## MCA (Revised) / BCA (Revised) Term-End Examination February, 2021

## MCS-023: INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

(Weightage: 75%)

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**Note:** Question no. 1 is **compulsory**. Attempt any **three** questions from the rest.

1. (a) Determine the output when the following operations are applied on Relation  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  given below:

- (i) Union  $(R_1 \cup R_2)$
- (ii) Intersection  $(R_1 \cap R_2)$
- (iii) Difference  $(R_1 R_2)$
- (iv) Cartesian Cross Section  $(R_1 \times R_2)$
- (v) Division  $(R_1 \div R_3)$

(b) How do weak entities differ from strong entities? Discuss with the help of an example. Briefly discuss the role of keys in identification of the entity type, i.e. weak or strong.

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(c) What do you understand by functional dependency in a Relational DBMS? For the relation given below, check whether the given functional dependencies hold or not. Give proper justification.

J	K	L
X	1	2
x	1	3
У	1	4
У	1	3
${f z}$	2	5
p	4	7

- (i)  $J \rightarrow K$
- (ii)  $K \rightarrow J$
- (iii)  $J, K \rightarrow L$
- (iv)  $K, L \rightarrow J$

MCS-023

(d) List the properties of concurrent transactions. Consider the concurrent schedule of the transactions  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  given below:

given	below.					
$\underline{\text{Schedule}}$		$\underline{\mathrm{T_1}}$		$\overline{\mathrm{T}_2}$	SUM	
$T_1 : Read(Su$	m)	Read(Sun	n)		500	
$T_1: Sum=Su$	m-100	Sum=Sun	n-100			
$T_2: Read(Su)$	m)			Read(Sum)		
$T_2: Sum=Su$	m+500			Sum=Sum+	-500	
$T_1: Write(Su$	ım)	Write(Su	m)			
$T_2: Write(Su$	ım)			Write(Sum)	)	
	_	the scheo		above, answ		5
(i)	Which violated		of t	ransaction	is	
(ii)	Identify	y the final	status	s of sum.		
(iii)	_	ven sched oroblem in		contributes eases?	to	

- (e) What are the advantages and disadvantages of distributed databases? 5
- (f) What is the difference between DBMS and RDBMS? Under what situations is it better to use File-based System than Database System?
- (g) Explain database recovery using system log with the help of an example.

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	(h)	Explain the following terms :					
		(i) Candidate key					
		(ii) Primary key					
		(iii) Foreign key					
		(iv) Super key					
		(v) Alternate key					
2.	(a)	What are checkpoints? Discuss the role of checkpoints in database recovery. Give suitable example in support of your discussion.	10				
	(b)	Explain 3NF. Discuss the Insert, Delete and Update anomalies associated with 3NF.	10				
3.	Differentiate the following:						
	(i)	Centralized and Distributed DBMS					
	(ii)	Deadlock avoidance and Deadlock prevention protocols					
	(iii)	2 Phase locking and 2 Phase commit					
	(iv)	3NF and BCNF					
4.	Write	e short notes on following :	20				
	(i) Precedence graph for serializability check						
	(ii)	(ii) Types of Indexes in DBMS					
	(iii)	Data fragmentation and its objectives					
	(iv)	Problems of serial schedule and serializable schedule					

5. (a) Can we use Binary Search Tree (BST) as Indexes? Justify. If we use BST as Index, then what can be the possible problems? What will be the solution for those problems?

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(b) Consider "Library Management System" which keeps the following tables:

Book (isbn\_no, title, author, publisher, edition, year)

Book\_Access (access\_no, isbn\_no, date\_of\_purchase)

Member (m\_name, m\_id, m\_address, m\_phone)

Issue\_Return (access\_no, m\_id, expected\_return\_date, actual\_return\_date)
Specify the following queries in SQL:

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- (i) Find m\_id and m\_name of the members who have got at least one book issued to themselves.
- (ii) List the book details for the books which were purchased after January 2017.
- (iii) List all the books on title "Databases". This list should be sorted on author's name.
- (iv) Find the members who have not got any book issued.