1. Avoid publishing secrets to the npm registry

- Run npm publish --dry-run to review the package before publishing
- 2 Put sensitive files in .gitignore
- Use the files property in package.json to whitelist files and directories

2. Enforce lockfile

Freeze lockfile and ensure the npm CLI installs per lockfile only, without changing it. In CI and build environments favor:

- 1 \$ npm ci
- \$ yarn install --frozen-lockfile

3. Minimize attack surface—ignore run-scripts

Malicious packages take advantage of key lifecycle events when an npm install runs arbitrary commands.

To minimize this attack surface:

- 1 Assess a project's health status and credibility before installing a package
- 2 Disable run-scripts during install such as:

```
$ npm install <package> --ignore-scripts
```

4. Assess npm project health

Review a project for outdated dependencies, and assess environment health with CLI commands:

- \$ npm doctor
- \$ npm outdated

5. Scan and monitor for vulnerabilities in open source dependencies

Don't let vulnerabilities in your project dependencies reduce the security of your application. Make sure to:

- Connect Snyk to GitHub or other SCMs for optimal CI/CD integration with your projects
- 2 Run snyk test to scan a new project from the CLI
- Run snyk monitor to track and open PRs to automatically fix security vulnerabilities in open source dependencies.

6. Use a local npm proxy

A local private registry such as <u>Verdaccio</u> will give you an extra layer of security, enabling you:

- 1 Full control of lightweight private package hosting
- To cache packages and avoid being affected by network and external incidents

Easily spin up verdaccio using docker:

\$ docker run verdaccio/verdaccio

7. Responsible disclosure

Publicly disclosed security vulnerabilities without prior warning and proper coordination pose a potentially serious threat.

We are happy to collaborate on responsible security disclosures for the npm community:

- 1 Report a security issue via the <u>vulnerability disclosure form</u>
- 2 Email us at security@snyk.io

8. Enable 2FA

Enable two-factor authentication on npm with

\$ npm profile enable-2fa auth-and-writes

9. Use npm author tokens

Make use of restricted tokens for querying npm packages and functionalities from CI by creating a read-only and IPv4 address range restricted token:

\$ npm token create --read-only -cidr=192.0.2.0/24

10. Understand typosquatting risks

Typos in package installation can be deadly.

- 1 Be mindful when copy-pasting package install instructions to the terminal and verify authenticity.
- 2 Opt to have a logged-out npm user in your developer environment
- **3** Favor npm install with --ignore-scripts

Authors:



<u>@liran_t</u>

Node.js Security WG & Developer Advocate at Snyk

