

Progressive Tenses

Intermediate Grammar Course

進行式

1. Be (is / am / are / was / were) + v + ing
2. 進行中... / 發展中...
3. 維持一段時間

Present Continuous (現在進行式)

 用法:

描述 正在進行 的動作(現在這一刻或近期正在發生的事)。

常配合時間提示: now, at the moment, this week, tomorrow (計劃好的未來安排)。

Present Continuous (現在進行式)



句式結構:

Noun + am/is/are + 動詞-ing

◆ 例子:

"I am teaching English now." (我而家教緊英文。)

"She is studying for her DSE exams this week." (佢今個星期溫緊DSE。)

"They are moving to Tai Wai next month." (佢哋下個月搬去大圍。)

Present Continuous (現在進行式)

⚠ 注意:

非動作動詞 (如 know, like, own) 不能用進行式 !

✗ "I am knowing the answer." → ✓ "I know the answer."

Past Continuous (過去進行式)

 用法:

描述 過去某一刻正在進行 的動作(要配合另一個短動作)。

時間提示: while, when, at 8 pm yesterday...

Past Continuous (過去進行式)



句式結構:

主語 + was/were + 動詞-ing

◆ 例子:

"I was sleeping when you called." (你打嚟嗰陣我瞓緊覺。)

"They were playing football at 5 pm yesterday." (佢哋尋日下晝5點踢緊波。)



注意:

用「當...嘅時候」幫手分辯:

"While I was cooking, the phone rang." (煮緊飯 期間, 電話響。)

Future Continuous (將來進行式)

 用法:

預測或描述 未來某一刻將進行 的動作。

時間提示 : this time tomorrow, at 9am next Monday...

Future Continuous (將來進行式)



句式結構:

主語 + will be + 動詞-ing

◆ 例子:

"This time tomorrow, I will be flying to Japan!" (聽日呢個時間, 我會飛緊日本!)

"She will be sitting her exam at 10am." (佢10點會考緊試。)