



Jones Lang LaSalle Brokage Inc.

Space Available

Post Addison Circle

5040 Addison Circle Addison, TX 75001



Property Highlights

- 🏢 51,663 SF, 5 Stories
- 🏠 Average Floorplate: 13,540 SF
- 🕒 Built in 1999
- 🏢 Mixed-Use Development
- 🅅 4:1,000 Structured Parking
- 👤 On-Site Property Management
- 📏 8 Acres of Land Area
- 🗣 Building Signage Available
- 🎮 Plug & Play Opportunity

Located Adjacent to Addison Circle Park

- 🍽 Over 100,000 SF of Restaurants, Retail and Other Amenities Nearby
- 🏠 Surrounded by Upscale Apartments, Townhouses and Condominiums
- 📍 Walking Distance to Body District Fitness Center
- 🍕 New York Pizza and Pints

Addison After Dark -

(Located in Addison Circle Park)-

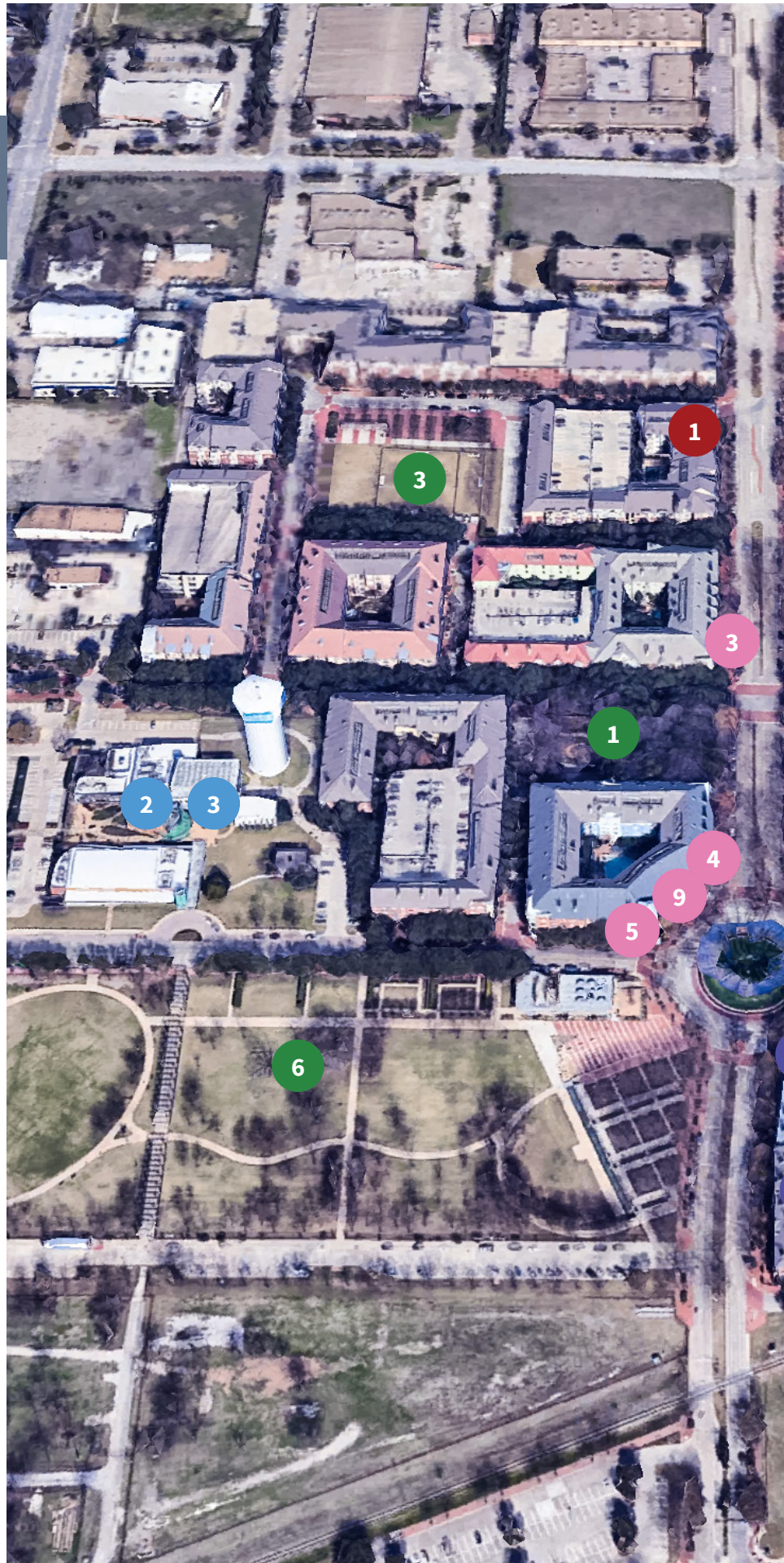
4970 Addison Cir, Addison, TX 75001

- Free admission, live entertainment, food trucks
- Every third Saturday at 7 PM

Addison Outdoors -

(fitness classes that take place at the parks)

- Goat Yoga
- Texas Mom Fitness
- Breathe Yoga Dance
- Camp Gladiator





Amenities

Apartments

1. Cortland Addison Circle
2. Allegro Apartments
3. Aventura Condos
4. Post Addison Circle

Food

1. Addison Market
2. The Lion & Crown
3. Astoria
4. Latin Deli
5. Antonio Ristorante
6. El Rincon
7. New York Pizz and Pints
8. Mucky Duck
9. Addison Sushi 469

Services

1. Tim Mail Place
2. Pappy's Pet lodge- Addison
3. USA Cleaners
4. Phan Cindy DDS
5. Addison Massage Therapy
6. Star Rejuvenation & Wellness Center
7. Addison Haircutting

Event centers + Art

1. Studio V + V
2. Addison Conference and Theatre Centre
3. Water Tower Theatre

Fitness/ Parks

1. Bosque Park
2. Parkview Park
3. Spruill Park
4. Beckert Park
5. Body District Fitness Center
6. Addison Circle Park
7. Gaia Flow Yoga

Post Addison Circle

- Easy Access to Dallas North Tollway
- 25 Minute Drive to DFW Airport
- 20 Minute Drive to Dallas Love Field



Post Addison Circle
5040 Addison Circle
Addison, TX 75001

For more information contact:

Andrew Scudder
+1 214 438 1580
andrew.scudder@jll.com

Trevor Franke
+1 214 438 6174
trevor.franke@jll.com

Hudson Neuhoff
+1 214 438 6487
hudson.neuhoff@jll.com



Although information has been obtained from sources deemed reliable, neither Owner nor JLL makes any guarantees, warranties or representations, express or implied, as to the completeness or accuracy as to the information contained herein. Any projections, opinions, assumptions or estimates used are for example only. There may be differences between projected and actual results, and those differences may be material. The Property may be withdrawn without notice. Neither Owner nor JLL accepts any liability for any loss or damage suffered by any party resulting from reliance on this information. If the recipient of this information has signed a confidentiality agreement regarding this matter, this information is subject to the terms of that agreement.
©2022. Jones Lang LaSalle IP, Inc. All rights reserved.



Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

11-2-2015



TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- **A BROKER** is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- **A SALES AGENT** must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
- Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of *each party* to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Jones Lang LaSalle Brokerage, Inc.	591725	renda.hampton@jll.com	+1 214 438 6100
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Daniel Glyn Bellow	183794	dan.bellow@jll.com	+1 713 888 4000
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
	N/A	N/A	N/A
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Trevor Franke	444817	trevor.franke@jll.com	214-438-6174
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone

Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials

Date



Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

11-2-2015



TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- **A BROKER** is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- **A SALES AGENT** must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
- Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of *each party* to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Jones Lang LaSalle Brokerage, Inc.	591725	renda.hampton@jll.com	+1 214 438 6100
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Daniel Glyn Bellow	183794	dan.bellow@jll.com	+1 713 888 4000
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
	N/A	N/A	N/A
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Andrew Scudder	646607	andrew.scudder@jll.com	214-438-1580
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone

Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials

Date



Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

11-2-2015



TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- **A BROKER** is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- **A SALES AGENT** must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
- Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of *each party* to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Jones Lang LaSalle Brokerage, Inc.	591725	renda.hampton@jll.com	+1 214 438 6100
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Daniel Glyn Bellow	183794	dan.bellow@jll.com	+1 713 888 4000
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
	N/A	N/A	N/A
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Hudson Neuhoff	788605	hudson.neuhoff@jll.com	214-438-6487
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone

Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials

Date