Advanced Sentence Structure: Inversion

倒裝句其實喺寫作或者正式場合都會用到, 學識佢可以令你英文更高級、更自然。

意思:掉換主語(subject)次序去將重點轉移

疑問句(Question Sentences)

- ◆ 正常語序係咁:
- You know what I mean.

- ◆ 但係變成疑問句, 就要倒裝:
- Do you know what I mean?

我哋將助動詞 do 放咗去主語 you 前面, 形成倒裝句。

疑問句(Question Sentences)

再睇一個例子:

👉 You have finished your homework.(你做完功課啦)

變成疑問句就係:

Have you finished your homework?

強調否定副詞開頭

當句子一開始用咗啲 否定副詞, 例如:

never(從未)

rarely(很少)

not only(不單止)

hardly(幾乎唔)

咁我哋就要用倒裝句嚟強調句子。

強調否定副詞開頭

例子一:

例子二:

強調否定副詞開頭

例子三:

- 倒裝句: Not only have I studied abroad in America, but I have also worked there.

- 👉 倒裝句:

Not only did the staff refuse to change the room, but he also ignored my complaints

記住, 呢啲否定副詞一擺喺句首, 就要將助動詞放前面!

X【常見錯誤: Not only 用法】

★ 錯誤寫法:

Not only studied abroad, but I have also worked there. 🗶

(錯喺冇倒裝主語同冇助動詞)



Not only have I studied abroad, but I have also worked there.

原句: I have not only studied abroad, but I have also worked there.

📌 重點: not only 放喺句首,就一定要倒裝,助動詞放前面,主語跟住。

X【常見錯誤: Not only 用法】

中間用法:I not only studied abroad, but also worked there. 🔽

句首用法: Not only did I study abroad, but I also worked there. ✓

If-句 倒裝(更正式)

想令條件句(If-sentences)聽落更正式、更有文采, 我哋可以省略 "if", 然後倒裝句子。

例子1:

例子2:

呢啲句式,喺正式寫作(例如 report、proposal)用出嚟,會係加分位!