Supply-Side Model of Academic Publishing in Croatia

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Aims

- majority of Croatian academic production depends on subsidies
- MZO system provides data about
 - books and journals
 - participation of institutions and publishers
 - supported scientific fields and disciplines
 - invested financial means
 - visibility of output
- = knowledge about the scale and structure of academic publishing
- = comparable perspective for national academic publishing in the context of European academic publishing area
- = evaluation possibilities for policymakers

Stance and rationale

- publishing studies
 - data on publishers and output
 - sustainability of model for publishers
 - process evaluation
 - no content evaluation

Terminology

- supply-side model vs model of demand (Clark & Phillips 2014)
 - the publication is pre-financed
 - · costs covered by authors, sponsors, public institutions
 - in no relation towards sales and marketing
 - publication could be distributed for free, or sold for a low price
- "Academic publishers provide a critical set of services to scholars." (Rayner 2019)

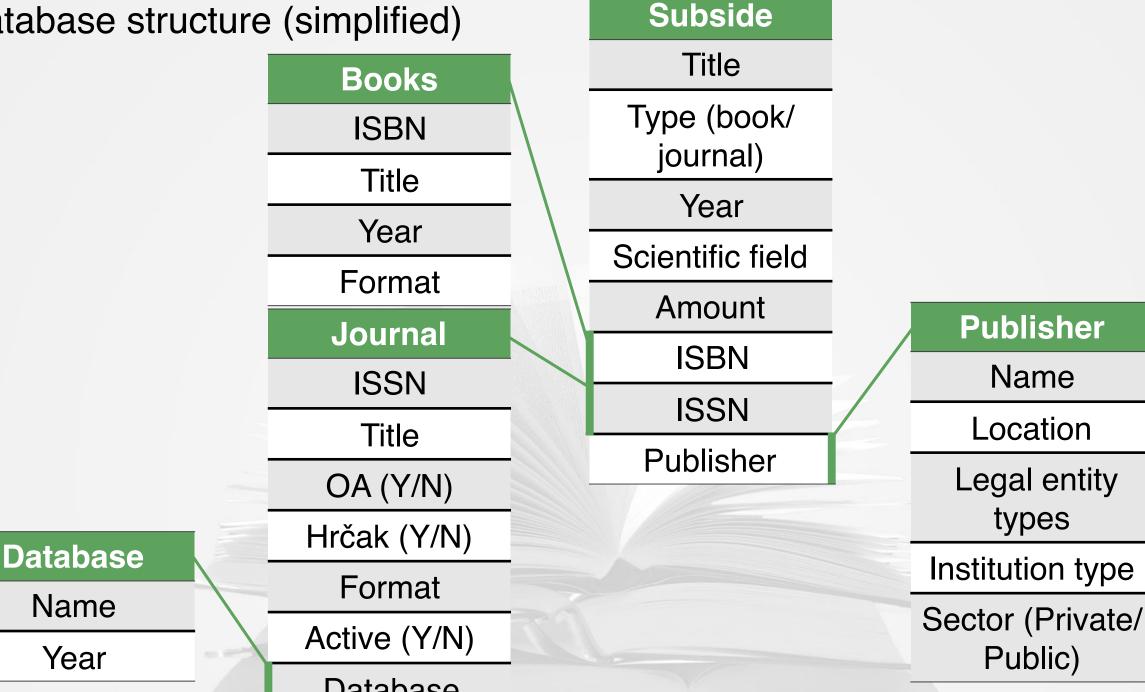
Research

- Subject: Croatian Ministry of Science and Education journal and book subsidies
- Scope: 2012. 2018.
- Data sources:
 - <u>Ministry documents</u>

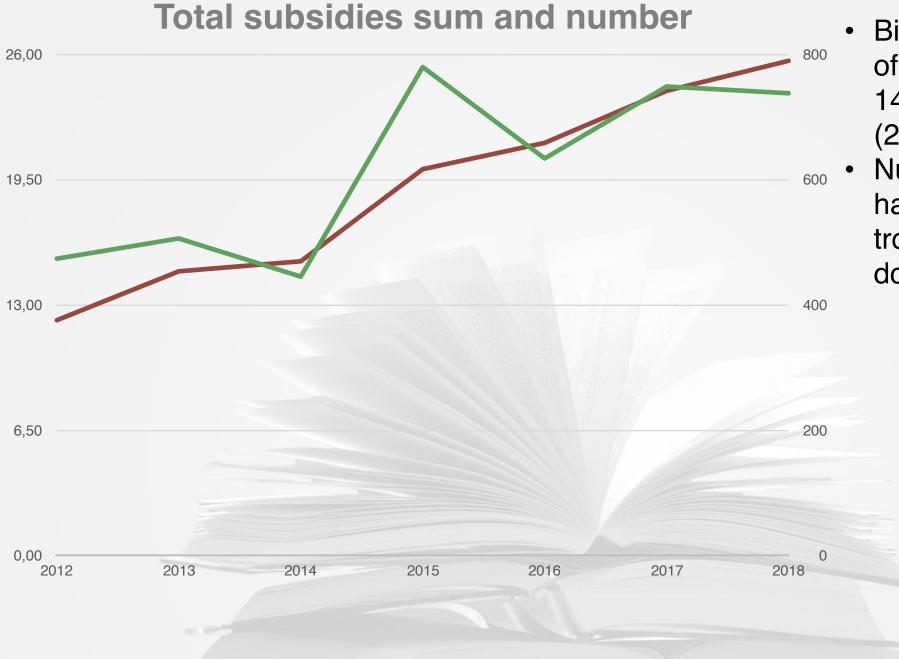
N⁰	Publication title	Author/Editor	Publisher	Scientific field	Amount
1.	Čitanje u mozgu	Neven A., Stanislas D.	Algoritam d.o.o	Biomedicine	20,000.00
2.	Mozak koji vjeruje	Neven A., Michael S.	Algoritam d.o.o	Biomedicine	16,000.00
3.	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

- Public registries (for companies, nonprofit organizations, scientific institutions)
- Library catalogues
- Databases (WoS, Scopus, Medline)

Database structure (simplified)



Results



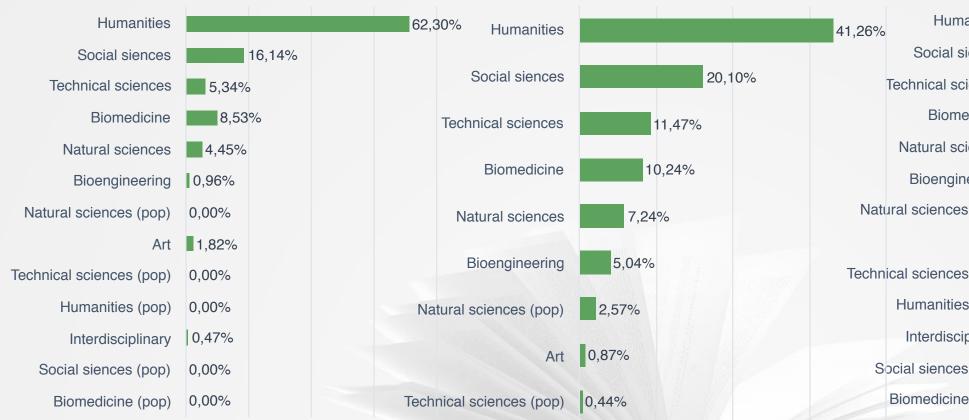
- Big increase in sum of subsides in 2015.
 14.5 (2014.) → 25.3 (2015.)
- Number of subsidies has risen steadily trough the years and doubled since 2012.

AVC	G subsidy
2012	40,971
2013	36,264
2014	30,802
2015	41,080
2016	31,274
2017	32,799
2018	30,372



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Journals

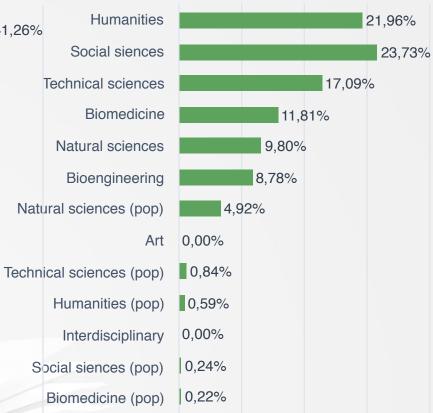


 Humanities and social sciences received 61.8% of total subsidies

Books

 Books in H&SS received 78.44 %

- hnical sciences (pop) 0,44% Humanities (pop) 0,31% Interdisciplinary 0,22% Social siences (pop) 0,13%
 - Biomedicine (pop) 0,11%



- Subsidies for journals more evenly distributed between fields
- Trend of growth:

Subsidies granted for H&SS					
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
57%	57%	59%	63%	62%	68%

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Private

54,96%

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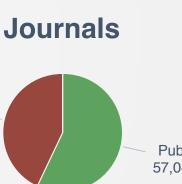
67,87%

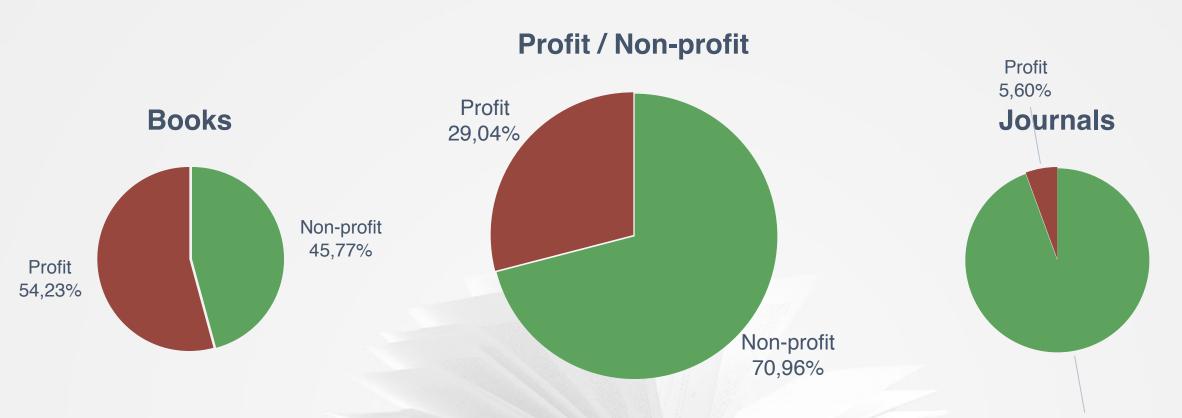
Journals

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37,21%

- Institutions received 43.62% of total subsidies
- Companies received 54.29% of subsidies for books, only 6% for journals
- Only 3 types of legal entities received subsidies for journals: institutions, companies and associations





Non-profit 94,40%

- Profit publishers: companies, crafts and cooperatives from private sector
- Active for-profit book publisher sector, received more than half of subsidies
- Results indicate of almost non-existent for-profit academic journal publishers

Most subsidized publishers 12/18

Books				
Publisher	N₂	Amount ↓		
Medicinska naklada d.o.o.	132	4,023264.4		
Školska knjiga d.d.	100	3,076,506.4		
Croatian Academy of Sciences and Arts	80	2,646,191.8		
Croatian Institute of History	82	2,442,112		
Literary Circle Split	71	2,398,775.8		
Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences (Zagreb)	103	2,230,845		
Jesenski i Turk d.o.o.	118	2,195,081		
Hrvatska sveučilišna naklada d.o.o.	102	1,922,275.6		
Matica Hrvatska (Zagreb)	74	1,785,803.8		
Ex Libris d.o.o. (Zagreb)	65	1,711,518.4		

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Publisher	N⁰	Amount ↓
Medicinska naklada d.o.o.	139	4,695,954.4
Croatian Academy of Sciences and Arts	130	4,646,560.8
Croatian Institute of History	106	3,505,482
Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences (Zagreb)	133	3,336,115
Školska knjiga d.d.	100	3,076,506.4
ELEMENT d.o.o.	67	2,671,820.6
Croatian Philosophical Society	37	2,540,828.2
Literary Circle Split	76	2,505,621.8
Faculty of Law (Zagreb)	40	2,441,995
Jesenski i Turk d.o.o.	125	2,393,818

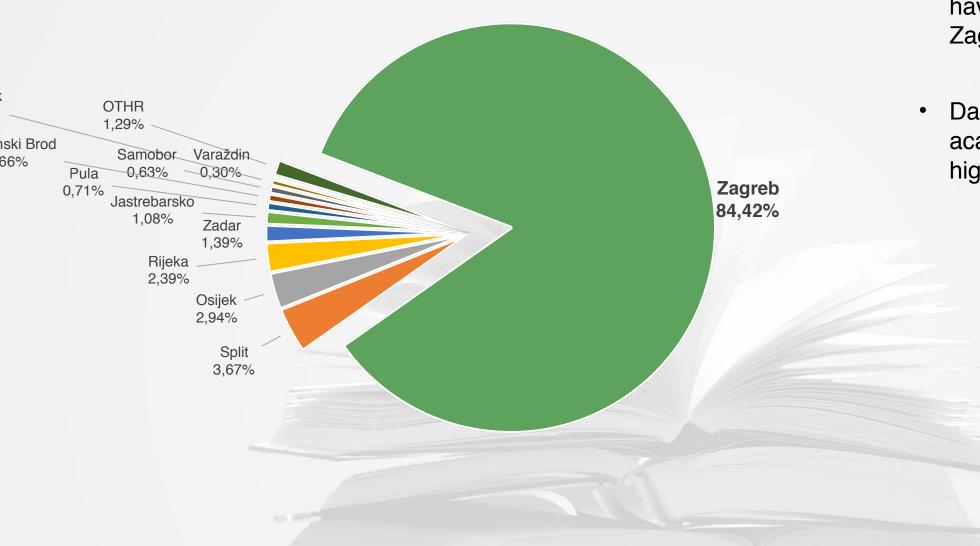
Journals			
Publisher	N⁰	Amount ↓	
Faculty of Law (Zagreb)	32	2,237,815	
Croatian Academy of Sciences and Arts	50	2,000,369	
Croatian Society of Chemical Engineers	14	1,934,802	
Croatian Philosophical Society	18	1,884,978	
Faculty of Forestry	19	1,615,829	
Croatian Society of Natural Sciences	13	1,526,103	
Faculty of Economics & Business Zagreb (Zagreb)	37	1,511,989	
Faculty of Science (Zagreb)	19	1,508,961	
Croatian Philological Society	38	1,403,243	
Faculty of Food Technology and Biotechnology	7	1,376,454	

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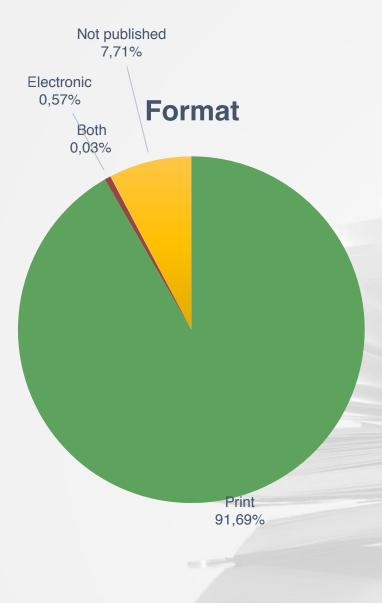
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Publisher headquarters total 12/18



- Large majority of publishers have headquarters in capital, Zagreb
- Data suggest Croatian academic publishing market highly centralized



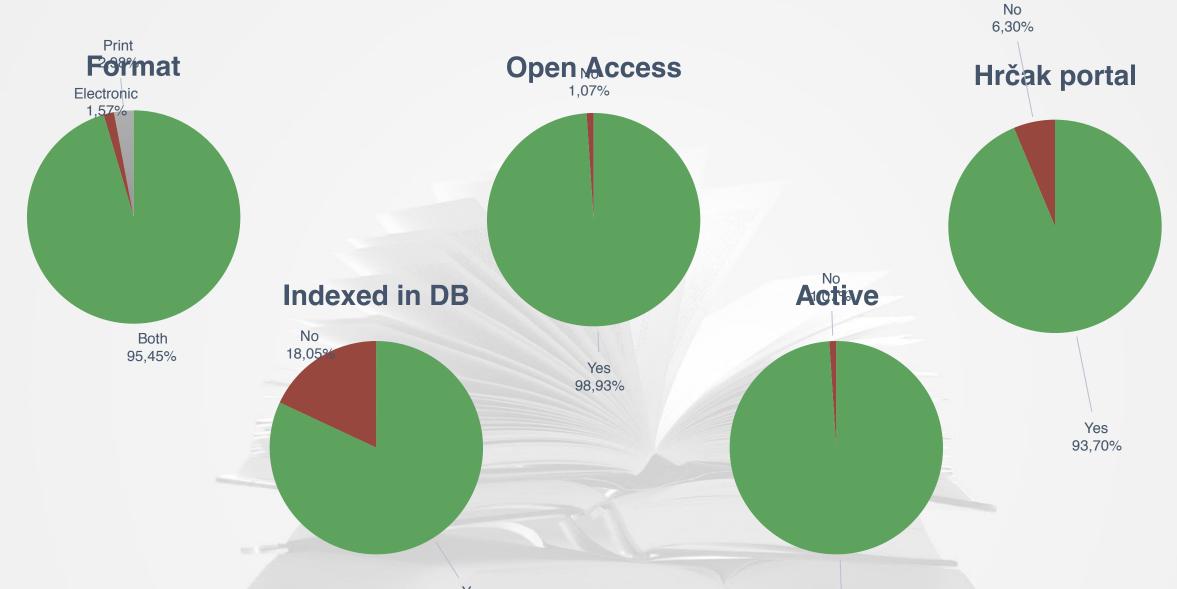
Books format

- Books release and format data gathered from Croatian library catalogues and publisher websites
- Books could be published and not (yet) added to catalogues or catalogued under different titles/authors then those applied for subsidies!
- Only 18 e-books, and 10 books published in both formats

Subsidized books not yet published			
Year	N⁰	Amount	
2017	68	1,796,913	
2016	32	848,026	
2015	26	634,434	
2014	12	294,893	
2013	13	364,822	
2012	9	351,332	

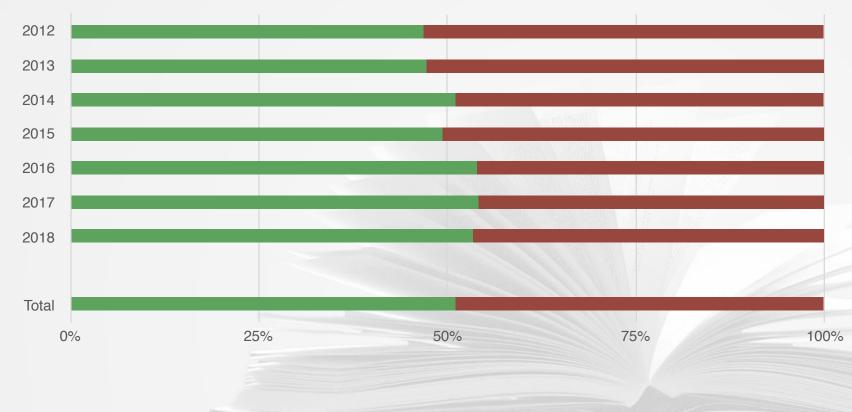
According to Ministries Public call for subsidies all publishers are obligated to publish the books within 12 months of receiving the subsidy

Journals



• From this year universities and scientific institution are not eligible to apply for journal subsidies

Universities and scientific institutes share of subsidies (M kn)



Journal s	Journal subsidies amounts			
2019	2,664,414			
2020	2,673,740			
2021	2,710,370			

 Other journal publishers will be granted significantly lesser amount of subsidies

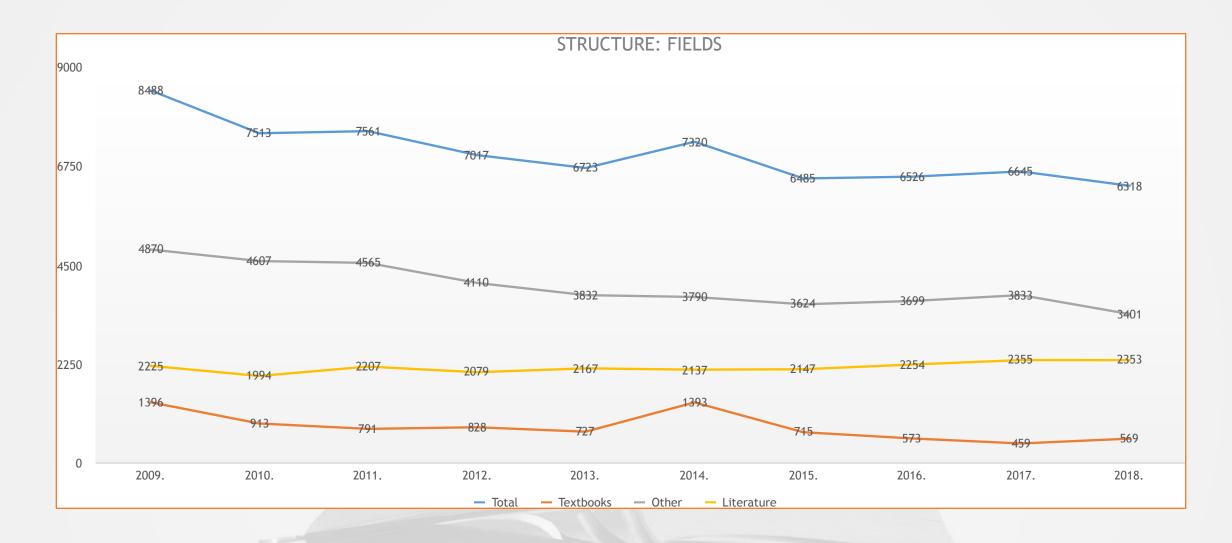
• They were previously granted roughly half of journal subsidies

Conclusions

Conclusions I

- shortages
 - no data on general publishing output, no data on active publishers
- trends
 - continuous increase of subsidies and projects
 - number of subsidies for book is increased, but amount is decreased
 general trend in publishing: more titles, smaller print runs (subsidy per p
 - = general trend in publishing: more titles, smaller print runs (subsidy per project)
 - number of subsidies for journals is roughly the same, but amount is increased = not exactly the age of the journals (subsidy per year)
 - humanities and social sciences are leading the chart
 - books are coming from private, and journals from public sector
 - Croatian academic publishing is concentrated in Zagreb
 - books are published in print form, while journals prefer both print and eform

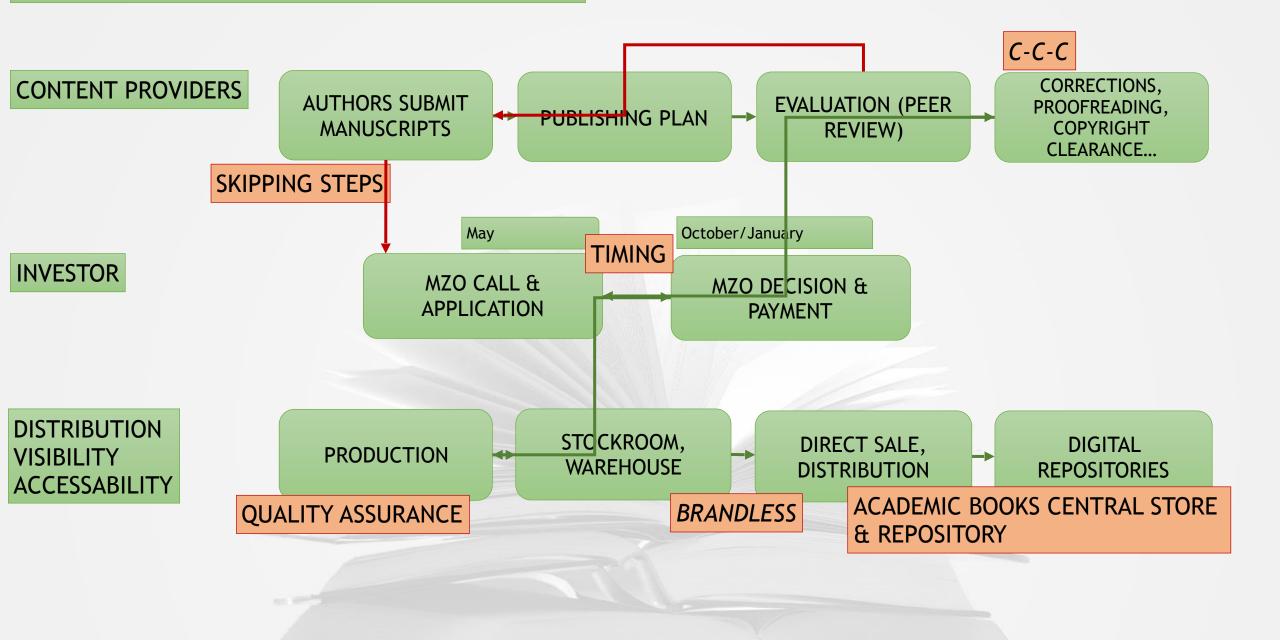
Publishing fields – data provided by NSK



Conclusions II

- contradictions, e.g.
 - STM vs. humanities and social sciences debate
 - changing effective policy towards journals why?
- reflects current situation not developmental
 - MZO calls no conditions regarding e.g. output format, preferred scientific field...
 - publishers submit what they have
- challenges and failures
 - visibility and accessibility of book output
 - sometimes impossible even to order a book on-line
 - books granted app 50.000,00 are sold for app. 230,00 kuna?
 - competitiveness of publisher?
 - improving consistency of publishing chain

MZO SUPPLY-SIDE MODEL: BOOK PUBLISHING CHAIN



Conclusions III

- what would be more effective investment: in single projects or in system?
- cost-effective route to OA publishing

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