PRODUCT INFORMATION

Collagen CS Solution 0.5 %

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Product descriptio	n:
General	Collagen is the major structural component of extracellular matrices found in connective tissues and internal organs, but is most prevalent in the dermis, tendons and bones. Type I collagen is a heterodimer composed of two $\alpha_1(I)$ chains and one $\alpha_2(I)$ chain that spontaneously forms a triple helix scaffold at neutral pH and 37 °C.
Application	 Coating of surfaces or use as a solid gel providing a substrate for improved attachment of thin layers of cells Formation of an <i>in vivo</i>-like 3D collagen matrix attached to the bottom of culture dish or as a floating pad in/on the culture media for cell growth, cell migration assays, cell interaction
	 Biochemical or pathological studies of standard cells and stem cells
Composition	5 mg/ml acid soluble collagen (Type I) from bovine calf dermis in 0.01 M HCl
Storage	Store solution at +2 °C - +8 °C
Preparation of colla	agen gels for 2- and 3-dimensional cell growth
A. Additional required material	 1 M NaOH, sterile 1 M HEPES, sterile 10x RPMI 1640 medium, sterile Cell suspension (high density) in growth medium Laminar air flow (LAF) unit, sterile air supply, sterile 50 ml beaker and sterile pipettes, sterile petri dish, ca. 50 – 55 mm diameter (ca. 2 "), incubator A without CO₂, incubator B with CO₂, pH meter, pH probe, sterile 0.1 M HCl and/or sterile 0.1 M NaOH
	All solution should be used refrigerated at a temperature of + 4 °C to + 10 °C.
 B. Preparation of neutralized col- lagen solution (aseptic, with sterile tubes in LAF unit) 	 Mix 0.7 ml of 1 M NaOH with 1.0 ml 1 M HEPES buffer (= 1.7 ml of solution A). Mix 2 ml of 10x RPMI 1640 with 1.7 ml of solution A (= 3.7 ml of solution B). Mix 16 ml of Collagen CS solution 0.5 % with 3.7 ml of solution B. Mix thoroughly but gently and avoid trapping air bubbles. The pH of the solution should ideally be at 7.2 - 7.8. If necessary adjust pH by adding a few drops of either sterile 0.1 M HCl or sterile 0.1 M NaOH. Pipette ca. 7 ml of the neutralized collagen solution into a sterile petri dish with a diameter of ca. 50 - 55 mm diameter to cover completely the bottom to a depth of 2 - 3 mm.
C. Gelation by incubation of neutralized	Incubate the neutralized collagen solution for min. 60 min or up to 16 h (overnight) at 37 °C to initiate and complete gelation. Note: Gelation occurs more rapidly in the absence of CO ₂ .
collagen solution	Before use collagen fibrils may alternatively be dried according to the following protocol:
	 After gelation leave the dish uncovered in a stream of sterile air within the LAF unit overnight or until it is dry. Rinse fibrillar collagen with sterile water to remove salts and rehydrate the dried film. After rehydration the collagen film can be used immediately for cell culture. If it is allowed to dry again as described before, the collagen film can be stored for future use.
D. Types of cell preparations	 2-dimensional: Prepare a neutralized collagen according section B and C. Disperse cells with medium on collagen gel surface after gelation and incubate. Sandwiched: Prepare a neutralized collagen according section B and C. Disperse cells with a small amount of medium on collagen gel surface after gelation ("bottom gel"). Pour a new layer of neutralized collagen solution (B.15.) gently on top of the cell layer ("top layer gel"). For gelation, incubate for min. 60 min or up to 16 h (overnight) at 37 °C. Continue incubation for cell growth. 3-dimensional: Prepare a neutralized collagen solution by mixing 10 % of cell suspension in medium and 90 % neutralized collagen solution. For gelation, incubate this mixture for min. 60 min or up to 16 h (overnight) at 37 °C.

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