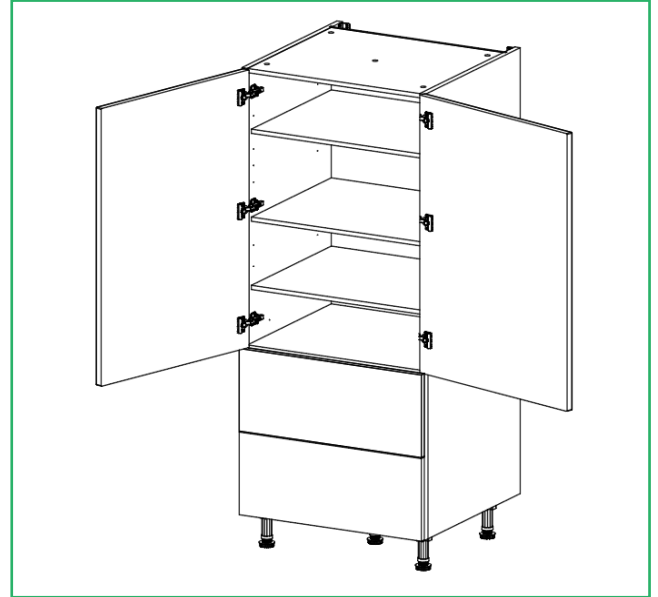
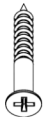


# Tower Cabinet

## Tower (Door, Drawer, Solid Top, 5 Legs) - Fitting Guide



### Cabinet Parts



6x  
1 1/4" Screws



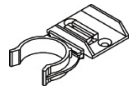
30x  
5/8" Screws



2x  
L Brackets



5x  
Legs



2x  
Toe Kick Clips



18x  
Cover Caps



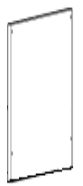
4x  
Drawer Cover Caps



5x  
Door Buffers

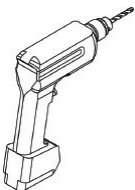


12x  
Shelf Pegs



3x  
Shelves

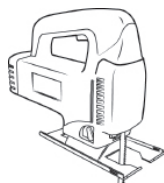
### Tools Required



Drill



Stud Finder



Jigsaw



Mallet



Screwdriver



Clamp



Spirit Level



Tape Measure

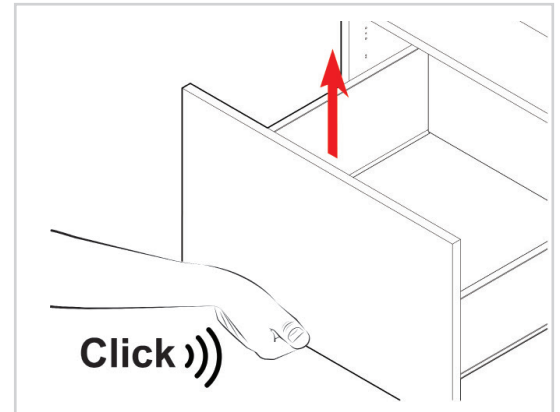
Remember to take care when unpacking. Please keep your workspace clean, clear, and tidy when working. This will help keep all items safe from damage. Any waste cardboard or plastic should be flattened down and placed in the trash can.

A minimum of two people will be needed to lift the cabinet.

### Removing the drawer, fixtures, and fittings

Remove all fixtures and fittings from the drawer and keep them on a clean, level surface, grouped by product.

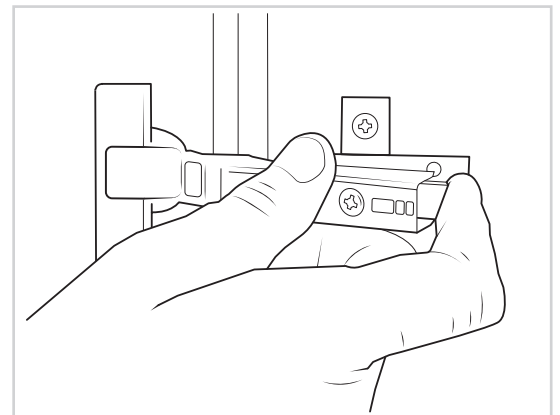
Before installing the cabinet, remove all the drawers. This is done by pulling the drawer all the way out and then pulling the front of the drawer upwards.



Place the drawers on top of a piece of leftover cardboard to protect them from damage.

### Removing the frontal

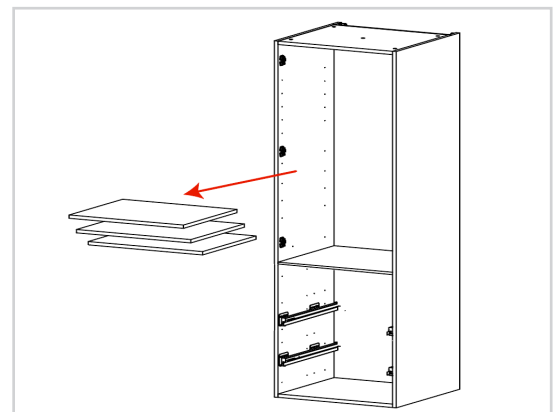
Before installing the cabinet, remove the frontal by pulling the release catch.



### Removing the fittings

Remove all content so the cabinet is empty.

All fittings should be kept on a clean, level surface.

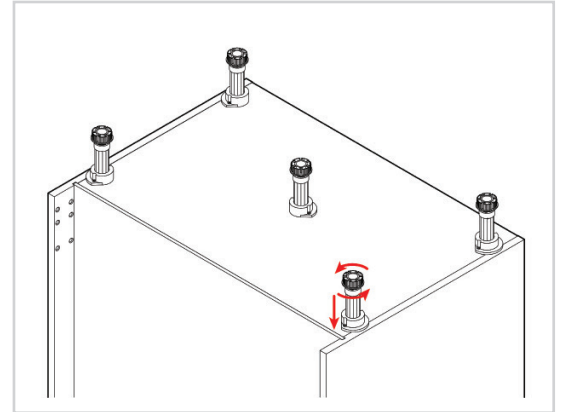


## Securing the legs

Secure each of the cabinet legs to the cabinet using **2x 5/8"** screws per leg.

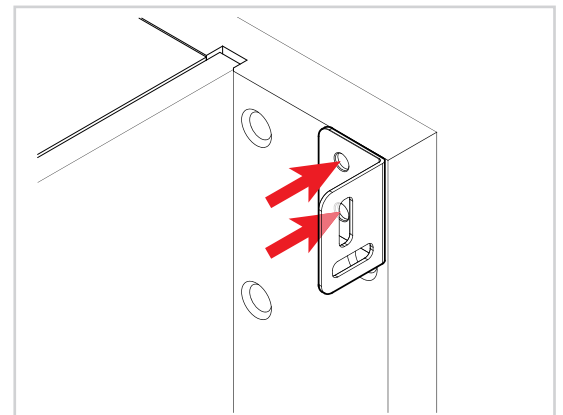
Make sure the legs are positioned as seen in the image to support the end panel.

Set the leg height to **4 9/16"**. The leg height can be adjusted by turning the foot of the leg clockwise or anti-clockwise



## Securing the L-brackets

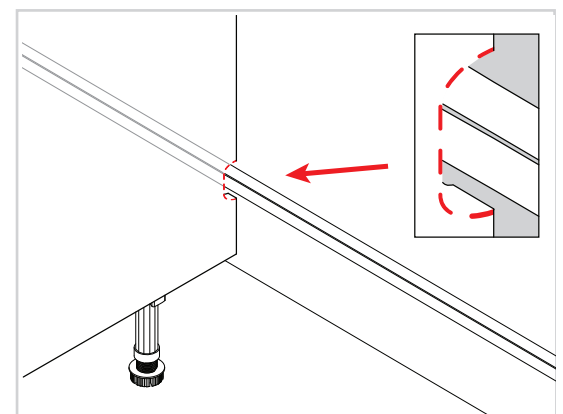
Secure each of the L-brackets to the rear of the cabinet using **2x 5/8"** screws at each side.



## Notching out the side panels (when required)

In order to allow for any horizontal pipework running behind the cabinet, some cabinets will require the back of the cabinets side to be notched out.

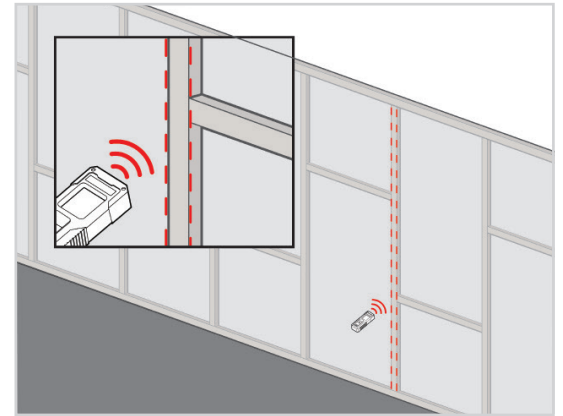
Create a notch for the horizontal pipes at the back of the end panels using a jigsaw.



For help on determining the sort of wall you have, please refer to the “Room Preparation Guide.”

### Locating the stud

Using a stud finder, locate the studs where the cabinet will be installed and mark the wall where the cabinet will sit.



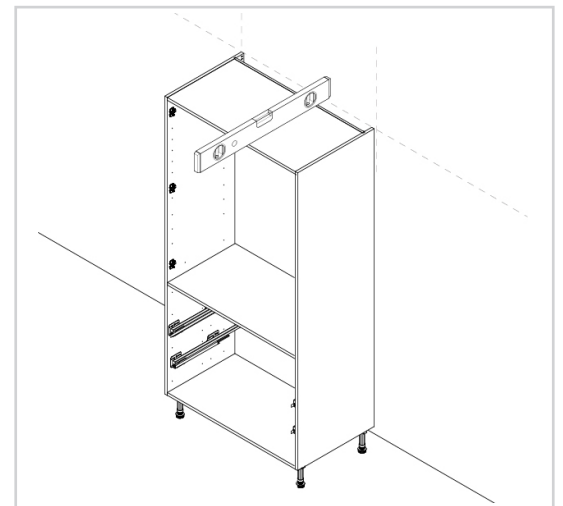
### Lifting the cabinet into place

When lifting the cabinet into place, do **not** tilt, as this can damage the legs.

Place the cabinet against the wall and align it with the wall markings that will have been drawn during the room preparation stage.

Use a spirit level to ensure the cabinet is level from front to back, left to right, and diagonally. Adjust the legs if required.

The leg height can be adjusted by turning the foot of the leg clockwise or anti-clockwise.

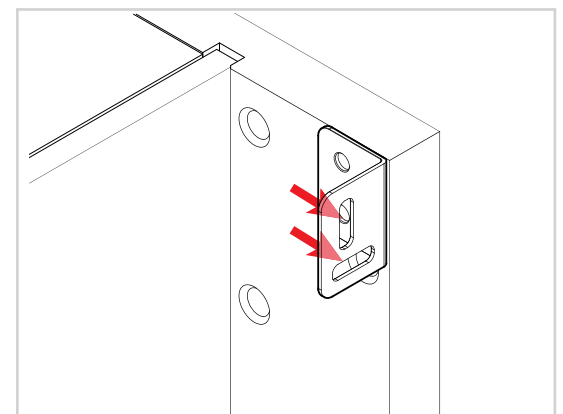


No screws or wall plugs are provided for attaching the cabinet to the wall.  
This is due to variations in wall construction.

Before drilling into the wall, you **MUST** check for any hidden services or pipework within the walls.

### Attaching the base cabinet to the wall

Fix the cabinet to the wall through the L-brackets, as shown in the image (these fixings are not provided).

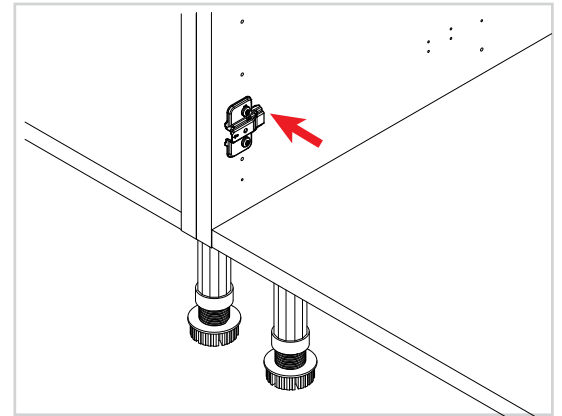


## Securing adjacent cabinets

Clamp together the two cabinets, checking that the front edges are level and flush.

Using the screws provided, **1x 1 1/4"** screw should be fixed into each corner of the cabinet side.

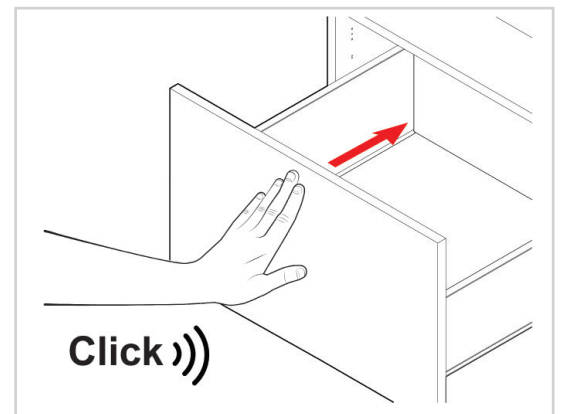
The screws can be concealed by placing them behind the shelf or behind the hinge plates. The cover caps can be used to hide any visible screw heads that remain.



## Inserting the drawers

Slide the drawer onto the runners and make sure the runner mechanism and the drawer sides' groove line up.

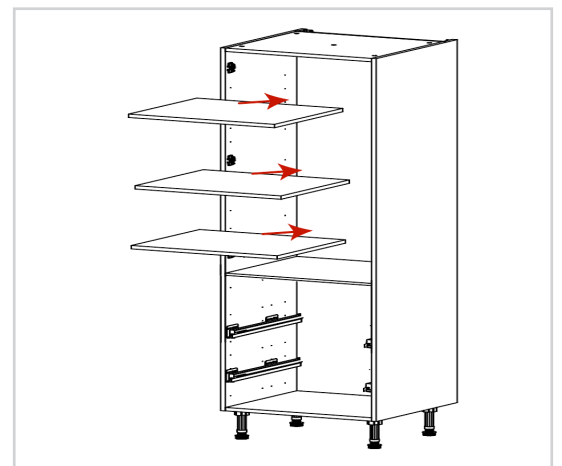
Push the drawer back into the cabinet after it has been positioned on the runners; you should hear a click.



## Placing the shelf into position

Place the shelf in position so the pin of the shelf peg is inserted into the pre-drilled holes.

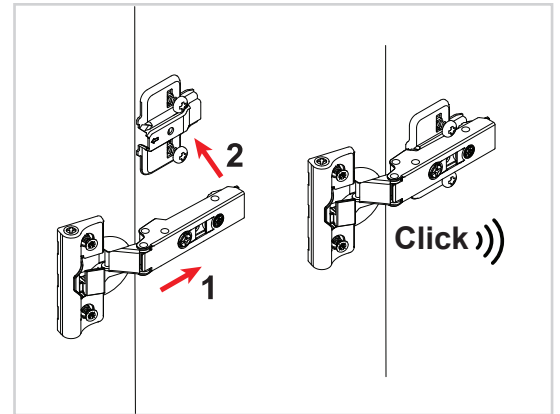
The shelf touches the back panel when installed, if there is a gap between the back panel and shelf, then the shelf has been installed back to front, and the shelf needs to be rotated.



## Attaching the frontal

The frontal should be re-attached to the cabinet by clipping the hinges onto the hinge plates.

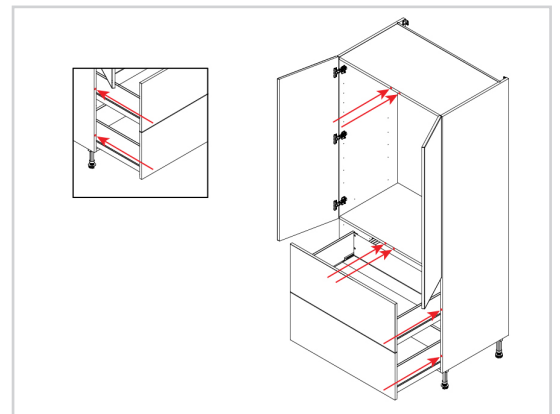
The bar of the hinge needs to be positioned into the hooks on the hinge plate. Then the rear of the hinge is pushed to the hinge plate until it clicks.



## Adding the door buffers

Add **1x** door buffer to each side of each drawer along the cabinet edge.

Position **2x** door buffer at the top and bottom of the cabinet where the frontal's corners will meet the cabinet, as illustrated in the image.



## Cleaning the cabinet

Finally, the cabinet should be thoroughly cleaned with a vacuum or dust pan and brush to remove any debris that may have accumulated during the installation.



Store the toe kick clips and the remaining 5/8" screws.  
These will be used later when attaching the toe kick.

For drawer alignment please review the following installation guide:  
**Drawer- Drawer Hinge Adjustment**  
**Door- Door Hinge Adjustment**