

## **POINTS TO PONDER**

- 1. The גמרא quotes ר' יאשיה who said that even though he doesn't have a definitive proof from the חורה he has a "זכר" to it from the פסוק regarding קרבן פסח . The גמרא then discusses לשון לשון בני אדם and concludes that everyone agrees that we follow בני אדם and the פסוק is only a לשון בני אדם which is the same as אסמכתא. What changed? In the original quote it says that it's only a "זכר" which is the same as אסמכתא.
- 2. The מרא says that we daven for מריעי and מריעי, because קצירי represents regular sick people wereas תלמידי חכמים. Why do we need to daven for תלמידי חכמים in the על הצדיקים fo ברכה? They have a special על הצדיקים?
- 3. When asked why his face is shining רבי יהודה answered חכמת אדם תאיר פניו. Isn't it showing hy saying that he has חכמה?
- 4. Further to the above, why did he give 3 different answers to the same question to three different people?
- 5. The בית and said רבי יהודה used to take a coat to בית מדרש and said "גדולה מלאכה שמכבדת and said "גדולה מלאכה שמכבדת what does מלאכה meaning work have to do with no seating on the floor?

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