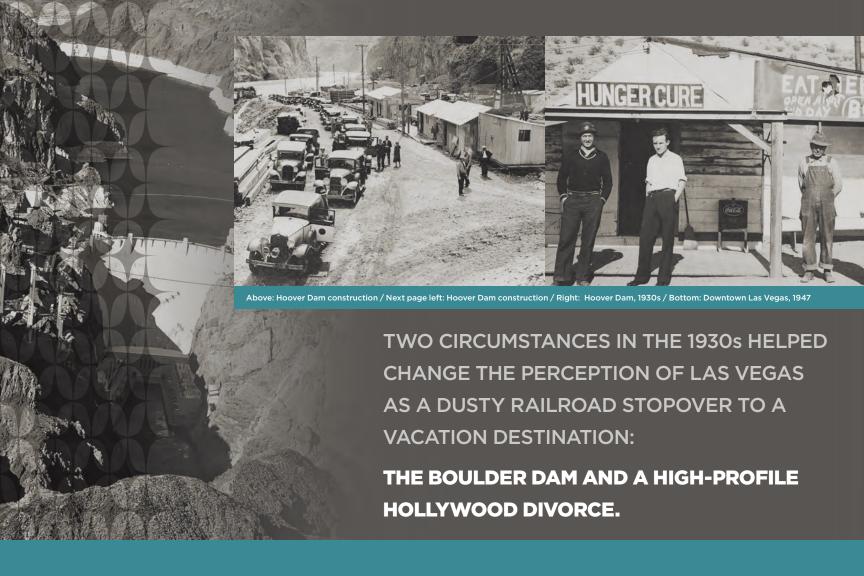




IN 1931, work started on Boulder Dam (later renamed Hoover Dam). Workers flooded the area to work on the dam, and they needed entertainment for their free time. Realizing the positive impact gambling would have on the local economy, the Nevada State Legislature legalized gaming in 1931.

Preceding page: Red Rock National
Conservation Area
Left middle: Town Sale – 1905
Left bottom: Union Pacific Railroad Station
Right: Boulder Junction





During the Great Depression, construction workers erected one of the greatest engineering works in history. Completed under budget and ahead of schedule in 1935, the dam created a steady stream of travelers, which was a windfall to area businesses.

A few years later, actress Ria Langham propelled Las Vegas and its recreational activities into the national spotlight with her divorce to matinee idol Clark Gable. While staying in town for the six weeks that was required to establish residency, she played in the casinos, cruised on Lake Mead, and went horseback riding while talking freely to the news media about Hollywood and her famous husband.



THE POST-WAR YEARS

THE 1940s brought World War II and focus turned to the battle overseas. But after the Allied victory, business owners were eager to recapture the attention of tourists. They decided they could capitalize on the appeal of Nevada's indoor and outdoor recreation, and its liberal marriage and divorce laws that had piqued interest in the prior decade.

The Las Vegas Chamber of Commerce took the lead and rallied businesses to take the first real step toward promoting Las Vegas as a leisure travel destination. With \$84,000 in contributions from its members, the chamber hired a national advertising agency and launched a successful publicity campaign. Born of these efforts were Vegas Vic, who served as Las Vegas' spokesman in advertising campaigns, and the Las Vegas News Bureau.





THE 1950s brought the growth of the hotel and casino industry, and Las Vegas offered glamorous shows and Hollywood stars, buffets and games of chance.









WHILE TOURISTS CROWDED

hotel pools, showrooms and casinos on weekends, on Monday, the playground reverted to a sleepy little burg. Town leaders knew they needed something more to keep Las Vegas' economy flourishing.

IN 1955, the state legislature formed the Clark County Fair and Recreation Board and charged it with developing a plan to draw visitors during the slow weekday periods when Las Vegas seemed to shut down.

Visionary elected officials determined that developing Las Vegas as a destination for conventions was the answer.

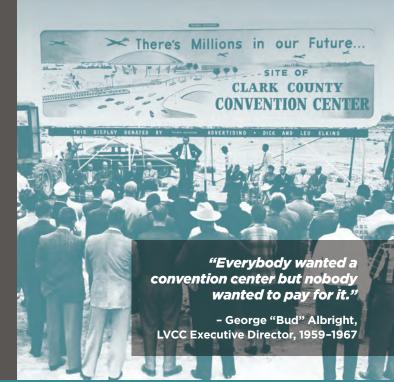
However, it was not a popular idea. "It would cost too much," said critics. It was too far from town. No one would bring a convention to Las Vegas.

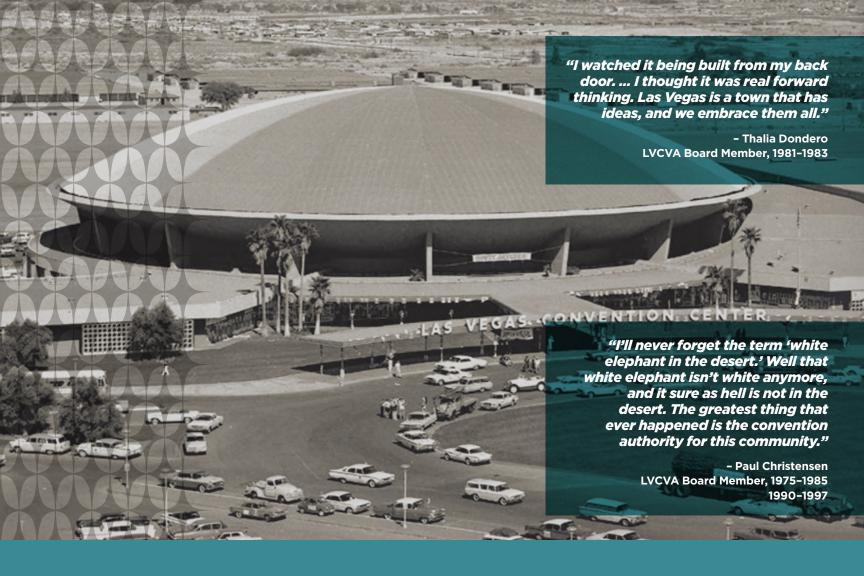
"It was going to be the biggest white elephant," says Lorraine Hunt-Bono (LVCVA 1993–99), "and the taxpayers were going to have to bear the burden of the cost of this horrendous mistake."

Convinced that convention business was crucial to the growth of the city, leaders lobbied the Nevada State Legislature for funding. In 1955, the State Legislature agreed to finance the construction of the Las Vegas Convention Center (LVCC) with moneys collected from a room tax levied on hotel and motel properties in Clark County. Room tax revenue also created the Clark County Fair and Recreation Board to operate the convention center and begin a program of destination marketing.

LVCVA MISSION:

TO ATTRACT VISITORS BY PROMOTING LAS VEGAS AS THE WORLD'S MOST DESIRABLE DESTINATION FOR LEISURE AND BUSINESS TRAVEL.









Far left: Las Vegas Convention Center / Above: Convention Center groundbreaking, 1957

In 1957, the board broke ground for the new convention center. Designed to attract business travelers, the LVCC featured a 90,000-square-foot exhibit hall and a 6,300-seat arena.





LAS VEGAS CONVENTION CENTER

the World Congress of Flight, and drew attention from international audiences, as well as local residents and visitors. Before long, the facility was booked with not only meeting and convention groups from across the globe, but became home to local sports teams and tournaments, school graduations and community events.

Convention
Hall Awes
Its Visitors

MORE THAN \$1 MILLION SPENT IN VEGAS

World Congress Financial Success

Last April's "World Conproximately \$1,040,820 w.a.s fication which received the 187 18; and bus service,
ress of Flight" contributed spent while the Congress was a
flowest rating was the huge 76 and 12.

A breakdown of the \$4
trea's economy, figures reThe expenditure of each gates, which was catered by
average daily expenditure
Continued On Page 2:

Continued On Page 2:







Las Vegas Convention Center made headlines with the debut of the World Congress of Flight. / Images from the Convention Center parking lots.

OVER THE YEARS



Left to right: U.S. President John F. Kennedy, 1963 / The Beatles, 1964 / Cassius Clay (Mohammad Ali) vs. Floyd Patterson, 1965

The Las Vegas Convention Center has been home to heavyweight boxing matches, The Beatles' only Las Vegas appearance, UNLV basketball, and a host of U.S. presidents. Large conventions such as the NAHB International Builders' Show (IBS) and Consumer Electronics Show (CES) were instrumental in putting Las Vegas on the map. Since the mid-'90s, Las Vegas has been the No. 1 convention destination in the world.





evolved into the Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority (LVCVA) and today serves as the official destination marketing organization of Southern Nevada. Its mission is to promote Las Vegas as the world's most desirable destination for leisure and business travel. It provides a vital service for the public by contributing to the growth of the economy in all of Southern Nevada.

The LVCVA's marketing efforts encompass all of the hotel and motel rooms in Southern Nevada, and reach audiences around the globe.

In addition to operating the Las Vegas Convention Center, the LVCVA also manages Cashman Center, which includes a Triple A baseball stadium for the Pacific Coast League's Las Vegas 51s, a theater, meeting rooms and exhibit hall space.



Today, the entire Southern Nevada economy is dependent on the hotel, gaming and convention industries, which employ nearly half of the county's labor force. The viability of the economy in Clark County is dependent upon the volume of visitors to the region. The LVCVA provides a vital service for the public by contributing to the growth of the economy in all of Southern Nevada.



IN THE 1990s,

the LVCVA launched a campaign to market Las Vegas as more than a convention or gambling destination. Guided by extensive research, the LVCVA strategically evolved its marketing of Las Vegas to capture and convey the emotional experience Las Vegas offers and to promote the unique, liberating differentiator of "adult freedom" that Las Vegas promises.

WHAT HAPPENS HERE, STAYS HERE®,

which showed average people doing things in Las Vegas that they wouldn't necessarily do at home, achieved widespread recognition by the advertising industry: Brandweek's Grand Marketer of the Year award; induction into the Madison **Avenue Advertising Walk** of Fame; named one of the top 10 best destination marketing campaigns ever by Forbes; and had an entire hit movie franchise created based on its premise in The Hangover. The campaign has been hailed as the most successful in the tourism industry.







BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Although a political subdivision of the state of Nevada, the LVCVA board includes elected officials and six representatives from the private sector. Clark County and the city of Las Vegas each have two representatives, while the cities of North Las Vegas, Henderson, Mesquite and Boulder City each have one seat.

Private-sector members, nominated by the Las Vegas Chamber of Commerce and Nevada Resort Association, represent the hotel industry and general business interests. The LVCVA board is considered to be one of the most successful publicprivate partnerships in the country.

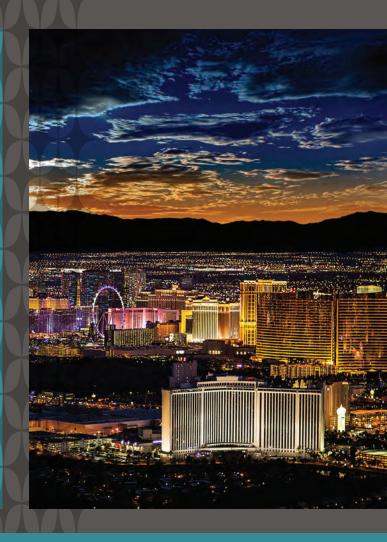
In addition to marketing Las Vegas to travelers around the world, the LVCVA also works hard to educate local elected officials, business leaders and other key decision makers on the benefits of the travel and tourism industry to Southern Nevada. Ensuring the health and vitality of the tourism industry is crucial to continuing the success of Las Vegas as a tourist destination. The LVCVA works closely with the Nevada Congressional Delegation, the U.S. Travel Association, and the **Commerce Department's Travel and Tourism Advisory** Board on any legislation that may impact the industry.

- Funded construction of a Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
 Substation on the Las Vegas Convention Center campus.
- ◆ Funds a full-time analyst for the Metropolitan Police Department at the Las Vegas Fusion Center (a multiagency crime-tracking/prevention center).
- → Provided land for construction of a Clark County Fire Department.
- ♦ Works closely with the hospitality programs at the University of Nevada, Las Vegas and the College of Southern Nevada.
- Provides space for training and testing for local police and fire personnel, as well as teachers in the Clark County School District.
- ◆ Sponsors the Academy of Hospitality and Tourism at Valley High School.
- Produces through the Las Vegas News Bureau photographic exhibitions on the history of Las Vegas for display throughout libraries, museums and public spaces in Clark County.
- ★ Established the Las Vegas Host Committee to work with local businesses to promote tourism.
- → Gives (LVCVA Speakers Bureau) presentations to local groups about the impacts of the tourism industry on the community.
- ◆ Bonded \$300 million to fund Nevada Department of Transportation improvements to I-15.

PARTNERS INCLUDE:

- ◆ Las Vegas hotels
- Fremont Street Experience
- ♦ Henderson Pavilion
- ♦ Neon Museum and Boneyard
- ♦ Sam Boyd Stadium
- **♦** McCarran International Airport
- Las Vegas Global Economic Alliance to help promote economic diversity
- → Greenspun Media Group Youth Forum
- Las Vegas Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce and area chambers
- ◆ Las Vegas Monorail
- Regional Transportation
 Commission
- University of Nevada, Las Vegas
- ♦ Las Vegas Events

investing in promoting the destination to existing and new travel markets because the health of the tourism industry translates to economic health for all of Nevada. Travel and tourism create and sustain jobs and contribute to a better quality of life for all of Southern Nevada's residents.







LAS VEGAS CONVENTION AND VISITORS AUTHORITY | LasVegas.com

Photos: Las Vegas News Bureau archives