Non-technical Skills - Top 10 Tips



Non-technical skills (NTS) have a vital role to play in Emergency Medicine practice. There is increasing awareness that a clinician must not only possess good technical skills but should also be proficient in a variety of interpersonal and cognitive skills in order to optimise patient care. Non-technical skills include leadership, teamwork, decision making and situation awareness, all of which have an impact on health outcomes for patients and the mental well-being of clinicians. Non-technical skills help to reduce human error and enhance risk management both of which improve patient care.

This document provides guidance on how to maximise clinicians non-technical skills in the Emergency Department for the benefit of patients and staff.

Education and Training
Improve team working in your department by running brief, simple, multi-professional simulation training on the shop floor.
Use the Emergency Medicine non-technical skills observation tool to guide feedback for your trainees.
Use some of the excellent online resources on enlightenME, the CEM website and resus.me to support local training on human factors.
Learning from Errors
Run regular M+Ms where both seniors and juniors present 'Cases they have learned from.'
When things go wrong, consider the human factors that contributed to the error.
Use message of the week posters (staffroom/toilets etc.) to educate all staff about issues arising from incidents.
Error Prevention
When introducing a new protocol/guideline or piece of kit, pre-empt potential problems by running a short simulation using the new guideline/kit etc.
Identify potential issues, recognise that human limitations need to be taken into account and make necessary adaptations.
Be approachable and available for the juniors to ask you questions about the patients they are managing.
Use CEM ABC handover tool to standardise handover.
Recognise vulnerable and stressful situations – use timeout to reassess the department and how staff are coping.