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Contributors

Sophia Akram A freelance journalist with interests in foreign policy human rights and global development, and their crossover with bus

Simon Brooke A freelance journalist covering finance. sustainability, marketing communications, wealth

management and the luxury

sector for a range of outlets.

Cath Everett An experienced journalist specialising in issues concerning the workplace and leadership, including what it means to be an ethical business.

Sam Haddad

A journalist specialising in travel, with work published in The Guardian . The Times and The Economist's 1843 magazine.

Celia Silvani A writer and unications manager with articles published by The Telegraph, the BBC and huffpost.com

 \mathcal{R} reports

Publishing mana Joana Ruffle Managing edito

Sarah Vizard

Francesca Cassidy

Reports adits Ian Deering

Sub-edito Neil Cole

Head of productio Justyna O'Connell

esign and production assistant Louis Nassé

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Oliver Balch

A journalist and writer with 20 years' experience of writing about all aspects of the inability agenda

MaryLou Costa A writer specialising in

tech, sustainability and the future of work, with articles in The Guardian and businessinsider.com, among others.

Sam Forsdick

Raconteur's staff writer. with particular interests in tech and the future of work. He has previously written for i-CIO.com and he New Statesman

Alec Marsh

The editor-at-large of Spear's magazine, who contributes to titles as diverse as The Spectator and The Field.

Kellie Jerrard **Colm McDermott** Sean Wvatt-Liveslev

Sara Gelfgren **Celina Lucey** Samuele Motta

Design director Tim Whitlock

Mischief executive – delving into Elon Musk's problem with job titles

The self-styled techno-king of Tesla has questioned the validity of CEO as a meaningful designation. What truth lies beneath the maverick magnate's typically puckish assertion?

Sam Forsdick

LEADERSHIP

peaking at a Wall Street S Journal summit for business leaders in December Elon Musk claimed that, as a job title, CEO was meaningless. The boss of Tesla and SpaceX added that he'd just legally changed his role at Tesla to "techno-king, as a sort of joke" to underline his point. Unsurprisingly, given that his audience mostly comprised CEOs, Musk's comments elicited a mixture of laughter and groans. But he explained: "There are only three titles that actually mean anything for a corporation: president, secretary and treasurer. All these others are basically made up. So CEO is a made-up title, CFO is a made-up title, general counsel is a made-up title. They don't mean anything... They're obviously just someone's marketing experiment.

For many business leaders, such views are easy to dismiss, especially given that Musk's self-coronation could be seen as a flippant gesture of defiance towards the US Securities had obliged him to stop serving as Tesla's chairman for three years in 2018 to settle a fraud suit. As a job and is almost universally recognised, they argue.

Among them is Eliane Lugassy. Paris-based provider of a smart building app. "Elon Musk is the only person who could get away with calling themselves technoking," she says. "The rest of us have to rely on language that everyone can understand."

In Lugassy's view, the CEO designation clearly identifies the person who is ultimately accountable for the performance of their business In fact, the title, "with the structure and formality this term implies. carries more relevance today than ever", she argues.

Randall Peterson, professor o organisational behaviour and academic director of London Business School's Leadership Institute, believes it's easy for Musk to say that the role of the CEO is meaningless, given that his companies have gone from strength to strength. It's when things aren't going so well for a business that a good leader really demonstrates their worth.



"When the tide is coming in and | shouldn't really be doing anything everything is aligned in your while the business is running well. favour, being CEO is actually not They should simply be enabling much of a job," Peterson contends. everyone else to flourish." "It can be pretty straightforward and it doesn't really justify the on a multifaceted role, he argues. glory and money it brings. What he This requires them to manage up hasn't done is stick around when to the board and ensure effective and Exchange Commission, which the tide goes out. Trying to save a governance while also managing business, for instance, is hard work down to motivate the whole workside of being a CEO vet. If you are in the direction they have set for title. CEO still holds a lot of meaning producing electric vehicles at the the organisation. point where many governments are pieces will come together for you. co-founder and CEO of Witco, the That's when, by definition, the CEO recognise that they have ultimate has been an outstanding success, role is at its minimum."

> Scotland's rugby union team and ship development programmes. now managing partner of the "The age of the dictator is well and School for CEOs, this point cuts to the core of how an effective CEO | So, as organisational structures should operate. He says: "In some | in business place less emphasis respects, the person in that job on hierarchy and the traditional

To achieve this, CEOs must take

"The most impressive CEOs we making them mandatory, then the have come across are those who are that the CEO title is meaningless collaborative but at the same time accountability," says Sole, whose For David Sole, former captain of company offers a range of leadertruly finished."

of the 50 most value-creating roles in any organisation report directly to the CEO of a company's performance is accounted for by actions that the CEO directly controls

McKinsev, 2019

hallmarks of a good leader continue to change, is it time to reassess what 'CEO' really stands for?

Ludo Van der Heyden, chaired pro fessor of corporate governance at Insead, believes that the nomenclature would benefit from an update. "The title is wrong," he argues. "The chief executive is not typically the one executing the work. They are the ones who are managing."

Although this may seem pedan tic, Van der Heyden argues that it's important to have clear job descriptions. He suggests that "chief decision officer" may better reflect a business leader's key responsibilities, adding: "People do use the title CEO too much without knowing what it means. That can create con fusion – and confusion is the enemy of good management.'

Despite his assertion that the CEO title should be changed. Van der Heyden disagrees with the suggestion that the role could be waning in significance. "I would be completely opposed to the idea that the CEO is becoming irrelevant," he says. "What is true is that we are coming to the end of the era of the heroic, all-powerful leader... Management, by essence, is a collabora-- and I don't think he's seen that force and inspire everyone to pull tive act, but it doesn't mean that vou don't still need a captain."

This could be the reason why Musk was able to so casually say While his tenure in charge of Tesla his style of leadership – where a single charismatic boss dictates their vision for the company – is becom ing less common at the top of modern enterprises

Peterson posits a different sugges tion for a more appropriate job title for the times. "Chief culture officer provides a more positive descrip tion of what they do," he says. "The two elements that are crucial in business are culture and strategy. An effective leader needs to provide alignment between the two.'

Rather than being inconsequen tial, the designation appears to have different connotations depending on the individual's interpretation of what a good leader should offer, from strategic decision-making to setting the appropriate culture. Although it's far from meaningless, given that the term has so many feasible definitions, perhaps Musk was right to say that CEO is a madeup title after all.

REGULATION

Called to account

The government has proposed placing greater responsibilities on directors for ensuring the quality of their firms' financial statements. Its planned reforms are likely to make extra work for many CEOs

Simon Brooke

the Carillion, Patisserie boardroom table. Would board accounting scandals continue to prompt questions about standards in UK corporate reporting and auditing, the government is putting pressure on boards to ensure that the information they give auditors is correct and complete.

The process started in earnest in March 2021, when the Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) published a white paper entitled Restoring Trust in Audit and Corporate Governance.

The document suggested making individual directors, rather than boards, personally responsible for the accuracy of their companies' financial statements as they sign off on internal controls and risk management. The model it has proposed is similar to that adopted in the US under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act 2002 – which was a response to one of the nation's most notorious failures of corporate governance. the Enron scandal.

But business leaders soon raised their concerns about what they if not dropped entirely. considered to be a radical proposal that would increase the risks faced Forensic Risk Alliance, a consult- ence tells us that there'll probably by everyone sitting around the ancy that helps clients to handle never be a perfect equilibrium.

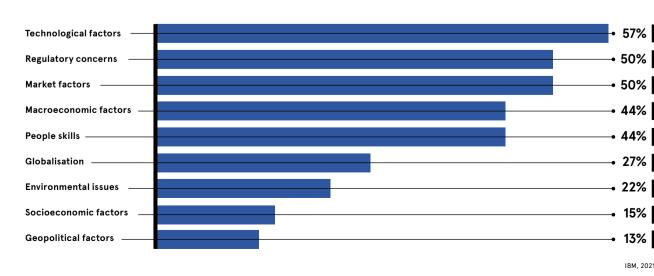
Valerie and Thomas Cook directors overseeing departments such as HR or IT, for instance, be willing and able to accept an onerous new finance-related duty that they feel is beyond their expertise? And would non-executive directors (NEDs) be prepared to take on the extra burden? The independent scrutiny that these experienced business leaders can offer boards has long been viewed as crucial in ensuring sound corporate govern ance and reporting. But 78% of NEDs polled in a survey published by EY in August 2021 reported tha their jobs had become increasingly complex and time-consuming in recent years.

Given that groups such as the Institute of Directors (IoD) oppose the BEIS's suggested divergence from the principle of collective board responsibility, it is widely expected that its proposal that She suggests that there's "a balance individual directors, whatever their to be struck. Implementing heavy role, should be required to sign off and overly burdensome legal require on a firm's internal financial reporting controls will be watered down.

Weng Yee Ng is a partner at the good and talented directors. Experi

REGULATION IS AMONG THE TOP CONCERNS FOR CEOS IN THE SHORT TO MEDIUM TERM

What business leaders consider to be the most important issues affecting companies in the next two to three years





It is entirely appropriate for directors to be held accountable for matters such as the robustness of internal controls and corporate reporting

cross-border investigations, litigation and compliance requirements misbehaving directors may end up deterring and, to a degree, penalising

CEOs should consider improving the quality of independent oversight, Ng advises. This should help to instil confidence and prevent under-resourced finance teams from becoming overloaded with legal burdens further down the road.

The BEIS has also proposed extending the definition of 'public-interest entities' to cover large private companies as well as publicly traded firms and financial institutions such as banks. If this recommendation these private companies could find themselves taking on extra financial reporting responsibilities.

Despite its concerns about some of the white paper's recommendachanges, given that the UK is still IoD is "broadly supportive of the direction of reform proposed by the government", stresses Dr Roger Barker, the institute's director of olicy and governance.

"It is entirely appropriate for directors to be held accountable for matters such as the robustness of internal controls and corporate reporting," he says. "But this is already the case. The primary change advanced by the reforms concerns the enhanced enforcement of these responsibilities by a new regulator, the Audit, Reporting and Governance Authority. Such a change would necessitate a substantial outlay by companies to provide the necessary assurance. We're questioning whether this is an appropriate juncture at which to impose such a regulatory burden."

It's likely that the planned Audit, ity will have greater powers than the to avoid expending so much effort accounting watchdog it's expected to cial reporting demands that they replace next year - along with new are distracted from even more IBM 2021 statutory objectives. This would send pressing business issues.

a clear signal from the governmen about its intentions concerning dir ectors' reporting responsibilities.

"Whether it's imposed by regula tion or just corporate culture, there will be a greater need for CEOs to ensure the integrity of internal con trols," predicts David Davies, a part ner in the corporate and commercial team at law firm Kingsley Napley 'This will add to the pressure on them. They'll not only have to run their businesses; they will also have were to be implemented, the CEOs of to demonstrate the robustness of its governance and internal controls regarding the finances."

Davies adds that CEOs will likely have to accept a new type of burden: accountability for the effectiveness tions, and the timing of the possible of their company's corporate governance. This should include requir grappling with the Covid crisis, the ing other board members to take responsibility for providing proper checks and balances with respect to financial reporting.

> "Previously, if one board director were a little weak on finance, that person would feel protected because of the collective responsibility of the board," he explains. "Now, though it looks more likely that the CEO will want to ensure that every member of the board has the appropriate degree of financial literacy."

Barker envisages that "CEOs will need to review their frameworks of internal control, corporate report ing and external audit. They may need to add to their internal resour ces in these areas and conside whether further external assurance will also be required."

CEOs would be well advised to start preparing for the most likely Reporting and Governance Author- changes now. This could help them Financial Reporting Council – the on meeting the heightened finan-



bility into question

reputation in the public arena.

ing their cash.

to be held accountable

to ESG.

'An emphasis on ESG creates a challenge for business leaders'

are increasingly important leadership drivers for UK organisaalso as barometers of a well-run company. In contrast, weak ESG performance is often seen as a red flag. It may suggest that the company's purpose is not well aligned with the interests of wider society bringing its longer-term sustaina

ESG factors are also instrumental in attracting investment. According to the Investment Association, asse managers attracted £4.3bn of retail money into responsible investment funds in the three months to the end of September 2021. And a recent survey by the Association of Investment Companies has found that two-thirds of self-directed investors consider ESG factors before deploy-

Such an emphasis on ESG creates way that fulfils the expectations of are high. A CEO who can pull this off more motivated and loyal employees and customers, and a stronger

To assist CEOs in developing their leadership strategy, the Institute of Directors has recently published its ESG priorities for 2022. These cover four broad areas - sustainability. inclusion and diversity, governance and executive pay – each of which company's reputation with respect

A key message under the sustainasizes to publish an accurate and unexaggerated depiction of their current impact on climate change, both in their annual reports and tice of ESG.● elsewhere. CEOs should also develop a clear plan for how they intend to transition their enterprises to net zero. Ideally, they should publicly state their target date - and expect

A key ESG factor relates to the creation of an inclusive and diverse business culture, both at senior level and in the wider workforce. CEOs will need to evaluate how they can monitor and measure this kind of issue, and whether there are appro priate targets that can be defined

nvironmental, social and | useful way to increase accountabigovernance (ESG) factors lity and ensure clarity of message.

In modern outsourced organisations, the CEO has a bigger task than tions, not only as a means of win- simply focusing on those colleagues ning the trust of stakeholders but who are legally defined as the company's employees. Economic groupings often encompass subsidiaries. suppliers, contractors and agents often across a number of jurisdictions and product areas.

From an ESG perspective, this makes it crucial for the CEO to ensure that substantial due diligence of supply chains and business partnerships has been undertaken, to provide assurance that these are not implicitly supporting modern slavery, exploitative employment practices and/or bribery. The scale of this problem is frequently underestimated and, by its nature, it is often invisible. But the ethical, reputational and legal ramifications of turning a blind eve are substantial.

Lastly, a key ESG priority is for CEOs and their boards to no longer a challenge for business leaders: focus on short-term movements how can they deliver leadership in a in their companies' share prices. Shareholder primacy was convenincreasingly ESG-oriented investors tional business wisdom in the 1980s and other stakeholders? The stakes and 1990s. But it is increasingly viewed as an inadequate barometer is likely to enjoy a higher share price. of corporate success. The ESG perspective views the mission of business leaders as being to generate long-term value for stakeholders particularly those essential to the sustainable success of their enterprises, such as long-term investors. employees, customers, suppliers and wider society.

Business leaders may also see the value of defining an explicit purpose plays an important role in defining a for their organisation, which aligns its objectives with a positive social impact and is not purely concerned with objectifying financial return bility banner is for companies of all as an end in itself. The latter should arise as a healthy by-product of a responsible approach to business that's firmly anchored in the prac



Dr Roger Barker in order to motivate progress. Once Director of policy and corporate again, stating a public goal can be a governance, Institute of Directors

Putting digital at the heart of company culture

Executives are placing digital solutions at the heart of their business strategy. As companies compete to stay at the forefront of the digital landscape, Fluxx and magneticNorth are helping business leaders coordinate and instil a digitally minded company culture

ompanies have known for a С while that digital needs to be at the heart of everything they do. However, since the pandemic struck this mission has taken on a new urgenc Early in the crisis, the public showed great patience as firms struggled to adjust to successive lockdowns and the shift to hybrid working. But that goodwill is fading, customers now expect an exceptional digital-first experience from the brands they love

This has sparked a flurry of digita innovation not seen since the 2008 financial crisis, but some companies lack the right strategies and are struggling to keep up.

Digital transformation is not just about procuring the right digital products and services or embracing innovation internally, as vital as those things may be. It is also about instilling the right cultural mindset across an organisation so that digital becomes an integral part of its DNA

Such transformation is rarely straightforward. It often requires fundamental changes to the ways staff are managed and motivated, as well as the systems and processes underpinning the business. Unsure of how to proceed, many companies fall at this critical hurdle and miss out on the benefits.

Fluxx and magneticNorth, an innovation and design consultancy based in London and Manchester, helps firms to navigate the fast-changing digital landscape. The firm has worked with start-ups to top FTSE 100 companies, helping them to design distinctive digital services that boost customer satisfaction and the bottom line.

"If you don't keep up with the changing needs of your people, the digital



To unlock true innovation, businesses today must transform themselves through both the digital and cultural lens



products and services you have will fail no matter how good they are," chief executive Jenny Burns says. "To unlock rue innovation, businesses today must ransform themselves through both the digital and cultural lens.'

Last year, Fluxx and magneticNorth helped the UK insurance firm Legal & General (L&G) create a digital-first approach to its net-zero strategy. The firm is undertaking a series of projects to play a central role in the UK's journev to net zero, including helping to retrofit the buildings it invests in, pronoting sustainable funding and sup porting innovation in emerging carbon extraction and net-zero technologies

However, to create an effective strategy L&G needed to survey its entire operations and unite teams rom across the business. Working with Fluxx and magneticNorth, it identified gaps and opportunities in its current product portfolio, as well as nigh-potential new partnerships and ventures. It also uncovered associated parriers to change that would need to be addressed to unlock the new value

"Collaboration across company divisions is never easy, but we knew bringing together the power of Lega & General's different business units would be the most effective way to create truly innovative products and have an impact on a crisis as big as cl mate change," says Burns.

"Eight months and many pivots later, 10 ideas had become two vali dated business cases - two key projects which support the billions of pounds investment into renewable energy required to achieve net zer These are currently being built to go to market."

In another example, Fluxx and mag eticNorth helped publishing house Condé Nast International to launch ogue Business, an online publicaion and newsletter for global fashion ndustry professionals.

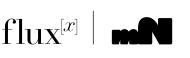
The publishing house had been look ng to launch a business-to-business product for some time but was inun dated with ideas and unsure where he real opportunity was. Fluxx and nagneticNorth helped it create a fivetage innovation framework, setting out a repeatable process that the busi ess could use to identify, assess, pri pritise and resource their ideas.

Working together, the firms ther ested the idea on Condé Nast clients nd consumers before committing to a global launch in 2019.

`Two years later, Vogue Business is he world's leading business-to-busiess fashion publication," says Burns `Condé Nast was also left with a pow rful internal framework for incubating nd executing ideas which it continues use todav.

Embracing change needn't be ove elming, but firms can't afford to be mplacent. Consumers increasingly xpect seamless experiences and digi al interaction with the brands they rely on, and even more so in 2022, compa ies must deliver

For more information on Fluxx and magneticNorth's work download one of their free business books at luxx.uk.com/books





RETENTION

Bitter suite? How the big quit is striking at C level

Between July and September 2021, a million Britons changed jobs. Employers that overlook the effects of the great resignation on senior executives risk suffering a leadership crisis

MaryLou Costa

hanks to the pandemic, on their plates than ever. The extra strain imposed by new with their people. That's all great, concerns, such as managing remote teams and addressing the physical on leaders who are actually going and mental health ramifications of through their own problems." the Covid crisis on employees, is starting to tell.

US last month, 46% reported that entry-level employees, highlighting | blown out of proportion. how the great resignation is maniof business.

previous four years combined. Demand from clients for a better understanding of leaders and the issues they are facing is "going founder and director, Roger Philby. loneliness many people feel at this the best of both worlds. level is being underestimated.

"How the pandemic has discontions is showing up in engagement time to reflect on their lives, potentially choosing to do something else," reports Philby, who works with employers such as Experian and the Co-operative Group. "There business leaders have more has been a lot of talk about having leaders who are more empathetic but it's also putting more demands

Philby adds that simply enhancing executives' reward packages will a survey by HiBob and Fiverr in the argues that personal development at senior level has "fallen off a cliff" in managers and directors were leav- the past two years, as the philosophy ing their firms at a faster rate than of "selfless leadership" has been

Leadership development practice to Philby. He believes that there has work/life balance," Nyman says. "If the past 12 months than it did in the | effect, this is leaving their prospects | autonomously and make the best | 'No, how are you really?'"

of ensuring the continued effective ness of their senior teams to chance.

"Organisations aren't applying a ystematic approach to developing eaders," Philby says. "They'll get them a coach, but how do they know whether that's having an impact?"

He continues: "There's a space for very personalised, individual development and then a metric which emonstrates the impact of that on business outcomes. But I don't see any evidence-based leadership development going on out there."

Joanna Swash is a strong believer in the importance of such an approach. The CEO of Moneypenny, an outsourced provider of customer services, she recently designed a training programme for her senior team to help identify leadership | CEOs have worked at their compar styles and align these with the organisation's vision and purpose using a bespoke set of tools and frameworks. Swash also plans to add training in soft skills to help develop attributes such as empathy and to orioritise "attitude over aptitude" i both recruitment and development. "We will mentor our managers to

develop their strengths and supply them with all the tools they need in these challenging times," she pledges. "People who are aligned with your culture, values and attitudes can realise their potential and that of the business.'

Yet even such concerted measures may not be enough to address the disengagement that many senior executives are feeling. A recent poll of 200 UK leaders in investment, law and consulting by M&A tech provider Datasite found that more than a third were prioritising family time n 2022, while 17% wanted to accelerate their retirement plans, citing interests outside the workplace as a huge factor in their thinking.

Reshaping the parameters of the leadership position - from normalthrough the roof", according to its ising part-time positions and jobsharing at senior level to embracing He warns that businesses need to the 'side hustle' phenomenon rethink how they support and dev- could enable more firms to retain elop their leaders, noting that the talented leaders by offering them

Insurance company Zurich, for instance, has doubled the number of nected leaders from their organisa- people it has hired as part-time those in senior positions. His viceemployees since it began advertisscores, as people have taken this | ing all vacancies as potential parttime positions and/or job-sharing opportunities two years ago. Highlighting its success in recruiting and retaining more women in particular. the company has called on the UK government to legislate that all it are not mutually exclusive. "We employers over a certain size advertise jobs this way.

Zurich's approach to recruitment would find favour with Angela Nyman, chief marketing officer at digital asset management platform Bright. She returned to her role on a Of the 1,000 HR directors polled in | no longer compensate for this. He | part-time basis in September 2020 after a period of parental leave.

> and it values outcomes - employee wellbeing and team productivity rather than analysing the hours you're working, you'll stand a much

CEOs have worked at their company

for more than a decade orbes, 2019

for more than two decades

orbes, 2019

CEOs have worked at their company or more than three decade



ncrease in CEO appointments between between H1 2020 and H1 202 drick & Struggles, 202

possible decisions, it doesn't matter whether I'm sitting next to them every day or not."

Brian Dolan is the founder and CEO of WorkReduce, a marketing and media consultancy based in Boston, Massachusetts, He is openly supportive of people in his organisation who have side hustles, even president of sales also runs a bike store, for instance, while his senior director for client success has a boat-chartering business.

Dolan stresses that finding fulfilment outside your primary workplace and achieving success within want our people to be really happy and satisfied," he says. "As long as they're delivering the results, we'll jump through hoops to retain them." Regardless of what approach a firm

might take to keep its senior executives engaged, Philby recommends that corporate boards should be paying close attention to their lead "If your company is behind you ers' needs, as the pressure they are under shows little sign of abating.

"The number-one focus of every board in every company right now should be: how are the people who festing itself in the upper echelons | needs to change radically, according | better chance of finding a good | are running this firm?" he argues. "They should literally be sitting Talent strategy consultancy the been a lack of focus in many firms on I give people the right guidance down and asking these people how Chemistry Group has got through how managers need to change their and motivation, along with the tools they are doing. When someone more work on senior leadership in behaviour to become leaders. In and information they need to work answers: I'm fine,' they need to say:

Lack of executive alignment can crush a CEO's change agenda

When every member of the C-suite has a different view of what change looks like, a chief executive's bold transformation agenda may already be doomed to fail, says Ewan Main, Daggerwing Group CEO

reat CEOs are often impa-G tient visionaries. They know where they want to take the company, but are frustrated with the time and effort involved in the process to make it happen When Covid hit in 2020, thousands of rigid companies, which historically demonstrated massive resistance to change, were suddenly transforming overnight. They adopted virtual working models, figured out new supply chain solutions and opened up the range of sales channels.

It is reasonable for any CEO to want to leverage this newfound corporate adaptability for all kinds of new transformations in 2022. But they will discover the survival instinct that enabled employees to adapt to working remotely two years ago doesn't apply to new initiatives driving tech adoption, implementing new operating models or fixing the employee experience gaps that are undermining talent retention today. Here's the warning all CEO's need to

consider: only one in three transformation projects succeed in meeting business objectives, and the biggest and earliest failure risk is the lack of executive alignment. Yes, all the CEO's direct reports may

ment initiative, such as digital transsocial and governance strategy.



nod their heads in agreement to the outlining the specific implications for a major upcoming change manage- | tive misalignment. formation or new environmental, Get detailed

executive is likely to have a com-



customers, and what they need to do to make that change happen. Based on my experience working with many Fortune 500 CEOs and four bullets on a PowerPoint slide their teams, here are proven tech-

niques to reduce the risk of execu-

Demand that the change manage-But, when asked separately, each ment plan detail exactly what's When executives are asked to review changing and why for every impacted ing of what's really changing for \mid it is brought to the executive team

company is going "from this... to this" so there is understanding of the current state and what will happen once successful change is in place. That way, leaders are more likely to be o the same page about the implication and benefits, making it hard to wall back in the future

Engage executives in new ways

a fully baked transformation plan to pletely different understand- department and employee before offer their approval, we've seen some instances where they say, "This is a their department, employees and | for consideration. Clarify how the | great plan for the business, but of

Q

A

Why is executive alignment

shaped by unconscious bias. They

may believe there's no reason to

disrupt the status quo, or the pain

of the transformation will outweigh

business gain. To get around this, it

such a challenging endeavour?

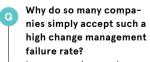
Every executive's view of a pro-

posed transformation will be

Only one in three transformation projects succeed in meeting business objectives

> course it won't work with my division To get collective executive alignment on the change that will apply across the total enterprise, we've turned

help ensure an alignment decision gets made and it sticks.



In our experience, change mar A agement failure is almost always is critical to anticipate the reality of caused by people factors. Leaders resistance and have arguments that who failed to lead. Employees who are thought through. A CEO may weren't equipped with the right skills. tend to take a command-and-con- | Lack of effort in getting people to trol approach, simply saving, "this is adopt new behaviours and stick to happening". But building in the time | them. Surprisingly, when we did some to address every executive's bias will research with people who buy change

passive reviews of plans into active facilitations of decision-making on the specific transformation initiatives required to meet the stated goals. In these sessions, all executives have a say on all the "gap-closure" priorities across every function and division of he company

Make it personal

Even when change is good, humans are hardwired to resist. It's natural. To et executives onside with change, it s critical they understand the vision in detail and can connect it to their own ersonal ambitions. On our change onsulting engagements, we do one -one interviews with every single ecutive to make sure we deeply nderstand their lens on the business nd their own drivers and motivations en, when we develop and present he plan for alignment, each executive can explicitly see how both corporate goals and, to some extent, their own goals are addressed in the plan.

Ultimately, every single CEO-led growth strategy depends on behavour change of two types of people: our employees and your custom ers. Understanding and applying the psychology of why people do and do not want to change is foundational n making sure the entire executive team has the same understanding and enduring commitment to the transformation as the CEO.

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management consulting services, nany said they disliked transforma ion projects because it required the nardest thing to do in any company: change people. It is a lack of attention o the people side of change; that basic nderstanding of the psychology of ow human brains react to change and the successful techniques that turn resisters into advocates. Daggerwing's whole consulting approach is designed o break the cycle of change management failure. Unlike many competitors, we focus on the people side of transformation, so we can do change right the first time and make it stick.



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INTERVIEW

'If it's left to chance, we know that nothing happens'

Despite several efforts to balance blue-chip boards, the number of female FTSE-100 CEOs is in single digits. Tara Cemlyn-Jones, founder of 25x25, explains her plan to remedy the situation

Oliver Balch

wants to help almost triple the on investment over three years. number of female CEOs in the UK's compared with an average of 2.09%. largest companies – and quickly.

Marjorie Scardino was appointed women leading the country's 100 men are anything but the same biggest plcs. Cemlyn-Jones wants that total to be 25 by 2025.

She is far from alone. Under the umbrella of the 25x25 initiative, a cerns the greater perspective this 25x25 conducted extensive research not-for-profit that she founded in offers. Gender aside, the more var- among business leaders. This found March 2020, Cemlyn-Jones and fel- ied the top team is, the broader its that entrenched cultural biases low directors, Dame Inga Beale and range of experience will be, which about who is - and isn't - suited Kerry Dryburgh, have the support of reduces the likelihood of group- to the top job still run deep. Such a dozen blue-chip firms, including | think. (The fact that the FTSE 100 | attitudes persist despite a number GSK, NatWest and Unilever.

sity among CEOs, as the "public ing lack of diversity on blue-chip and the Hampton-Alexander review face" of business, matters immensely in setting expectations and the quality of their strategic decishaping aspirations. If corporate sion-making.) leaders look "exclusively male – or white or heterosexual or not disabled – you're not going to attract the the HR function is also pertinent. bers." Cemlyn-Jones says. broadest range of talent." she says. With the economy becoming ever

about making the business case for business leaders to be masters of as are the routes into it. Just because change as it is about ensuring fair- people management is increasing boards feature more women, this ness. Studies have consistently teams has a positive effect on long- fast-growing fintech sector, she 25x25 has a strong focus on the conlished in October 2021 by US big plcs, which have traditionally other words, how firms pick, prepare financial services firm Morning- appointed leaders with strong finan- and promote internal candidates or star, for instance, found that the cial skills, have been slow to grasp. recruit them from outside.

ara Cemlyn-Jones is a stocks of UK and North American woman on a mission. The firms with an equal gender split at firms against tech companies, you former investment banker | board level achieved a 7.52% return | suddenly realise that the skills The reason it pays to have more when it comes to their leadership qualities. Rather, the advantage of boards and the risk this poses to in 2016 – to improve the situation.

historically high representation in dial much in terms of CEO num-The 25x25 campaign is as much more service-oriented, the need for sibilities of the role are very specific. quickly, she argues. Given her recent doesn't automatically translate into

"When you compare big FTSE required of a CEO have changed completely," she says.

The appointment of Unilever's A quarter of a century ago, Dame | female CEOs isn't that women have | former head of human resources, a different set of skills purely Leena Nair, as CEO of fashion house as CEO of media company Pearson, because of their gender, according Chanel in December suggests that making her the first female CEO in to Cemlyn-Jones, who is "very things might at last be changing. If the FTSE 100. Today, there are nine loath" to suggest that women or so, female HR directors could be well placed to benefit.

Nonetheless, meaningful change won't happen without a push. Before having more female CEOs con- its official launch in November 2021. currently has no Black CEOs is of government-led initiatives – for Cemlyn-Jones argues that diver- another clear sign of the continu- instance, the Davies review in 2010

> "There's been quite a lot of work on gender representation in the Cemlyn-Jones adds that women's boardroom, but it hasn't moved the

This is mostly because the respon found that diversity in leadership experiences of operating in the having more female CEOs. It's why term profitability. Research pub- thinks this factor is something that cept of 'pathways' to the top job – in

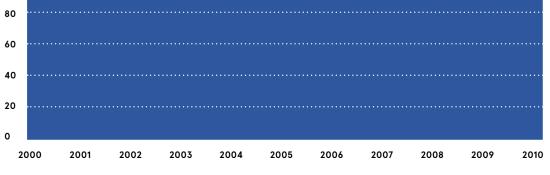


66 There's been quite a representation in the boardroom, but it hasn't moved the dial much in terms of CEO numbers

Some improvements to the selec-Cemlyn-Jones suggests. certain overseas roles?

Share of male and female CEOs in Fortune 500 companies 100

DESPITE SOME PROGRESS, BLUE-CHIP BOSSES REMAIN OVERWHELMINGLY MALE



question traditional models, which Woodburn have readily accepted. we know that nothing happens."

two or three levels of management.

"It's very easy for people to say: 'I looked for a good female candidate ing an independent observer sitting 'Look again, this is important,' they in on job interviews could alert will look again and they will find the company to unconscious biases, someone. It happens every time." Another 25x25 priority is for exist-

ment and promotion processes, she present, a "handful of companies" argues. Consider an oil major or a are pushing this agenda hard, she global engineering company, for says, Welcome as that is, if more tend to have gained broad opera- end up with the same problem".

Yet is the expectation on candidates | tant to me,' what we find is that | you can accelerate growth." to up sticks and move regularly proper work then gets done."

from posting to posting really fair It's clear that several male CEOs in

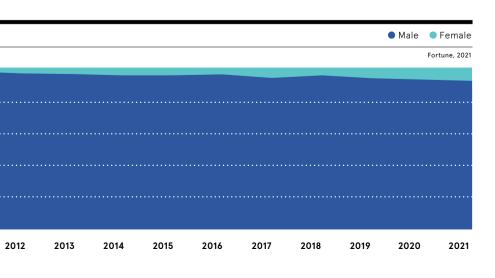
panies to follow. Instead, its main Bernard Looney, Unilever's Alan request of them is to "continue to Jope and BAE Systems' Charles

may not be appropriate for the CEO of So, fast-forward three years and the future", says CemlynJones, who imagine that Cemlyn-Jones's effort lot of work on gender adds that target-setting is also vital. to change the face of leadership in Hard objectives can better oil the | the FTSE 100 has succeeded. What wheels of institutions and make fundamental differences would that change more likely. Putting it more | make? Perhaps the most obvious bluntly, she says: "If it's left to chance, impact would be on the sense of opportunity granted to half of the With this in mind, participating nation's working population, she firms are encouraged to set targets says. The more female CEOs there for gender balance across the top are, the more normal that situation becomes for everyone

Cemlyn-Jones's vision is that of a virtuous circle in which "everything tion process would be relatively and I didn't find any," she notes. "If seems to work together": more open simple to make. For instance, hav- a senior person then tells them: doors for talented women, betterbalanced leadership teams, happier workers all round and so on. Furthermore, it would mean a more productive private sector in general But, in addition to any easy fixes, ing business leaders to start cham- By encouraging greater diversity. organisations need to ask tough pioning the cause of greater female firms will shake off old habits and questions of their talent develop- representation more vocally. At start benefiting from an influx of new skills and perspectives.

"We're doing this because we do actually think [a higher percentage instance. The CEOs of such firms | don't follow suit, "we will simply | of female CEOs | will deliver better performance," she says. "If you tional experience in several areas of Cemlyn-Jones explains: "If a CEO open up the talent base, you'll get the business, which is fine on paper. steps up and says: 'This is impor- the skills coming through faster and

Being a blue-chip CEO is not for everyone, of course. The hours are to women, given its implications | the FTSE 100 must become promi- | long, the responsibilities are huge for family life and the insecurity of nent cheerleaders for the campaign and the expectations are colossal. if it's to succeed. Having already But everyone should at least have The 25x25 initiative has so far resist- signed up as 'lead ambassadors' for the chance of reaching the top of the ed proposing a set framework for com- 25x25, it's an assignment that BP's | tree. That's only fair – and smart. ●

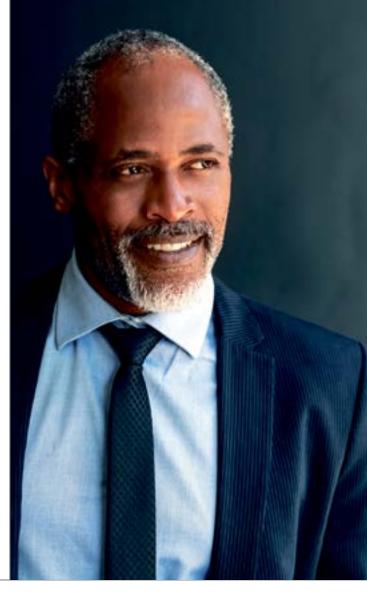


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LEADERSHIP STYLES

All ears: the evolution of the attentive CEO

The days of autocratic decrees from the boss are long gone. The effective modern CEO leads through influence – and that entails being a good listener

Alec Marsh

might have looked something like the founder of Amstrad, Alan Sugar. The FTSE-100 boss had buckets of vision, was utterly focused on the bottom line and didn't suffer fools. Four decades on, we can decide for ourselves from watching the Baron of Clapton's tough-guy act on The Apprentice whether he's moved on at all since his company's heyday.

What is certain is that the business world has moved on, with effective leaders now wielding their role is performed will be virtually by diktat, according to Freebairn.

ack in the dim and distant | unrecognisable to most people who | 1980s, the archetypal CEO saw how captains of industry typically operated even 20 years ago. Mark Freebairn is a seasoned corporate headhunter who leads the he observes, adding that effective board and CFO practice at Odgers Berndtson's London office. He recalls that back when ICI, the former FTSE-100 chemicals giant, was ing relationships. "run by some of the great and good leaders of its past, these were people whom the queen might meet the size and complexity of many occasionally. But the rest of the business would never see them."

Yet if you were to visit a Royal Mail their traditional responsibilities sorting office today, you might well The people they delegate to are norauthority in very different ways. find its CEO, Simon Thompson, mally effective leaders themselves While the CEO still needs to be the walking the floor. How so? Because And, as Freebairn notes, they are arch-strategist for their business the most effective leaders run their not the types to relish being bossed and its prime motivator, how that businesses by influence rather than about. It therefore calls for a more

"The traditional command-and control leadership model has been replaced by a much more discur ive, consensus-seeking approach, CEOs "have to be out there" in thei organisations, forming, developing and maintaining meaningful work

At the heart of this change is a general increase over the years in businesses. As a result, CEOs have been obliged to hand over some of open, collegial leadership style.

talent – to influence rather than dictate – has become a much more powerful leadership characteristic than we've seen before," he says.

At the core of this approach is the ability to listen. So says Randall Peterson, professor of organisational behaviour and academic director of the Leadership Institute at London one of the best indicators of success consider them good listeners.

Accompanying this is an unprecedented rise of another quality: agreeableness, characterised by Peterson as "go along to get along". observed this style evolving from the old-school autocratic approach.

"It's now tipped over towards the challenges of collaboration have Peterson, who adds that listening skills are key to resolving disputes. "How a CEO manages conflict is critical to their long-term success." Arguably, agreeableness works against a key personality trait that nearly all CEOs display: dominance,

There's a sweet spot: you have to be dominant enough to be noticed and get your own way at times, but not so much that you stop listening

"The skill of managing better which is also a good indicator of those most likely to become bosses in the first place. What Peterson has found particularly interesting, though, is that today's most successful CEOs are ones with lower scores than their peers on measures of dominance.

"This suggests that there's a sweet spot: you have to be dominant Business School. He reports that enough to be noticed and get your own way at times, but not so much for CEOs is whether their colleagues that you stop listening to others and become a bulldozer," he says.

Nicola Wensley, a partner in executive appointments at Page Executive. reports that influencing skills are featuring more than ever on the Over the past three decades he has wish-lists that her company receives from clients seeking CEOs.

"A key lesson that a lot of leaders have learnt during the Covid crisis more agreeable side, mainly as the is the importance of empathy and authenticity in keeping employees become more complex," observes engaged and motivated," she notes. Managing by influence requires CEOs to engage with staff at all levels like never before, Wensley says. They must even be prepared to share stories of their own humanity, such as "how they've overcome per-

> sonal challenges or balanced the pressures of work and home life". While they're becoming more open with their colleagues, they are also serving more than ever as the public face of their organisations, she adds. Blue-chip CEOs in particular have become "accountable for so much more than the financial performance of their companies. Everything they do and say is scrutinised. At times, their words and deeds will have an impact on their firms' share prices."

The modern CEO must also be able to assimilate the challenges of disruptive change. Once the Covid crisis finally ends, the most significant developments to stay on top of are likely to be rooted in technology, ESG and geopolitics.

longer a function that CEOs can simply delegate. "The shift is not so much to have a business strategy that's supported by technology, but almost to have a technology-led business strategy," she argues. listen to their chief information officers more closely than ever if they are to spot new opportunities and chart new strategic directions that today's effective CEO must be than you gain.' highly curious about tomorrow's emerging trends.

Freebairn, who has served as a especially internal data, as the non-executive director on a plc sources may have ulterior motives board, says that CEOs have to "be on for editing the material that reaches the pulse enough to know what's the top. This is why leaders "need happening and good enough to know channels to lower levels of the whether these are developments organisation where they'll get truly they should be following or not".

the data, warns Rory Sutherland, vice-chair of ad agency Ogilvy UK, of information available to CEOs can prove counterproductive.

CEOs with the highest UK employee approval ratings 98% 98% 98% 98%

For Wensley, technology is no

To achieve this, CEOs will need to

Much of this material is "often



of CEOs emphasise the need to aggressively pursue operational agility and flexibility

rather than numbers... By putting something in a spreadsheet, you're for their businesses. It also means in danger of actually losing more

CEOs must always take account of where their intel is coming from. unsifted information, not stuff that And tempting as it might be, this has been filtered through the midis not simply a question of following dle management", Peterson says.

If to lead is to listen, the best CEOs will exemplify another trait that's who observes that the sheer volume long been identified as important in effective leadership: humility.

"To lead the people, walk behind them," wrote the ancient Chinese highly unrepresentative of what's philosopher Lao Tzu. Two and a really important", he argues. "An half millennia on, his advice still awful lot of what is important prob- holds true. You can probably hear ably needs to be captured in words | better from there, too.

WINNING THE APPROVAL OF THE WORKFORCE

Embracing continuous evolution

The key to maintaining a successful business strategy is understanding that constant change is a reality that's here to stay in today's business environment. Yonder Consulting is helping CEOs to better understand their customers and stay ahead of the trends, lest they be surpassed by the competition

t's a daunting prospect for most CEOs to navigate the complexities of change that have been both organic and accelerated over the past two years. But why? Simply, organisations' long-term strategies, however well designed, are no longer always fit for purpose. Suddenly, there are many more moving parts that are difficult to predict. The attitudes, working speeds and capabilities of a CEO's teams may not be optimal, or necessarily what the market needs right now

To counter this challenge, it is time for CEOs to see these challenges as opportunities, and to embrace 'con tinuous evolution

"The lifecycle of companies, from embryonic to huge success, can now be meteorically quick. However, chasing continued success is where companies often come unstuck, as they fail to embrace the concept of continuous evolution," explained Manfred Abraham, co-CEO of Yonder Consultancy, a company that blends strategy, insight and imagination to deliver customer-driven business success for organisations around the world.

Not everyone important to an organisation is data literate. But everyone is story literate. Every CEO needs to effectively convey their bespoke story to those both inside and outside of their company

Abraham added: "Data is and always has been, an important enabler of effective business strategy. And, to implement an effective strategy, you need a culture and business model that embraces continuous evolution and allows it to thrive."

The chain of actions - ongoing market and customer understanding identifying strategic opportunities communicating internally in an engaging and motivating way, driving and



It is time for CEOs to see these challenges as opportunities, and to embrace `continuous evolution'



nplementing strategy for business mprovement, and measuring the success of the actions - should form a cor nuous loop that rolls on and on in rea time as the market evolves. That speed of evolution is only getting faster.

It is this notion of `time' that Yonde really taps into when working with clients, powered by an innovative solu tion called Yonder Clockface.

Yonder Clockface interprets com plex and multifaceted data, and translates it into deep customer under standing," explained Abraham. "CEOs need to know what their customers want now, what they want next, and most importantly - why. This custome understanding needs to be delivered on an ongoing basis, around the clock: not just as part of three-year goals that are set in stone and reviewed at the end of that period.

"Once you've entered the continu ous evolution circle, you must commu nicate your story strategically to give the company and its employees a clear lirection of travel that your teams fee aligned to, and are excited by."

Abraham reaffirms that this impro orecasting and real-time adaptabilty only work if the second half of the equation is fulfilled, and the story i relayed effectively, internally.

He continued: "Storytelling (where you're going and why), combined with explaining the context of data, will bring people aboard your journey. Tim Cook of Apple, Sonia Cheng of Rosewood Hotel Group and Gary Freedman o Restoration Hardware are all excellent examples of how to do this right, and deliver huge value as a result."

Inherently, as companies grow and become more successful, the number of silos are likely to increase in tandem, and communicating

effectively becomes more difficult An example Yonder sees regularly is he KPIs of individual silos not actually adding up to the organisation's strategic direction of travel. That's when a CEO has a problem

In that respect, interpreting the umbers from the individual silos and onnecting them through storytelling to keep everyone moving forward ogether, are two key tools that future CEOs need in their armoury.

Abraham concluded: "As a CEO. it s increasingly difficult to be aware of all the moving parts that contribute to ultimate business success. Not only are customer expectations, employee demands, market dynamics, politics and ocieties changing, but they're doing so at a faster pace than ever before. This all has a huge impact on which stories people connect to, and why.

"Yonder Clockface helps CEOs mon itor and forecast customer reactions. he resultant insights can then be used o tell coherent stories and to truly apitalise on the opportunities that today's fast-changing world presents. his is opposed to seeing such rapid shifts just as challenges

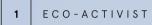
"Because really, isn't it exciting to be perating in such a dynamic market? constantly looking for those new opportunities surely makes it far more nteresting to be a CEO now, and we lope more business leaders embrace nat excitement in the future.

For more information please visit vonderconsulting.com



STANDOUT LEADERS

What makes a great CEO? Is there a particular mix of qualities that will best equip someone to excel in this hugely demanding position? The extra value that a brilliant leader can add to their business has prompted much analysis of the role. Research suggests that they can achieve remarkable feats using widely varying approaches. Showing that there's no set template for excellence in leadership, here are five exceptional CEOs from the past 50 years who have built lasting legacies at their respective companies by doing it their own way



YVON CHOUINARD, PATAGONIA

An avid rock climber and all-round outdoorsman, Yvon Chouinard founded clothing company Patagonia in 1973. He and his firm were exemplars of ESG long before the term was coined.

Patagonia's ardent environmentalism is, arguably, what he's best known for. Since 1986, the company has committed 10% of its annual profits, or 1% of its annual sales (whichever is greater) to eco-friendly projects.

The firm and its founder have also aimed to ensure the use of sustainable materials throughout the supply chain. Patagonia conducted its first environhad ensured that all of the cotton it sourced was organically grown.

Although Chouinard stepped down as CEO in 1999 to spend more time mounadvocating for sustainability initiatives.

In 2002, for instance, he co-founded 1% for the Planet, which encourages businesses to commit 1% of their sales revenues to environmental groups.

Patagonia began operating a recycling and repair programme for clothing in 2005 and has since established the largest garment repair shop in North America, encouraging its customers to patch up their old clothes instead of buying new ones.

Activism aside, as CEO, Chouinard built his business into a globally recognised brand. Patagonia now operates more than 70 stores worldwide and has mental audit in 1994. Two years later, it a presence on five continents. Despite the organisation's widely publicised stance against consumerism, its annual sales revenue reached \$1bn in 2018. Last year, Patagonia pulled in \$10m on taineering and surfing, he has continued Black Friday alone - and donated every cent of that to charity.

More than

3,000

organisations are members of the 1% for the Planet movement

has been committed through 1% for the Planet in support of approved environmental enterprises

The share of Patagonia's carbon footprint that can be attributed to its own facilities

2 STRATEGIST

INDRA NOOYI, PEPSICO

When Indra Nooyi was appointed senior vice-president of corporate strategy and development at PepsiCo in 1996, a victor had emerged in the so-called Cola wars: Classic Coke was the clear favourite among consumers. But fast-forward two decades and PepsiCo's revenue was more than double that of its rival. Here's how it happened.

In 1997, Nooyi took charge of PepsiCo's restructuring, which led to the divestment of the KFC, Pizza Hut and Taco Bell brands. With this spin-off, PepsiCo accelerated its share buy-back programme, clearing a path for a series of key mergers and acquisitions over the next five years.

The acquisition of Tropicana in 1998 initially encountered resistance from shareholders, but Nooyi recognised the opportunities for a competitive advantage in the chilled juice segment. In 2001, she led the purchase of Quaker Oats - a move that not only diversified the company's product line but also brought the Gatorade brand under PepsiCo's umbrella. Noovi became CEO of the firm in 2006 and held the position until 2018.

Although PepsiCo lost the battle for America's favourite cola, its strategic diversification has produced an income stream that's more than double that of the Coca-Cola Company. Thanks to Nooyi's strategic foresight, PepsiCo now owns 23 individual brands and generates more than half of its global revenue from food products.

\$**76.7**bn PensiCo's revenue in 2021 80%

The growth in PepsiCo's sales during Noovi's 12 years as CEO CNN Business, 2018

vice-president in 2001.

services company.



under Burns' leadership in 2009





3 TRAILBLAZER

URSULA BURNS, XEROX

Raised in a low-income housing project in New York, Ursula Burns excelled at school. She gained a degree in mechanical engineering at what is now NYU Tandon School of Engineering and completed a master's at Columbia University. In 1980, Burns was accepted to a summer internship programme at Xerox. Throughout the ensuing decade, she held a series of positions in product development and planning operations at the company, until 1990, when she became an assistant to one of the company's senior executives. She was appointed vice-president of global manufacturing in 1999 and then senior

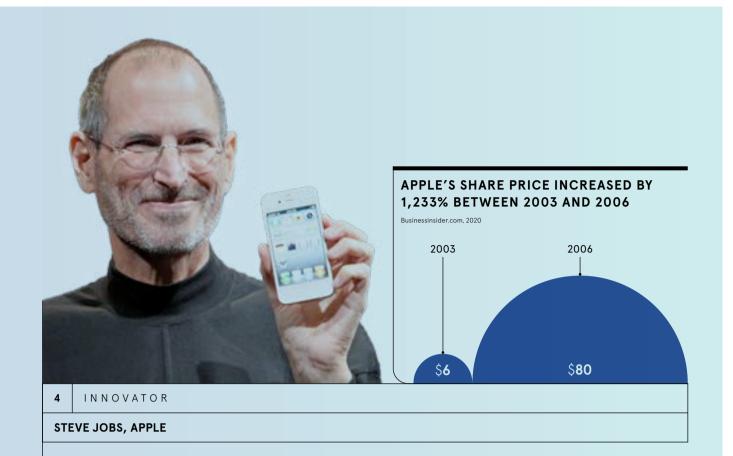
In July 2009, Burns became the first African-American woman to serve as CEO of a Fortune 500 company. Soon after her appointment, she led the acquisition of Affiliated Computer Services (ACS), the largest M&A transaction completed by Xerox in its history. During her seven-year stint at the helm. Burns transformed Xerox from an ageing hardware business into a diversified

Burns stepped down as Xerox CEO in 2016. Two years later she was appointed CEO of multinational telco Veon, a role she held until 2020. She has also served on the board of directors for American Express, ExxonMobil and Uber. Burns has also held numerous civic positions, including leader of the White House's STEM education initiative.



The value of Xerox's acquisition of ACS

of Xerox shareholders voted in favour of the company's 2009 purchase of ACS



When Steve Jobs returned as CEO in 1997 to the company he'd co-founded more than 20 years previously, the business was in dire straits. Before he catalysed the innovations that would make him world-famous, Jobs first simplified the product line and invested heavily in the design function. He also persuaded Bill Gates, CEO of Apple's all-powerful rival Microsoft, to put in \$150m to keep his creation in business. Jobs redirected underperforming R&D streams in Apple's product pipeline

and used part of Gates' investment to mass-market PC, the Apple II. Jobs also reinvigorate the company's marketing strategy. Apple released the iMac in 1998, which became the company's first lucrative PC in several years. In 2001, it launched the hugely successful iPod music player. Then came the MacBook in 2006, the iconic iPhone a year later and the iPad in 2010.

But some of Jobs' most important innovations had come much earlier. In 1977, he and Apple co-founder Steve Wozniak launched the first successful

served as CEO of Pixar Animation from 1986 until its acquisition by Disney in 2006. In fact, he was even credited as an executive producer of the 1995 classic family film Toy Story.

Although he died in 2011, Jobs' company and its products remain the industry standard. In August 2018, Apple became the world's first plc with a market cap of more than \$1tn. Earlier this year, under the leadership of his protégé, Tim Cook, its valuation briefly hit \$3tn

5 INVESTMENT GURU

WARREN BUFFETT, BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY

Warren Buffett began investing in 1940 when he was 10 years old. Today, the Oracle of Omaha is widely considered one of the smartest investors in history. As CEO and chairman of conglomerate holding company Berkshire Hathaway, Buffett has produced incredibly reliable returns since he took control of the business in 1965.

Making a fast buck is not what Buffett, a strong advocate of value investing, is about. Indeed, his consistent success over decades has become a big part of his mystique. Over the 35 years to 2020, the total percentage return on investment in Berkshire Hathaway was more than double that of the S&P 500. His personal wealth also tells a story of long-term success. Buffett has been hugely successful for more than five decades, but 98% of his \$82bn personal fortune arrived after he turned 60.

Buffett's business insights are so treasured that a 2019 charity auction offering the chance to have lunch with him at a New York steakhouse fetched more than \$4.5m. Some of his most

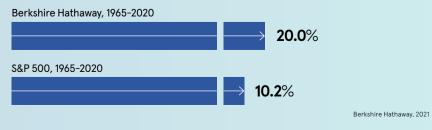


profitable investments include Apple, Bank of America, Coca-Cola and UPS. Buffett is well known for his personal

frugality and generosity. In 2006, he pledged to donate 99% of his wealth to charitable organisations, including the way to his goal.

Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, during his lifetime. Last year, Buffett donated \$4.1bn of his Berkshire Hathaway stock to charity, pushing his total donations up to \$41bn. Now 90 years old, he is half-

COMPOUNDED ANNUAL GAIN IN MARKET VALUE PER SHARE



Why the world needs more enterprise leaders

Enterprise leaders are agile, transformative, and value-creating, but why are there so few of them?

the past few years the world has undergone unprecedented changes. With that change comes the need for a new type of leader: the enterprise leader. This leader exhibits the humanity and agility to deliver a transformational impact on organisations, which aligns them with the demands of the new world. Yet, according to global organisational consultancy Korn Ferry the majority of leaders are not up to the challenge. Their research finds that less than 14% of today's executives could be considered enterprise leaders.

Olivier Boulard, head of Korn Ferry's EMEA CEO succession practice, says: "The enterprise leaders that make up that 14% are defined by their ability to both perform - to run the organisation - and to transform - to change the organisation. They influence in a According to Korn Ferry research, non-hierarchical way across the organisation, and have an impact on all of the company's stakeholders. Their ability to think more expansively about the context in which their entire sector is changing, and to show discernment in how to react to it is the fundamental trol than in the past. Instead of simply step change between strong executive preparing leaders to succeed in known

to multiple stakeholders simultane ously - shareholders, employees, and communities - but the social dimension is now more critical and visible than ever. They are handling challenges that are more complex, situations that are more ambiguous and paradoxes that are harder to resolve than the one their predecessors ever had to face And they must convey to their team and to the entire organisation a purpose fo change that demands capability deve opment, individually, collectively, and culturally, through a clear vision of their organisation's societal impact.

Leaders have always had to respond

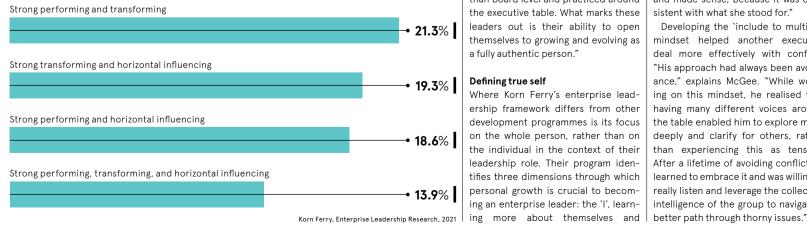
Development must start sooner

Neither 'performing' nor 'transform ing' is enough on its own; knowing when and how to flex is the key. All of this translates into tangible results. companies with strong perform ing-and-transforming enterprise leaders grow 6.74% faster than the average in terms of EBITDA growth.

However, leaders today are manag ing with far less autonomy and conleaders and strong enterprise leaders." | situations, organisations must create

DISTRIBUTION OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF LEADERS

Enterprise leaders have strengths on all three areas: Performing, Transforming, and Horizontal Influencing. Horizontal Influencing contrasts against Vertical Power. Leaders who lead vertically are traditional leaders



Unless you have those five agile leadership mindsets, you cannot adapt and react effectively to such huge changes of context

> opportunities that allow future leaders to practice adapting to new and unfamiliar situations. The CEO role is not the first place executives learn to think. decide and act courageously across the organisation.

Lucy McGee, head of CEO and executive development EMEA at Korn Ferry, says: "Within many organisations, climbing the greasy pole has encouraged more competition than collaboration around the executive table and beyond. That will no longer work. Businesses need to deliver in demanding and constrained present circumstances, while striving to reinvent themselves to remain relevant in new future scenarios where competitors are partners and co-creators. The enterprise mindset', which unlocks a person's ability to pivot between those perform/transform dynamics, needs to be developed much earlier than board level and practiced around the executive table. What marks these leaders out is their ability to open hemselves to growing and evolving as a fully authentic person.

Defining true self

Where Korn Ferry's enterprise leadership framework differs from other development programmes is its focus on the whole person, rather than on the individual in the context of their than experiencing this as tension. leadership role. Their program iden- After a lifetime of avoiding conflict he tifies three dimensions through which | learned to embrace it and was willing to personal growth is crucial to becom- really listen and leverage the collective ing an enterprise leader: the `l', learn-

self-imposed limits; the 'we', opening up to truly inclusive thinking and the oower of the teams in which they participate; and the `it', their impact on the wider organisation through visior and purpose that drives engagement.

Boulard says: "Reaching a very senior role often happens around the age when people usually have their midlife crisis, which is fundamentally about led by enterprise leaders grow going back to your true self. The way that we work with leaders on the ` `we' and `it' elements is an acceleration of that. And it is a defining moment for them, a revelation that they've finally reconnected with who they are."

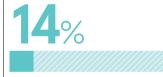
Acquiring five critical mindsets

Fundamental to enterprise leadership are five agile mindsets identified by Korn Ferry's enterprise leadership framework as critical to sustainable leadership: purpose, courage across and beyond, awareness of self and impact, inclusion that multiplies and ntegrative thinking.

In defining their purpose, a leader must define what they stand for as an individual, how that relates to their eadership role, and whether it aligns with the purpose of the organisation. Boulard recalls working with an executive prior to their appointment as a CEO in the consumer industry. "The day she defined her personal purpose she became a completely different leader," he says. "Suddenly, everything she was saying and doing became clear and made sense, because it was consistent with what she stood for."

Developing the 'include to multiply nindset helped another executive deal more effectively with conflict. His approach had always been avoidance," explains McGee. "While working on this mindset, he realised that having many different voices around the table enabled him to explore more deeply and clarify for others, rather intelligence of the group to navigate a

How much faster organisations than the average in terms of **EBITDA** growt



of today's executives can be considered enterprise leader

Ultimately, enterprise leadership development has to be sustainable xecutives at this level are tested in new ways every day. The uncertainty and the threat of disruption from future global crises are here to stay. Boulard avs: "For the last two years CEOs have been focused on crisis management ost reduction, lockdowns, etc., and unless you have those five agile leadship mindsets, you cannot adapt and react effectively to such huge changes f context - never mind when the next growth curve hits us.'

As the line between business and society continues to blur, organisations nust step up to make their contribu tion to a better world. It is enterprise leadership that delivers the capability o make that vital collective and sus ainable impact

To find out more, please visit kornferry.com/enterpriseleaders





we had the data

Sophia Akram



lost his sight could have an impact one interview, while the 10 without elicited nine.

CEO of US company Cincinnati Bell Charities Aid Foundation.

Are boardrooms ableist? If only

The lack of information about the number of CEOs with disabilities must be remedied if companies are to benefit from improved diversity at senior level

1988, he conducted an experiment. Understanding that the fact he had job applications. Identical in every out mentioned that he was blind and the other half did not. The 10 CVs with that disclosure landed him

in the telecoms industry, serving as the situation.

with a law degree from the And it's extremely unusual for them University of Newcastle in to have the kinds of careers that I've been fortunate enough to have."

Heslop is probably right. When it comes to achieving ethnic and gen on his employability, he made 20 der diversity on boards, numerous studies have suggested that some other respect, half of the CVs he sent progress has been made and more work is still to be done. But it seems that disabled people are so under represented at the top level that the data is barely monitored. Experts believe that both measurement and Heslop went on to spend 25 years management are needed to change

Going by what few studies there moving into the third sector, where have been, it is bleak. The Valuable he currently works as CEO of the 500, a global collective of 500 CEOs working on disability inclusion, He stresses that his success is far surveyed FTSE-100 companies last from typical for blind people. "For vear and found that not one senior anyone with my disability, it's pretty | executive or manager in these firms

fter Neil Heslop graduated | unusual even to be in paid work. | had disclosed a disability. Research conducted by EY in 2018 concluded that 7% of CEOs had some lived experience of a disability, yet 80% of these were hiding that fact.

Reasons for the dearth of data vary from country to country, but non-disclosure is a key contributing factor, while many disabilities are invisible. Where firms do publish



People have understandable fears that their competence may be questioned by their employer if they disclose their disability

information on the subject, there are trust issues.

"Disability is a characteristic that people won't always be comfortable about disclosing," observes Sophia Moreau, an award-winning antidiscrimination campaigner and diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) consultant. "But that's not necessarily a fault of the individual concerned. It's on their organisation. People have understandable fears that their competence may be quesioned by their employer if they disclose their disability."

Ethical arguments aside, there is a strong business case for having more disabled people in leadership roles, especially when it comes to identifying with disabled consumers and their families. This is hard to ignore, given that KPMG has estimated their global spending power to be more than £5.8tn. McKinsev & Co has also found evidence that more diverse and inclusive businesses outperform those that aren't. But another argument for widening the net is that people with disabilities are inherent problem-solvers crucial for steering an organisation through testing times.

After Steve Ingham, CEO of recruitment firm PageGroup, suffered life-changing spinal injuries as the result of a skiing accident in 2019, resuming his role was never in question once he was fit enough to do so. Returning to work as the pandemic hit the UK, he found that thousands of employees were looking to him for answers.

Ingham wasn't fazed by the weight of expectation. He believes that the key lesson he learnt from his accident, "when I was lying in a river with a broken back, bleeding heavily and close to death with hypothermia, was 'do not panic'. If I had panicked then, I would have died."

PageGroup went on to thrive amid are higher than they've ever been in our history - with fewer people,' Ingham reports.

Reputationally as well, good DEI attracts talented people for whom ingly important. That's one of the conclusions of *Staving Ahead in a* its strategic decision-making. Changing World: the skills leaders in financial services need, a research report published in November 2021 by industry group the Financial Services Skills Commission (FSSC).

Despite the strong case for getting more people with disabilities on boards, there are clearly still factors preventing this from happening, which could be down to a lack of understanding. Moreau points to the social model of disability, which holds that people are disabled by barriers in society – other people's prejudices and limited access – not by their impairment.

Reporting the relevant data would be a good starting point for tackling as the FSSC, the Confederation of British Industry and the Construction Industry Council encourage members to disclose their performance on diversity metrics, including disability, but it's clear that not are ageing, many people could be all employers are on the same page. leaving employment prematurely

members are very small – they don't become CEOs.



of executives have some lived experience of disability





onsider disability in their clusion initiatives

have many resources and they may be new to this," notes Claire Tunley CEO of the FSSC. "But that's no excuse for not looking at the issue.'

Meanwhile, the Valuable 500 is seeking to lobby stock market indices to make reporting on disability metrics a criterion for listing.

Businesses are also piloting solu tions. Microsoft is encouraging self identification through employee resource groups rather than the HR department, for instance, while EY the Covid crisis. "Our results today is establishing a centre of excellence designed to harness the skills of neurodivergent employees.

Ingham says that, because his executive board is not as diverse in its composition as he would like. such values are becoming increas- the company has created a more diverse shadow board to challenge

Solutions can be as simple as ensuring best practice in fair and open recruitment at senior level. The wording of job descriptions is important in this respect. Moreau warns that even stating that board experience is desirable could deter applications from perfectly good otential candidates in under represented groups.

The private sector may have made some advances in recent years in recruiting, developing and promot ing disabled people to leadership roles. Despite this, it's still uncer tain whether Heslop would be spared the same level of discrimina tion today if he were to repeat the the problem. Industry bodies such | CV experiment he ran more than three decades ago.

The need to accelerate progress is urgent, as research indicates that age and disability are closely linked. Given that workforces worldwide "We're conscious that some of our | when they should be preparing to



YOUNG LEADERS

Junior seniors – why you're old enough if you're good enough

An emerging cohort of talented and passionate young founder-CEOs are proving that a lack of experience is no barrier to running a highly successful business

Celia Silvani

tablished companies, CEOs have grev hairs and the wisdom associated with gaining them. But, while reaching the top of the corporate ladder is often the result of enterprises long before the greving process starts.

These young CEOs clearly don't have the experience of their FTSE-100 counterparts, whose average age is 55, but is time served such an influence people about?" important factor in effective business leadership?

Whether leadership is an inherent skill – something a young CEO may | Learning, an online education plat- | different environments," he says. be predisposed to – has long been debated. Several studies have considered the effects of someone's genetics, education and cultural King's College London. This had independent, assertive and strong experiences on their potential to actually been a long time coming: lead, but Connson Locke, professor- she'd started tutoring children when ter tend to be warm, caring and good ial lecturer in management at the she was only 12 years old herself. By listeners. Locke says that, if agentic London School of Economics, notes the time Udokporo turned 18, she can be considered left-handed and that the research suggests that "no had helped hundreds of students. communal right-handed, "a good

most of the world's well-es- | particular trait will make you a good leader in every single context".

Locke recently wrote a book entitled *Making Your Voice Heard: how* tracts with several large employers, to own your space, access your inner power and become influential. It many decades of toil, a significant looks at the deep, authentic passions number of under-30s are showing that have been a key part of many provide one-to-one video sessions that it's possible to lead thriving young CEOs' stories. In it, she argues that, to be an influential person, you must start by looking within yourself. In other words: "If you don't know what you stand for and care building a team with specialist for, what are you going to try and

> Onvinve Udokporo, 23, is a CEO who found her passion far sooner than most. She founded Enrich form that supports young people around the world, four years ago as either agentic or communal. CEOs while she was an undergraduate at | in the former category tend to be

The catalyst for starting the business was her experience of attending a summer school at Tsinghua University in Beijing. "The time I spent there opened my mind. It enabled me to see how education could be offered in a unique, cost-effective and more accessible way," recalls Udokporo, who adds: "My record shows that, in some cases, I have gained more practical experience at the age of 23 than older CEOs."

Are there any particular attributes that tend to be lacking in young CEOs? According to Locke, all leaders need to get better at asking, listening and learning. The realisation that you don't always know what's best often develops with age, so youthful business leaders should pay extra attention to developing

these skills, she advises. The demands on businesses are increasing and there are limits to one person's ability to deal with these. Locke adds. "There are so many stakeholders now - it's not just about profitability. You also have to take care of the environment, ensure that the community is supported, consider diversity issues and so on. A leader has to admit that they won't know the answer to everything."

Young CEOs may not always have high levels of humility - an important leadership quality that often comes through bitter experience but an early failure can certainly ccelerate its development.

Joel Gujral, 28, is CEO of Myndup. It's already his third business, following short-lived forays into software and tea. Established only two vears ago, the mental health platform already has tens of thousands of users. His company has won conincluding the NHS, to provide services for their staff. It matches users with expert practitioners who can offering help ranging from counsel ling to career coaching.

Gujral reports that one of his biggest achievements to date has been strengths and then seeking advice from its members, even if this has meant having tricky conversations. "As a CEO. I'm always open to feed-

back. You have to be able to adapt to Leadership styles are often classed

influencers, whereas those in the lat-

in some cases, I have gained more practical experience at the age of 23 than older CEOs

and truly heed those with expertise.

as possible, he argues.

der's role needs to adjust to these changes," Chaturvedi says.

present. Chaturvedi likens leader-

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gests: inspire people with your ideas

transformation of business; people's "Since the nature of followers and

types of jobs are changing, the lea-

parents to tackle gender inequality. Along with Gujral, she is a graduate of the New Entrepreneurs Founda-My record shows that, tion (NEF), a leadership programme that matches young business leaders with experienced mentors

"As a founder, I have learnt most things on the job, but there have been elements of education that I would probably be lost without," Eeles acknowledges. On the NEF course, she took "the opportunity to learn practical skills alongside other founders, learn from entrepreneurs leader is ambidextrous". CEOs should and have people to bounce ideas off. try to balance the two styles, she sug- That has been invaluable."

Stef Williams, 29, CEO of clothing and passion, but also consult them brand Sefi and fitness app WeGlow, is mainly self-taught. She believes that Sankalp Chaturvedi, professor of the rise of social media has "broken organisational behaviour and lead- the mould of entrepreneurship". Its ership at Imperial College Business platforms have enabled creatives School, is interested in the relation- without any formal leadership eduships between leaders and followers cation to have a shot at starting and at work. He observes that the digital running successful businesses.

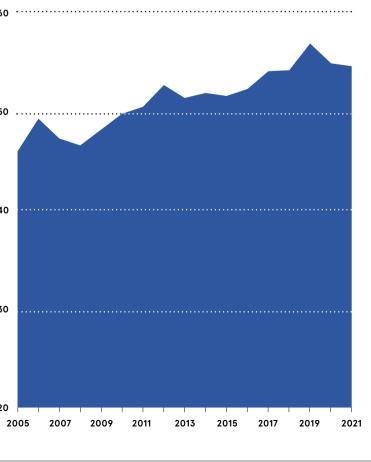
The youngest CEOs are digital changing expectations of work; and | natives who may well have a better environmental conditions such as understanding than their older the pandemic and the climate crisis | counterparts of how the latest tech have all had an impact on followers. can work for them commercially. Leaders must be both resilient and Williams is an Instagram influencer open to new ways of working to who has amassed 1.5 million followensure that the leader-follower rela- ers. This has helped her to convert tionship continues to be as effective her interests in fitness and fashion into a pair of businesses, each with a team of 10 employees.

Williams stresses that she is open to furthering her knowledge in a more formal setting. "I'd definitely Younger (or aspiring) CEOs may be interested in taking some courses seek education to prepare for the in the future," she says. "There is challenges such adjustments will always room to grow."

She and many other young CEOs ship education to swimming, where are showing that there are ways for a teacher guides the student in the under-30s and even gen-Zers to right techniques, but the learner enter what was once deemed the must jump in themselves, practise domain of their elders and become and hone their new skills on the go. effective bosses. Good leadership is Natasha Eeles, 27, is the founder a mix of several attributes – and it's and CEO of Bold Voices, a company clear that experience is by no means that works with schools, pupils and the most essential of these.

WITH AGE COMES EXECUTIVE RESPONSIBILITY

Crist Kolder Associates, 2021 Average age of incoming CEOs in the US



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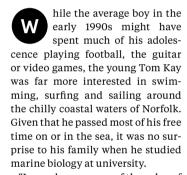
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CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The only way is ethics: setting the ESG agenda from the top

Visionary founders can build a business on the strength of their convictions, but how easy is it for a CEO to join a well-established firm and balance profit with purpose?

Sam Haddad



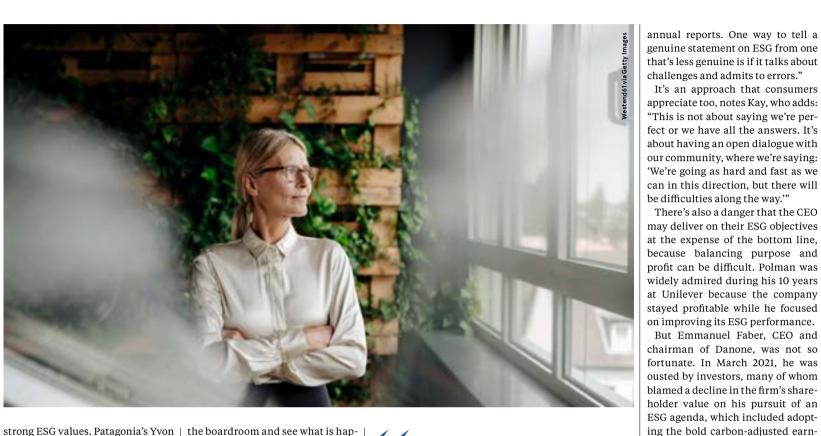
"I was always aware of the value of my connection to the sea, what it brought to my life and the importance of protecting it," says Kay, who is the founder and CEO of Finisterre. Cornish surfing resort of St Agnes. sustainable outdoor clothing. But he ESG departments had ever achieved. to care more about the marine envi- 2019, is a case in point. ronment - and consider how their actions might be harming it.

"I wasn't a businessman," he says. "It was more that I had a passion and a belief."

continuing leadership, now informs Finisterre's every move.

It is easy to see how entrepreneurs

CLIMATE CHANGE AND BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES



strong ESG values. Patagonia's Yvon | the boardroom and see what is hap-Chouinard, whose firm has become pening on the ground. a byword for corporate sustain-

inspiring and influential founder. But there are also chief executives ration among governments, NGOs, who have joined long-established businesses and the United Nations. multinational plcs and introduced For him, the role of the CEO in Kay's business, now based in the bold and far-reaching sustainability embedding ESG in a firm is crucial agendas that have gone way beyond primarily because it's an organisa started in 2003 and primarily sold what their companies' dedicated tional development challenge. also wanted to inspire both consum- Paul Polman, who led consumer that, because you're trying to transers and the wider apparel industry goods giant Unilever from 2009 to form an organisation," he explains

"When the CEO is committed, at senior management level where things happen," says Boris Saraber, people get used to a certain way of director of operations at Earthworm working, you need a driving force to Foundation, a not-for-profit enter- demonstrate to all stakeholders that prise that works with businesses to this has to happen.' It's an ethos that, through Kay's protect ecosystems at risk from their supply chains' activities.

"It's critical to get CEOs activated, tural shift, supported by appropri because they can cut through the ate policies and processes, including such as Kay, who lives and breathes | politics and red tape to drive much | how budgets are assigned, employhis brand's ideals, can build org- more change," he says, especially if ees are incentivised and outcomes anisational cultures based on their they can be encouraged to get out of are reported to shareholders, Stibbe

Darian Stibbe is executive director ability, is another example of an at The Partnering Initiative, an organisation that facilitates collabo

> "Leadership is an essential part o "When there is inertia, especially

> Ensuring the whole organisation takes ESG seriously requires a cul

One way you can tell a genuine statement on ESG from one that's less genuine is if it talks about challenges and admits to errors

> argues. The CEO, or a board-level director at the very least, should take responsibility for a transformation of that scale.

ings per share metric.

they leave, says Stibbe.

fully embedded," he says.

than me now," he says.

Having a CEO linked to a com-

pany's ethical purpose also raises

the question of what happens when

"Have they shifted the organisa-

tion sufficiently, so that it doesn't

simply revert to what it was before?

This is like any systemic transfor

mation: it needs to stick there for

long enough, so that the changes get

Kay is convinced that his company

would actually go on to do better

things without him there. "The idea

of Finisterre is obviously far bigger

Kav also believes that the fact the

firm has been a certified B Corpora-

his legacy by providing a solid and

measurable framework from which

Stibbe agrees that becoming a B

Corp and changing the company's

articles of association to include ESG values is a positive step that can

help in building internal momen-

to balance profit and purpose.

But he warns that the downside of having a CEO who regularly extols the virtues of ESG on the speaker tion since 2018 has helped to cement circuit is that they may not achieve enough progress internally to give their rhetoric much credibility. "If the company isn't delivering,

that's an issue," Stibbe says. "There is often lots of PR fluff in corporate

Pwc. 2020 and meet their targets."

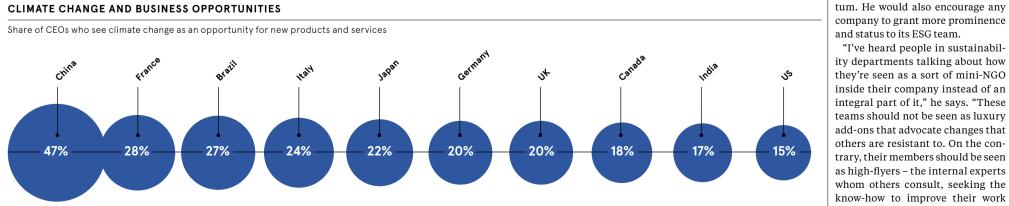


the war on talent

Creating global outcomes

tech companies. We place indusfinance, operations, people and marnon-executive directors (NED). Daversa Partners has worked

ogy officer at Trainline.com.



Commercial feature

How to win the war on talent

Jamie Sanger and Wendy Colvano of Daversa Partners explain how fast-growing tech companies can find Material Impact Executives

For three decades, we have recruited try-leading C and VP-level operators who make an immediate and lasting keting functions, including CEOs and

Deliveroo, Miro, Zego, Klarna, Farfetch, At its core, Daversa operates a model

vears in European technology invest-

continues to accelerate at we've never seen before. Beyond the more traditional EU search models and an unprecedented speed, capital, there is a palpable sense of firms is that we do not limit our client current and future founders. CEOs, inspiration, community and ambition relationships to the traditional transoperators and VCs are all faced with bringing many European companies actional headhunter cycles. Our work the same challenge - how do you to the forefront of the global stage. build a company optimized for long There is a record number of unicorns built to last decades. term success in a rapidly competitive | and decacorns being produced. While of homegrown talent is developing, the roles in major growth stories is still limited. Innovative, ground-breaking, welltop-tier candidates for the most | funded companies have to work harder sought-after roles in hyper-growth than ever to attract those executives. In this candidate-driven, multi-offer market, there is a great need for cre ative, relationship-driven search. More impact across product, engineering, importantly, pattern recognition of what drove those executives to great success is key to uncovering the next generation of leaders

Europe for over a decade with a long The Daversa Partners model: list of founders and CEOs including the future of EU search

Bloom & Wild and Trade Republic. We of recruitment focusing on fluidity, also recently placed the chief technol- agility and collaboration that is becoming a global standard. Our process i With consecutive record-breaking one that has been key in building the executive teams of the most successful ments and an influx of American ven- companies in Silicon Valley for nearly

the market in Europe | producing opportunities at a level | to Europe. What sets us apart from the fosters strategic partnerships that are

Our methodology is unique. To main landscape? The answer is simple, win the market is flourishing and the pool tain this distinctive approach, we have grown our firm 100% organically. Many roster of executives that have played search firms have approached new markets by way of acquisition which we believe would ultimately compromise our quality and consistency. Additionally, the archaic EU search nodel, which involves the shortlist



Material Impact Executives are hard to find and even harder to recruit, but they are the ones that help companies achieve ture capital firms, the geography is 30 years, and we have brought this style | major breakthroughs

is ripe for disruption. We believe that momentum throughout the process is absolutely crucial for ensuring successful outcomes for both candidates and clients

Identifying materia impact executives

There are only three things that define a company's success: the people, the timing and the idea. We are strongly rooted in the belief that the first of these accelerates the rest. We look for those rare individuals who are able to make a material impact upon arrival, adding immediate and significant value to the company. This ideology and approach are why we created the term material impact executive' nearly 30 vears ago. These material impact executives are hard to find and even harder to recruit, but they are the ones that help companies achieve major breakthroughs and capture the essence of the types of operators we engage.

As every successful compan expands into new markets, the need to identify, engage and connect founders, CEOs and investors with top talent becomes increasingly challenging. Daversa Partners is the only search firm globally that has a state-of-the-art data and analytics complex dedicated to tracking diverse talent, vertical heat mapping, data analysis and research This specialized team is strategically focused on cultivating relationships with the top 10% of current and future material impact executives that we believe will drive unparalleled results for groundbreaking companies disrupting the ecosystem

Operating with intentionality and inclusivity

Modern technology is one of the great est opportunities for societal impact. and we see that in the breakout startups from each generation. So, what sets the transformative companie apart from the rest? It starts with the search process and mission-driven eaders who are dedicated to building a ompany that is intentional and inclusive. Diverse executive teams make companies better. They increase key performance metrics, productivity, trust, decision making and opportunities for all employees. Moreover, bringing in a variety of backgrounds, experi ences and cultures which undoubtedly osters innovation

Our commitment to diversity starts from within and is deeply ingrained into every search process we run. At Daversa Partners, women make up 64% of the staff and 58% of the leadership. Moreover, in 2020, Paul Daversa and the rest of our team considered ways the firm could uniquely and effectively make an impact and be a catalyst for change. The result is Dreamscape, the largest standalone business unit we have ever built. Dreamscape is dedicated to ensuring there is Black representation on the boards and xecutive teams of the most impactful, mission-driven companies of our eneration

In the end, tech companies need very edge to win the war on talent. At Daversa Partners, we help ambiious firms understand the landscape and identify executives able to make a material impact. Be it consumer or nterprise, at any stage of a compa ny's growth, success really does come own to people

To find out more, please visit daversapartners.com

daversa partners DARE TO BE LEGENDAR

Why brand should be front and centre of the M&A process for CEOs

Amid a blazing hot M&A climate, CEOs have a responsibility to ensure their brand remains one of their most valuable assets during - and after - the acquisition process. So, smart marketing management, underpinned by technology, must be high on the agenda

activity with global M&A volume hitting \$5.9tn, shattering previous records. So far, 2022 looks to be just as robust

The red-hot market brings with it a host of challenges for the C-suite- from driving value for stakeholders to ensuring cultural compatibility internally. However, in the midst of navigating the M&A maze CEOs can often lose sight of the most critical factor in ensuring success: the value of their brand.

The value of brand in the M&A process and beyond

A target company's brand is often a key consideration of attractiveness to management, shareholders and investors. In a post-Covid-19 world, brand is ubiquitous. It touches everything within a business.

There's also the prevailing theory that ongoing brand investment is the only way to weather economic storms. As per the Institute of Practitioners in Advertising (IPA), brands that invested in growing excess share of voice by in the integration process. "This will 8% during the 2008-9 downturn grew their market share by an average sition process, protecting the value of over four times more during the recovery phase.





The share of revenue growth that is expected to come from M&A over the next three years (up from 30% over the past three years)

Bain & Company, 2021

021 was a historic year for | With Bain and Company predicting nergers and acquisitions that M&A is expected to spur 45% of revenue growth over the next three years (up from 30% over the past three years) modern CEOs must learn to balance the needs of commercial success alongside long-term brand building and management.

Effective and efficient brand management, by those who understand all aspects of it during these transitions, should not be underestimated.

The CEO brand challenge

Decisions relating to a merger or acquisition can be very complex; one huge one is to rebrand or not to rebrand, For Ross Haxton, commercial director at GLIMMA, a full-service global brand management agency, this means brand and busi ness strategy are inseparable, with the future success of any union reliant upon selecting an appropriate model for managing the brand's key M&A objectives.

Haxton savs that in M&A situations it is vital that brand is considered early help to speed and smooth the acqui of investment "

He argues that when the branding and corporate values of so many takeover targets are developed quickly n "startup mode," there is risk that buyers are working with "inherently flawed" brand blueprints. "CEOs often need to bring it back

to basics, audit their new purchase to establish the core brand offering and key positioning. From that, they can develop marketing and physical branding that will drive success." The CEO, he states, is the driving figure

n this whole process, working with HR and the marketing department to nvolve the whole business in an interna brand engagement programme.

According to Annie Brown, associate at Brand Finance, "good CEOs are those who nurture relations with all stakeholders, and enhance the reputation of their brands as a result" This is evident in the recent results of the 2022 Brand Guardianship Index, the annual report on the world's top



CEOs often need to bring it back to basics, audit their new purchase to establish the core brand offering and key positioning

> 100 CEOs. Emerging on top for 2022 is Satya Nadella from Microsoft, who has been credited with the successful acquisition and integration of major brands including LinkedIn. Since joining the business he has also nstilled a growth mindset, evolving the brand's purpose from "putting a computer on every desk and in every home" to "empowering every person and organisation on the planet to achieve more.

The CEO plays an increasingly important role in managing brand amid an M&A, with Haxton seeing it | and deliver high volumes of data that as their duty to steer two marrying companies through any potential their assets and govern their brand "cultural clashes"

"CEOs need insights to understand the `successful elements' from each brand, but they also need to navigate the politics of how brands are taken forward into the new scenario."

Seamlessly integrating brand into the M&A process

So, how do CEOs seamlessly integrate brand into the process? The answer lies in smart brand management underpinned by technology

GLIMMA works with clients such as FedEx and Delta to make this a reality, offering end-to-end solutions which combine brand consultancy with on-the-ground implementation. Their team of consultants offer digital solutions that help CEOs rollout brands efficiently and cost-effectively

"What we're seeing is that, especially when they've just undergone an M&A, many companies don't fully understand the assets they have whether that's digital or physical. We can audit brands and provide a single gateway to all their brand data."

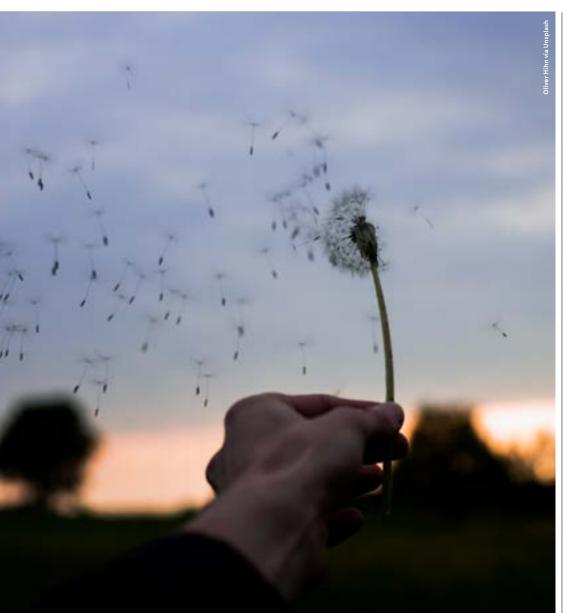
"We integrate systems which can standardise products and processes allow them to clearly understand more easily."

For some clients, this can vield a 20 to 30% saving in efficiency. By switching from manual to automated processes, introducing global specifications and seamless ordering and payments, GLIMMA can work quickly and with large volumes, significantly reducing the costs and even the environmental impact typically associated with global brand management When it comes to branding and rebranding post-M&A, Haxton says mpanies often need additional sup port and specialist expertise, as well resource, to effectively manage their brand. Failure to do so carries a uge risk to the success of not only the ion, but the business too "The brand is the North Star for the

full organisation, led by the CEO. We can help CEOs work top-down and create impetus for a big brand push or rebrand, but also bottom-up using data to inform key decisions and drive success."

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SUCCESSION PLANNING

From seeder to conceder

Jack Dorsey recently stepped away from Twitter to let the business 'move on'. When is the right time for a founder-CEO to entrust their creation to a new leader?

Sam Forsdick

or a founder-CEO, the deci-F sion to relinquish control of a business that they may have spent decades building from scratch is unlikely to be easy.

At the end of November 2021, Jack Dorsey announced that he was leaving Twitter for good, citing the company's need to "break away from its founding and founders" as one of the key factors behind his move.

In an all-staff email that he later tweeted, Dorsey wrote: "There's a lot of talk about the importance of a company being 'founder-led'... I believe that's severely limiting and a single point of failure."

It actually marked the end of his Obvious Corporation – a startup | says. "I don't tend to get bogged and Noah Glass – he became its first But you need to be far more method-

business as its chairman, eventually being restored as CEO in 2015.

His replacement this time is Parag Agrawal, who's stepped up from the safe hands. Agrawal, who has been role of chief technology officer. In his at Twitter since 2011, was not only platform Republic for $\pounds 75m$ at the resignation message, Dorsey added: the space he needs to lead... It's critical a company can stand on its own, that Agrawal had built an excellent free of its founder's influence."

The founder-CEO of an even bigger US tech company made a similarly momentous move last vear. In July, Amazon's Jeff Bezos handed the reins over to Andy Jassy, who'd led the company's cloud computing executive chairman of the business he created in his garage in 1994.

Working out the right time to move on can be crucial for ensuring the continued progress of a business. This was something that Jeff Lynn co-founder and CEO of crowdfunding platform Seedrs, considered after the firm's successful series-A funding round in 2015. After this investment, the company expanded quickly. Lynn felt that he was no longer the right person to address many of the new challenges await ing it in its next chapter.

"The skills and talent required to take a business from zero to one second stint at the helm. After the are vastly different from what's company's spin-off in 2007 from the needed to take it from one to 100," he incubator and investment vehicle down in analysis and planning. I act run by Dorsey and Twitter's other on instinct and move quickly, which founders, Evan Williams, Biz Stone proved crucial in Seedrs' early days. CEO. He was ousted by Williams the ical and comprehensive when you following year, but stayed with the are running a bigger business. Some

people out there can provide both but I'm not one of them."

After an extensive search, Jeff Kelisky was brought in as CEO in 2017, enabling Lynn to move to his current role as executive chairman.

"Because I took control of the situation by recognising soon enough that I needed support, I was then able to carve out another role for myself," he recalls. "It meant that no one had any great concerns about me as a problematic former boss."

Barry McNeill, founder and MD of executive coaching company Work Extraordinary, believes that many scaleup businesses will reach a point where they need an injection that description, "they may want to of new ideas and energy at the top to look externally for someone who ensure their continued expansion.

"As you grow an enterprise and any and what it's doing". bring other people into the organiwhere the founder might need to who adds that the latter option is come in and take the organisation to the next level of development."

Ultimately, if a founder-CEO gets ing up whether to stay or go, "it's probably time to step away", accordng to McNeill.

But ego can cloud a person's thinking, he adds. "Founders sometimes see themselves as heroes, because they have been able to take their organisation from nothing to where it is today. It can require a level of maturity to recognise that it's time for someone new to take the business forward."

Any founder-CEO stepping down from a position of power will want to ensure that their baby remains in Dorsey's first choice. His appoint-"It's really important to give Parage ment was unanimously backed by after Kelisky had taken the reins. the board of directors – a clear sign reputation inside the organisation. notes LaDawn Townsend, founder and CEO of management consultancy VOS Group.

and don't always say 'yes'", she to step down when he did will prove advises. If no internal candidate fits the right one for the business.



believes in the culture of the comp-

Promoting from within has clear sation, it can take on its own sense advantages, but there are times of identity," he says. But, if the when bringing in a new perspective founder-CEO remains "fixed on and more appropriate attributes their earlier vision, that can be from outside the company is likely to problematic. That will be the point | be more beneficial, says Townsend, step aside to let new leadership especially relevant for firms that "want to expand internationally. The leadership skills required for this will be different. The founderto the point at which they're weigh- CEO can either grow into these or choose to bring in another person."

For Lynn and his board at Seedrs, this proved the better choice. But he admits that entrusting the business to an outsider - even someone who'd already served in CEO roles for well over a decade – made him anxious.

He explains: "My nervousness was less about the principle of handing over than it was about ensuring that was doing so to the right person. Hiring the wrong CEO is the kind of thing that can kill a business."

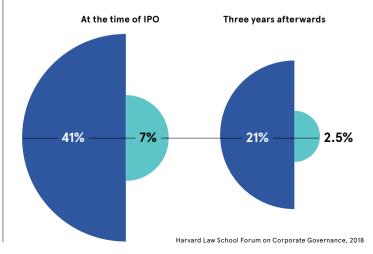
Ultimately, his choice turned out to be a sound one for Seedrs, which was acquired by US investment end of 2021, four-and-a-half years

"I don't think we ever would have reached that point without his leadership," Lvnn savs.

For Twitter, which turned over \$1.28bn (£940m) in O3 2021 alone (the second-highest quarterly reve-When seeking a successor from nue in the firm's 15-year history) the within the enterprise, members of stakes are considerably higher. But, the board need to consider people as with Seedrs, only time will tell subsidiary, although he remains as who challenge us in a healthy way whether its founder-CEO's decision

FLOTATIONS MARK THE END OF THE FOUNDER-CEO'S CONTROL

Amount of control retained by company founders at IPO and three years afte Founder's role: CEO only CEO and voting interest of at least 30%



TALENT MANAGEMENT

Down with the kids learning to lead gen Z

The high expectations and self-confidence of those new to working life are unnerving many CEOs. How can they deal with this and get the best from their youngest employees?

Cath Everett

their bosses, but the boot now seems firmly on the other foot. In October 2021, the *New York Times* people airing views that are widely published a feature entitled "The 37-year-olds are afraid of the 23-year- is another reason why gen-Zers "can olds who work for them". The article contained interviews with numerous of being publicly criticised or even CEOs who had been taken aback by the assertiveness of their gen-Z staff. eggshells, in the belief that anything Their youngest employees cared you say will be taken out of context little for hierarchies and were all too and you'll be seen as tone-deaf or ready to manage upwards, expecting potentially insulting". their leaders to align their organisations behind political movements such as Black Lives Matter.

can relate to this. He is a millennial, inclined than their elders to use while about 70% of his employees are powerful tech such as social media from generation Z. The average age to broadcast their views and influof those working at the social media ence the world. marketing firm is 24.

a difference between them and mil- probably the first generation for ing at first. Everything, from their to their ability to be global citizens,"

n days gone by, junior work- the way they dress, can feel totally ers may have been wary of alien to people of my generation."

> Bodini observes that "high-profile cases of cancel culture" – in which deemed unacceptable are shunned seem scary on the surface". The risk ostracised can make you "walk on

Fiona Gordon, CEO of ad agency Ogilvy UK, argues that gen-Zers are the first "purely digitally native gen-Alex Bodini, CEO of Spin Brands, eration", which makes them more

"When we were young, we probably "I agree overall that there's a fear would have loved the ability to make around gen Z," he says. "There's such such an impact too, but they are lennials that it can seem intimidat- whom this is truly happening, owing

curiosity of youth, being so well informed and hyper-connected makes gen Z uniquely powerful." Henry Rose Lee, an expert in intergenerational inclusion, agrees, Many voung people avidly follow social media influencers whose careers they aspire to emulate, while they're comfortable using such networks for commercial ends such as selling second-hand goods, which means they are often "very entrepreneurial in their heads", she says, A survey that Lee conducted of

people aged 15 to 19 found that 98% wanted to start their own enterprise On polling the same respondents a year later, she discovered that 2% had actually done so and only 1% were still running their business.

"Research shows that, when gen Zers are taught how to be entrepreneurs, their aspiration, idealism and optimism clash with reality. They find it's too hard," Lee says. "But this entrepreneurial disconnect, which wasn't there with past generations does have an impact when gen-Zers enter the workplace, as they can sometimes feel as though their drive is being ignored."

Another important way in which social media has had an impact, she believes, is that "loyalty and connections to the workplace" are weaken among gen-Zers.

"Family is their first tribe, but social media is their second. Work may be third, but it's also sometimes sport or music," Lee observes. "It's

simply that work isn't as embedded in their lives as it was for many people before social media came along." Lee adds that younger workers have a stronger tendency to be influenced by peer groups on social media into jumping ship if they don't receive the rewards they feel are warranted. This, she accepts, can be a source of "irritation and frustration" to their seniors, who are less in thrall to the "voice in their ear".

Emma Parry is professor of HR management and head of the Changing World of Work group at Cranfield School of Management. She says that traits commonly associated with gen-Zers, such as their propensity to stand up for their rights and quit if necessary, actually started with gen Y, partly because of shifts in parenting styles. But Parry is generally wary of categorising people based on their age, not least as it "lends itself to stereotyping". There's a lack of empirical research

evidence to support the view that



Combined with the curiosity of youth, being so well informed and hyper-connected makes views and use of language down to Gordon says. "Combined with the not that gen-Zers are disloyal. It's generation Z uniquely powerful

than there are between them".

generational misunderstandings. So what can business leaders do to get the best from their younger work-

He has found that, while millennials news sources to stay informed, genchannel-hopping in the process.

required of them".

room for their own interpretation." It's also important to set clear

Stress strivers

High-achievers, mot fear of not being god

Motivated by obligat world - and guilt if th

Secluded perfection

Focus on being the b of what they do, no

Big dreamers

Expect to do well, but necessarily willing to

Carefree constituer

Won't drive change, adopt it into the mai

Authentic activists

RACONTEUR.NET -(2)

and expectations, she says, adding ences within generational groups

Nonetheless, Parry accepts that

feels that he needs to channel his out understanding the key outputs

He continues: "To harness their talents, you need to ensure that each role offers a degree of creativity and done, but leave about 25% wiggle est problems.

distinct categories of people based we stress that hunger is good, but on age alone have different values impatience is bad. People here know they can't expect promotions every that there are generally "more differ- six months. They must spend a couple of years mastering a role first."

Another effective way of harness ing gen-Zers' entrepreneurial urges personal and societal attitudes do while giving them a meaningful shift over time. These are shaped voice is to set up an innovation cenby the context in which each gen- tre. Lee recommends staffing this eration grows up and will change with people from a mix of age groups, according to each individual's stage who will work together on a particuof life. Such factors can lead to inter- lar project for three to six months before rotating out

Ogilvy UK calls its version of this approach the SideBoard. The aim is ers? Bodini's approach has been to to enable young employees to interimmerse himself in their world. This act more meaningfully with senior has included studying the language executives and give them the chance trends and emojis that gen-Zers use to work on projects that will affect on social platforms such as TikTok. the whole business – for instance. designing its hybrid working model. typically use a small number of key Reverse mentoring is also used.

Bodini agrees that it's important Zers tend to frequent many more. for leaders and their youthful staff to engage in such relationships and With this factor in mind, Bodini discuss everything from commercial objectives to cultural matters such young employees' energy carefully. as work/life balance and inclusivity. Otherwise, "they're likely to go off in The goal here is not only to ensure a million different directions with- everyone has a voice but also to engender a sense of purpose by helping the whole organisation to see the bigger picture.

When it comes to handling issues of staff loyalty and retention, Lee initiative without giving people free believes that leaders who focus on rein. You must therefore be clear the so-called five Cs - cause, comabout your objectives and priorities. munity, collaboration, contribution Say how you'd prefer things to be and career – will encounter the few-

"You could sum this all up in one word: 'culture'," she says. "If you get boundaries when it comes to issues | this right, it'll have a positive effect such as pay and promotion pros- on every generation in your organipects, Bodini adds. "At Spin Brands | sation, not just gen Z."

UNDERSTANDING GENERATION Z

Five segments of gen Z, their defining characteristics and their share of the gen-Z population

ivated by the bd enough	- 35%
ion to save the hey do not	• 22%
nists	
pest for the love the money	• 20%
ut aren't	• 18%
put in the effort	
nts	
but will instream	5%

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VISTAGE

A Life of Cimb

Why some CEOs go further and higher

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