

Yoma 33 Intro -

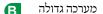
Today we will בע"ה learn דף ל"ג of א מסכת יומא - The topics we will learn about include:

The gemara brings the famous teaching of Abaye according to the opinion of Abba Shaul, which we recite in the daily Seder HaKorbanos of Shacharis, which provides the order of the daily avoda in the Bais HaMikdash

The Gemara then provides sources from Psukim for the sequence of each Avoda.

Some of the key terms and concepts we will learn about include אין מעבירין על המצוות - $\,$

We do not pass up an opportunity to do a Mitzva.



This was the main pile of wood on top of the מזבח, near the southeastern corner - דרומית מזרחית - on whose fire most of the Korbanos were burned.

מערכה שניה של קטרת

This was a smaller pile of wood situated near the southwestern corner of the Mizbaich - מערבית דרומית - from which coals were taken to burn the daily Ketores on the מזבח הזהב inside the Heichal, every morning and afternoon.

On Yom Kippur there was another small מערכה near the northwestern corner - צפונית מערבית - from which coals were taken for the Ketores of Yom Kippur in the קודש הקדשים.

There was another small מערכה near the northeastern corner - מארחית צפונית - which burned constantly, to fulfill the directive - אש תמיד תוקד על המזבח לא תכבה

Ketores is the incense mixture of 11 ingredients that are burned on the מזבח הזהב twice each day - once in the morning, and once in the afternoon.

הטבת הנרות

Every evening a Kohen lights the Menorah in the Beis ha'Mikdash, placing enough oil into the lamps of the Menorah for it to burn throughout the entire night.

Every morning, a Kohen cleans out the lamps of the Menorah of the charred wicks and remaining oil, and replaces them with fresh wicks and oil. This process is called Hatavas ha'Neros, or Dishun ha'Menorah. The Hatavas ha'Neros is performed in two steps. First The Kohen cleans out five of the seven lamps. He then waits for a certain other Avodah to be performed, and only afterwards does he clean the remaining two lamps of the Menorah. There is a מחלוקת as to which avoda was performed in between.

חביתין

The Kohen Gadol offers a daily Minchah called מנחת חביתין, which consists of עשירית האיפה of wheat flour which are formed into twelve rolls that are boiled, baked and then fried. Six of these rolls are burned on the מובר in the morning and six are burned in the afternoon. This is a personal Korban of the Kohen Gadol and must come from his own funds.











- נסכים

Certain Korbanos were accompanied by wine to be poured on the הזובח, and a

ם נסכים - a Korbon of flour and oil.

- Citerally additional -

Following the Korban Tamid, the Torah commands that additional Korbanos be offered on Shabbos, Rosh Chodesh, and each day of Yom Tov. These are purchased with public funds, and are generally Korbenos Olah. On Rosh Chodesh and Yom Tov they also brought a Korban Chatas which atoned for certain sins.

בזיכיו

The Lechem HaPanim, are the 12 loaves of bread that are placed on the Shulchan each Shabbos and arranged in two מערכות of 6 loaves each. The Lechem HaPanim is accompanied by שני בזיכין spoons of לבונה spice, which are placed near the Lechem HaPanim. When the previous week's loaves are removed, the Levona is also removed and sacrificed on the Mizbaich, and then last week's loaves may be eaten by the Kohanim.





So let's review...

The Mishnah חב דף ל"א ע"ב את had taught; נכנס להקטיר קטורת של שחר ולהיטיב את הנרות ולהקריב את הראש ואת נכנס להקטיר קטורת של שחר ולהיטיב את הנרות ולהקריב את היין ואת היין את היין משחר of the אחר אתמיד של שחר אל מורקת הדם After the גריקת הדם of the Menora, brings the limbs to the מנחת חביתין and the wine of the נסכים.

Our Shiur began with the Gemara entering into a detailed discussion of the exact order of the daily Avovdos, beginning with the famous teaching of Abaye which we recite daily in the Korbanos of Shacharis



אביי מסדר מערכה משמיה דגמרא ואליבא דאבא שאול אביי מסדר מערכה משמיה דגמרא ואליבא דאבא שאול Abaye organized the daily avodos in the Beis HaMikdash in the order that they were performed, as understood by all the בני and according to the opinion of Abba Shaul, and the Gemara explains the sources based on Psukim.

מערכה גדולה קודמת למערכה שניה של קטורת

The preparation of the wood for the main fire on the Mizbaich precedes the preparation of the second wood pile for the Ketores.

דתניא היא העולה על מוקדה על המזבח כל הלילה זו מערכה גדולה ואש על המזבח תוקד בו זו מערכה שניה של קטורת

The Posuk mentions the Maaracha Gedola before the Maaracha Shnia.

The Gemara adds that logically the מערכה גדולה takes precedence because -

- -1- כפרתו מרובה Its fire servies almost all of the Korbanos, and this is of greater significance than that of the fire of the מערכה being used שניה inside the Heichal.
- -2- Coals for the Ketores may also be taken for the מערכה, if there is no מערכה שניה.



מערכה שניה של קטורת קודמת לסידור שני גזירי עצים The preparation of the second wood pile precedes the placing of the 2 special logs on the fire in honor of the Korban Tamid -





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דכתיב ובער עליה הכהן עצים בבקר בבקר עליה ולא על חברתה מכלל דאיתא לחברתה

This Pasuk teaches that the 2 Gizrei Eitzim are added only to the מערכה מערכה and not to the מערכה שניה, which implies that the מערכה שניה is already lit at this time.

The word עליה must be referring to the מערכה גדולה, because the Posuk continues:

- וערך עליה העולה

He shall burn the חמיד של שחר on this fire.

וסידור שני גזירי עצים קודם לדישון מזבח הפנימי

Placing the 2 logs on the fire precedes clearing the ashes from the Mizbaich HaKetores.

אע"ג דהכא כתיב בבקר בבקר והכא כתיב בבקר בבקר

Although the words בבקר בבקר are written by both Avodos, אפי' הכי מכשיר עדיף -

The 2 logs take precedence, because they are a preparation for the coals of the Ketores.

The Gemara points out that the coals for the קטרת will not be taken from this wood - We are only saying - in general, coals are produced by wood.

Rav Ashi says that this wood could potentially be an actual preparation for the coals of the Ketores, when there is no מערכה.

רבינא אמר הואיל והתחיל במערכה גומר

Ravina gives another reason:

Since he is already involved in preparing the מערכה גדולה he completes it.

- ודישון מזבח הפנימי קודם להטבת חמש נרות

Clearing out the ashes from the Mizbaich HaKetores precedes cleaning the first 5 of 7 cups of the Menorah.

This is based on the principle of

אין מעבירין על המצוות -

We do not pass up an opportunity to do a Mitzva. Since we approach the the Mizbaich HaKetores before we reach the Menora, which is further inside in the Heichal, we first tend to the Mizbaich and only then to the Menora.

As the gemara describes their locations;

The Shulchan was on the צפון side, the Menora on the בדרום side each drawn two and a half Amos away from the side wall. They must be opposite each other, with nothing between them,

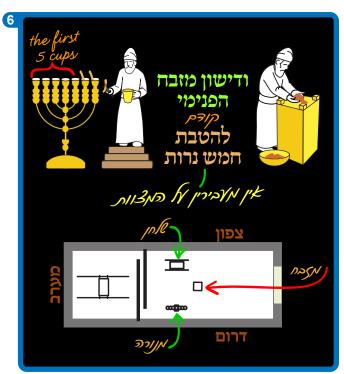
because the Posuk says;

- ואת המנורה נכח השלחן

Therefore the Mizbach HaKetores, which was centered on the width of the Heichal, was drawn a bit toward the outside - toward the doorway on the מזרח side.













והטבת חמש גרות קודם לדם התמיד ודם התמיד קודם להטבת שתי גרות Cleaning the first 5 of 7 cups of the Menorah precedes the sprinkling of the blood of the Korban Tamid - which is then followed by the cleaning of the last 2 of the 7 cups of the Menora The gemara explains:

The avoda of Hatavas HaNeiros, cleaning and preparing the 7 lamps of the Menora, must be divided into two parts. First the 5 cups, and then coming back to the other 2 cups. Rav Yochanan derives this from the Posuk

- בבקר בבקר בהיטיבו את הנרות יקטירנה

- חלקהו לשני בקרים

Split the avoda of הטבת הנרות into two parts.

Reish Lakish gives a logical reason;

- כדי להרגיש את העם

More activity in the azara brings greater honor to HaShem.

According to Abba Shaul the avoda of the Dam HaTamid is that which is performed between the two parts of the Hatavas HaNeiros.

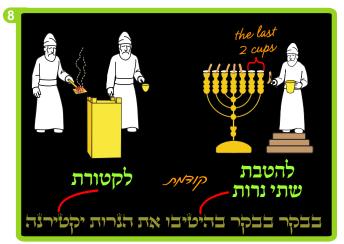
Rashi explains: There is no other Avoda that can be inserted between the two parts of the Hatavas HaNeiros, because דישון must be before ANY הטבת הנרות, as explained earlier, because of אין מעבירין על המצוות - AND

קטורת must be after ALL הטבת הנרוח, as will be explained soon, because of בהיטיבו את הנרות - - בהיטיבו -

והטבת שתי נרות קודמת לקטורת Cleaning the last 2 Menora Lamps precedes the sacrificing of the Ketores, because the Pasuk states; בבקר בבקר בהיטיבו את הנרות יקטירנה First

בבקר בהיטיבו את הנרות יקטירנה בבקר בבקר בהיטיבו את הנרות יקטירנה First בהיטיבו את הנרות And only then





וקטורת לאברים

Sacrificing the Ketores precedes sacrificing the parts of the Korban Tamid;

דתניא יוקדם דבר שנאמר בו בבקר בבקר לדבר שלא נאמר בו אלא בקר אחד -בלבד -

By Ketores the pasuk says;

- בבקר בבקר בהיטיבו את הנרות יקטירנה

Mentioning the word בבקר twice -

Indicating preference over the Korban Tamid where the Posuk says;

- את הכבש האחד תעשה בבקר

Mentioning the word בבקר only once -



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- ואברים למנחה

The אברים of the Korban Tamid precede the Minchas Nesachim which accompany the Korban Tamid.

העולה העולה עליה מניין שלא יהא דבר קודם לתמיד של שחר ת"ל וערך עליה העולה -From which Rava learns

- העולה היא עולה ראשונה

The עולת תמיד of the word העולה teaches that the יהידיעה must be the first Korban of the day, and no other Korban may precede it.



ומנחה לחביתין

The Korban Minchas Nesachim precedes the Minchas Chavitin of the Kohen Gadol;

As the Pasuk says:

- להקריב אשה לה' עולה ומנחה זבח ונסכים דבר יום ביומו

The Korban Mincha comes together and immediately after the Korban Olah.



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וחביתין לנסכים

The Minchas Chavitin precedes the נסכים of wine which comes with the Korban Tamid. The gemara explains;

Since the Korban Chavitin is also called a Mincha, it comes together with the other Mincha of the Korban Tamid, and before the Nesachim of wine.



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ונסכים למוספין

The Nesachim come before the מוספין, as the pasuk says; זבחים - that the נסכים come immediately after זבחים - referring to the Korban Tamid









ומוספין לבזיכין

Korbanos Musaf precede the Bazichim, which is the 2 spoons of incense that is replaced each Shabbos with the new Lechem HaPanim, and the old incense is sacrificed on the Mizbaich The Gemara concludes that this is actually a Machlokes based on Psukim, whether OR - מוספין קודמין לבזיכין

בזיכין קודמין למוספין.

ובזיכין לתמיד של בין הערבים

Sacrificing the Levona from the Bazichim precedes the Korban Tamid of the Afternoon.

שנאמר והקטיר עליה חלבי השלמים עליה השלם כל הקרבנות כולן The תמיד של בין הערבים must be the last avoda of the day.





