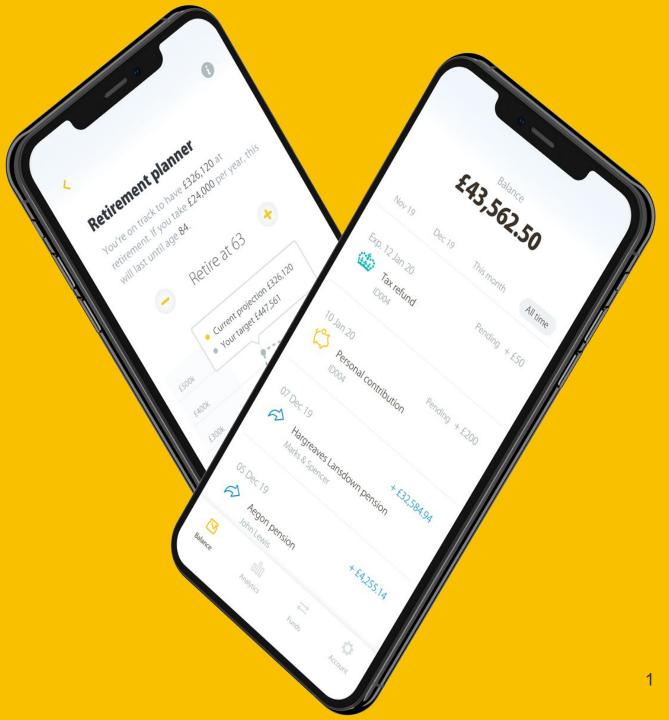


## **Preliminary Results**

for the year ended 31 December 2021



# Agenda

- 1 Strategic Update
- 2 Financial Update
- 3 Outlook
- 4 Appendix



# **1** Strategic Update

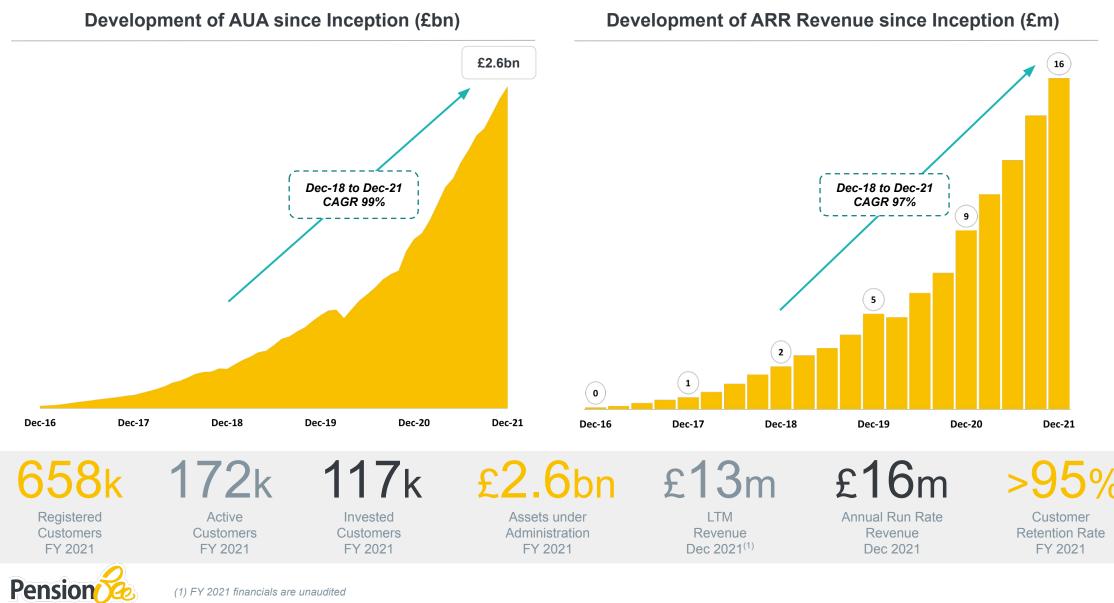


### Overview

- Concluded our first year as a public company delivering revenue growth that exceeded guidance given at the time of the IPO, and firmly on track with respect to other metrics.
  - Assets under Administration: £2.6bn
  - Revenue: £13m
- Latest data from the Office of National Statistics demonstrates strong growth in the Pension Consolidation Market, which exceeds £700bn.
- Industry data from Boring Money demonstrates our value proposition continued to resonate with consumers as our brand awareness increased to 25%, a 44% rise over 2021.
- Initiatives to continue growing our customer base, maintain our innovative product offering and leverage our technology platform are off to an excellent start for the year.
- Our plan to transition to the Premium Segment of the London Stock Exchange has progressed well and is on track.

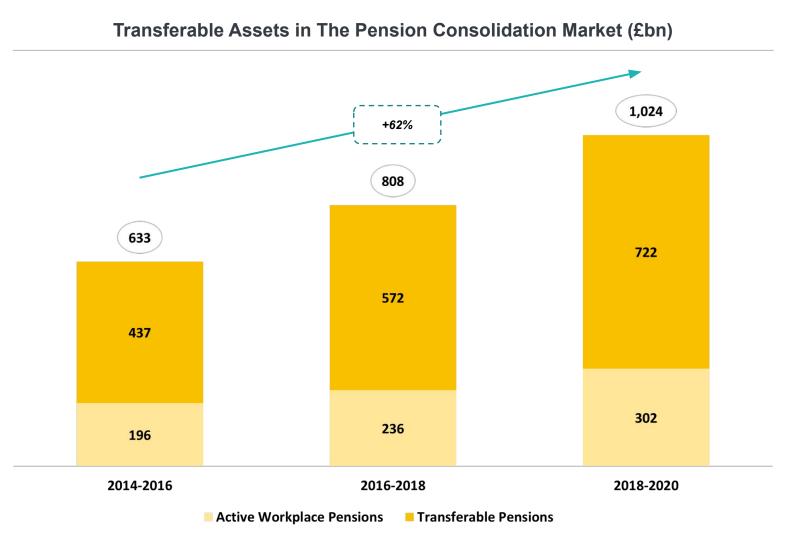


### FY 2021 Financial & Operational Highlights



(1) FY 2021 financials are unaudited

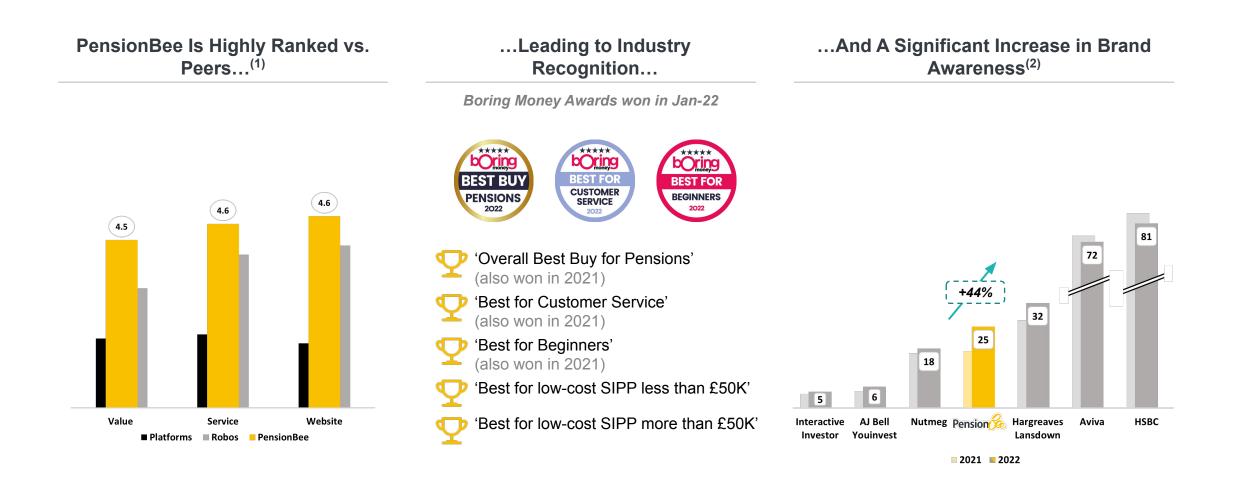
### Pension Consolidation Market Exceeds £700 billion





6

### **Our Customer Focused Solution is Resonating**





(1) Boring Money, Feb 2022. Data on UK D2C Investment Market. Average Platforms score based on 276 reviews on average – (Hargreaves Lansdown, Interactive Investor, AJ Bell Youinvest, Vanguard).
 Average Robos score based on 78 reviews on average - (Nutmeg, Moneybox, Moneyfarm and Wealthify). PensionBee scores are based on 359 reviews. Scores are out of 5.
 (2) Boring Money, Feb 2022. Data on UK D2C Investment Market. Prompted brand awareness.

### PensionBee Is Leapfrogging the Competition

Higher AUA Growth vs. Platform and Robo Advisers Higher Growth in Customers (Rebased to 100)<sup>(1)</sup> (Rebased to 100)<sup>(1)</sup> Pension Pension **CAGR 120% CAGR 118% CAGR 61% CAGR 60% CAGR 19% CAGR 19%** Dec-17 Dec-21 Dec-17 Dec-18 Dec-19 Dec-20 Dec-18 Dec-19 Dec-20 Dec-21 PensionBee — Robos — Platforms PensionBee — Robos — Platforms



(1) Boring Money, Feb 2022. Data on UK D2C Investment Market – "Platforms" – (Hargreaves Lansdown, Interactive Investor, AJ Bell Youinvest, Vanguard). "Robos" - (Nutmeg, Moneybox, Moneyfarm, Wealthify, Wealthisimple and Others)
 (2) CAGR is calculated Dec 2017 - Dec 2021

# 2022 Marketing Strategy

- Accelerate customer growth and marketing spend, while closely monitoring CPIC
- Continue to invest in our top channels: TV, Out of Home and Paid Search
- Optimising our 2022 marketing channel mix with predictive media mix models and designing tailored customer journeys based on our single customer multi touch point insights
- 2 Broadening customer appeal with specific product marketing campaigns
- Consolidating customers remain our main target customer and will be centre stage in our proposition
- Extra effort to attract socially responsible customers with our Fossil Fuel Free campaign and self-employed customers with an easy to contribute-to pension product
- 3 Build trust and maximise customer reach through our press office and educational campaigns
- Doubling press mentions, building PensionBee's status as a trusted brand
- Broad customer appeal with focus to increase female customer base
- Educational campaigns and our pension confident podcast to maximise customer reach

Pension



Billboards, taxis and the Brentford Premier League sponsorship are examples of how we continue to use Out Of Home as a channel.



pension?

Episode 4: How much do you need to pay into a

Campaigns will remain focused on consolidating customers.

Boost reach and create trust with more press mentions and education through our press campaigns, videos and podcasts.

### 2022 Product Strategy



# 2022 Technology Strategy



#### Preparing to scale to 1 million customers

- Maintaining a strong technical foundation to support the business' growth plans through scale testing, architecture and infrastructure optimisation
- Data platform readied to extract maximum insight from data collected about increasing volumes of customer touchpoints and behaviour



#### Automation to drive operational leverage

- Continuing to increase key productivity metrics, IC/FTE and revenue/FTE, through process automation and improvements
- Straight-through automation of increasing proportion of pension transfers
- Product development tooling improved to help increase velocity while maintaining quality

#### Strengthening information security and operational processes

- Increasing standardisation, monitoring and automation in information security, operations and compliance
- Maintaining and improving on the ISO 27001 baseline
- Embracing Zero Trust security model to enhance productivity without compromising on security

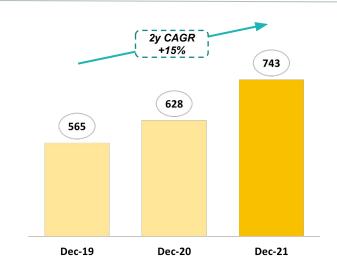
#### 4

#### Team growth and development

 Investment in training and professional development of technology team, ensuring PensionBee is seen as a technical employer of choice and maintaining a high retention rate



#### Invested Customers per Staff Member<sup>(1)(2)</sup>



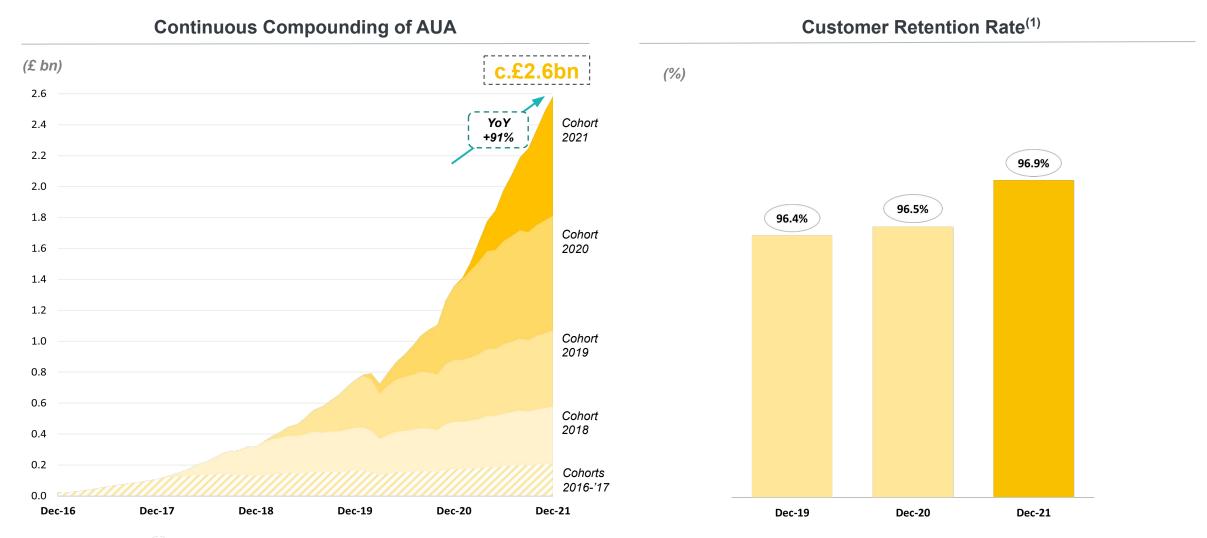
#### Revenue '000 per Staff Member<sup>(1)(2)</sup>



# **2** Financial Update

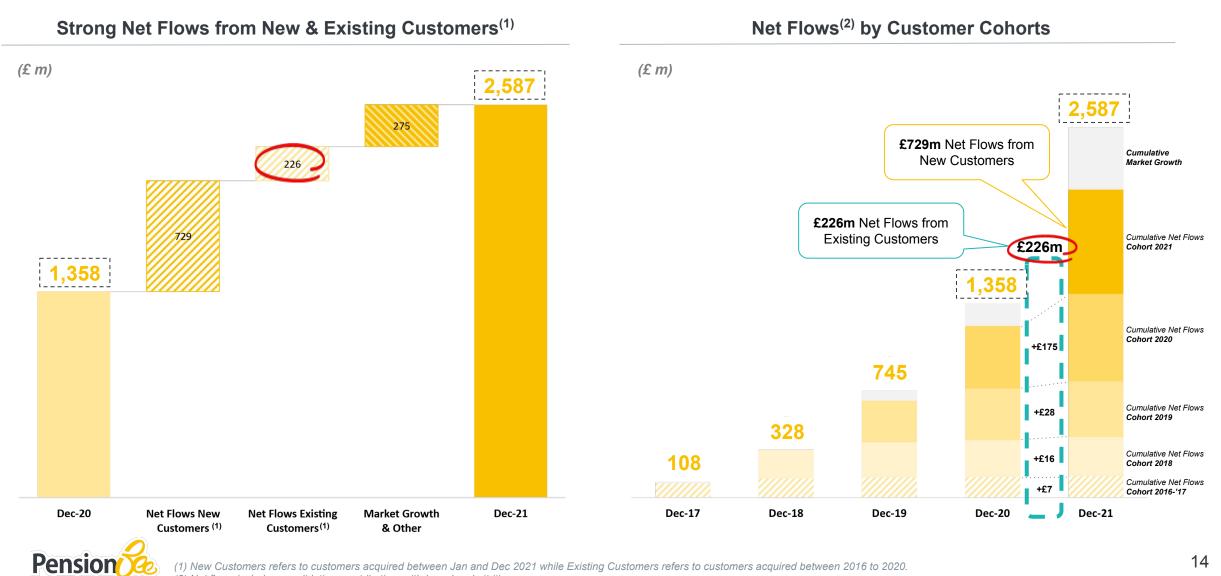


### AUA Growth Driven by High Retention Rate



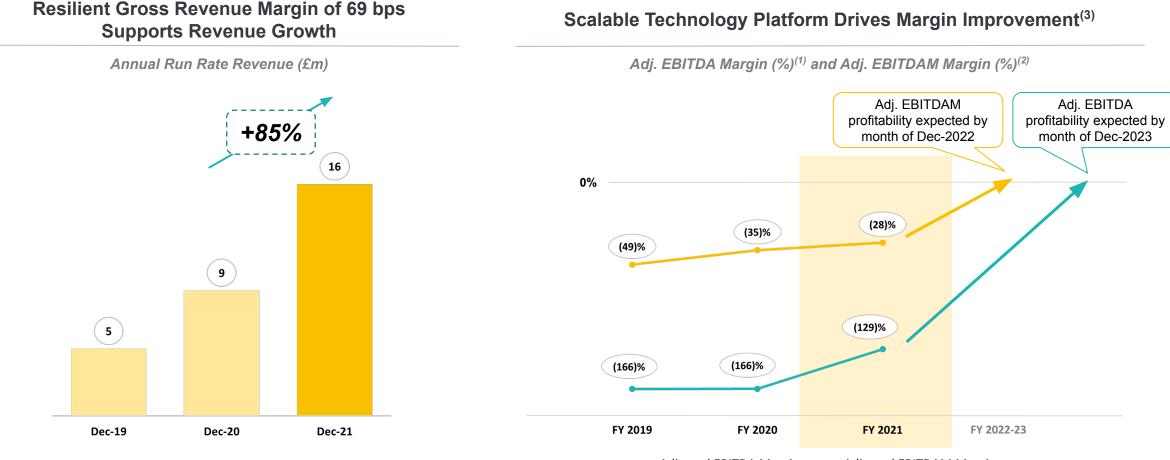


### Positive Flows Generate Recurring & Compounding AUA



(1) New Customers refers to customers acquired between Jan and Dec 2021 while Existing Customers refers to customers acquired between 2016 to 2020. (2) Net flows include consolidation, contribution, withdrawal and attrition

### Scalability Generates Operating Leverage over Time

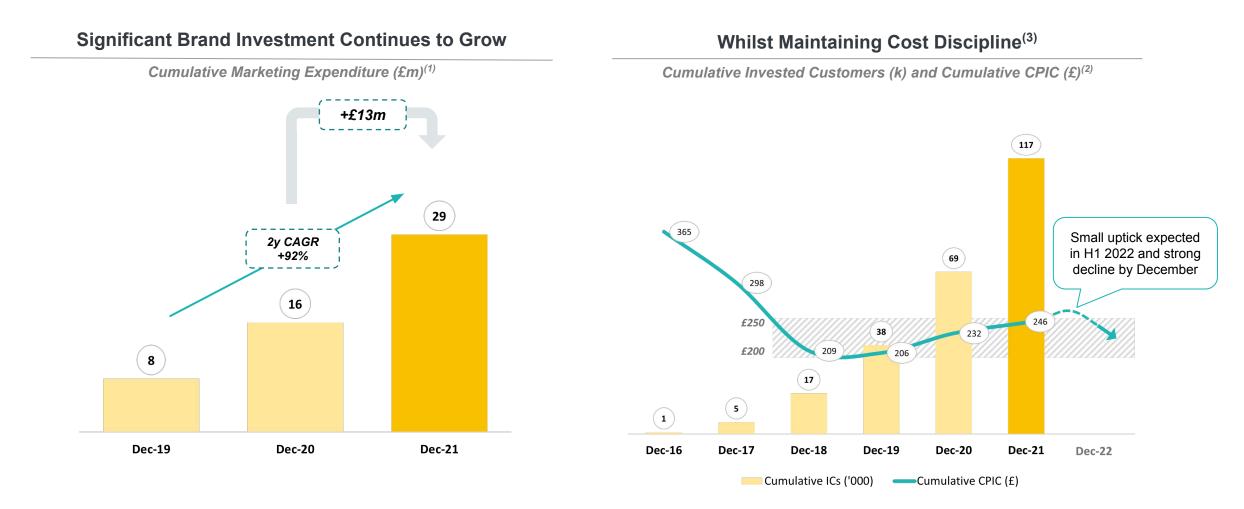


----Adjusted EBITDA Margin -----Adjusted EBITDAM Margin



(1) Adjusted EBITDA Margin is the profit or loss for the period before taxation, finance costs, depreciation, share based compensation and transaction costs as a percentage of revenue for the relevant period. (2) Adjusted EBITDAM Margin is the profit or loss for the period before taxation, finance costs, depreciation, share based compensation, transaction costs and marketing as a percentage of revenue for the relevant period. (3) Arrows represent high level indicative guidance around trends in the KPIs.

### Disciplined Marketing Investment Drives Healthy Growth

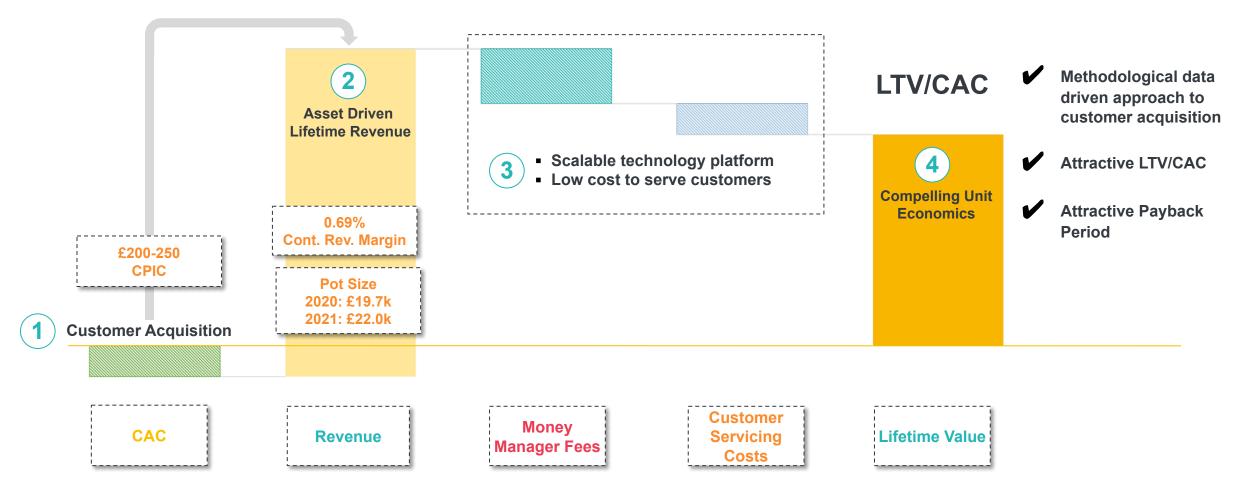




(1) Cumulative Marketing Expenditure since FY2015.

(2) Cumulative CPIC is defined as the cumulative marketing and advertising costs incurred by PensionBee since FY2015 up until the relevant point in time, divided by the cumulative number of Invested Customers at that point in time. Arrow represent high level indicative guidance around trends.
(3) Arrows represent high level indicative guidance around trends.

# Illustrative Unit Economics Demonstrate Lifetime Revenue Profile









### Medium Term Financial Objectives & Guidance

| Metric                                       | Guidance Provided in Prospectus   | Re-<br>confirming | 2021<br>Achievement                      | FY 2022 Guidance   |  |
|--|---|-------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>Revenue Growth</b>                        | High double digit revenue growth over short to medium term.<br>Solid double-digit growth over the longer term   |                   | <b>103%</b><br>Above IPO guidance        | >£20m in revenue,<br>assuming relative market stability                        |  |
| Gross Revenue Margin &<br>Money Manager Fees | To remain consistent with historical levels as a proportion of revenue over the medium term   |                   | 82% Net Revenue<br>Margin<br>Achieved    | In line with historical averages, assuming similar customer behaviours         |  |
| Tech Platform<br>& Other Costs               | Targeting around 30% of revenue in the medium to long term  |                   | (28)% Adj. EBITDAM<br>Margin<br>On track | Monthly Adj. EBITDAM profitability<br>by December 2022                         |  |
| Marketing Costs                              | £50-60m of aggregate spend over the next 3 years, with %<br>spend increasing by mid-to-high double digits over the period<br>ending December 2023. More moderate growth in marketing<br>expected from the beginning of 2024 |                   | <b>£13m expenditure</b><br>On track      | c.£17-20m currently expected, with flexibility to adjust in line with guidance |  |
| Adj. EBITDA Margin <sup>(1)</sup>            | Medium term target of 25-35%; targeting 50+% in the longer-term   |                   | (129)% Adj. EBITDA<br>Margin             | Further margin improvement expected  |  |
| Break-even Point /<br>Profitability          | Monthly break-even expected to be achieved on an Adj. EBITDA basis by the end of 2023   |                   | On track                                 |  |  |

(1) Adjusted EBITDA Margin is defined as earnings for the financial year before taxation, finance costs, depreciation, share based compensation and non-recurring items including transaction costs / Revenue (2) All guidance assumes relative market stability

### **Calendar Updates**

- 2021 Annual Report will be released on 14 April 2022
- We are actively working to transition from the High Growth Segment to the Premium Segment and expect to make a further announcement in April 2022
- Q1 2022 quarterly trading update will be released on 21 April 2022







# FY 2021 Highlights

| KPIs                        |            | As at Period End |                 |                 |                     |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
|                             |            | <u>Dec-2019</u>  | <u>Dec-2020</u> | <u>Dec-2021</u> | <u>YoY</u>          |
| AUA                         | (£m)       | 745              | 1,358           | 2,587           | 91%                 |
| AUA Retention Rate          | (% of AUA) | >95%             | >95%            | >95%            | Stable              |
| Registered Customers        | ('000)     | 232              | 403             | 658             | 63%                 |
| Active Customers            | ('000)     | 64               | 119             | 172             | 44%                 |
| Invested Customers          | ('000)     | 38               | 69              | 117             | 70%                 |
| Customer Retention Rate     | (% of IC)  | >95%             | >95%            | >95%            | Stable              |
| Cost per Invested Customer  | (£)        | 206              | 232             | 246             | Within<br>Threshold |
| Same-year RC: IC conversion | (%)        | 16%              | 17%             | 18%             | +1ppt               |
| Contractual Revenue Margin  | (% of AUA) | 0.68%            | 0.69%           | 0.69%           | Stable              |

| Financials <sup>(2)</sup>                       |                | Over the 12-month Period Ending |                 |                 |            |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
|   |                | <u>Dec-2019</u>                 | <u>Dec-2020</u> | <u>Dec-2021</u> | <u>YoY</u> |
| Revenue   | (£m)           | 4                               | 6               | 13              | 103%       |
| Annual Run Rate (ARR)<br>Revenue <sup>(1)</sup> | (£m)           | 5                               | 9               | 16              | 85%        |
| Adjusted EBITDA                                 | (£m)           | (6)                             | (10)            | (16)            | -58%       |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin                          | (% of revenue) | (166)%                          | (166)%          | (129)%          | +37ppt     |

| Levels of AUA           |      | Over the 12-month Period Ending |                 |                 |            |
|-------------------------|------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
|                         |      | <u>Dec-2019</u>                 | <u>Dec-2020</u> | <u>Dec-2021</u> | <u>YoY</u> |
| Opening AUA             | (£m) | 328                             | 745             | 1,358           | 82%        |
| Gross inflows           | (£m) | 378                             | 593             | 1,099           | 85%        |
| Gross outflows          | (£m) | (34)                            | (70)            | (145)           | 106%       |
| Net inflows             | (£m) | 344                             | 523             | 955             | 83%        |
| Market growth and other | (£m) | 73                              | 90              | 275             | n/m        |
| Closing AUA             | (£m) | 745                             | 1,358           | 2,587           | 91%        |



### Glossary

| Assets under Administration (AUA)     | Assets under Administration (AUA) is the total invested value of pension assets within PensionBee Invested Customers' pensions. It measures the new inflows less the outflows and records a change in the market value of the assets. AUA is a measurement of the growth of the business and is the primary driver of Revenue.  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| AUA Retention Rate (% of AUA)         | AUA Retention measures the percentage of retained PensionBee AUA from Transfer Outs over the average of the trailing twelve months. High AUA retention provides more certainty of future Revenue. This measure can also be used to monitor customer satisfaction.   |
| Registered Customers (RC)             | Registered Customers (RC) measures customers who have started the sign-up process and have submitted at least a name and an email address and includes those customers who are classified as Active Customers.  |
| Active Customers (AC)                 | Active Customers (AC) means all customers who have requested to become an Invested Customer by accepting PensionBee's terms of business but for whom the transfer or contribution process is not yet completed and all customers who are classified as Invested Customers.  |
| Invested Customers (IC)               | Invested Customers (IC) means those customers who have transferred pension assets or made contributions into one of PensionBee's investment plans.  |
| Customer Retention Rates (% of IC)    | Customer Retention Rate measures the percentage of retained PensionBee Invested Customers over the average of the trailing twelve months. High customer retention provides more certainty of future Revenue. This measure can also be used to monitor customer satisfaction.  |
| Cost per Invested Customer (CPIC)     | Cost per Invested Customer (CPIC) means the cumulative advertising and marketing costs incurred since PensionBee commenced trading up until the relevant point in time divided by the cumulative number of Invested Customers at that point in time. This measure monitors cost discipline of customer acquisition. PensionBee's desired CPIC threshold is £200-£250. |
| Same Year RC:IC Conversion (% of RC)  | Same Year RC:IC Conversion percentage is calculated by dividing the number of Invested Customers as at the end of the period by the number of Registered Customers at the end of the period. This measure monitors PensionBee's ability to convert customers through the acquisition funnel.  |
| Contractual Revenue Margin (% of AUA) | Contractual Revenue Margin means the weighted average contractual fee rate across PensionBee's investment plans (before applying any size discount) calculated by reference to the amount of AUA held in each plan across the period.   |
| Revenue                               | Revenue means the income generated from the asset base of PensionBee's customers, essentially annual management fees charged on the AUA, together with a minor revenue contribution from other services.  |
| Annual Run Rate (ARR) Revenue         | Annual Run Rate (ARR) Revenue is calculated using the Recurring Revenue for the relevant month multiplied by 12.  |
| Adjusted EBITDA                       | Adjusted EBITDA is the profit or loss for the period before taxation, finance costs, depreciation, share based compensation and transaction costs.  |
| Adjusted EBITDA Margin                | Adjusted EBITDA Margin means Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of Revenue for the relevant period.  |
| Adjusted EBITDAM Margin               | Adjusted EBITDAM is the profit or loss for the period before taxation, finance costs, depreciation, share based compensation, transaction costs and marketing as a percentage of Revenue for the relevant period.   |
|                                       |   |



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