under “Measurement Procedure” on page 17, and then proceed with the following:

- *Connect the red test lead to one power input line of the motor and the black test lead to the other power input line of the motor. In most applications, if the reading is OFL, the motor winding is open.*
- *Connect the red test lead to the frame of the motor and the black test lead to the winding. In most applications, if a reading of 0 Ohms is displayed, the winding is shorted to the motor frame (ground).*

e. MEASURING RESISTANCE

WARNING!

Do not attempt to make resistance measurements with circuit energized. For best results, remove the resistor completely from the circuit before attempting to measure it.



NOTE:

To make accurate low ohm measurements, short the ends of the test leads together and record the resistance reading. Deduct this value from actual readings.

Instrument set-up:

FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING
Ω	COM	$V\Omega \rightarrow$	0.1 Ω	40.00M Ω

Measurement Procedure:

1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
3. Plug the red test lead into the **$V\Omega \rightarrow$** input jack.
4. Set the rotary switch on the 153 to the Ω function.
5. Connect the test leads to the circuit to be measured.
6. Read the resistance value on the 153.

f. MEASURING DIODES

CAUTION!

Do not attempt to make diode measurements with circuit energized. The only way to accurately test a diode is to remove it completely from the circuit before attempting to measure it.

Instrument set-up:

FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING
→	COM	VΩ→	0.001V	2.000V

Measurement Procedure:

1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
3. Plug the red test lead into the **VΩ→** input jack.
4. Set the rotary switch to the **→** function.
5. Connect black test lead to the banded end of the diode and the red test lead to the non-banded end of the diode.
6. Reading on the display should be between 0.5 and 0.8 volts.
7. Reverse test lead connections in 5 above.
8. Reading on the display should be OFL (Overload).

NOTE: If diode reads 0 in both directions, diode is shorted. If diode reads OFL in both directions, diode is open.

g. CONTINUITY BUZZER



WARNING!

Do not attempt to make continuity measurements with circuit energized.

Instrument set-up:

FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD
	COM	V Ω 

Measurement Procedure:

1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
3. Plug the red test lead into the **V Ω ** input jack.
4. Set the rotary switch to the  function.
5. Press yellow push button to activate continuity buzzer.
6. Connect the test leads to the circuit to be measured.
7. Listen for the buzzer to confirm continuity.

h. DATA HOLD

Press the **Data Hold** button at any time on any function or range to freeze the reading on the LDC display. This function is very useful when measuring in locations where the display is difficult to read.

i. RECORD MODE

The record mode saves minimum (MIN) and maximum (MAX) values measured for a series of reading. Activate the function as follows:

1. Depress the **REC** button on the 153.
2. The 153 will immediately start to record MIN/MAX values. REC will be on the LCD to show record mode has been activated. The reading on the LCD will be the actual reading. The 153 will give a confirmation beep every time a new value is recorded.
3. Press the **REC** button a second time and the MIN reading will be displayed.
4. Press the **REC** button a third time and the MAX reading will be displayed on the LCD.
5. To terminate the record mode, hold the REC button down for approximately 2 seconds or turn the rotary switch to a different function.

E. ACCESSORIES*

Standard Accessories	Part No.
9V Battery	A009
Fuse, 2 Amp	A102
Fuse, 10 Amp	A110
Test Lead Set	A040
Rubber Boot (153 only)	A101

Optional Accessories	Part No.
Deluxe Test Lead Set	SDK1C
IEC 1010 Deluxe Test Lead Kit	TLS2000BC
Temperature Adapter	A301
Boot Hook	A103
Soft Carrying Case	A100

*These accessories have not been evaluated by UL and are not considered as part of the UL Listing of this product.

F. MAINTENANCE

1. **Battery Replacement:** The 153 will display BAT when the two internal 1.5 Volt "AA" batteries need replacement. Batteries are replaced as follows:
 - a. Disconnect and remove all test leads from live circuits and from the 153.
 - b. Remove 153 from protective boot.
 - c. Remove the three screws from back of housing.
 - d. Carefully pull apart front and rear instrument housing.
 - e. Remove old batteries and replace with new batteries.
 - f. Reassemble instrument in reverse order from above.

2. **Fuse Replacement:** Both the A and mA μ A input jacks are fuse protected. If either do not function, replace fuse as follows:
 - a. Disconnect and remove all test leads from live circuits and from the 153.
 - b. Remove 153 from protective boot.
 - c. Remove the three screws from back of housing.
 - d. Carefully pull apart the front and rear instrument housing.
 - e. Remove the old fuse(s) and replace it with new fuse(s).
 - f. Reassemble the instrument in reverse order from above.

G. TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

Problem

Probable Causes

Does not power up

- Dead or defective battery
- Broken wire from battery snap to PCB

Won't display current readings

- Open fuse
- Open test lead
- Improperly connected to circuit under test

All functions except ohms read high

- Very weak battery that will not turn on the low battery indicator on the LCD

ACV do not read

- Very weak battery that will not turn on the low battery indicator on the LCD

WARRANTY

Please refer to product warranty card for warranty statement.



Test Products International, Inc.

9615 SW Allen Blvd., Ste. 104

Beaverton, OR USA 97005

503-520-9197 • Fax: 503-520-1225 • tpiusa@msn.com

Test Products International plc

Longley House

East Park

Crawley, West Sussex RH10 6AP

England

Tel: 01293 561212 • Fax: 01293 813465

153 SPECIFICATIONS

±0.3% Basic DCV Accuracy (also see pages 8-9)

<u>Function</u>	<u>Range</u>	<u>Resolution</u>
DCV	400mV	0.1mV
	4V	0.001V
	40V	0.01V
	400V	0.1V
	1000V	1V
ACV	4V	0.001V
	40V	0.01V
	400V	0.1V
	750V	1V
DCA	400 μ A	0.1 μ A
	4mA	0.001mA
	40mA	0.01mA
	400mA	0.1mA
	4A	0.001A
	10A	0.01A
ACA	400 μ A	0.1 μ A
	4000 μ A	1 μ A
	40mA	0.01mA
	400mA	0.1mA
	4A	0.001A
	10A	0.01A
OHM	400 Ω	0.1 Ω
	4k Ω	0.001k Ω
	40k Ω	0.01k Ω
	400k Ω	0.1k Ω
	4M Ω	0.001M Ω
	40M Ω	0.01M Ω
Diode	<u>Test Voltage</u> 3V	<u>Max. Test Current</u> Approx. 30 μ A
	Continuity	<u>Test Voltage</u> 3V

Test Products International, Inc.