



Thank you for attending-The event will start soon.

We will ask some interactive questions throughout this event using 'Slido' software. Participation is optional.

To get involved, please download the SLIDO app or go to slido.com and type in this 5-digit code to activate this event: 52794

Slido works best on a phone or ipad/tablet. If you are unable to use slido feel free to email us at <u>planningpolicy@winchester.gov.uk</u> or use the Q&A/chat function on the right hand side of this event page.

This event will be recorded.

Join at slido.com #52794



Winchester District Local Plan

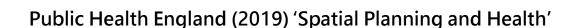


Strategic Issues and Priorities Consultation

LIVING WELL

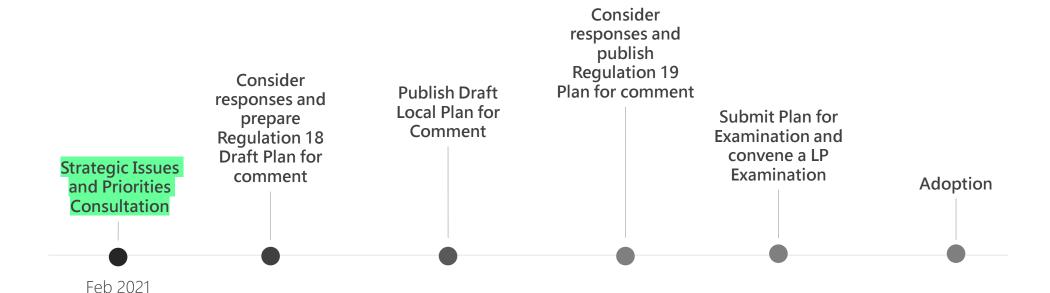
"Qualities, such as a walkable environment free from pollution, and availability of well-maintained green spaces, can promote physical activity and wellbeing."







THE LOCAL PLAN PROCESS



THE 9 KEY ISSUES

- Carbon Neutrality



- Biodiversity and the Natural Environment
- Conserving and Enhancing the Historic Environment



- Homes for All



- Vibrant Economy



- Promoting Sustainable Transport



- Living Well



- Low Carbon Infrastructure



- Ensuring Delivery and Success of the Local Plan



CONSULTATION QUESTION:

LIVING WELL

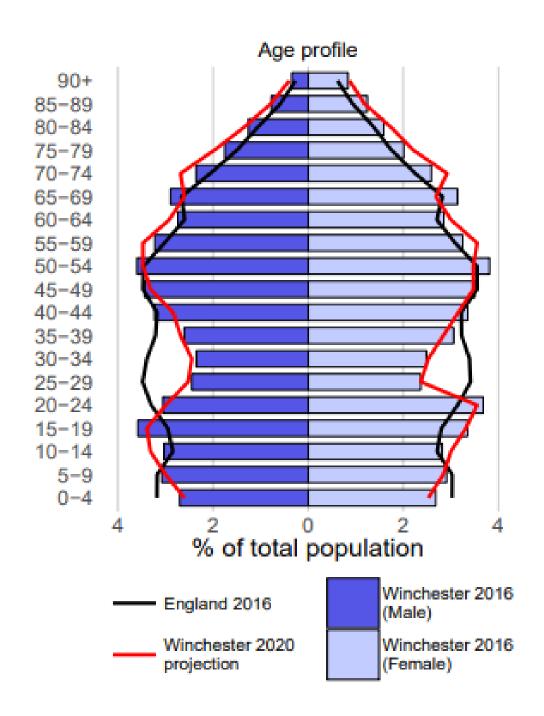


- 1. Do you think current Local Plan and national policies around the provision of open space are adequate for protecting health and well-being and reducing inequality?
- 2. Do you have any suggestions for how we can plan positively to create multi-generational neighbourhoods and communities where social isolation is reduced and opportunities for independent mobility are promoted?

Demography – who lives in the Winchester district?

Population in 2019: 124, 295 people





Ageing population

Winchester

Small Area Population Forecasts (SAPF) 2016 based.

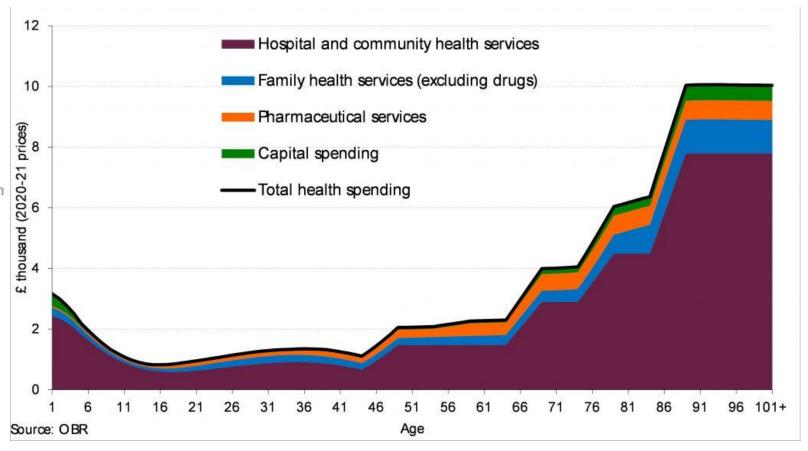
This summary profile was constructed using Hampshire County Council's 2016 based Small Area Population Forecasts (SAPF). The forecasts provide estimates of the population of Winchester from 2016-2023.

The Population of Winchester is forecast to increase from 121,000 to 137,100 by 2023.



Population by Age Group





Ageing population should be supported to live independently and with dignity. Health spending also increases with age

slido

What are the implications of an ageing population for the ways we plan our District?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

Public Health in Winchester: An overview

The health of people in Winchester is **generally better than the England average**. Winchester is one of the **20% least deprived districts/unitary authorities in England**, **however about 7.7% (1,500) children live in low-income families**. **Life expectancy** for both men and women is **higher than** the England **average**.

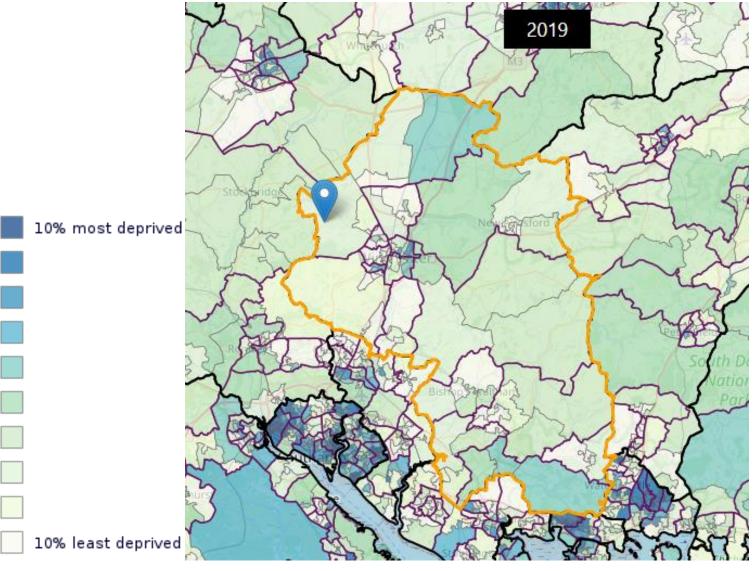
For many indicators, Winchester performs significantly better than the England and regional average

For some indicators, it is important to note that though they are low regionally and compared to the national average, they are still high on a national level (e.g. obesity figures)



Health inequalities

Life expectancy is **5.8**years lower for men and **6.4** years lower for women in the most deprived areas of Winchester than in the least deprived areas (Particularly St. Luke).





Life expectancy for both males (81.5) and females (85.6)



Hospital admissions for alcoholrelated conditions (517 in 18/19)



Percentage of physical active adults (76.2% in 18/19)



Children in low income families (7.7% in 2016)



Under 75 all-cause, and all age group cancer and cardiovascular disease mortality



Percentage of breastfeeding initiation (85.2% in 2017)



Percentage of adults classed as overweight or obese (57.4% in 18/19)



Fuel poverty



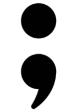




Emergency hospital admission rate for hip fractures



smoking prevalence in adults in routine and manual occupations



Suicide rate (37 in 18/19)

Emergency hospital admission rate for intentional self-harm (250 in 18/19)



Hospital admission rate for alcohol-specific conditions



Percentage of people in employment



Percentage of adults cycling for travel at least three days per week

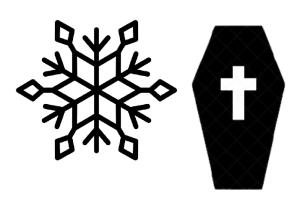


Percentage of adults walking for travel at least three days per week



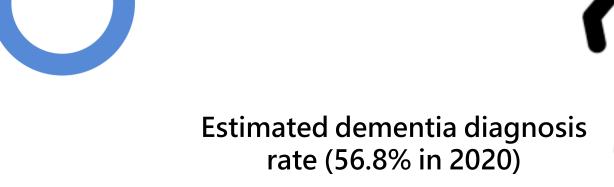
Air pollution fine particulate matter





Excess winter deaths (34.1% in 18/19)

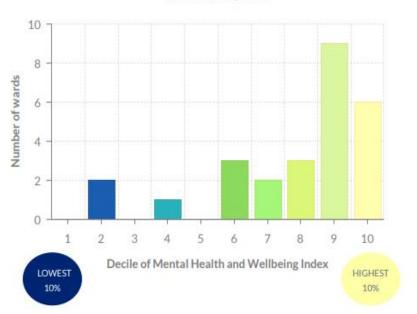
Estimated diabetes diagnosis rate (59.7% in 2018)



MENTAL HEALTH AND WELLBEING INDEX - WINCHESTER SUMMARY



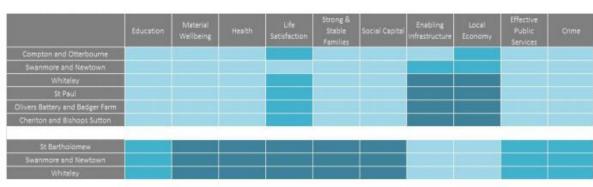




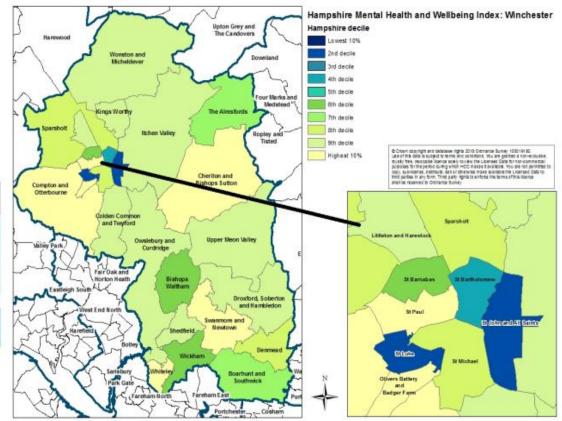
Winchester has a population of around 121,000 across 26 wards.

The areas estimated to have lower mental health and wellbeing are St John & All Saints, St Luke and St Bartholomew. These wards are amongst the lowest 20% in the county.

The areas estimated to have higher mental health and wellbeing are Compton & Otterbourne, Swanmore & Newtown, Whiteley, St Paul, Olivers Battery & Badger Farm and Cheriton & Bishops Sutton. These wards are amongst the highest 10% in the county.







Compared with Region

Better 95%
Similar
Worse 95%
Onot applicable
Quintiles: Best
Onot applicable
Quintiles: Best
Onot applicable

* a note is attached to the value, hover over to see more details

Recent trends: — Could not be

No significant

Increasing &

Increasing &

getting worse

getting worse

getting worse

getting better

| Indicator | | | | | Worst | t/Lowest | 25th Perce | ntile 75th Percentile Best/Highest | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------|--------|-------|--------|----------|------------------|---|------|
| | Period | Winchester | | | Region | England | | South East | |
| | | Recent Trend | Count | Value | Value | Value | Worst/ Lowest | Range | Best |
| Life expectancy at birth (Male) | 2017 - 19 | - | - | 81.5 | 80.8 | 79.8 | 77.9 | | 8 |
| Life expectancy at birth (Female) | 2017 - 19 | - | - | 85.6 | 84.3 | 83.4 | 81.8 | 0 | 88 |
| Under 75 mortality rate from all causes | 2017 - 19 | - | 867 | 249 | 288 | 326 | 423 | 0 | 2 |
| Under 75 mortality rate from all cardiovascular diseases | 2017 - 19 | - | 164 | 46.6 | 57.1 | 70.4 | 96.8 | | 3 |
| Under 75 mortality rate from cancer | 2017 - 19 | - | 391 | 111.1 | 121.6 | 129.2 | 158.0 | | 8 |
| Suicide rate | 2017 - 19 | - | 37 | 12.0 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 15.5 | | |
| Killed and seriously injured (KSI) casualties on England's roads | 2016 - 18 | - | 311 | 83.7 | 49.6 | 42.6* | 88.4 | | 2 |
| Emergency Hospital Admissions for Intentional Self-Harm | 2018/19 | - | 250 | 200.8 | 199.7* | 196.0* | 372.9 | o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o | 7 |
| Hip fractures in people aged 65 and over | 2018/19 | - | 140 | 491 | 517* | 559* | 684 | | 4 |
| Cancer diagnosed at early stage (experimental statistics) | 2017 | - | 294 | 55.4% | 52.7% | 52.2% | 43.8% | | 61. |
| Estimated diabetes diagnosis rate | 2018 | - | - | 59.7% | 75.2% | 78.0% | 59.7% | | 98. |
| Estimated dementia diagnosis rate (aged 65 and over) < 66.7% (significantly) | 2020 | - | 1,016 | 56.8% | 64.5%* | 67.4% | 47.7% | • | 75. |
| Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions - Under 18s | 2016/17 - 18/19 | - | 30 | 38.7 | 31.7* | 31.6 | 79.9 | O I | 1 |
| Admission episodes for alcohol-related conditions (Narrow) | 2018/19 | → | 517 | 413 | 526* | 664 | 857 | | |
| Smoking Prevalence in adults (18+) - current smokers (APS) | 2019 | - | 7,563 | 7.7% | 12.2% | 13.9% | 26.4% | 0 | 3. |
| Percentage of physically active adults | 2018/19 | - | - | 76.2% | 70.2% | 67.2% | 55.8% | | 80 |
| Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese | 2018/19 | - | - | 57.4% | | 62.3% | 75.1% | | 48 |
| Under 18s conception rate / 1,000 | 2018 | - | 28 | | | 16.7 | 33.3 | Q I | |
| Smoking status at time of delivery | 2019/20 | - | 91 | 9.0% | | 10.4% | 19.6% | | 4 |
| Breastfeeding initiation | 2016/17 | - | 965 | 85.2% | 79.1% | 74.5% | 64.7% | | 88 |
| Infant mortality rate | 2017 - 19 | - | 15 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 5.8 | O I | |
| Year 6: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) | 2019/20 | - | 130 | 11.2% | 17.8% | 21.0% | 24.9% | | 10 |
| Deprivation score (IMD 2015) | 2015 | - | - | 8.8 | - | 21.8 | - | - | - |
| Smoking Prevalence in adults in routine and manual occupations (18-64) - current smokers (APS) | 2019 | - | - | 35.2% | 23.7% | 23.2% | 52.0% | O | 6 |
| inequality in life expectancy at birth (Male) | 2016 - 18 | - | - | 5.8 | 7.9 | 9.5 | 11.7 | 0 | |
| inequality in life expectancy at birth (Female) | 2016 - 18 | - | - | 6.4 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 10.2 | | |
| Children in low income families (under 16s) | 2016 | - | 1,500 | 7.7% | 12.9% | 17.0% | 26.2% | | 6 |
| Average Attainment 8 score New data | 2018/19 | - | 58,082 | 53.5 | 47.9 | 46.9 | 40.3 | | 6 |
| Percentage of people aged 16-64 in employment | 2019/20 | - | 54,600 | 72.8% | 79.6% | 76.2% | 69.5% | O | 87 |
| Statutory homelessness - Eligible homeless people not in priority need | 2017/18 | - | - | * | 0.7 | 0.8 | - | Insufficient number of values for a spine chart | - |
| Violent crime - hospital admissions for violence (including sexual violence) | 2016/17 - 18/19 | - | 65 | 19.4 | 31.2* | 44.9 | 71.9 | 0 | |
| Excess winter deaths index | Aug 2018 - Jul 2019 | - | 108 | 34.1% | 14.3% | 15.1% | 34.1% | | -6 |
| New STI diagnoses (exc chlamydia aged <25) / 100,000 | 2019 | • | 433 | 566 | 714 | 900 | 1,687 | | |
| TB incidence (three year average) | 2017 - 19 | - | 12 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 8.6 | 29.1 | | |

* a note is attached to the value, hover over to see more details

Recent trends: — Could not be

No significant change getting worse getting worse getting worse getting worse getting better

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Benchmark Value

Worst/Lowest 25th Percentile 75th Percentile Best/Highest

| | Winehester | | | | Region England | | | England | est |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-------|----------------|------------------|--------|---|-------|
| Indicator | Period | Winchester Recent Count Value | | | Value | England Value | Worst/ | England | Best/ |
| | | Trend | Count | value | value | value | Lowest | Range | Highe |
| Life expectancy at birth (Male) | 2017 - 19 | - | - | 81.5 | 80.8 | 79.8 | 74.4 | | 84 |
| Life expectancy at birth (Female) | 2017 - 19 | - | - | 85.6 | 84.3 | 83.4 | 79.5 | 0 | 87 |
| Under 75 mortality rate from all causes | 2017 - 19 | - | 867 | 249 | 288 | 326 | 548 | | 2 |
| Under 75 mortality rate from all cardiovascular diseases | 2017 - 19 | - | 164 | 46.6 | 57.1 | 70.4 | 121.6 | 0 | 39 |
| Under 75 mortality rate from cancer | 2017 - 19 | - | 391 | 111.1 | 121.6 | 129.2 | 182.4 | | 87 |
| Suicide rate | 2017 - 19 | - | 37 | 12.0 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 19.0 | | 4 |
| Killed and seriously injured (KSI) casualties on England's roads | 2016 - 18 | - | 311 | 83.7 | 49.6 | 42.6* | 109.8 | | 17 |
| Emergency Hospital Admissions for Intentional Self-Harm | 2018/19 | - | 250 | 200.8 | 199.7* | 196.0° | 497.7 | Q | 51 |
| Hip fractures in people aged 65 and over | 2018/19 | - | 140 | 491 | 517* | 559* | 852 | | 3 |
| Cancer diagnosed at early stage (experimental statistics) | 2017 | - | 294 | 55.4% | 52.7% | 52.2% | 36.8% | 0 | 61.0 |
| Estimated diabetes diagnosis rate | 2018 | - | - | 59.7% | 75.2% | 78.0% | 54.3% | | 98.7 |
| Estimated dementia diagnosis rate (aged 65 and over) < 66.7% (significantly) | 2020 | - | 1,016 | 56.8% | 64.5%* | 67.4% | 41.6% | • | 92.7 |
| Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions - Under 18s | 2016/17 - 18/19 | - | 30 | 38.7 | 31.7* | 31.6 | 112.7 | | 7 |
| Admission episodes for alcohol-related conditions Narrow) | 2018/19 | → | 517 | 413 | 526* | 664 | 1,127 | | 3 |
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| Percentage of physically active adults | 2018/19 | - | - | 76.2% | 70.2% | 67.2% | 46.7% | | 80.0 |
| Percentage of adults (aged 18+) classified as overweight or obese | 2018/19 | - | - | 57.4% | | 62.3% | 75.9% | | 41.7 |
| Under 18s conception rate / 1,000 | 2018 | - | 28 | 13.3 | 13.5 | 16.7 | 39.4 | | |
| Smoking status at time of delivery | 2019/20 | - | 91 | 9.0% | 9.7%* | 10.4% | 23.1% | | 2. |
| Breastfeeding initiation | 2016/17 | - | 965 | 85.2% | 79.1% | 74.5% | 37.9% | | 96. |
| Infant mortality rate | 2017 - 19 | - | 15 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 7.5 | <u> </u> | |
| Year 6: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) | 2019/20 | - | 130 | 11.2% | 17.8% | 21.0% | 30.1% | | 10.4 |
| Deprivation score (IMD 2015) | 2015 | - | - | 8.8 | - | 21.8 | 42.0 | 0 | |
| Smoking Prevalence in adults in routine and manual occupations (18-64) - current smokers (APS) | 2019 | - | - | 35.2% | 23.7% | 23.2% | 60.3% | 0 | 3.5 |
| nequality in life expectancy at birth (Male) | 2016 - 18 | - | - | 5.8 | 7.9 | 9.5 | 15.2 | 0 | |
| nequality in life expectancy at birth (Female) | 2016 - 18 | - | - | 6.4 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 13.8 | 0 | - |
| Children in low income families (under 16s) | 2016 | - | 1,500 | 7.7% | 12.9% | 17.0% | 31.8% | | 5.8 |
| Average Attainment 8 score New data | 2018/19 | - | 58,082 | 53.5 | 47.9 | 46.9 | 39.0 | | 6 |
| Percentage of people aged 16-64 in employment | 2019/20 | - | 54,600 | 72.8% | 79.6% | 76.2% | 63.3% | | 91.4 |
| Statutory homelessness - Eligible homeless people not in priority need | 2017/18 | - | - | * | 0.7 | 0.8 | - | Insufficient number of values for a spine chart | - |
| Violent crime - hospital admissions for violence (including sexual violence) | 2016/17 - 18/19 | - | 65 | 19.4 | 31.2* | 44.9 | 127.6 | | |
| Excess winter deaths index | Aug 2018 - Jul 2019 | - | 108 | 34.1% | 14.3% | 15.1% | 36.4% | | -8.2 |
| New STI diagnoses (exc chlamydia aged <25) / 100,000 | 2019 | • | 433 | 566 | 714 | 900 | 4,418 | | 2 |
| TB incidence (three year average) | 2017 - 19 | _ | 12 | 3.2 | 5.9 | 8.6 | 45.0 | | 0 |

Important to not only consider current prevalence, but the inequal impacts across wards, trends over time and whether the comparison regions (i.e. England, South East, Hampshire) have an overall high prevalence.

Good example is obesity and overweight – whilst Winchester seems to be doing 'well' this is only compared to national and regional prevalence – which is still high.



Applying healthy placemaking principles to the Local Plan

Planning that accommodates for...

a growing and ageing population, safe roads and reduced reliance on vehicles, air quality improvements, improved mental health, to reduce inequalities and to provide opportunities for physical activity

A decent home, a job and friends are more important to good health than the NHS. This report highlights how we can build places and communities that encourage healthier choices

Duncan Selbie
Chief Executive
Public Health England



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What are the benefits of open spaces?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

Access to green, blue, open and recreational spaces

- Public Health England recommends considering local green (and blue) space to be critical assets for maintaining and supporting health and wellbeing in local communities – new review released in 2020
- Winchester Open Space Strategy (2015)
- Neighbourhood design should support safe places for children to play and for adults to use for recreation and leisure



Protecting and improving the nation's health

Improving access to greenspace A new review for 2020



Friends of the Earth Access to Green Space in England map (2020)



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What aspects of our built environment can impact our mental health positively?

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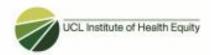
What aspects of our built environment can impact our mental health negatively?

i Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

Social Isolation

- COVID-19 pandemic really brought to the fore the need for reducing social isolation through strengthened sense of community and local networks
- PHE Local action on health inequalities: Reducing social isolation across the lifecourse (2015)





Local action on health inequalities

Reducing social isolation across the lifecourse

Practice resource: September 2015



Mental Health

mentalhealthtownplanning2020-final.pdf (cloudinary.com)

• Urgent need to address mental health issues in Winchester population

Local Food Production

Improving food environment for citizens of Winchester as well as having environmental, mental health and physical activity co-benefits





Air Quality

- Climate Emergency declaration
- Air Quality Supplementary Planning Document consultation
- Co-benefits for health and environment to increase uptake of active travel: increased physical activity, improved mental health, environmental benefits

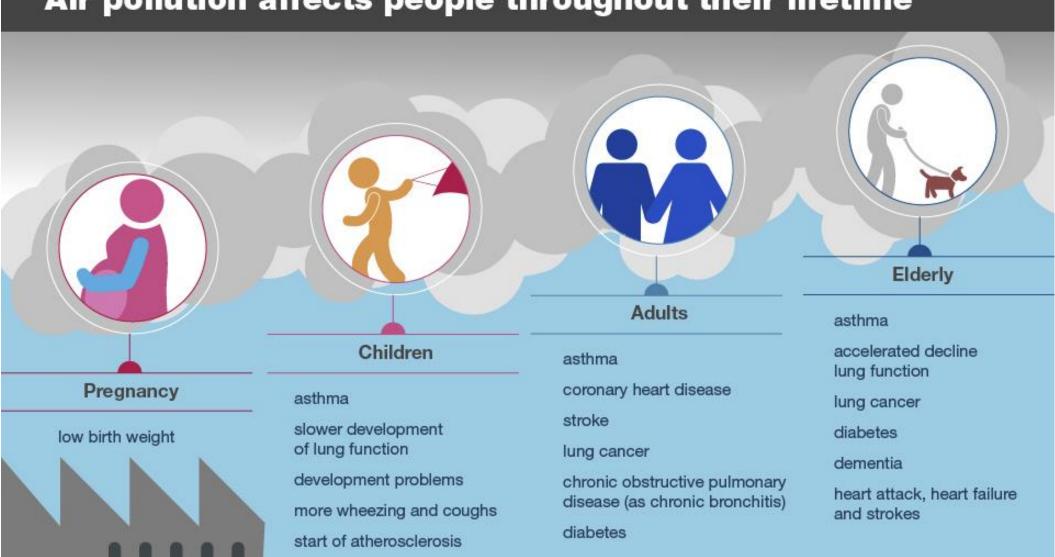


Protecting and improving the nation's health

Review of interventions to improve outdoor air quality and public health



Air pollution affects people throughout their lifetime



Active Travel

- Active travel has many benefits not only improving air quality, but improving physical and mental health, noise pollution and reducing health spending
- Winchester Movement Strategy (2019)
- Recently HCC secured Active Travel Fund Improvements; North Walls, City Centre North-South routes, Upper High Street and High Street, Puffin pedestrian crossing on Romsey Road/Clifton Terrace Junction



Protecting and improving the nation's health

Working Together to Promote
Active Travel
A briefing for local authorities

Inclusivity for the mobility impaired

 The Disabled Persons Act 1981 added sections to the Town and Country Planning Act 1971 to make sure that developers are better informed about their statutory obligations to provide for the needs of disabled people in certain types of building and to meet the British Standards Institution 1979 code of practice in the matter of access

 Disability considerations for Infrastructure Programmes (2016)



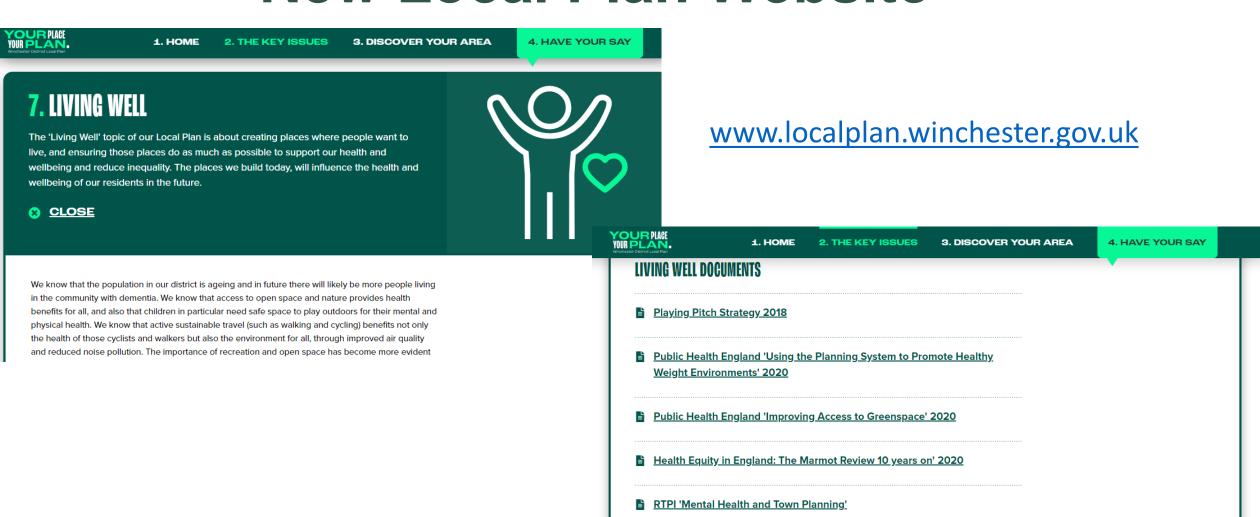
Anjlee Agarwal & Andre Steele March 2016

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How can the Local Plan enhance peoples' health and well-being?

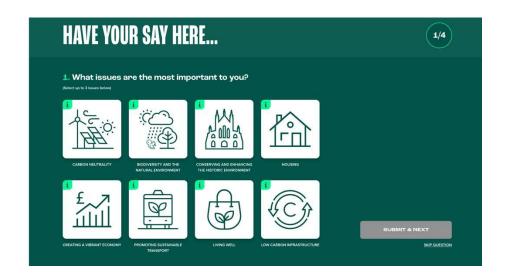
(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

New Local Plan Website



'HAVE YOUR SAY' SECTION OF THE WEBSITE

- Register to receive email updates
- Link to Citizen Space where the consultation questionnaire is hosted
- Short polls









WHY GET INVOLVED:

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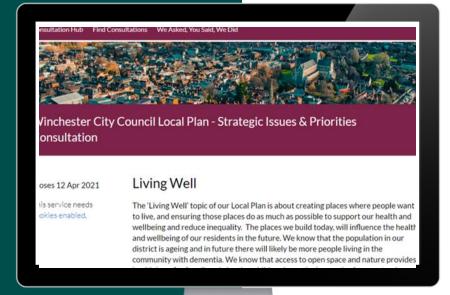
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REGISTER

HOW TO RESPOND TO THE STRATEGIC ISSUES AND PRIORITIES CONSULTATION



https://winchester.citizenspace.com
/policy-and-planning/wcc-local-plansip/



Questions

Now is your time to ask us any questions. Please use the Q&A function in this event located on the top right-hand side of your screen.



THANK YOU

Feedback link

https://winchester.citizenspace.com/policy-and-planning/local-plan-update-virtual-event-feedback

