Cellulitis

- Cellulitis is an infection of the deep layer of skin (dermis) and the layer of fat and tissues just under the skin (the subcutaneous tissues)
- It presents as an area of painful, red, warm/hot, swollen skin
- The leg is commonly affected, but any area of skin can be involved

If any of the RED FLAG presentations:

- Signs of sepsis (see severe sepsis IAT)
- · Signs of necrotising fasciitis:
 - Unwell (hypotensive, tachycardic, signs of sepsis)
 - Pain out of proportion to the degree of cellulitis
 - Crepitus (gas) in soft tissues (not always present)

Alert senior doctor/
nurse practitioner

This is a limb threatening condition

- 1) Fully expose the area (enabling examination of the whole limb / affected body part) and apply a wrist band.
- 2) Record vital signs: BP, HR, RR, SpO₂, Temp, GCS, BM

 Commence Obs Chart and perform Early Warning Score follow ED Escalation Plan
- 3) Perform pain score and give analgesia as needed
- 4) If patient is apyrexial and healthy other than the cellulitis, NO investigations are required the patient is likely to be discharged on oral antibiotics

For all other patients, including those already on antibiotics with no improvement and those with any of the following:

- Pyrexia
- Hypotension / tachycardia
- Confusion

- Malaise
- Nausea/vomiting
- Tracking

Cannulate & take bloods: FBC, UE, LFT, CRP. Complete VIPS.

If any red flag features as above will also require Blood cultures.

5) If the cellulitis is associated with a wound, take a wound swab

Any tasks NOT completed within IAU should be handed over verbally to the team and placed on NURSE ORDERS