

## **Post-Operative Instructions: Dental Implants**

If you have any questions or concerns after your surgery, you can reach your doctor 24 hours a day by calling our office number. We should always be your first resource if you are having difficulty.

If you are going to receive intravenous sedation during your procedure, you will leave the office in the care of your escort. It is important that a person be willing and able to look after you and take responsibility for you until you are adequately recovered from your anesthesia to be on your own. How long that will take varies greatly and depends entirely upon the individual. You will likely need someone with you for at least most of the day following your surgery.

When you leave the office, you will have gauze in your mouth packed tightly against or adjacent to the surgical sites. It is important that you bite on the gauze firmly, keeping it undisturbed for one hour after you leave. If you move the gauze, talk, or move your mouth around, you will stimulate persistent bleeding. After an hour, remove the gauze. If you are no longer bleeding significantly, you can leave it out from this point forward. If bleeding persists, you need to repeat that process. Wad up a tight little pack of gauze, put it directly on the spot where it's bleeding, and bite down with solid pressure undisturbed for another hour. Repeat this process as needed until the bleeding has stopped. It's important to realize a tiny amount of bleeding off and on however, even for several days, is not unusual or worrisome after oral surgery.

It is very important that you be cautious while you have the gauze pack in your mouth not to swallow or let the gauze pack fall back in your throat. Your mouth may be very numb for an extended period of time, and it can be difficult to know where the gauze pack is located. Be aware that falling asleep with the gauze pack in your mouth could present a choking hazard.

As soon as you are able you should have something very easy to eat, like mashed potatoes or pudding. Once you have something in your stomach, you should take some of the pain medicine you were prescribed. This way, when the numbness wears off from surgery, you will already have some pain medicine in your system. It is important to note if you take pain medicine on an empty stomach, it may make you nauseated or make you vomit.

It is advisable for you to maintain a relatively soft diet for 7-10 days following surgery. It is particularly important that you avoid small things like rice, nuts, or popcorn, as they may get lodged in the surgical site. If you have a temporary prosthesis already on your implants, you should not use this to chew food at all until the doctor tells you it is okay to do so. You should plan to generally keep food away from areas in your mouth where your implants were placed until you have your permanent teeth in place.

We recommend over the several days after surgery that you keep your head elevated as much as possible, and even keeping yourself propped up slightly while you're sleeping is helpful. Also, placing ice packs on your face adjacent where the surgery was performed for several days intermittently following surgery will be helpful to reduce the amount of pain you experience.

If you have had sinus grafting performed for placement of upper jaw implants, you must avoid things that may create a pressure difference between your mouth and your nose for 4 weeks. This means you must not blow your nose or do anything that creates suction in your mouth, like using a straw. You should avoid smoking or vaping for at least 1 month after surgery, and ideally quit completely. Remember, these habits will increase the potential for failure of your implant procedure.

You should not start brushing your teeth again on the day of surgery, but you must start brushing your teeth again on the day following your surgery. It is important to resume good oral hygiene as soon as possible, but be careful not to disturb the area where your actual surgery was performed. Many patients also find it soothing to rinse with warm salt water several times a day. You may also be given a prescription oral rinse, which you should use as directed on the label.

If you have medications prescribed by your physician that you take on a regular basis, you should resume taking these on your normal schedule.



## **Post-Operative Instructions: Dental Implants** (Cont.)

It is quite normal after oral surgery to have some pain, swelling of your face, and bruising on your face or neck. Sometimes these things can be quite severe, even from a very small procedure. It is also normal to experience tightness of the muscles around your jaws, which can make it very difficult to open your mouth fully. All of these symptoms will generally increase for 3 to 4 days after surgery and then slowly start to improve. Most patients will require some degree of pain medicine for 7–10 days after surgery.

Most patients will have sutures in their mouth after surgery. The sutures used will be removed by your surgeon at your post-operative appointment. The sutures may start to dissolve on their own before they are removed, and if you notice pieces of suture hanging or starting to come out of your mouth it is OK for you to trim them carefully with a small scissor.

Small amounts of intermittent bleeding may also occur from your surgical sites, even for 2-3 weeks after surgery. If bleeding is significant, repeat the gauze packing procedure as described earlier to get it to stop. If this doesn't work, you should call your doctor.