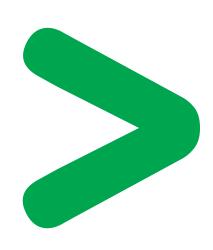
# Product Environmental Profile

ODACE RJ45 Infra + CAT6 Shielded









## Product Environmental Profile - PEP

#### Product Overview -

The main function of the ODACE RJ45 Infra + CAT6 Shielded product range is to give solutions for infrastructures that give access to voice, data and image services.

This range consists of: RJ45 shielded category 6 with or without claws.

The representative product used for the analysis is ODACE RJ45 Infra + CAT6 Shielded Ref: S520476 and ODACE 1 gang Outer Plate Styl Ref: S520702.

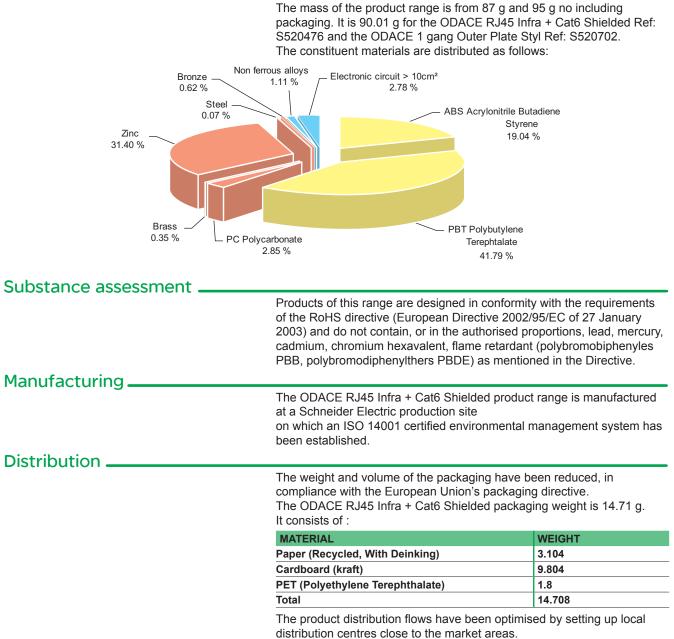
The environmental impacts of this referenced product are representative of the impacts of the other products of the range which are developed with the similar technology.

The extrapolation rules are described in the following chapters.

The environmental analysis was performed in conformity with ISO 14040.

This analysis takes the stages of the life cycle of the product into account.

### Constituent materials.



## **Product Environmental Profile - PEP**

Utilization					
		not generate envir	onmental pollution	fra + Cat6 Shieldeo requiring special p on) in using phase	recautionary
End of life		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, 01	
		the usual end of lif depollution process At end of life, the p have been optimiz components and n process. The potential of re Codde "recyclabili 20 Sep. 2008) and and Energy Manag By this method, th	e treatment. The p s. products in the OD, ed to decrease the naterials of the pro cyclability of the pr cyclability of the pr y and recoverabilit published by ADE gement). is product range do	ACE RJ45 Infra + 0 ACE RJ45 Infra + 0 amount of waste a duct in the usual en roducts has been e ty calculation metho ME (French Ageno pesn't contain recyclese plastics types.	d any specific Cat6 Shielded and valorise the nd of life treatment valuated using the od" (version V1, cy for Environment
Environmental impa	The environmental impacts were analysed for the Manufacturing (M) phases, the Distribution (D) and the Utilization (U) phases. This product range is included in the category Energy passing product (assumed lifetime service is 20 years and using scenario: Loading rate is 100 % and uptime percentage is 100 %). The EIME (Environmental Impact and Management Explorer) software, version 4.0, and its database, version 10.0 were used for the life cycle assessment (LCA). The calculation has been done on ODACE RJ45 Infraplus Cat6 Shielded Ref: S520476 and ODACE 1 gang Outer Plate Styl Ref: S520702. The electrical power model used is European model. Presentation of the product environmental impacts:				
Indicator	Unit	For 1 ODACE RJ45 Infraplus Cat6 Shielded Ref: S520476 and ODACE 1 gang Outer Plate Styl Ref: S520702			
		S = M + D + U	М	D	U
Raw Material Depletion	Y-1	3.43E <sup>-15</sup>	3.39E <sup>-15</sup>	3.49E-17	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Energy Depletion	MJ	11.104	9.986	1.118	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Water Depletion	dm3	5.057	4.587	4.70E <sup>-01</sup>	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Global Warming	g ~CO2	5.87E <sup>+02</sup>	5.36E <sup>+02</sup>	50.561	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Ozone Depletion	g ~CFC-11	1.26E <sup>-04</sup>	9.83E <sup>-05</sup>	2.81E <sup>-05</sup>	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Air Toxicity	m3	3.36E <sup>+05</sup>	3.26E <sup>+05</sup>	1.08E <sup>+04</sup>	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Photochemical Ozone Creation	g ~C2H4	4.71E <sup>-01</sup>	4.28E <sup>-01</sup>	4.29E <sup>-02</sup>	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Air Acidification	g ~H+	1.13E <sup>-01</sup>	1.05E <sup>-01</sup>	7.64E <sup>-03</sup>	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Water Toxicity	dm3	7.44E <sup>+02</sup>	7.31E <sup>+02</sup>	13.296	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Water Eutrophication	g ~PO4	7.59E <sup>-01</sup>	7.53E <sup>-01</sup>	5.77E <sup>-03</sup>	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>
Hazardous Waste Production	ka	9.75E <sup>-03</sup>	9.69E <sup>-03</sup>	6.59E <sup>-05</sup>	0.00E <sup>+00</sup>

The life cycle analysis shows that the M phase (M, D or U phase) is the life cycle phase which has the greatest impact on the majority of environmental indicators. The environmental parameters of this phase have been optimized at the design stage.

## Product Environmental Profile - PEP

System approach	
	As the product of the range are designed in accordance with the RoHS Directive (European Directive 2002/95/EC of 27 January 2003), they can be incorporated without any restriction within an assembly or an installation submitted to this Directive.
Classer	N.B.: please note that the environmental impacts of the product depend on the use and installation conditions of the product. Impacts values given above are only valid within the context specified and cannot be directly used to draw up the environmental assessment of the installation.
Glossary	
Raw Material Depletion (RMD)	This indicator quantifies the consumption of raw materials during the life cycle of the product. It is expressed as the fraction of natural resources that disappear each year, with respect to all the annual reserves of the material.
Energy Depletion (ED)	This indicator gives the quantity of energy consumed, whether it be from fossil, hydroelectric, nuclear or other sources. This indicator takes into account the energy from the material produced during combustion. It is expressed in MJ.
Water Depletion (WD)	This indicator calculates the volume of water consumed, including drinking water and water from industrial sources. It is expressed in dm <sup>3</sup> .
Global Warming (GW)	The global warming of the planet is the result of the increase in the greenhouse effect due to the sunlight reflected by the earth's surface being absorbed by certain gases known as "greenhouse-effect" gases. The effect is quantified in gram equivalent of $CO_2$ .
Ozone Depletion (OD)	This indicator defines the contribution to the phenomenon of the disappearance of the stratospheric ozone layer due to the emission of certain specific gases. The effect is expressed in gram equivalent of CFC-11.
Photochemical Ozone Creation (POC)	This indicator quantifies the contribution to the "smog" phenomenon (the photochemical oxidation of certain gases which generates ozone) and is expressed in gram equivalent of ethylene ( $C_2H_4$ ).
Air Acidification (AA)	The acid substances present in the atmosphere are carried by rain. A high level of acidity in the rain can cause damage to forests. The contribution of acidification is calculated using the acidification potentials of the substances concerned and is expressed in mode equivalent of $H^+$ .
Hazardous Waste Production (HWP)	This indicator calculates the quantity of specially treated waste created during all the life cycle phases (manufacturing, distribution and utilization). For example, special industrial waste in the manufacturing phase, waste associated with the production of electrical power, etc. It is expressed in kg.

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